

THE people of any city become what they are and form their standards of right and wrong from the teachings of the Mother, the Teacher, and the Press.

The London Advertiser

THE old newspaper definition of a good Journalist was a man with a nose for news, but The London Advertiser's requirement is a man with a passion for the truth.

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LONDON, ONTARIO, MONDAY, MARCH 20, 1922.

FOURTEEN PAGES

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WILSON "PASSES BUCK" TO CITY COUNCIL

VALUABLE LAND IS CLAIMED FOR GREAT BRITAIN

Explorer Stefansson and Party Plant Flag at Wrangel Island.

IS ABOUT JAMAICA'S SIZE

Survivors of Ill-Fated Karluk Arctic Expedition Give Canada Prior Rights.

New York, March 20.—Wrangel Island, one of the most important lands in the Arctic region, has been claimed for Great Britain by a party of three Americans, a Canadian and four Eskimos. It became known tonight through Vilhjalmur Stefansson, Arctic explorer and organizer of the expedition. Mr. Stefansson said the British flag had been planted on the island on Sept. 21.

Stefansson said his fifth and latest Arctic expedition, made up of Allan Crawford, son of a Toronto university professor; E. L. Knight, McMinville, Oregon; P. Auer of Philadelphia, and Milton Galle of New Braunfels, Texas, with four Eskimos, was sent by him into the northern wastes for the express purpose of claiming Wrangel Island for the British.

Wrangel Island is about the size of Jamaica, lying 100 miles off the north-eastern coast of Siberia, and 400 miles west of Bering Strait. Strategically the island dominates Northeastern Siberia.

To Go To England.

Although Stefansson said he knew of the expedition's success the day following the Wrangel Island landing, he has just made the fact public. He said he intended sailing this spring for England, to present Britain's new possession to the British prime minister. The first intimation that the British flag had been raised on Wrangel Island by Vilhjalmur Stefansson was received by the British government through Ottawa. This was disclosed this morning when it was learned that Stefansson last Friday went to Ottawa for the purpose of making a report in person to Hon. Mackenzie King. The Wrangel Island expedition was organized without any assistance from the British Government. According to reports published here its exact nature was not known to the British government until after the explorer made his report to the Canadian premier last week.

CANADA'S PRIOR CLAIM.

Ottawa, March 20.—(Canadian Press).—Wrangel Island will come to Canada. That it is expected here, will be the upshot of the planting of the British flag there on September 21 by the last Arctic expedition organized by Vilhjalmur Stefansson. The assumption here is that the expedition was formally claimed in the name of Great Britain to avoid international complications with a view to its being eventually transferred to Canada as part of the Dominion.

As a matter of fact, while the probability of any difference arising between Canada and Great Britain over the island is dismissed, Canada has a previous claim by right of ownership. For eight months following the loss of the Karluk of the Canadian Arctic expedition of 1913, Wrangel Island was occupied by a body of the survivors, three of whom died there. This actual occupation of the island, it is stated, would constitute a basis for ownership without the actual hoisting of the flag or a formal claim being made.

The value of the island is understood to lie chiefly in fur and fisheries. Seal and walrus are stated to be plentiful.

The Weather

FORECASTS. Showery today; strong northwest and north winds; overcast and colder, with occasional snow flurries tonight and on Tuesday.

The disturbance over Kansas on Saturday morning has moved to Lake Huron, attended by rain in Southern Ontario and snow in Northeastern Ontario.

Apert from light snowfalls in Saskatchewan and Manitoba, the weather elsewhere in the Dominion has been fair.

Temperatures.

The highest and lowest temperatures for the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were:

High.	Low.
Victoria	28 36
Calgary	29 34
Winnipeg	26 18
St. Arthur	32 20
S. Marie	30 24
Toronto	26 24
St. John	39 24
Ottawa	36 20
Montreal	34 20
Quebec	32 24
P. Point	28 22
Kingston	30 24
Halifax	28 12

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night were: Highest, 41; lowest, 34.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 24; lowest, 28.

Barometric Readings.

Sunday—8 p.m., 28.74.

Today—8 a.m., 28.62.

To Vote On 3-Cent Street Car Wage Cut

MEN TO DECIDE ON TWO PLANS OF ACTION OPEN

Will Ballot at Two Mass Meetings, Tonight and Tuesday Afternoon.

INJUNCTION OR STRIKE

Executive Favored Legal Tactics, But Vote May Decide On Walkout Alternative.

Within 36 hours motormen and conductors employed by the London Street Railway Company will decide just what action they will take to combat the three-cent-an-hour wage reduction which became effective March 1.

Two general mass meetings will be held at the Labor Temple in order that every member of the union may be allowed to cast his vote. Men on the day shifts will gather Monday at 8 p.m., while those who are manning the cars during the night runs will meet Tuesday at 2 p.m.

On Monday morning the employees received their first pay envelope since the reduction was announced by the company. The latter carried its decision into effect, the men being remunerated for their services this month at the rate of 45 cents an hour instead of 48 cents.

See To Finish. Officials as well as the rank and file of the union reiterated Monday morning their firm intention to fight the company to a "finish." All were reluctant, however, to define just what tactics are likely to be employed. It is clearly evident that a difference of opinion now exists among the men.

Two courses are open, however, it was pointed out. The union may through the courts seek an injunction to restrain the company from continuing its reduction, while the services of a board of conciliation is sought or else a general walkout may be ordered.

The attitude of the employees Monday indicated that should all else fail, the strike weapon will be employed. Officers of the union freely acknowledged that every effort will be exerted to fight the reduction already in effect. While the executive of the union at its last session favored legal action to secure an injunction it was felt that as this would involve a considerable expenditure, the opinion of the men should be sought.

May Decide Against. The men may decide not to undertake this at a probable cost of several hundred dollars and may also reject the suggestion that application be made to the federal government for a board of arbitration.

In any event, officials point out, the finding of a board of this nature is not necessarily binding. As an example of this reference was made to the street railway situation in Hamilton, where, despite the efforts of a board, both the management and employees refuse absolutely to compromise and a strike seems inevitable today.

It is now feared that the local situation will eventually assume similar proportions, as to date both parties have been ebullient in their respective stands.

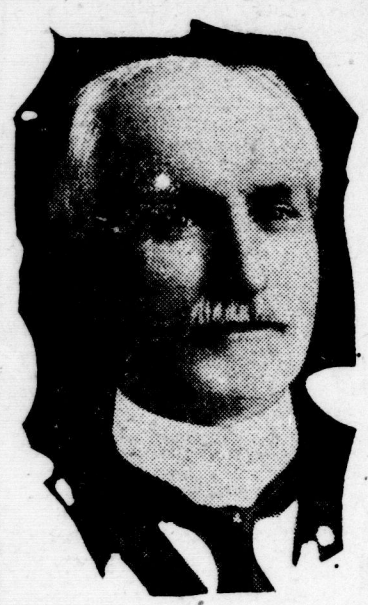
The local men lay emphasis upon their claim that the company did not actually break its contract until Monday noon when its employees were paid at the reduced scale. They assert that they have plenty of time at their disposal, as the longer a walk-out action is deferred the better equipped they will be to institute a definite out should the same be necessary.

DIES FROM AUTO INJURIES.

Winnipeg, March 20.—John Thompson, aged 75, was knocked down and fatally injured by an automobile alleged to have been driven by John Semchysky here on Saturday. The latter is under arrest. Thompson died later in hospital.

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Critically Ill.



J. B. McKillop, K.C.

CROWN Attorney J. B. McKillop, K. C., is critically ill at his home in Hayman Court, Queen's avenue and Wellington street.

Mr. McKillop was taken seriously ill some time ago, but he recovered sufficiently to resume his practice. He was stricken again last week, physicians this afternoon entertain little hope of his recovery.

BURN FOREIGN CLOTH IN ANGER

Calcutta Natives Hold Demonstration Following Sentence of Gandhi.

BUDGET CUT \$3,082,000

Europeans Not To Be Menaced in India Following Home Rule.

Calcutta, March 20.—There was a demonstration here following the sentence on Saturday, of Gandhi, the non-co-operationist leader. A bonfire was made of foreign cloth, but otherwise the demonstration was orderly.

It is officially announced that the railroad strikers are resuming work at many places in satisfactory numbers, but that elsewhere the strike continues. Chowdhury, a labor member of the Bengal Legislature has telegraphed the viceroy that a serious development in the strike is probable owing to a threatened sympathetic strike by the Bengal and Nagpur railwaymen and coal miners, but that a settlement of the trouble is possible if all the strikers are re-employed pending modification of the gratuity rules.

VOTED BUDGET REDUCTION.

London, March 20.—(Canadian Press Cable).—The Delhi Legislative Assembly has concluded voting on the budget. Reuter's correspondent at Delhi cables. The result is a total economy of 95 Lakhs (\$3,082,000). The debate has been principally concerned with the northwest frontier province. The reduction was carried by a narrow majority despite government opposition. The foreign secretary claimed that the occupation of Waziristan had resulted in a reduction of the raids on the frontier.

The assembly sanctioned with applause the budget provision for de-rating the expenses of the visit of Hon. Srinivas Sastri, India's representative at the Washington conference. He has returned to India. The budget discussions in the Legislative Assembly, although occasionally farcical, on the whole have been well conducted. The retrenchment proposals, however, were often inspired by a desire to advance the movement for greater autonomy for India. Yet there are signs of apprehension on the part of the more responsible Indians at the recent unpopularity among the Europeans in India.

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ULSTER BORDER NO MAN'S LAND BETWEEN FOES

Belfast Correspondent Describes Preparation of Ulster Against Republican Invasion.

BLOW UP BRIDGES

Northern Forces Also Obstructing All Roads—Raiders Capture Mayhew Barracks.

London, March 20.—The border line of Ulster is described as "like a battlefield" by the Evening News, Belfast correspondent, who says rival forces of the Irish Republican army and of Ulster special constables are actually within rifle range and were continually firing at each other during the week end. The combatants were too well concealed for serious losses to be inflicted, and the exchange of fire was mainly intended to prevent the springing of surprise attacks. As an extra precaution the area between the two forces was sprayed with machine gun fire at intervals. The rival armies, continues the correspondent, are gradually creeping closer to each other, and the first collision is expected to occur on the frontier near Caledon, county Tyrone.

"The sound of the blowing up of bridges on the Ulster border during the week end could be heard miles away, adds the dispatch. The northern forces were mainly responsible, and as the result of their activities every important bridge leading from the free state has been demolished while hundreds of roads have been trenced and closed with trees.

"The tension is already beginning to affect the inhabitants behind the battle line. The Ulstermen along the frontier are much perturbed over the menace of invasion and have asked that more protection be afforded them. Many close to the battle zone, which is No Man's Land, have had to evacuate their houses which immediately have been occupied by the fighting forces.

CAPTURE POLICE BARRACKS.

Belfast, March 20.—The police barracks at Maghera, county Londonderry, were captured during the night. A "B" special constable was shot dead at Tobermory, near Maghera, by raiders engaged in cutting wires and obstructing the road.

The garrison at the Maghera barracks consisted of three members of the regular police force and eight specials, who were surprised by an overwhelming force. Previous to the attack the roads had been thoroughly blocked with trees, trenches had been cut and a bridge destroyed. Telegraph communication also was interrupted.

Gunmen were again active in Belfast this morning. A number of cabs proceeding to work were stopped by a man who pointed a revolver at them and ordered them back. In the ensuing altercation one of the cabs was shot and injured. An ashman, employed by the city, was wounded in the jaw while working in the Ballymacarrett section.

MARTIAL LAW IN AFRICA RELAXED

London, March 20.—(Canadian Press).—Martial law in the central area of South Africa is being relaxed, Reuter's Johannesburg correspondent states. The Amalgamated Engineers is the only union which has not yet called off the strike. This is due to balloting difficulties, which it is expected will be overcome immediately. A memorial service in honor of the fallen amongst those who had answered the government's call for assistance in the suppression of the revolution was held outside the town hall on Sunday. All the units which had been engaged in quelling the rebels were well represented at the service.

Premier Smuts has issued an appeal to all employers to re-engage as many men as possible and not to take advantage of the present situation in order to unnecessarily change the labor conditions.

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Britain's Queen Visits "Holes of Slumland"

LONDON, March 20.—"Down to the holes of misery in Noxton" might well be the entry made by Queen Mary in her diary. For Saturday she visited London's worst slumland.

The tour included a visit to Wilmer Gardens, once the nest of thieves, and the haunt of murderers.

She also passed through Ware street, where broken windows were stuffed with rags to keep out the damp cold, and where each miserable room contains an average of six human beings.

Object of the queen's visit was to discuss the housing problem with the mayor of Shoreditch, and to ascertain how much the local authorities are improving the slum areas, so that she might take a hand in alleviating the misery.

CHOOSE 9-HOUR DAY TO SLASH

Labatt Brewery Employees Start New Schedule May 1.

UNION DISAPPROVES

Action of Cincinnati Headquarters Not Expected To Take Strike Action.

Commencing May 1 employees of the Labatt Brewing Company will work nine hours a day in lieu of the customary eight. The present wage scale will remain.

Confronted with a reduction in wages or a longer working day at the same money, the members of the Brewery Workers' Union have decided to accept the additional hour. It was explained Monday that the men were by no means united in their decision.

It was further explained that to date the international officers in Cincinnati, Ohio, have not approved of this break from the "eight-hour day." What action they contemplate is not known, although a strike is not expected.

The contract between the company and its employees expires May 1, and the former several days ago notified the union that the men must choose between a nine-hour day at the same money or an eight-hour day as before with reduced wages.

OFFICER BRINGING BACK

HAROLD R. SHILLINGTON

Former Accountant of London Is Said To Have Sailed From Liverpool.

Special to London Advertiser.

Toronto, March 20.—Provincial police authorities announced here this morning that they believed an overseas officer sailed last week-end from Liverpool for Canada, bringing with him Harold R. Shillington, former accountant of London, Ont.

Shillington, who was arrested near Edinburgh, Scotland, did not return from a vacation granted him by his employers in November last. Police authorities in Scotland state that most of the missing bonds were recovered when he was apprehended.

The former bank employee was taken into custody with another Canadian while they were arranging, it is reported, for passports to Australia.

Although it was stated that his actions were suspicious under the circumstances, Shillington's companion was subsequently released.

CONCERT IS SUCCESS.

Lucan, March 20.—A successful concert was held under the auspices of St. Patrick's Church on Friday evening in the Stanley Opera House. The program was rendered by the Imperial Male Quartet and F. T. Gill, entertainer. John Farrell acted as chairman. F. J. Fitzgerald was the accompanist.

GIVES WOODEN LEG AS CAUSE OF STAGGERING

Windsorite's Excuse For Wobbly Course Accepted by Magistrate Graydon.

LOOKING FOR BROTHER

Aroused Many Residents On Lorne Avenue in Search, Before Arrested.

The average individual may feel sorry when he sees a man with a wooden leg hobbling down the street, but that same handicap may turn out on occasions to be really useful, and so it happened to a man from Windsor, who graced the prisoners' box in police court Monday morning.

He had arrived from the border city at midnight Saturday, and paid \$1 to a taxi driver to take him to the home of his brother on Lorne avenue. In the dark he missed the house some way or other, and he knocked on many front doors in a vain endeavor to identify the domicile of his relation.

The residents of this vicinity are all law-abiding citizens, and retire for the evening "snooze" quite early, and naturally they were peeved, and in some cases alarmed, when they heard violent thumpings on the veranda.

The brother from Windsor was becoming exasperated at not being able to find his relative's house and so were the people. Finally one Lorne avenue resident sent in a call for the police, and Mr. Man was picked up round the corner from Lorne avenue on Quebec street, and brought to the police station.

"Was he staggering?" asked Magistrate Graydon. "I've got a wooden leg," interrupted the prisoner. "My leg was my wooden leg that made him walk that way; but I could smell liquor on him," said one constable. "He told me that he was looking for his brother's house, and had knocked at the doors of half a dozen places."

"That's right; I was looking for my brother. It was very dark, and I had to go up on the veranda to see the numbers," declared the prisoner.

The second constable thought that the man had been drinking, but that his wooden leg was probably responsible for some of his deviation from the straight and narrow sidewalk.

"You should have let your brother know you were coming," counseled the court. "You had no business wandering round the neighborhood scaring people. It is a wonder no person did not hit you over the head with a club."

"Where will you go, if I let you go?"

"Up to my brother's," was the prompt response. The Windsorite was given a chance to see if he could discover his brother's house by daylight, and next time he comes to London will probably make the "day trip."

HOPES MURRELL'S WILL BE CAUGHT

During his address to the grand jury, when the spring assizes opened at the court house this afternoon, Chief Justice R. M. Meredith, who is presiding, made reference to the escaped Sydney and William Murrell, held on a charge of murder. He expressed the sincere hope that they would soon be returned to custody.

SHERIFFS READY TO STOP PICKETS

Pawtucket, R.I., March 20.—The ninth week of the textile strike opened quietly in the Blackstone Valley. For the first time since the strike began deputy sheriffs were on duty at Pawtucket mills prepared to stop mass picketing, but comparatively few pickets put in an appearance.

Reports that attempts would be made to open the Lonsdale, Berkeley and Ashton mills were accompanied by the appearance in the rain of numbers of pickets in these villages. They found the rumors groundless, however, and dispersed without incident.

Will Wed Pearson.



MISS MARY A. MOND.

LONDON, March 20.—Miss Mary Angela Mond, daughter of Sir Alfred Mond, Britain's minister of health, today announced her engagement to Sir Neville Pearson, son of the founder of St. Dunstan's Hospital for Blind Soldiers.

COSTS \$1.20 TO EXAMINE PAPER

Ontario's Desire For Higher Education Causes Boost in Department Estimate.

WILL MAKE FEW CUTS

Officials Favor Plans For More Technical Schools in Province.

Toronto, March 20.—The ever-increasing desire of the people of Ontario for higher education is one of the chief reasons for the estimates for education being so greatly increased in this year's budget in the Legislature. As an indication of this, it was pointed out today in the department of education that whereas there were 113,000 papers written by pupils in departmental examinations last year, the applications this year indicate 235,000 papers. While this number will be slightly decreased before the examinations come on, the reduction will not be very great. Departmental examinations include the entrance to technical schools, the promotion to high schools, and the matriculation to the universities.

It costs the government an average of \$1.20 to examine each paper so that the cost of "marking" the papers will be a substantial item. There is also a large additional expense in connection with technical schools. The Dominion government pays 25 per cent, the province 25 per cent, and the municipality 50 per cent, for these schools, and the rate that applications for these are pouring into the educational department indicates that there will be heavy expenditures this year.

The department, however, views these schools with great favor, not only because they fill an important gap in the educational system of the province, but because they will relieve the over-crowded colleges and universities in Ontario. These are the big extra charges in the nearly \$2,000,000 increase in the estimates for education but in addition there are items for greater interest in summer schools and other undertakings of this kind to facilitate in the higher education of those who cannot attend a university.

NOMINATE CANDIDATES.

Nelson, B.C., March 20.—Mayor V. E. McHardy, Conservative, and Kenneth Campbell, Liberal, were nominated on Saturday for the Nelson riding, where a provincial election will be held on Wednesday.

MAYOR SAYS CUT IN WAGES NOW UP TO COUNCIL

Admits Nasty Position, But Urges Necessity of Move.

MAY BE AIRED TONIGHT

Increases From 1915 Show 100 Per Cent in Nearly All Departments.

Mayor Cameron Wilson has placed the onus of deciding whether or not salaries of city officials shall be cut on the elected representatives of the people.

The mayor declares that as salaries have gone up 100 per cent in seven years city employees can afford to take a 10 per cent cut and save the taxpayers two mills on the tax rate. "I have done my duty," the mayor said today, adding that the whole responsibility for accepting or rejecting the proposal rests on the shoulders of the aldermen and school trustees.

While the matter is not officially scheduled to come before the city council tonight, it will undoubtedly be given an airing of some kind. Many aldermen oppose the suggested cut.

"My attitude is this," said the mayor. "Our financial advisers said that it was impossible to use the increased assessment to reduce the tax rate without a cut in salary and wages. I took the load on my shoulders and accept the responsibility for the proposal. All other financial institutions have reduced the salaries, and today the people who pay the taxes of the city have had their wages reduced. It is only fair that the officials of the city, who in the last few years have had their wages raised about 100 per cent, should accept a ten per cent cut."

The mayor said that no one had proposed an indiscriminate cut, but the cut would be made where the increase had been out of proportion with the cost of living.

"I have now laid the case before the elected representatives of the people. I have done my duty. I have put myself in a nasty position, but someone must have the courage to shoulder the responsibility now and then. My responsibility now ceases and it is up to the elected representatives of the people."

Mayor Wilson presented the following figures in regard to the wage increases and costs of the various departments:

Police department, 1915, estimate \$57,000; 1922 estimate, \$116,000. The mayor says that in 1914 the police wages were \$2.19, \$2.47 and \$2.75 per day. Today they are \$4.43, \$4.78 and \$5.13, an increase of over 100 per cent. Firemen, 1915, \$40,000; 1922, \$104,000. Firemen's wages then were \$2, \$2.20 and \$2.40 a day. Today they are \$4.49 and \$4.67, an increase of between 90 and 100 per cent.

In the same period the wages of the city hall proper went up from \$47,000 to \$88,000. The hospital cost jumped from \$79,000 to \$138,000. Public schools, salaries, \$252,000 to \$595,000; collegiate salaries, \$52,000 to \$143,000; technical school salaries, \$5,000 to \$38,000.

PITTSBURG FIRE

LOSS IS \$250,000

Pittsburg, Pa., March 20.—Loss estimated at \$250,000, resulted when fire gutted the Liberty Theater building in McKeesport, near here last night, and for a time threatened a general block in which it is located. A general alarm brought out the city's entire fire fighting force and assistance was asked from nearby points. The building is owned by Harry Barney, who was giving a luncheon to 125 members of the Progress Club in the clubrooms on the second floor when the blaze was discovered.

Marriage-To-Frontier Is

New Way to Freedom

For Russians

ODESSA, March 20.—Marriage-to-the-frontier only is one of the new forms of commerce in Russia. Women are willing to pay handsomely those foreigners who, by virtue of their passports, may pass freely out of Russia and enter other countries and take with them women passing as their wives.

Subjects of Turkey and other Moslem countries engaged in this marriage business sometimes take out four wives at a time, the number allowed by their marriage laws.

Sometimes such marriages of the moment and unhappily, the temporary husband insisting that his partner remain as his legal wife.

HOW GANDHI, JAILED AS SEDITION LEADER IN INDIA, GAINED POWER

Special to London Advertiser.

LONDON, March 20.—Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi, who was sentenced to a six-year term on Saturday by British authorities in India on a sedition charge, is not one man but several!

The Indian nationalist leader has as many different personalities as one of his Hindu gods has heads.

He's a skilled lawyer. An expert evangelist. An expert diplomat and politician. A half-starved ascetic. A reputed worker of miracles. And by millions he's looked on as a god in the flesh, sent to save India!

Gandhi's multiple personality is one of the reasons

for his wide popularity—so great that his sentence may be followed by further serious disturbances.

EMACIATED MAN. Gandhi is a small, emaciated man, insignificant in appearance. His skin is brown, his sunken eyes grey, his hands slim like those of an artist.

He dresses always in native homespun. He never wears shoes. He travels frequently third-class. He fasts frequently and long. This gives him the appearance of a starving man. He always cooks his own meals and never eats meat.

Gandhi was born November 11, 1869, in the Bombay presidency. He inherits his political ability from his father, a member of the trading caste, who 24 years ago was chief minister of state or diwan for Porbandar.

After having finished the usual Hindu religious and classical studies, Gandhi took up law and went to Lon-

don to complete his legal training. Then he returned to India to practice his profession.

The young lawyer first leaped into prominence in labor troubles between Hindu and European workers in Natal, South Africa.

Gandhi rushed to South Africa, defended his countrymen in court and became their leader. He was imprisoned several times.

Reflection in prison brought the birth of Gandhi's passive resistance theory. Returning to India, he began urging the people to put this theory into operation.

This theory holds that the best way to oust the British from India is to ignore their existence.

Natives should not occupy office under the British. They should not take cases into British courts.

They should keep their children out of British schools. They should not buy British goods. They

should refuse to enter British employ. But never should they use violence.

PLAN GAINS HEADWAY. This scheme gained great headway. In 1920 Gandhi was recognized as nationalist leader from one end of Hindustan to the other—he was the first man to unite Hindus and Mohammedans, formerly two struggling factions.