# The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES | CHARLOTTETOWN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1919 | VOL. XLVII. No. 52



**LIME**

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**St. John LIME!**

In Barrels Casks.

**C. LYONS & Co.**



**Fire Insurance**

*Possibly from an over sight or want of thought you have put off insuring, or placing additional insurance to adequately protect yourse against loss by fire*

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## Canadian-West Land Regulations

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, who was at the commencement of the present war and who has since continued to be a British subject or a subject of an allied or neutral country, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion Land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Application must appear in person at Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for District. Entry by proxy may be made on certain conditions. Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of land in each of three years.

In certain districts a homesteader may secure an adjoining quarter-section as pre-emption. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Reside six months in each of three years, after earning homestead patent, and cultivate 50 extra acres. May obtain pre-emption patent as soon as homestead patent on certain conditions.

A settler after obtaining homestead patent, if he cannot secure a pre-emption, may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

Holders of entries may count time of employment as farm labourers in Canada during 1917, as residence duties under certain conditions.

When Dominion Lands are advertised or posted for entry, returned soldiers who have served overseas and have been honourably discharged, receive one day priority in applying for entry at local Agent's Office (but not Sub-Agency). Discharge papers must be presented to Agent.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.


Job Printing Done At The Herald



MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES RHEUMATISM


## Legislative Assembly.

Prince Edward Island.

Rules Relating to Private Bills.

36 All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within fourteen days after the commencement of the season exclusive of adjournment.

37 No Private Bill shall be brought into the House, but upon a petition first presented, truly stating the case at the peril of the suitors for such Bill, and such petition must be signed by the said parties.

38 A committee shall be appointed at the commencement of every Session consisting of five members of whom three shall be a quorum, to be denominated. The Private Bills Committee to whom shall be referred every Private Bill, and no proceedings after the first reading shall be had upon such Bill until such Comimttee has reported thereon to the House.

39 So soon as the Committee has reported any Bill, such Bill together with any amendments that may be suggested by the Committee, shall be printed at the expense of the parties who are suitors for such Bill and printed copies thereof delivered to the members before the second reading if deemed necessary by the Committee.

40 No Bill for the particular interest of any person or persons, Corporation or Corporations or body or bodies of people shall be read a second time until all fees be paid for t same into the hands of the Clerk of the House

41 No Bill having for its object the vesting in or conferring upon any person or persons, Municipality or Body corporate the title to any tract of land shall be received or read in the House unless at least four weeks notice containing a full description of the land in question has been published in the Royal Gazette and one other newspaper in this Province of the intention of such person or persons Municipality or body Corporate to apply for such Bill.

H. E. DAWSON,
Clerk Legislative Assembly.

## On 279 Special Trains, C. G. Railways

Up to March 1st 757,400 Troops have travelled over Government Railways.

Thousands arrive each week at Halifax and are sent forward to Dispersal Areas.

Since the war began in 1914 up to March 1st, when S.S. Belgic disembarked her returned soldier passengers at Halifax 757,400 troops have been carried on special trains over the Canadian Government Railways.

The first train which carried troops over the Government Railways the year the war was declared was numbered one and all special troop trains to and from Halifax since that time have been numbered consecutively. The last train from the Belgic was on Saturday No 1279. Each train averages about twelve cars with an average of 50 men to a car, which figures up a total of 767,400 men carried. Of course in addition to this thousands of soldiers have journeyed between Montreal and Halifax by regular trains during the past four years.

The movement of troops back to Canada is now approaching its greatest activity. Last Sunday 5000 arrived at Halifax by the transports Lapland and Belgic and fifteen special trains were despatched westward inside of fourteen hours.

S. S. Megantic with soldiers and dependants arrived Wednesday and S. S. Adriadic is due Sunday. The movement of returning men is to be kept up actively all summer.

The process of disembarkation at Halifax is being carried on without a hitch, and there is a fine system of co-operation between the Military and the Railway officials.


**McLean & McKinnon**
*Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law*
CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I.
MONEY TO LOAN.


## CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS
### Prince Edward Island.

**Time Table in Effect October 6th, 1919**

ATLANTIC STANDARD TIME

| Trains Outward, Read Down. | | | | | Trains Inward, Read Up. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| P.M. | P.M. | A.M. | | | P.M. | P.M. | A.M. |
| 2.45 | 12.40 | 6.25 | Dep. Charlottetown | Arr. | 6.35 | 12.40 | 10.40 |
| 3.59 | 2.14 | 7.21 | Hunter River | | 5.37 | 10.41 | 9.03 |
| 4.45 | 3.05 | 7.52 | Arr. Emerald Jct. | | 5.00 | 10.38 | 7.50 |
| 6.10 | | 8.45 | Arr. Borden | Dep. | 4.10 | A.M. | 6.40 |

| P.M. | | A.M. | | | P.M. | A.M. | A.M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4.10 | | 6.40 | Dep. Borden | Arr. | 6.10 | | 8.45 |
| 5.00 | 3.05 | 8.05 | Emerald Junction | | 4.40 | 10.38 | 7.50 |
| 5.34 | 3.53 | 8.42 | Arr. Kensington | | 3.53 | 10.03 | 7.15 |
| 6.05 | 4.35 | 9.20 | Arr. Summerside | Dep. | 3.20 | 9.30 | 6.45 |

| | | NOON | | | P.M. | A.M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6.20 | | 12.00 | Dep. Summerside | Arr | 1.35 | 9.00 |
| 7.23 | | 1.36 | Port Hill | | 11.59 | 7.58 |
| 8.18 | | 3.10 | O'Leary | | 10.34 | 7.03 |
| 9.08 | | 4.18 | Alberton | | 9.18 | 6.13 |
| 9.45 | | 5.20 | Arr. Tignish | Dep. | 8.15 | 5.35 |
| | | P.M. | | | | A.M. |

| A.M | P.M. | | | | A.M. | P.M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6.50 | 3.05 | Dep. | Charlottetown | Arr. | 10.00 | 5.50 |
| 8.45 | 4.15 | | Mount Stewart | | 8.45 | 4.15 |
| 9.22 | 4.42 | | Morell | | 8.17 | 3.17 |
| 9.52 | 5.02 | | St. Peters | | 7.55 | 2.40 |
| 11.25 | 6.05 | Arr. | Souris | Dep. | 6.55 | 1.15 |

| P.M. | | | | A.M |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7.20 | Arr. | Elmira | Dep. | 5.35 |

| A.M. | P.M. | | | | A.M. | P.M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 9.00 | 4.15 | Dep. | Mount Stewart | Arr. | 8.45 | 3.55 |
| 10.10 | 5.04 | | Cardigan | | 7.47 | 2.39 |
| 10.50 | 5.25 | | Montague | | 7.23 | 2.10 |
| 11.30 | 6.00 | Arr. | Georgetown | Dep. | 6.45 | 1.00 |

| Sat. Only P.M. | Daily ex. Sat. & Sun. P.M. | | | | Daily ex. Sat. & Sun. A.M | Sat. Only A.M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4.00 | 3.30 | Dep. | Charlottetown | Arr. | 10.40 | 10.05 |
| 5.15 | 4.15 | | Vernon River | | 9.45 | 8.51 |
| 6.45 | 7.25 | Arr. | Murray Har. | Dep. | 8.00 | 7.20 |

Except as noted, all the above Trains run daily, Sunday excepted.

H. H. MELANSON,
Passenger Traffic Manager
Toronto, Ont.

W. T. HUGGAN
District Passenger Agent,
Charlottetown, P.E.I


# Look! Read! Realize.

We cater to the men's trade, and no other. If you were sick you wouldn't call to see a Tailor, or a Blacksmith, about the condition of your health. Of course not; you would call to see a Doctor

If you wanted a Suit or an Overcoat would you go to see a Doctor, or a Shoemaker? Not at all. You would go to see a First Class Tailor.

WELL, there's where we shine ! ! !
We study the business We know what suits a young man

we knowwhat suits a middle-aged man, and we know what suits the old gentleman—both in goods and in style. It does not make any difference whether you want your clothes Ready-to-Wear, or Made-to-Order. We are equally in a position to suit you. We do not let a suit or overcoat leave our establishment until it suits and fits the mar who is buying. Our prices are always right when you take the quality into consideration.

Do not forget that we are sole agents for the famous W H Leishman & Co., Wholesale Custom Tailors. We have an elegant stock of Overcoats to show you at the present time.

Overcoats, Made-to-Order-from....$30.00 to $48.00

Overcoats, Ready-to-Wear.....$15.00 to $36.00

## Success Is a Habit

Our habits make us. We are creatures of habit. Whether we are a success or a failure is a question of how we do things without thinking. To Save is the only way to Success

## Gloves

We have just the kind of Gloves you need, lined and unlined. Also Wool Gloves for this time of year. Suedes and Tans—both combination. Price.....$1.00 to $4.00

## Underwear

Come and get your Underwear before it is all sold. We have all kinds—two-piece and light and heavy weight. Prices per suit $1.90 to $5.50

# MacLELLAN BROS.


## Canada's Prime Minister

Mr. Meighen has had twelve years experience in the federal field, five years of which have been as a member of the cabinet, while, as a parliamentary debator--one of the essentials of the leadership—he is perhaps the foremost figure in the Commons. There has not been a first rate government achievement during the past five years with which his name has not been associated, and he has conceived as well as piloted some of the most important legislation to come before the house. An indefatigable worker, with a mind of infinite reserve and great analytical power, the prime minister has relied upon him to an enormous extent, and even his bitterest political opponents have been brought to a sullen recognition of his unusual capacity. And quite apart from his outstanding ability, Mr. Meighen has other qualifications for the post. In the first place, he is a Conservative of the Borden school, a progressive who, while rejecting the claim that to persevere it is necessary to grasp at every innovation, believes in reasonable progress, and in dealing with the affairs of the country with a regard for not merely a single class but for the nation as a whole. In this respect he will appeal to the moderate men of his party, whether Liberal or Conservative. In the second place, he is a Western man, and his choice might satisfy the laudable ambition of that section to contribute a Premier to the Dominion."

"Sir Robert's decision to retire has been received with keen regret and not a little misgiving by his Ministers. All recognized—and this oppositionists will freely admit—that his going would leave a great void in Parliament and public life, and that the loss of his great experience and judgment at this particular juncture would be a heavy blow."

"The ailing Premier has been in the House of Commons for 24 years—since 1896. Five years after he entered the House he was made leader of the then decimated Conservative ranks, and in 1904 and 1908 led his party to the polls without success. After 1908 there was some dissatisfaction with his leadership, and, indeed, a schism within the ranks of the party, but it was killed forever after the brilliant campaign and victory of 1911 After 1911 his ascendancy over his party and the House grew rapidly, and all during the testing years of the war his personal authority was never challenged. He was the only political leader of any of the belligerent nations to take his country into the struggle in 1914, and to remain in charge of affairs until peace was proclaimed; a fact which attracted the attention of statesmen and publicists everywhere. An Imperialist in the truest sense of the word, it has been said of him that he is one of our three foremost nationalists. This is due to the fact that throughout his whole political career he has fought steadfastly and consistently for the autonomy and increased political status of his country. At the Imperial Conference of 1917 he was called upon to pronounce his attitude as between his own conception of Canada, as a separate nation within the Empire, and the policy of organic union or centralization espoused by the round table group, and he pronounced their views as "neither feasible nor wise." His fight for separate Canadian representation at the Peace Conference for Canadian representation upon the League of Nations, and for the right of the Canadian Parliament to approve of the Peace Treaty, resulted in signal triumph, the full extent and significance of which are but only imperfectly realized."

## An Appeal

PITIABLE PLIGHT OF HIGHLAND PRIESTS.

The diocese of Argyll and the Isles exacts a heavy toll of hard ship even from young and vigorous priests. The Catholic population—12,000 souls—consists of the poorest classes—unskilled laborers, petty crofters farming a few acres in a bleak climate, fisher folk whose earnings are as uncertain as the moods of the sea they harvest.

With all the goodwill in the world these peasants are not always able to maintain the priests actively engaged in parish work. Many a priest does not receive from his parish in a week as much as a laborer earns in a day. Only the chance charities of Catholics in more prosperous dioceses enable him to keep body and soul together. Want is the priest's daily companion; hunger at times his bed-fellow.

Take a typical case. A priest lives in a wild district containing few scattered Catholics. He is delicate, needing special care and ample nourishment. To visit the sick he must tramp over miles of moorland in all weathers; he spends eight or ten hours in travelling trackless hillsides to carry the Last Sacraments to the dying. Yet for two whole years he has been unable to buy himself one ounce of butcher's meat. What wonder these devoted men often fall ill.

When a priest is overtaken by a serious illness, what happens? His congregation has often more than it can do to support his substitute. So the sick priest is left absolutely without means of support. He may even on his sick bed lack the bare necessities of life. If he emerges from the Valley of the Shadow of Death, there is no money for strengthening nourishment to build up the enfeebled system.

Life in Argyll and the Isles is arduous enough for the priest in the full vigor of manhood. But when the weight of years bends broad shoulders and weakens sturdy limbs, the man who has spent his life's blood for souls should enter a haven of well-earned rest.

But the old priest cannot afford to retire. There has been no margin for putting by a nest-egg. He must perforce struggle on long after the decay of physical and mental powers has robbed him of initiative and driving power, so essential to the effective discharge of his sacred office. Hard necessity holds him fast to the plough.

This scandal cannot be allowed to endure. To meet the situation it is proposed to raise an Aged and Infirm Clergy Fund of $10,000 the interest from which will be applied for the benefit of these two classes of priests—the invalids and the aged. For help in creating this fund, we confidently appeal to the ever-generous Catholic public.

Can a more pitiable case be imagined than that of the penniless, suffering priest or the worn out minister of God? Can you steel your hearts and close your pockets against this plea? Every priest of the diocese undertakes to say two Masses yearly for those who help. Whilst this appeal continues, a Mass will be said every week for all benefactors.

The Bishop of the Diocese warmly supports this appeal Bishop Martin writes:

"Our old priests have only a a paltry pittance, insufficient for the most meagre sustenance; and those temporarily indisposed are entirely dependant on charity With all possible urgency and emphasis, I would press upon those who can help in any measure, especially those blessed with wordly means, not to suffer this deplorable state of things to continue."

On behalf of the Priests of Argyll and the Isles.

The Rt.Rev. Hugh Cameron, V.G.
The Very Rev. Angus Macdonald.
The Very Rev. Wm. Macmaster.
The Rev. James Barry.

All donations should be addressed to the Very Rev. William Macmaster, Taynuilt, Argyleshire Scotland.


## Head Ached So Bad
### HAD TO GO TO BED.

When the liver becomes sluggish and inactive it does not manufacture enough bile to thoroughly act on the bowels and carry off the waste matter from the system, hence the bowels become clogged up, the bile gets into the blood, constipation sets in and is followed by sick and bilious headaches, water brash, heartburn, floating specks before the eyes, and painful internal, bleeding or protruding piles.

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills regulate the flow of bile so that it acts properly on the bowels, and stirs the sluggish liver into activity.

Mrs. E. Bainbridge, Amherst, N.B., writes:—"I take pleasure in writing you the good I received by using Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills for headache. I was so bad I had to go to bed, and could not sit up. A friend told me about your wonderful medicine, and two vials have made me as well as I can be."

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills are 25c. a vial at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price, by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.


## The C. M. B. A. Is Growing.

### Financially Stronger In All Canada, With Good Prospects in View

(Montreal Herald, Nov. 15)

In order that the friends of the C. M. B. A. of Canada may understand the present standing of the Association, it must be borne in mind that the original C. M. B. A. was founded in the United States of America, but that in the early '90's the vast majority of the Canadian members of the brotherhood separated from their American friends and formed what is known as the Grand Council of the C. M. B. A. of Canada, with head office in Canada, Canadian investments and a Canadian membership.

In 1915 the C. M. B. A. of Canada readjusted its affairs, but owing to the heavy death roll through the old age of a great many of its members, the inroads of the war, and the ravages of the influenza, it became necessary to make a second readjustment at the convention of August, 1919. Dr. Frank Sanderson, of Toronto, and Dr. A. K. Blackadar, of Ottawa, two of the most eminent actuaries on this continent, laid down the conditions that were necessary to make the C. M. B. A. of Canada absolutely solvent, and these conditions were fulfilled to the letter at the August convention.

The last issue of the Society's paper showed at the 30th of October, 1919, that there was cash in hand and in banks amounting to the sum of over $71,000, and the same issue of the paper showed that the unpaid death claims on hand amounted to only $16,300, and owing to the very strong financial position of the association a handsome investment of $35,000 was made in Victory Loan Bonds, 1919. And in general, the statement shows that the assets of the association amount to $839,123.00.

At the meeting of St. Clement's Branch at Vianville on the 13th instant, fifteen new members were initiated.

The conclusion to be drawn from these facts is that the C. M. B. A. of Canada is doing business on a solid basis and in a promising manner.


## Kidneys Were Bad After The "Flu"
### Sat Up to Turn in Bed.

That awful epidemic, the Spanish influenza, that swept Canada from one end to the other a short time ago, left in its wake a great many bad after effects. In some cases it was a weakened heart, in others shattered nerves, but in a great many cases weak kidneys have been left as a legacy.

Where the kidneys have been left weak as an after effect of the "Flu," Doan's Kidney Pills will prove to be just the remedy you require to strengthen them.

Mrs. Harvey D. Wile, Lake Pleasant, N.S., writes:—"Last winter I was taken sick with the "Flu," and when I did get better I found that my kidneys were very bad, and at night I had to sit up to turn around in bed. I used Doan's Kidney Pills, and found that they did me a wonderful amount of good. I also recommend them to my husband, and he started in to use them. I will always recommend them to anyone who is bothered with kidney trouble, for they are wonderful."

Doan's Kidney Pills are 50c. a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

See that our trade mark, a "Maple Leaf," appears on the box.