#### **WELL DONE, SIR FREDERICK!**

The Women's Wentworth Historica Society has done a good work in pre-serving to the public the battle field oney Creek, and yesterday will be a red-letter one in the society's annals as marking the consumation of that ob-ject with due official ceremony. An important announcement was made by Sir Frederick Borden, Minister of Militia, in his brief address. It was that he would bring in a resolution that the Government should set aside an appropriation to erect a handsome monument to mark the spot. That is a course that will be approved by the people of the Domini There needs be no extravagance in the matter, but such historical memorials serve a great and beneficient purpose, and should not be neglected. They are constant reminders of what our ances tors did for us, and point to the duty of sacrifice resting upon all true patriots when occasion demands. The ladies have done much; now let the Government erect a suitable permanent memoria as its part of the work.

#### GAMBLING DEVICES.

The "prize package" is doomed. Some Canadian manufacturers have been advertising that prizes will be found in ackage of their goods, and this has led to inquiry as to the legality of the practice. It is held that such is contrary to the Act intended to suppress gambling and lottery devices, and the firms affected have promised to discontinue it. Perhaps it is against the law but it is surely not so much a thinly cloaked lottery device-an effort to get easy people's money by appeal to gambling instinct-as many of the fake schemes run by newspapers and others. Take the "limerick" schemes, for instance, which lure so much money from "prize" hunters. How much better are they than prize package schemes? How much better than straight gambling Of course, it will be said that not pure chance affairs, but is that to their credit? The obsessed ones who part with their small change are playing the other fellow's game, and the entirely in his hands. In a fair lottery or even in "bucking the tiger" in the wheat pit the gambler, if we are to apply the term, has at least a chance for cash. In these little goose-plucking schemes the pluckers have all the say, and but for the fact that "a sucker is born every minute" they would yield no The success the fakirs have in getting the loose change of approachable ones may lead to action toward making the law broad enough to certainly cover their case.

### BURIAL ALIVE.

Everybody who has given the matter any thought has a horror of being buried alive. Some persons give directions in their wills that special care be taken to see that they are actually dead before their bodies are consigned to mother earth. Are there any cases of people being buried alive? It is said by some that there are many such cases. Are proper precautions taken to see that death has ensued before burial takes place? It is to be feared that this is not always the case. In fact, doctors who have been in attendance on sick persons will sometimes certify to their death without actually seeing the body There is just now before the Imperial Parliament a bill which may be cited as the Bill for the Prevention of Premature Burials. It provides that no body shall buried without a medical certificate of the fact of death, given after a personal inspection of the body, and stat-Zing the signs from which death is inferred. Provision is made for the appointment of death verifiers, to who any person dissatisfied with the certificate of death may appeal. Powers are given to justices to order the exhumation of a body buried without a death certificate, and persons charged with illegal exhumation may plead that a body as illegally buried. Powers are also given to sanitary authorities to provide be kept until the fact of death is conclusively ascertained. The mortuary clauses are copied from Germany. In such towns as Munich, Frankfort, mar, Stuttgart, Berlin and other German cities, also in Vienna and elsewhere in Austria, mortuaries are to be found. In Munich ten of these exist. The apparently dead are taken to these mortuaries in the charge of physicians and attendants. The bodies, dressed in their ordinary clothes, are laid upon tables in rooms kept well warmed, and well ven tilated and well lighted. There they remain from 48 to 72 hours. Well authenticated cases of resuscitation have oc

curred in some of these. Basil Tozer writes on this subject in the October Nineteenth Century, urging reform in the manner of dealing with the dead, or apparently dead. He gives numerous instances of premature burial of persons supposed to be dead. The writer of that article has conversed with a man who was three days in his coffir and woke up on the day of his intended funeral. Mr. Tozer says there are some forty forms of disease which can produce all the usual symptoms of death and deceive the eleverest of physicians. Among these are trance, hysteria, lightning stroke, sunstroke, anaesthesia from chloroform, asphyxia narcotism, drowning, nervous shock, etc. He quotes Hupeland as saying "That death does not come suddenly; it is a gradual process from actual life to apparent death; and from that to actual death." Mr. Toser

sums up his conclusions as follows:

First, owing to the condition of our burial law, many persons have been burburial law, many persons alive now, will secondly, many persons alive now, will

be buried before life is extinct unless a reform is quickly brought about. Thirdly, very many persons have only just escaped being buried whilst still alive.

alive.

Fourthly, sudden death, except in cases of accident, occurs but rarely, Fifthly, the only sign of death is the beginning of decomposition.

Sixthly, fits of trance and of catalepsy are of much more frequent occurrence than is generally supposed.

Lastly in some cases the victims of suspended animation can see and hear all that goes on around them; in other cases they are quite unconscious.

Without accepting all of the writer's

Without accepting all of the writer's statements we believe he has shown enough to make it clear that the greatest care should be observed and the rigid rules enforced to see that life is extinct before human bodies are handed over to the undertaker. The assertion is made that although many acts have been passed in the course of time regarding burials, etc., almost the same rules hold good now as to certification of death as obtained centuries ago.

#### AN EFFECTIVE REPLY.

The Ottawa Free Press counters on the Conservative Toronto News in a very effective way in replying to one of its insinuations of Liberal partisanship in the employment of men on the Intercolonial. The News waggishly com mented on the many new things Hon Mr. Graham would see in inspecting the Government railway which falls to his management, closing with: "But, in all his inspection, there is one thing he will not see—a Conservative holding an I. C. That was intended to be a playful dagger thrust, but the Free Pres had its guard up, and this is how it

If the above statement means that none but Liberals are in the employ of the Intercolonial, nothing could be further from the truth.

In 1896, when a change of Government In 1896, when a change of Government took place, there were probably 7,000 men in the service of the Government railway systems. More than 97 per cent. of them were retained in office. Except in so far as changes have been made by reason of death or retirement, these men are still in the employ of the Government.

Government.

Only one dismissal from the staff took place, and that was quite unavoidable. With that exception, the administrative officers remain as they were in 1896. Deaths have occurred and one or two additions have taken place, but otherwise the staff has not been altered from the years of the Conservative regime. In the great body of employees in the Intercolonial service in 1896, there were a considerable number who had taken

Intercolonial service in 1896, there were a considerable number who had taken an active and offensive part in the elec-A commissioner was appointed ake evidence under oath with re-to the conduct of these men, and spect to the conduct of cases line, and on his report removals from office took place. All told, from one end of the line to the other, these dismissals did not exceed 125, and it must be remem-bered that these were not men who had simply voted for Conservative candidates. simply voted for Conservative candidates, who had gone out of their way to be active and, offensive in the campaign. They were not removed without a fair trial, and in every instance the proof of partisanship was ample. So far as the remaining 6,000 odd were concerned, the fact that they were known to be strongly in sympathy with the outgoing Government was not made a pretext for setting them aside. Thousands of them are there to-day. are there to-day.

The Free Press says that men are employed on the Intercolonial on their nerits, and it is only in the distant provinces that people are found who regard as a vast political machine. It says: The employees of the Intercolonial are independent, so far as political considerations are concerned, as are the employees of the Canadian Pacific or Grand Trunk. So long as they do their they may vote as they please. And they do. In every respect they are in precisely the same position as the men employed on any other railway in Canada." The various department have their labor organizations, and promotions are according to rule. If there was any mproper influence of a party nature these organizations would be quick to resent it. While the Tories were in control of the road the fixing of the men's pay was largely a matter in the control of the Minister. The Liberals have changed all that, and emancipated the men from party thraldom.

### EDITORIAL NOTES.

Come again, Sir Mortimer! You're all

Landing in Ontario is much better for the balloonists than landing in Lake

But Adam Beck, in his Hydro-Electric balloon, does not yet know where he will land when the gas gives out.

Miss Wheeling, the Welland school teacher who saved the M. C. R. train fron being wrecked, should get a medal.

If your pile is invested in good, sound, earning ventures, you are safe. It is only the speculative securities that are in danger at present.

Yesterday established new low records in several speculative stocks in New York. Northern Pacific declined 9.5-8 points, and Union Pacific 83-4.

The Government is considering a scheme for extensive improvements to Toronto harbor. But the city will have to stop filling it up with sewerage.

A majority of the principles of New York schools favor the restoration of corporal punishment in the schools. The reign of namby-pambyism may be pass ing.

In September Uncle Sam goz 98.691 immigrants, and the year's total is likely to reach a million and a half. Of those entering in September 19,316 were Italians, 17,206 Russians, and 10,713 Hun-

While Brantford and Hamilton are being held up as cities where drink-ing is on the increase, we are glad to learn, on the authority of the

in Guelph than there was in former or less deserted.

The London Advertiser says that Dr. Roome may succeed the late Dr. Buchan at London Insane Asylum. The Conservative Club. it says. men are still on top.

amine the Hydro-Electric scheme, and to ask if it will pay the city to buy power at \$17.75 per horse-power when power is now sold at the equivalent of \$8.75 flat rate.

The United States produced 1,780,276 gallons of denatured alcohol last year. Germany annually produces 40,000,000 gallons. The industry is growing rapidly, and it is one to which Canada is well adapted.

The suspension of the great Knickerbocker Trust Co., of New York, and the failure of another \$6,000,000 institution go to show that business is carried on largely on confidence, and that those who would destroy that basis are ene mies of prosperity

The Canadian Trade Review is of opin-ion that the breadstuffs market is too bullish, and that there is danger of the too venturesome speculator being amoushed. In other words, it thinks care should be exercised in building on excessive prices, not believing them to be war ranted by the crops and demand.

The Mail and Empire in its news colamns publishes the statement of the Scientific American, that the Quebec bridge collapse was due to an engineering error as to the pressure the steel columns would stand, Editorially, however, the organ is quite sure that it was the fault of the Laurier Government.

Yesterday's entry in Sir Mortimer's diary will probably read something like "Visited Hamilton to-day; found it to be even prettier than I expected. The Mayor and aldermen were most hospitable, and I saw none of the scars of conflicts of which I have read so much. And they have a specially fine brand of girls up there. Now, if I were 30 years younger than I am-

Canada's creation of a Railway Com-mission has so far been no boon to the public.—Toronto Telegram.

The paper that indulges in such cracu lar rot is no guardian of the interests of the public. If any legislation ever was fully justified by results, that estab lishing the Dominion Railway Commission has been justified. And every Canadian fit to be trusted in a newspaper office is well aware of the fact.

Not long ago the Spectator presented this cryptical paragraph:

"New.

Van Allen."

Some Tories interpreted it as a polit ical headsman's schedule. Now it hints that C. H. Peebles is to get the license inspectorship. Is Birrell's head demanded? And who aspires to Van Allen's

There was little interest manifested in the London nominations yesterday, where John D. Jacobs, Labor, and Major Beattie, Conservative, were nominated. In North Wellington A. M. Martin, brother of the deceased member, was nominated by the Liberals, and Alex. Hamilton by the Conservatives. In East Northumberland Mr. Mulholland, Liberal, and Mr. Owen, Conservative, were put in the field.

Perhaps it is just as well that Corea as a nation should pass. When a nation reaches the point Corea reached, as shown by its budget, it is time for a Think of \$1,103,359 for the in perial privy purse and \$424 for public works; \$1,000,000 for the funeral of the crown princess and \$27,718 for all the public schools in the country outside the capital; \$5,000,000 for what was called the army, \$450,604 for the annual expense of keeping in commission one old gunboat which constituted the whole of about \$250,000 for the palace guard. Japan will at least give the people something for the taxation levied. It may be Egypt over again.

Private ownership must provide for profits and dividends upon the genuine investment, if not upon watered stock.—
Toornto Star.

That is an example of the loose "reaoning" in which Socialistic ownershippers indulge. Of course, private owner ship must provide for "profits" or "dividends," which represent the interest on the capital. So must public ownership provide for that item, or we must regard the capital invested as so much burned up money. As a matter of fact, most publicly operated ventures not only do not make any return for keeping up and renewing the plants. Sometimes even part of the cost of operation is smuggled into other accounts, and when renewals and additions are required the public is further taxed for the work.

The Railway News and Commercial Traveller differs with Canon Welch as to the cause of the prevalence of drinking in Canada. The Canon, according to our contemporary, put the blame for the increase in the drinking habits of the people on the immi-grants who came from the old coun-try. This, it declares, to be incorrect, claiming that drinking in Great Britain has steadily decreased for years. If this was not the case it asks, why is it that there is an an-

and it is proposed that certain dis-tillers close down with the view of restricting production. It thinks that the Canadians drink their own share. Perhaps they do

The Township of Stamford, near Niagara Falls, has decided to take the lead in the lighting of its highways, and has closed a contract for a sup-ply of power for that purpose. County roads are dark and lonely and sometimes dangerous, and it is to hoped that this new move on the tators. Electric light and natural gas are now in such general use in this district that there should be little difficulty, apart from the expense, in having the highways lighted up. In having the highways lighted up. In the outskirts of Hamilton some of the roads need lighting up badly. Lighted highways would be another step forward in brightening the lives of the farmers and their families.

#### HERE AND THERE.

Toronto Telegram: Hon, W. J. Hanna is back from his hunting trip, but, alast without a moose. The publicity with which the Minister's designs were heralded is blamed for warning the animals, and thereby enabling them to clude his trusty rifle.

Toronto Star: Capt. Bernier has returned. He did not reach the Pole, but he got near enough to see that it is a highly ornamental affair with red and white stripes and a gilt knob.

Kingston News: The Wisconsin conference of the Methodist Church which met in Milwaukee, a few days ago, practically declared that it was better to break stone on the streets than to preach the Gospel at the salaries paid.

Toronto News: Mr. Joseph Downey, M. P. P., has been criticising the Globe. Our contemporary could score a hot come-back by asking Joseph how long he has been using curling tongs.

New York Herald: One of those as-tronomical chaps asserts that there are 60,000 days in each Martian year. Those who have annual insurance policies to pay can see an advantage in that divi-sion of time.

Montreal Herald: It may be doubted if a majority of the (Warman) audience understood Mr. Borden, but they were of that degree of political conviction in which they accepted that as a sign of his superior qualities.

Ottawa Free Press: The price of false teeth is going up, but not one woman in 2,346,978 will utter a word of complaint about that for fear of incriminating her-self.

London Free Press: The slaughter of men in mistake for deer began in the Canadian woods early in the shooting season, but evidently more care is used by hunters since the law was changed, holding every one criminally rseponsible for such mischance.

### Objects to Pumping.

(Toronto Star.) We believe that a nation becomes great, attains to a healthy greatness, not by "pumping," but by growth and assimilation.

What They Raised. (Toronto News.) Captain Bernier went to Hudson Bay and raised the flag, while Mr. Bourassa stayed at home and raised Cain.

No Answer.

(Toronto Globe.) The hurry to fill Canada has so long een taken for granted that when some-ne asks, "What's the hurry?" no one as an answer ready.

Thinks This is Sleepy Hollow.

(Toronto Telegram.) A new train leaving Toronto at 9.30 p. m. is to arrive in Hamilton, after everybody is asleep. A train that ar-rived there after everybody was awake would be more of a novelty.

## UNTOLD MISERY FOR THREE YEARS

Baby Nearly Covered with Eczema-Worst Case Doctors Ever Saw -Scalp in Dreadful Condition — Tried Many Kinds of Patent Medicines but Could Get No Relief.

#### PERFECT, PERMANENT CURE BY CUTICURA

"My son, who is now twenty-two old began to have eczema on his face, spreading quite rapidly until he was nearly covered. We had all the doctors around us and some from larger places but no one helped him a particle. The doctors satisfies the property of the doctors as something territe, and the doctors as a combining territe, and the doctors as a constant and the seal power services and the seal power services, and the seal power in the cuticura. I had to be and the doctors are doctors as a combining the doctors and four months old, having had eczema all that time and suffering untold misery. I began to use all three of the Cuticura Remedies, the Cuticura Soap helped as well as the Ointment. He was better in two months; in six months he was well, but I gave him the Cuticura Resolvent one year—using twelve bottles, I think—and always used the Cuticura Soap for bathing, and do now a good deal. He was four years old before he was well, and his skin became perfectly fair when cured. Mrs. R. L. Risley, Piermont, N. H., Oct. 24, 1905."

## BARBER'S ITCH

Cured in One Month by Cuticura

"Last winter I suffered great pain and agony with barber's itch. I tried skin specialists and all kinds of remedies, but they did no good. One day I saw a Cuticura advertisement and bought a single set of Cuticura Remedies, and the results were great. In one month I was cured. M. H. Berg, 1501 Chestnut St., Philat, Pa., Jan. 30, 1906." Complete External and Internal Treatment for French Complete External and Internal Treatment for French Cuticural State of Complete State of Complete Control of the State of Chemical Control of Chemical Control of Chemical Control of Chemical Control of Chemical Ch

# Splendid Values in Ladies' and Misses' Coats

Black Cotton Coats \$10.00 Ladies' Black Cloth Coats, three-quarter length, loose back, trimmed back and from with stitched straps and buttons, velvet collar, fly front, all sizes, splendid value . . . . \$10.00

\$10 to \$15 Coats \$7.50

Ladies' and Misses' Tweed Coats, 34 length, loose and semi fitting, in light and dark tweeds and plain colors, neatly trimmed with straps and buttons, worth from \$10 to \$15, Thursday your choice . . . . . . . . . \$7.50

#### Military Coats \$10.00

Military Coats, made of good quality serge cloth, colors navy and green, three-quarter length, loose back, trimed with silk braid and brass buttons, prices .. \$10.00, \$11.50, \$12.50

#### Children's Coats \$3.49

### \$10.00 Coats for \$5.00

### **Home Furnishing Department**

#### Five Tables Loaded With Bargains for Thursday Table No. 1, Wool Blankets Table No. 2 Comforters

About 150 pairs of White Wool Blankets, some slightly soiled, good full double bed size. These go on sale Thursday at the following cut prices: \$4.00 Blankets for \$3.00; \$5.00 Blankets \$3.75; \$5.95 Blankets for

Table No. 3, Lace Curtains About 130 pairs Sample Lace Curtains, odd pairs, \$1.50 for \$1; \$3.00 quality \$2.00; \$2.20 quality \$1.35; a limited number at 35, 50, 69 and 75e pair

36 large size Bed Comforters, bought at a big discount off regular prices,

beautiful Chintz Covered Comforters sizes 60 x 72, worth \$2, Thursday \$1.50. Extra large, 66 x 72, wel filled with pure batting and worth \$2.25, for \$1.75. Large, Heavy Com forters, covered with Turkey red chintz, lined with heavy Turkey red cotton, regular \$2.50, Thursday .. \$2

### Table No. 4. Flannelette Blankets

### Table No. 5, Tapestry, Chenille Table Covers

About 160 Table Covers, all good colors and grand reliable makes, deep heavy fringe, regular \$1.25, for \$00. Tapestry Table Covers, regular \$1.00, for 75c Tapestry Table Covers, \$1.35, for \$1.00. Extra large Tapestry Table Covers, worth up to \$3.25, for \$2.49

### Ready-to-Wear Department

Knitted Underskirts \$1.50

Ladies' Knitted Underskirts, in cream, cardinal and grey, also grey and black effects, very special \$1.50

\$1.25 Underskirts 75c

Ladies' Drawers 25c

### **Dressing Jackets \$1.10**

### **Furs at Half Price**

Marmot and Mink Stoles, this season's very latest designs in furs, about dozen pieces in all, marked at exactly half price for Thursday's selling

### There Has Been Big Selling in Silks This Week

Thursday you should take advantage of a number of lines bought much nder ordinary selling prices and on sale Thursday.

### 59c Peau de Soie Silks 33c

### 75c Clan Tartan Silks 59c

### \$1.00 and \$1.25 Silks for 49c

### 40 Inch Chiffon Taffeta \$1.50

## Corduroy Velvets 50c

### Silk Finish Velvets 50c

Plain Velvets, silk finish, suitable for suits in all the newest shades, golbrown, green, navy, grey, fawn, black and seal, special value 50cc

## A Special Day in Dress Goods Thursday

Thursday will be a record day in our dress goods department. Thousands of yards of this season's goods marked at special prices.

### 40c Tweed Dresses 19c

Poplins 75c

## 

All-Wool Cheviot 75c 

### \$1 Crepe de Chine 69c

### 35c Plaid Dress Goods 29c

Fancy Poplins 85c

## 

\$1.25 Broadcloth 89c 

### Venetian Cloth 59c

4 linch Plain Venetian Cloth, in light and dark brown, garnet, navy, green and old ... his is a nice, French finished cloth, and a bargain at 59'c

### Infants' Dept.

\$1.75 Bear Bonnets \$1.35

Children's Bear Bonnets, with shirred silk frill and net ruching around the face, worth \$1.75, Thursday .. \$1.35

### **Velvet Bonnets \$1.00**

#### **Buster Dresses \$2.75**

Buster Brown Dresses in navy, car-dinal and brown, made of all wool can-vas cloth and nicely box pleated, with belt, sizes 1 to 4 years, special \$2.75

#### Infants' Sweaters 75c

### 25c Mitts 19c

Infants' Wool Mitts, with fancy or plain cuff, red and white, regular 25c, Thursday's clearing price . . . . 19c

## **Staple Dept.**

221/2c Pillow Cases 15c

50 dozen Pillow Cases, hemmed ready for use, with nice even woven thread, regular 22½ value, Thursday 15c

#### 10c Stripe Flannelette 8½c

20c Grey Domet 15c

### \$2 Bed Spreads \$1.50

Eiderdown 80c

# 

\$1 Bed Spreads 69c 

30c Grey Flannel 25c 

### 100 Granite Wash **Basins**

### On Sale at 7c Each

Thursday morning we will place on sale 100 first quality Granite Wesh Basins, double enameled, for the low price of 7c each, only 1 to a customer.

# 3 dozen Self-basting Double Roasting Pans, made of splendid quality sheet iron, will be sold on Thursday for only 25c, complete.

Self-Basting Roast Pans at 25c

Coal Hods 

 Japanned, 23, 30, 35 and
 39c

 Galvanized 40c and
 50c

 Fire Shovels, each 5 and
 10c

 Stovepipe Rings, each
 5c

 Asbestos Mats, each
 5c

 Ash Sifters, (best)
 15c

 

5 ft. Ironing Boards Rolling Pins, each ..... Pastry Boards, each .........49c Brushes, each ......10c Sink Brushes, each ..... 5c

### Cups and Saucers 5c Each

5 Inch Plates 5c Each 15 dozen Semi-porcelain Bread and Butter Plates, five-inch size, will be sold on Thursday at only ...5c each

Groceries Ceylon Black Tea, 40c, for 25c Mixed Pickles, bottle ... ... 10c 6 bars Surprise Soap ... ... 40c Mocha Java Coffee, lb. ... .. Red Rose Tes ... 25, 30 and 40c Blue Ribbon Tea .25, 30 and 40c New Raisins, 2 lbs. for ..... 19c New Seeded Raisins, 2 lbs. for 25c Pickled Walnuts, bottle ... 15c 2 qts. Cranberries for ... 25c

#### Good Lard, per lb. ... ... 12 lbs. Sugar 52c

Or 7 lbs. for 32c, to customers buy-ing \$1.00 worth of other Groceries.

THE T. H. PRATT CO. LIMITED