12 Volument Commercement folicited from all parts of the Continent of America. from all parts of the person transmitting the from all parts of the Continent of America. If smale me of the person transmitting the information with be fiberally remunerated. It Practice having business with the Editor will find him of the Office between the hours of 10, A. M., and 12, Noon.

THE COURIER

WEDNESDAY, MAY 14, 1851.

of information acceptable to our readers. The position of Lord John Russell's Ministry is still precarious, and the re-sults of its legislation difficult to be an-ticipated. The Papal Aggression Bill, unsatisfactory to a large portion of the British nation, will doubtless become a law, affording, however, but an imperfect and feeble barrier against those encroachments which seem to threaten the Established Church with additional dissertions and divisions. Established Church with additional dis-sensions and divisions. The recent ac-tion of the Archbishops and Bishops of the realm, in their Pastoral Letter to the Clergy, indicates a strong disposition, on the part of those dignitaries, to firmly maintain the distinctive doctrines and worship of the Church. They must speedily sweep away those unsightly cobwebs which have been permitted, by resiless innovators, to deface the beauty and simplicity of our ancient and cher ished faith. The foes of the Church in this instance, have certainly been "those of her own household." The policy adopted by the Whigs, in many prominent measures contemplated by that party, appears to be extremely timid and indefinite. With many conflicting

tate to act with that energy and decision indispensable to the successful accomplishment of their peculiar principles.

The principal object which in England now attracts public attention, and absorbs all other considerations, is found in the grand and imposing spectacle created by the united industry, enter prize, and ingenuity of the civilized world, heightened by the presence of five millions of people, among whom may be found every shade and distinction of human character. The "Corresindispensable to the successful accomtion of human character. The "Corres-pondence" embraces, in its description of this manimoth creation of wonder, an interesting detail truly graphic in its delineations, and richly displaying the beauty and variety of the most prominent articles. Canada, is not without

nions among their leaders, they hes

its share of interest in the productions which constitute the present wealth and ornaments of the Crystal Palace, and we anticipate for her Artists, Mechanics, and Artificers, an hororable distinction in those awards which belong to the efforts of industry and enterprise.

keenest perceptions of political sagacity ago. So long as gunpowder was perare unable to fathom those movements mitted to be landed on the wharves beconnected with its fature policy. Pos-sessing an elasticity of mind, and charged with a high mercurial temperament, the French are never passive. In the tumults of war, and amid revolun the tumuts of war, and amint revolu-tionary excitement, they find their most natural employment and their greatest pride. Whether the Republic will sur-vive the present agitations, is, at best, problematical. The pretensions of the President towards Imperial elevation, resident towards imperial elevation, are feeble and unsupported. The Napoleon of Austerlitz and Jenna, and that of 1851, are far different personages. The fame of the former belongs to France—the latter inherits only his name. The most prominent, and, we think, popular, successor to Louis, is General Cavaignac. His claims will be strongly supported by that party known as the Socialists, whose political power will likely prove disastrous to the Guizot policy, now so branch of the Bourbons. It would

older branch of the Bourbons. It would not surprize us, in the mixing up of those discordant elements, where, by agitation, the dregs often ascend to the surface, to find, even in the obscure mechanic proposed for the Presidency by the Red Republicans, some extraordinary qualities of mind, and attributes of genius, by which he might arrive at the elevation claimed for him by his supporters.

From the intelligence referred to, it is gratifying to know that in England, engaged, as she is at present, in the developments he has fitted up an apart-

From the intelligence referred to, it is gratifying to know that in England, engaged, as she is at present, in the development of those various resources so abundant in every department of her commercial and agricultural relations, the interests of learning, and the claims of literary merit, are not forgotten. It is with no ordinary pleasure we notice the noble and generous effort now being contemplated by some of the most distinguished Dramatic and miscellaneous authors of the present day, to provide for the necessities and infirmities of literary men. If Houses of Refuge are for the necessities and infirmities of literary men. If Houses of Refuge are established for the reception of poverty and indigence—if Hospitals are exected for the decayed and worn-out veterans who have served their country—why should not the declining years of the aged scholar and man of letters find that solace and refuge from the precuriousness incident to literary labor, which the kindred sympathies of learning afford. Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton, as the pioneer in this good work, has set an example worthy the author of Pelham; and the co-operation of Dickens, Donglas Jerold, and other eminent literary men.

In our remarks in Monday's issue the Courier, on the recent disturbance

We take great pleasure in stating, that these remarks were not intended to convey the idea that His Worship, without having been applied to, had sought the scene of the riot. We felt assured that his interference had been solicited by the Chief of Police, with a view to suppress the threatened out-break. The regret expressed had refer-ence to the impleasant position, and per-sonal inconvenience to which such ap-peals from the subordinate officers would be likely to place the worthy head of

BOARD OF TRADE OF TRINITY HOUSE. BOARD OF TRADE OF TRINITY HOUSE.—Last week the public were favored with some correspondence of escent date between those Corporations, respecting a regulation controlling the landing of gunpowdes essected by the Trinity House. The correspondence was preceded by sundry observations of a contemporary of a somewhat offensive nature to the gentlemen composing the Trinity Board. The Editor assumed the character of Judge, but delivered his charge without hearing a

our City Corporation.

sive nature to the gentlemen composing the Trinity Board. The Editor assumed the character of Judge, but delivered his charge without hearing a tittle of evidence on the part of the defendants, why they should not be condemned as imbeciles, making a regulation worthy only of fools, in the first place, and then defending it "under the prefence," that it was intended to protect the city and its inhabitants from the possible contingency of an explosion of powder on the wharves or in the streets, whilst, at the very time, powder was being earted through the Quebec and St. Lawrence suburbs, without any regard to such a consideration. Before bringing so grave a charge against a Boant composed of individuals of respectable standing in the community for capacity and fair-dealing, it would have been only proper in our contemporary, to have made some inquiry into the facts, from members of the Board, and not to have adopted an ex-parte statement; and, it seems to as, that before calling on the Trinity Board to alter their By-law, it would have been well to have ascertained their reasons for making it. It would, in that case, have been discovered that it was only adopted after the views of the Mayor and Corporation had been ascertained, and with the full understanding that the city authorities should lose no time in regulating the removal of powder from the landing-place to the magazines, so that life and property should be endangered by its transportation, as little as possible. If it be true that the city authorities still permit as destructive an article as gunpowder to be carted through the atreets, to them must attach the responsibility of such a course, and not to the Trinity Board, whose members have done their utmost to protect the citizens from so hazardoux a practice.

them must attach the responsibility of sear a course, and not to the Trinity Board, whose members have done their utmost to protect the citizens from so hazardon a practice.

Our contemporary would have done well to have cited the example of any city in Great Britain or in the United States, whose authorities permit bowder to be landed on its wharves, or carted by wholesale through its thoroughfares, before attempting to cast the stigma of imbeciaty and hypocrisy on a respectable public Board, for refusing such permission. The Legislature, at its last session, gave the Trinity House authority to control the landing of powder. The authority necessarily involves responsibility; and the question at once presents itself, in what light, would the Trinity Board be viewed by the country, if a whole city were to be in mourning through its gross and fool, hardy cipability, in permitting powder to be landed on the wharves in the very centre of business and population, whence, necessarily, it could only be carted to the magazines, through crowded atreets.

only se carrier to the magazines, through the date of a treefs I.

With regard to gunpowder arriving for importers in Canada West, it must be evident that the Trinity Board could no more prevent its being transported from the foot of the current to the Lachine Canal, an rouse to its destination, than the Trinity House of Quebec could prevent Montreal traders, having gunpowde: on board, from passing Chapter.

In addition to the above remarks, taken

from the Herald of yesterday, we may add, that a change in the regulations relating to the landing of gunpowder, and of its cartage through the city, was called for by the citizens of Montreal, and The present condition of France, we the matter was brought under the notice regret to learn, is still unsettled, and the fore the city, it could not be conveyed to through the principal thoroughfares, and the Corporation intimated to the Trinity Board, that unless they prohibited the landing of gunpowder on the wharves, the Corporation could take no action in the matter. Under these circumstances, the Trinity Board could not shirk the responsibility thrown upon them, and were compelled to pass a law prohibiting the landing of gunpowder on the wharves. This having been done, the Corporation are about to pass a law to regulate the carting of gunpowder, and which, we understand, is to the following effect:—That all gunpowder in-tended to be stored in the magazines in the rear of the city, shall be carted by the Victoria Road. Hence the landing of the powder at the Cross becomes absolutely necessary, and any inconve-nience arising therefrom must be put up with, when considered in comparison with the public safety.

been rented to necommodate the greatest possible number of soditors.

We are informed, says the Pilot, that the Gentlemen of the Seminary of St. Sulpice have agreed to senist the Industry and Rawdon Railmay, to the extent of £1000.

On Saturday afternoon the budy of a child was found in the giver nearly opposite the Juli. It was considerably decomposed, as much so as to runder its identification a matter of difficulty. It with mately appeared, however, to be the body of a poor little arphant by; who had lived with first and the seminated on the 23ct of March last, it hains the supposed to had been last as the ice apposite the few

CANADIAN AFFAIRS. (FROM OUR OWN CORRE

Tonogre, May 10, 1851.

I have it on good authority that Mr. Hincks is in favor of the Halifax and Quebec Railway, in aid of which he will no doubt introduce a measure text Session, in accordance with the terms guarantee the loan. The question is one of great guarantee the lean. The question is one or great importance in many points of view. To add two millions to our present debt may, or may not, be had policy—that will depend upon the charter of the investment. Will the Road say? This question will be differently answered by different parties; and some, who will answer it in the negative, will not consider it decisive of the question whether the Road ought to be constructed of not. tructed or not. They may justify the expenditure on calculations of prospective advantages. It is quite clear that, without a Railroad from Halifest to Quebec, a Federal Union of the Prorinces, whether desirable or not, is gractically

Very little is known of what measures Government intend to bring before Parliament in the approaching Session. They will propose to divide the County of York into four Counties; but whether the division will be made in such a way as to suit Perry, I know not. I may remark en passant that Perry's health continues very poor, and he will not be able to attend to his Parlia mentary duties next Session. Nor will Malcolm Cameron attend, as the state of his private business requires his undivided attention. In the shape of effective opposition from the Clear Grit side of the House, there will, therefore, be nothing very alarming. Hon. J. H. Boulton will have that whole business pretty much to himself. What sensation McKenzie will make in the House remains to be seen.

The Church Union is making great efforts t prevent the secularization of the Clergy Reserves.

Last week, Delegates (Lay and Clerical) from all parts of the Upper Province, met in this city, and held a public party meeting in the City Hall on Friday night. Their object, I presume, is to influence public opinion in view of the General Elections. I confess I have no idea that their success will be very great. Some effect they will undoubtedly produce; but they will also stir up the other party to greater exertions. In judging of the state of public opinion on this uestion, we shall deceive ourselves if we take it or granted that all the Members of any Church even the Church of England -are opposed to the proposed secularization of these Lands. The Hamilton Speciator, and the Woodstock American, both Conservative journals, are in favor of seularization; and, I need not say, that of all the ournals in the Upper Province, there is none hat has a better knowledge of the state of public pinion than the Hamilton Spectator. So far as Upper Canada is concerned, I have not the slightest idea that the Church Union will be successful n their appeals to the judgment of the public.

The Mirror, a journal which strongly favored the Irish Rebellion, and which was yesterday the oremost advocate of Annexation, has just been elected as the organ of the Post Office Departnent. To its columns have been transferred the advertised lists of letters, from these of the Christian Guardian. These journals are both Sectarian, and, therefore, very unfit to be the organ of any Department; but the worst of it is, hat the circulation of the Mirror is only about half that of the discarded Guardian. The latter paper dips into politics on occasions, and may possibly not forget to revenge the loss of Post Office patronage. Except this, Mr. Morris' changes have all been for the best; and if a hange were necessary in the organship, a paper large circulation should have been selected.

For some days past there have been vague rumors a possible Coalition Ministry; but I

CURIOSITE GOVERNS THE WORLD .- A cler CURIOSITY GEVERNS THE WORLD.—A clergymatically and anounced to his people that he should peach to young men; the pews of his church were crowded with young ladies. He then announced a sermon to young women; the church was thronged with brodeloth. He proclaimed an address to children; and the fathers and mothers, and what some one calls "the dear middle aged people," were out in force. He gave notice he should exhort sinners; and had the sexton for addience. So, the announcement of a subject is not always the best self to becure the audience for whom it is the best calculated, and lor whom the lecture is written.

Another Astonishing Gas Discovery.—
Mr. Paine, who claims to have invented a method of producing light and heat by the combustion of water, not satisfied with this discovery, has hit upon a still cheaper and more abundant fuel. The Worcester Spy of y-streetay asys:—"Although the Patent of the Hydro Electric. Light has been secured, Mr. Paine has not remitted his investigations, and at last has discovered a process of catalyzing the engagen of the aim asphere, and rendering it highly luminiferous at a mere nominal expense, without the cost of machinery, or any other apparatus than an air, receiver, espable of holding o mmon air. We saw it in operation last evening in our office, examined it minutely, catalized the oxygen currell, and read by the light as produced, which is equal, it not superior, to the best gas burned in the cities. The flame is peculiary bright and brilliant, burns with a clear, stendy light, is entirely incolorous, and during the half bour that we watched its operation, we could not have cost more than a couple of collars, and it was capable of furnishing all the light needed for the illumination of an ordinary sized ro.m." ANOTHER ASTONISHING GAS DISCOVERY .-

his rooms, and furnished them with ery article which fishion or beauty all desire. In addition to his many aprovements, he has fitted up an apartaent expressly for the use of adies, and he junior branches of those families who may at any time require his services. His numerous Patrons we feel assured will properly appreciate his exertions to deserve their favor.

Notice to Gas Consumers—Pay your Gas rent for this quarter on or before the 18th instant, (Wednesday,) or you will not be entitled to the discount.

The Missing Religious state that Cardinal Wise, am but invited some of the most calabrated Grintin Orators of the Continent, to viel Longes of the account of the most calabrated the meconimodale the greatest panishe on the occasion. Save upon the Quart visit, on the Strate of the Continent, to viel Longes of About 18th recommodate the greatest panishe on the occasion. Save upon the Quart visit, on the Strate of the Stringe.

DRAS COURTS,—Herewith you will receive a present of a pair of woollen stockings; in they my own hands; and be usured, dear coz, that my friendship for you is as warm as the material, active as the finger-work, and generous as the donation. But I consider this present as peculiarly appropriate on the occasion of your marriage. You will remark, in the arst place, that there are two individuals united in one pair, who are to walk side by side, guarding against coldness, and giving confort as long as they last. The thread of their texture is mixed, and so, alsa I is the thread of life. In these, however, the white predominates, expressing my desire and confidence that thus it will be with the colour of your existence. No black is used for I believe your tives will be wholly free from the black passions of wrath and jealousy. The derkest colour here is blue, which is excellent, where was do not make it too blue.

Other appropriate though a rise to my mind regarding these stockings. The most indifferent subjects, when viewed by the mind in a suitable frame, may furnish instructive inferences, as saith the

There is a certain noted author, whose pen is There is a certain noted author, whose pen is worth a California placer, so prolific is it, whose extravigance would exhaust the Pactolus if if flowed through his house. Now this literary Hercules was early one morning visited by a hussar and two assistants, who avowed their purpose of seeing him safely to prison, on account of a certain debt, they being in fact only deputies of the gard de commerce. He attempted to discuss, to negotiate, to entreat—but all to no purpose; the officer was polite and inexorable, the orders were formal, the writ regularly issued; 1200 francs must be forth-coming, or the door of the prison Chily would close upon him. How was he to extricate himself?

"You will at least go with me to my book-"You will at least go with me to my bookseller?" said the author, perceiving a ray of hope.
"Certainly, Monsieur, any where you please, I
am at your seller until sunset."
The whole was to preceive a seller, made a coach, were speedily conveyed to the bookseller's, where the debtor a lighted
and, accompanied by his three stallites, made
known his object, which was to preceive an advence of 1200 france on his forthcoming work.
"Sorry to refuse, my dear Dumas, but the fact
is, you know our express agreement, not one cent
in advance. In exchange for your manuscripts, I
will go up to any amount at the rate of forty francs
per page of writing; otherwise nothing."

"Take me home again," said the prisoner, addressing his guard.

freezing his guard.

"And what shall I do with my writ ?"

"Don't be alarmed, take me back to my

Again they entered the coach; and in a few "Leave your bailiffs in the passage, and come into my library," said he to the officer. It was done, "Now take a comfortable seat on the sofa; here are segars, rum, and all my books, five hundred volumes-I admit none but my Smoke, drink and read."
"Until sunset, Monsieur!"
"Yea, no longer time is necessary." So as

threw off his coat, and seating hi weelf at h leak seized his pen and commenced writing fu-iously.

"What are you about to do, Monsieur?" asked

"What are you about to do, Monsieur?" asked the other.

"Don't disturb me, I am coining money."
A quarter of an hour elapsed. Dumas rang the bell, his valet answered it. "Take that to the publisher, he will give you forty france for it." He was obeyed; fifteen minutes after there was another ring; the groom appeared and was similarly commissioned. Each succeeding quarter of an hour a leaf was deapatched-measengers were in demand; they formed a chain between the author and publisher. In a short time the crowds began to arrive, the copy and the money passed each other continually in the street, and the piles of each growing larger. At last, after seven hours and a half of intense labor, the battle was gained, and the debt discharged, while the sun was yet fiften minutes high.

The hosser immediately sounded a retreat, much astonished at what he had drath. It was only then that Dumas was conscious of having taken no sustenance since the evening before; seating himself at table with as much spirit as he had just been taking a refreshing sup, he exclaimed,

"I have not wested my day."—Gazelte Franceises.

COMMERCIAL. Ashes Report,
New York, May 6, 1851.
Stock on head 2nd May, 1851:— EXPORTS FROM 1ST TO GER MAY: 1850 100 246 EXPORTED TO

MONTREAL ed 1st to 11th May, 1850, inclus

di, sugar and fr

reals from Sec, in 1890, to 13th May inclusive Arrivals in all, in 1850, to 13th May inclusive. rais from Sec, in 1851, to 13th May inclusive. Arrivals in all, an 1851, to 13th May inclusive. Shewing an increase this year of.

Per Bark ALICE GILL, Waight, from Liverpool-Gillespie, Moffatt & Co, Agents.
John Fraser, 60 bd/s; B Hart, 281 kegs 200 John Fraser, 60 bdls; B Hart, 281 kegs 200 bix; L Bowen, 1 cak 13 bdls; Gillespie, Moffatt & Co. 7 hds 11 qr csks 5 octaves 24 bls 12 cks 9 cs 67 crates; R H Brett, 8 cks 12 bdls 8 cs 2 hhds 2 boxes; C J Cusack, 10 hhds 10 brls 10 tierces; H Vennor & Co. 240 boxes 3097 bars; Anderson, Auldjo & Evans, 30 cks 8 cs 1 brl 200 bdls 1 hamper; B Flint, 18 cs 20 cks 4 bkts 152 bdls 15 anvils 2 sheets; H Waters, Jr, 2 bdls 11 plough 1 barrel; A V Brown & Co. 4 bhds; Carter, Kerry & Co. 5 csks; S Morley & Co. 3 bags 20 bix 2 cks 2 pkgs 3 bdls; Samuel & Co. 1 cask 3 cases; J Cooper, 1 bx 2 hampers; J R Benson & Co. 9 csks 1 tisges; Bellhouse, Ireland & Co. 3 casks 2 crates; Shaw & Vennor, 10 Benson & Co, 9 csts I mere; Bennouse, Ireina & Co, 3 casks 2 crates; Shaw & Vennor, 10 bdls 2 cks; Moffatts, Murray & Co, 1 bt 18 cks I bt 1 case 3 bdls; J. Patton & Co, 97 hbds 13 crates; J. Mulholland & Co, 86 do; F. Holland, 800 bdls.

Per Bark ABERCROMBIE, LOUTTIT, from
Liverpool—Limesurier & Co, Agents.
George E Molson, 214 brs 67 bdls 8 pieces 301
plates I cak; Thomas Peck & Co, 859 bdls; Jas
Gordon & Co, 19 boxes; Gillespie, Moffatt &
Co, 25 hhds; Lemesurier, Routh & Co, 94 brls
3 toos hemp 497 bxs 105 cks; Jos N Hall, 14 do
9 kegs I bul 21 bdls; W & C Brewster, 102
do 15 brls 26 cks; E & G Wright, 55 crates 1 do;
D & C Darling, 2 cs 17 casks; R & H Brett. 125
moulds 552 brs 348 do 1 crate 169 bdls 7 casks;
Ferrier & Co, 2 do 5 trcs; A Bryson, 35 cks 4 cs
3 bkts 5 armils; Brewster & Mulholland, 67 kgs
22 cks 17 bdls 20 plates; Ross Mitchell & Co-6
bls; J L Beaudry, 1 ce; A Prevost, 3 cks 1 bdl;
Armour & Ramsay, 3 chests; W & J Smith &
Co, 1 be; T Mussen, 1 do; McPhernon, Crane &
Co, 3 cs; J Whyte, 26 cks; P J O'Neil, 1 do 1
ck; Wm Stephen, 1 do; A Bowrne, 6 chase;
Bellhouse, freland & Co, 14 casks 2 cs 6 bage 8
bdls; Hooker & Holton, 2 cks; H Vennor & Co,
9 bls; Shaw & Vernor, 3 do 3 casks 9 bdls; R
Compbell & Co, 8 cs 6 bls; Frothingham & Co,
2 cks; Thos Kay & Co, 5 do 1 case; D & A B
Stewart, 10 bls; Haldimand, Bros, 15 bdls 1 csk
1 ce; J L Beaudry & Co, 1 do; W L Perrin &
Co, 1 do; J Joseph, 226 bdls; A Urquhart, 13
cks; C Garth, 65 bdls 1 ce 5 trcs 1 hhd; Wilson
& Coulllard, 1372 bdls 68 csks 5 cs 1 pkg; John
Carruthers, 12 crates; Morland, Elwell & Co, 9
cks 4 cs 368 bdls 1 bale.

Omitted in the Manifest of the Pearl, from
Compted in the Manif Per Bark ABERCROMBIE, LOUTTIT, from

Omitted in the Manifest of the Pearl, from London—Rice Sharpley, 79 cs; Torry, Clarke & Co, 75 barrels 14 casks 2 chests 25 boxes 10 casks. casks.
Omitted in the manifest of the bark Pearl, from London-Moss & Brothers, 15 cases 8 bales.
Omitted in the manifest of the Cyprus, from London-Joseph Tiffin, 50 barrels 16 blids 40 barrels.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

May 10.

May 10.

Thomas Henry, Crawford, 7th April, Glasgow Gillespies & Co., general energo
Margaret, Oldrieve, 6th do, Salcombe, A Gilmour & Co., beliast
Orbit, Culleton, 4th do, Livarrand Bark Liverpool, McKay, 3rd do, Grangem

Marerpon, sauser, coals
g Medora, Hedger, do, Bristol, Order, general cargo
Percy, Cart, 30th March, Sunderland, Order, coal
Empress, Everson, 3rd April, Newcastle, A J Manham, general cargo
Queen Victoria, Nixon, do, Plymouth, Order, ballast
p Pursuit, Marray, 8th April, Laverpool, A Provan, sait
k Acadia, Younger, 3nd do, Dundee, Order, coal
g Jane & Elitanbeth, Newman, 1st do, Sunderland, A
Joach & Ch. coal Jane & Elilahoth, Newman, 1st do, Sunderland, Joseph & Co, coal May 11. Albien, Miller, 19th March, Glasgow; G B Symes

Co, general cargo, 5 pass Great Britsin, Wade, 16th March, Loudon, Gillespies & Co, general cargo Wm Dawson, Beveridge, 3rd April, Alloa, Order, coals

Serveringe, are April, Allon, Order,
Jane & Barbara, Chillen, 6th do, Bristol, G W
Usborne, railrond iron, 1 pass
India, Mills, 6th do, New Ross, LeMesurier & Co,
coals, 40 pass

Belen, Pong, 6th April, Belfast, A Parke & Co, gen? cargu, 6 pass.
British Queen, Lord, 5th do, Bristol, Order, general cargo.
Brutus, Thoburn, 1st do, Newcastle, Levey & Co, 298 pass lorens, McDoneld, 10th do, New Ross, Benson i Co, bailast, 147 pass Pilot, Lendley, 10th do, Newport, Order, railroad

Amy Ann, Thompson, Let do, Liverpool, C Brockles general cargo Boulton, 1st do, Sunderland, Joseph & Co, ord, Woodull, 27th March, Hull, Buchanan & Co, general cargo loverinor, Wooden, 11th April, Limerick, C E Levey & Co, ballast, 148 pass Eliza Kinenird, Wake, 4th do, Sunderland, LeMessarier & Co, coals ritice George, Young, 13th do, Allon, Denn & Co coals anthe Jackson, 7th do. Harriepool, Order, coals enseverance, White, 2rd do, Stockton, Gordon Co. coath, de pass ret, Leading, 10th April, Newport, Order, railwe evereux, Lumsden, 30th Merch, London, Orde

Brig Baltic, Jackson, 10th April, Yarmouth, Pembertom, issifiast Sark Albebaran, Blandford, 12th do, Poole, LaMesurier & Co, do.

Woodbine, Sheeck, 12th do, Gioucester, Order, do Bite Nautiles, Cairas, 10th do, Dublin, 18 è E Burstall, do Ship Delia, Adey, do, Poole, Order, do
Ship Primrosc, Ferguno, Sh April, Limerick, H & E Burstall, ballast, 25è pass
Jane, Griffith, Th do, Bristol, Levey & Co, iron und rope, 27 pass
Bark Edwin, Sik April, Harrington, Pemberton Brothers, ballast
Emma, Hoppan, Sh do, Piyasouth, H & E Burstall, ballast
Port Glasgow, Hant, 16th do, Poole, Order, do
Brig James & Blisabeth, Fewman, 1st April, Schalerland, Joseph, small coale
John Stoven, Gascoigne, 10th do, Dublin, A Gilmous & Co, ballast
Brigt Ariel, Leblane, 1st May, Picton, H J Sond & Co, coals tie, Jackson, 10th April, Yarmouth, Pembers

Ship Caroline, Harris, July Ages, Scottle Cooks

Clerkved,
Lay 16.
Schr Sellim, Lecombe, Labradov, H. J. Nord & Co.
Chrime, Childel, Bichilment, Gillespies & Co.

Shippsing Intelligence.
Captain Crawford, of the chip Themse Henry; et this ord, reports having fallen in with a Jersey bregatine, we have defined in the chip Themse Henry; et this best West end of Antionti. He park his main and a sent of his crew one based of her, with monocock in minings, her out, and in bringing her in Quebon. See maning the out, and in bringing her in Quebon. See an loaded with sall, and bound to New Carlists.

Captain Wede, of the ship Green Britain, arrived seaterthy, reports a very severe parage. Had hard best roof locality made forced manner of the Captain with a service of the seater of the Captain that the control of the See weeks like fine chops of the thinnel, and has been since the 18th Aprilin the Wessers Island, saw a large peop skip under largy force

HATTER AND TO No. 130, NOTES HATS, warranted of style, consisting as follow Fine Fur Hanover Hats, de suth, do Black and Gr Leghons of all shapes; and try the above Line.

M. S. will endeavour, by ARTICLE at a REASONABLE

May 14. THIS well established HOTE

MR. G W. BILLINGS

ST. HENKY STREET

as comfortable as any in Montrea CARRIAGES will be in at rom FREE OF CHARGE

NEW GI ODS. N S. WHITNEY, No. 195, St. Far. and Glasgow, his usual general as STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS will be offered at a small advance. Montreal, May 7, 1851.

HATS! GIBB & CO. have received their uses of LONDON VELVET NAP HAIN latest West End Shapes. May 10.

HATS. - For Sale by the Subscribers
CHRISTY'S BEST LONDON GIL MOUN & Co. 9. M. Sucrame

ROSLIN MILLS GUNPOWDE Canister, and other Powder, viz. -B, CO, FO, F, FF, FFF. Which the Subscribers will sell at low p

No. 9, St. Sacrame FOR SALE by the Subscribers—
NEW BEEF—Prime and Prime Man
tierces and barrels
PORK—Mess, Prime Mess, and Prime

Liverpool and Turk's Island SALT

No. 9, St. Sacramer

DRY GOODS. THE SUBSCRIBERS are now recent Toronto, City of Hamilton, Alban, Cast Catherine, &c., &c., a large and complete so of STAPLE and FANCY GOODS, when are prepared to offer at low prices, and able terms. GILMOURACE

No. 9, St. Sacrament May 7. AMERICAN DRY GOODS. FOR SALE by the Subscribers :-Tickings Kentucky Jeans Satinets

Satinets
Cotton Yarn
Candle Wick
And other Staple American Manufact
GILMOUR & Ca 9, St. Sacramen May 7. BRANDY.

JUST RECEIVED, per "City of Hand and will be Sold, when landed :-25 hhds. Martel's best Brandy GILMOUR & CO.

THIRD QUALITY POT ASE.

35 BARRELS WANTED—They made tain, at least, 5 cwt. each.

JOHN G. DINNING. Anten Brita 35, Prangon Xarie

GROCERIES. OR SALE by the Subscribers:
Tuenkay, Young Hyson, and South
Muscovado Sugar
Tobaccos, &c. &c.
GH-MOUR & Co., 9, 8t. Sacranes SALERATUS.

NOR SALE by the Subscribert, GILMOUR & Co. HAS REMOVED from 160, ker site the College. JOSEPH BOESE,

Catalogues gives and Terms of Sal A MERICAN GLASSW Three Cooking Soviel
And a variety of Kitchen Utensils structed to notif other GLASSW Boston and Sand ELEVEN o'clock Warehouse, St. Auctionee SUGARS. OILS, WINES, GRUCERIES, FRUITS, GLASS, &c., &c.—Will be Soid, FRIDAY next, the 16th instant, at the Stores of Messes. ED. MAITLAND, TYLEE & CO., now landing, or City of Hamilton, from Landon, consisting of Finest Melagn Olive tion, upwards Further parti talogues prepared Pine, Brick, and Govern a control of and English Sperm Candles Mustard, in 4lb and 6lb jars, an half lbs FOR KINGSTO Ketchup and ass on Mixed Pickles AND NOR RONTO. 1 CATHERIN Brown and Printer Starch Leschet's and Berger's Starch Superior Young Hyson Tea, in hf-chests DeKuyper's Gin, in bhds and cases THE Propeller Port, Sherry, Madeira, Marsala White and Red Apply to 1000 hf-bzs Window Glass, assorted sizes 5000 kegs White, Red and Yellow Paints, Paris White, Putty And especiel to be land May 7. CARGO OF THE MORNING next, May 17th, alongside the Brig MANSIS," from Amsterdam, will be Sold, for account of Messre, MAITLAND, TYLEE & Co, the ENTIRE CARGO, consisting of: —
Extra Refined Loaf Sugar, in 6, 10 and 12 pound loaves, in tierces and barrels
Superfine Crushed Refined Sugar, in barrels
Barrels, pieces White Sugar
DeKuyper's Gin, in hida
Superior Schiedam, in red and green cases
Lide and Rang Linguage (Nil in har, bla THE Public are in this LINE are leave the CANAL NINE o'clock, A. A the Cara, with the M INTERMEDIATE the following day of Superior consensus, in recommend Balled and Raw Linesed Oil, in barrels Refined Sugar Candy, in boxes Balled and Raw Linesed Oil, in Refined Sugar Candy, in boxes Canary Seeds, in bugs White Paint, in kegs of 28 he Pairse Curabas, in half carotee Carocca, Red and White, Mar

randy, Noyeas, and asso.
in cases
With numerous

Sale of ELEVI

DATENSIVE SAL

1000 Coolers and Sugar Kettler, amor 300 Flat-Bottom Coolers, 23 x 14 200 Boulets and Cauldrons and 60 gale 2500 Bake Pane, with an 1 a 6 50 Premium Cooking I

50 bhda Bright

AUCTION SALES

BY JOHN LEEMING.

AUC

BY SCOT

the following day of ROYAL MAIL STP The MAIL LINE dious Steamers, friends and State Rooms, eigensteam and the state Rooms, eigensteam and eigensteam and

May:

00 hhds Bright Ports
20 hhds Renned do
400 bris London Cruss
20 tierces White Bastars
20 tierces White Bastars
20 tierces Carolina Rice
25 bags Rie Goffes
20 tierces Carolina Rice
25 bags Superior E I de
310 bxs Raisins, Garoon, Muscatel and Valencia
Madeira, Port and Sherry Wines
20 puns Old Jamaice Rams, 35 O P
Martell's and Hennessy's Brandy, Pale & Dark
Islay and Campbelion Whiskey, in puns & hhds
Campbell's Ediaburgh Ale, in qrts and pints
Coleman's Mustard, in jare
10 chests Cassia
30 bags Allapice
50 bags Black Pepper, double sifted
10 bags Cloves
Madras and Manilla Indige
Paint in Oil and Dry Lead, assorted
200 bxs Tobacco Pipes
20 casks, pts | Blackis
20 cases Pusts
40 bxs Belmont Spt
150 bxs Lescher's
150 bxs Rice
Blasting Powder
7, FF, FFF, and Cas
With oth
Also, the Cargo of the Mc May 9. TO CON

NDREV

Liverpool,
the Custom House, Montreal, May

WANTED,-Chemist as Apply at the Cos May 9, 1851.

An Invoice of Wi pected sia New York TOR

NOW RECEIVE 150 baskets "He

A UCTION SALE OF SAINT MAURICI A WARES.—Will be Sold, on TUESDAY the 20th instant, at the Stores of the Agenta Maser. FERRIER & Co., the undermentione IRON WARES, all of St. Maurice Mammateurs— 190 Warranted Polash Kettles, assorted, 31 and 10 cwt NOW LANDING

MAMMOTI MISS LARGEST PAINT

THE Citizens of informed that the ART will be EXHIB ments can be made, cured. Due notice with hibitions.