EVERITT & BUTLER,

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

55 and 57 King Street.

PER THE "CASTALIA,"

From Liverpool and Glasgow:

5 cases White Cottons, (Horrockses),
1 case Hemmed Handkerchiefs,
2 cases Tailors' Canvas,
1 case Turkey Damask,
1 case Scotch Caps,
1 case Towels,
1 case Linens,
2 cases Hollands.

june 11 EVERITT & BUTLER.

OAK AND PITCH PINE

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For Ship Building purposes, constantly on hand. Also

WHITE PINE, BIRCH, &c., &c.

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Office—FOOT OF SIMONDS STREET - - - - - Portland, St. John, N. B.

References—GUY, STEWART & CO., E. D. JEWETT & CO. feb 13 1y

DR. J. E. GRIFFITH, Dentist.

Office, corner Germain and Duke Streets,

(OPPOSITE VICTORIA HOTEL).

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

☞ Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide (Laughing) Gas. may 7

MARITIME

WAREHOUSING AND DOCK COMPANY!

Storage in Bond or Free. Cash Advances

on all descriptions of Merchadize. BANK STERLING CREDITS granted to Importers
Application to be made to

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JAMES D. O'NEILL,

MANUFACTURER OF

OIL-TANNED LARRIGANS!

Women's, Misses' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES

IN SERGE, KID AND GRAIN LEATHERS.

FACTORY, No. 1 NORTH WHARF, - - - - - ST. JOHN, N. B

july 12 1y

MISPECK MILLS, - - - St. John, N. B.

HOMESPUNS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

All Wool Twilled Flannels and Tweeds!

ALL AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!!

Also, First Class

COTTON WARPS.

THE above named Seasonable Goods are all of SUPERIOR QUALITY, manufactured from the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.
☞ Orders from the Trade respectfully solicited.
WAREHOUSE.....Reed's Building, Water Street.

may d&w J. L. WOODWORTH, Agent.

DAVID MILLER,

MANUFACTURER OF

Hoop Skirts, Corsets,

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Real and Imitation

HAIR GOODS!

Sole Agent for the Maritime Provinces for the following first-class

Sewing MACHINES!

The Lockman, Appleton, Hespeler, Webster And Singer Manufacturing,

70 KING STREET.

feb 6

Wholesale Warehouse,

CANTERBURY STREET.

THE Subscribers have now ready for inspection one of the LARGEST and BEST ASSORTED STOCKS of

DRY GOODS!

To be found in the Dominion.]

We invite the attention of the trade to the

STOCK, and assure purchasers of

Value that Cannot be Equalled!

may 7 T. R. JONES & CO.

GREY COTTON!

WE would call the attention of Purchasers to the

GREY COTTON

We are now making. This article is manufactured out of AMERICAN COTTON,

WHICH IS

MUCH SUPERIOR

to the material used in making English Grey Cotton.

☞ It will be found quite as CHEAP, and REALLY MUCH BETTER, than any other Cotton in the market.

For Sale by the Dry Goods Trade.

WM. PARKS & SON,

New Brunswick Cotton Mills,
aug 14—tf SAINT JOHN, N. B.

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE

A 42 COLUMN PAPER!

The Best in the Maritime Provinces!

Only One Dollar a Year!

Sample Copies Mailed Free

The Daily Tribune.

J. L. STEWART,..... EDITOR.

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 11.

The President for Specie.

President Grant, in his last annual message, sensibly declared that the prosperity of the country depended on a return to specie payment, and ridiculously argued, in effect, that such a revolution in the basis of the circulating medium could not be effected until the country became more prosperous than it was—until the exports were equal to the imports. This muddle left the public in doubt as to his intentions when Congress had under consideration the scheme of inflation—a proposition to increase the volume of irredeemable paper currency—and many financiers and politicians who had made it their business to know the President's views, and were regarded as his semi-official mouthpieces, were astounded when he so emphatically put his veto on that measure. The inflationists, not able to get the two-thirds vote necessary for the passage of their bill over the veto, set about concocting another scheme for the accomplishment of their purpose—a scheme for which they might reasonably expect the President's approval or a two-thirds vote. The President, having got rid of the balance-of-trade scare-crow that afflicted him when he wrote his message, and feeling that it was his duty to inform Congressional hatchers of new financial schemes and the commercial class that he had firmly resolved to oppose every attempt to increase the volume of currency and to aid every measure looking to the resumption of specie payment, has embodied his financial views in a memorandum of remarkable terseness and clearness. First, he believes "it a high and plain duty to return to specie payment at the earliest practicable day"; second, he believes "that the time has come when this can be done, or at least begun"; third, he "would like to see the legal tender clause, so called, repealed—the repeal to take effect at a future time, say July 1, 1875"; fourth, he "would like to see a provision that at a fixed day, say July 1, 1876, the currency issued by the United States should be redeemed in coin." This memorandum caused a fall in gold and raised the hopes of all sound commercial men. If Congress should act on the suggestions of the President gold would immediately fall to half its present premium and gradually decline until it reached par at the date fixed for the redemption of greenbacks. The repeal of the legal tender law would cause all the business of the country to be done on a specie basis, and the resumption of specie payment would not be marked by the slightest disturbance. Resumption would be prepared for by the selling of bonds for gold. Then, if the currency is no larger than is required by the trade of the country, the greenbacks would not be presented for redemption, and, if there is any truth in the doctrine promulgated by the majority of Congress that the currency is insufficient, gold would be offered the national treasury in exchange for more greenbacks. The national currency of the United States is at a discount and has a fluctuating value simply because "the bank has suspended payment," and will be at par, and used as a circulating medium in preference to gold, just as soon as the bank resumes and the people knew that the notes can be exchanged for specie at any time. Only the surplus currency, if there is any surplus, would be presented for redemption, and it would be found that a comparatively small amount of bonds would need to be sold. The notes of the National Banks would be at a discount, of course, until the banks resumed specie payment. Some of these banks would be ruined, probably, but all of them that are fit to live would have no difficulty in giving specie for such of their notes as might be presented for redemption. "Where would the specie come from?" It would come when wanted, flowing into the country to meet the demand for it, just as coffee, tea, iron or any other article goes wherever it is wanted. Now that the President has come through the Washington financial muddle with clear ideas of a definite policy leading towards a sound currency there is hope for the majority of the Senators and Representatives.

Bismarck on the Danube.

"The Eastern question" comes up for discussion very frequently in Europe, the Great Powers being engaged chiefly in preventing each other from appropriating any of the Sick Man's territory. The attempt of the Czar Nicholas to take possession of his share of the estate before the decease of the proprietor, and without any agreement with the other heirs, caused the Russian War, and the heirs are still snarling at each other around the couch of the invalid. Servia and the Danubian Principalities have played an important part in the Eastern Question, as they are the particular portions of the estate that are to be grabbed first by somebody. They are semi-independent, the sovereignty of Turkey being little more than nominal, are Greek instead of Mohammedan, (and were placed under the protection of the Great Powers by the Treaty of Paris. Servia became an independent kingdom in 1217. In common with Hungary and other Christian nations Servia was overrun by the Turks after the disastrous battle in the plain of Kossova in September, 1389, and soon became subject to the Sultan, remaining a province of the Ottoman Empire until the Turks were driven out by the Austrians in 1718. It was restored to Turkey in 1739, reoccupied by an Austrian force in 1789, and given up to Turkey again in 1791. The Servians rose in 1805 and expelled their masters, were reconquered in 1813-14, and secured their semi-independence by another revolt in the following year. Servia is under the protection of the Great Powers, is ruled by a hereditary Prince, and is only nominally a portion of the Ottoman Empire. Its population is a million and a quarter. Roumania was formed by a union of Moldavia and Wallachia in 1861. They have been made historic by the battles that have been fought on their soil since their conquest by the Turks. In 1777 Austria appropriated a large portion of the territory, and in 1812 the Porte was forced to cede another large portion to Russia. The Czar, who had the power, conjointly with Turkey, to appoint the Hospodars, assumed the power of appointing a governor for both provinces in 1853, and followed this assumption of sovereignty by occupying them with a Russian army. The result of the war that followed was the placing of the provinces under the sole suzerainty of the Sultan and the protection of the Great Powers Turkey consented to their union in 1861 and acknowledged the Prince of their choice in 1866. Roumania has a population of more than four and a half millions.

Since Austria's humiliation at Sadowa, and the repudiation by Russia of the Treaty of Paris, the Czar has been regarded as on the road towards the acquisition of these provinces. As it was the friendship of the Czar for Prussia that kept Austria from taking sides with France in the Franco-German struggle, it was supposed that Germany would not obstruct Russia's projects on the Danubian Principalities. But Bismarck has thrown a bom-shell into the diplomatic magazine by effecting a treaty with Servia and Roumania that virtually places them under the protection of the Emperor of Germany, thus warning the Czar to keep his hands off. The treaty is professedly an alliance for protecting Servia, Roumania and Germany from Turkish designs! Just as though Germany feared a Turkish invasion! If the statement in the Cable despatch is correct the joint note addressed to the European powers is one of the hugest diplomatic jokes ever perpetrated. It is a joke, though, that will not provoke much laughter at St. Petersburg.

The defeat of the French Cabinet, in its attempt to disfranchise all under the age of twenty five, was justly deserved. The world has agreed to consider a man capable of acting and thinking for himself at twenty-one, and the attempt of the MacMahon Cabinet to set up a new standard was ridiculous. The Assembly has thus shown that it has a basis of sound common sense beneath all its wrangling and theorizing. Disfranchisement on account of sex, ignorance, criminality, or poverty, may be defended successfully, but it is hard to understand how a Cabinet could gravely propose to disfranchise those between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-five.

Miss Carlotta LeClercq is playing "Fate" at Wallack's Theatre, New York.

"Led Astray" will be put on again at the Union Square Theatre, New York, for four nights.

It is a good thing for housewives to know that burnt coffee is one of the best disinfectants. Nothing is better for purifying musty refrigerators.

A home for fallen women in London, England, known simply as "Miss Stride's Home," is said to have reclaimed 4,896 young women. A grand work.

A king of Babylon ordered cremation for his subjects, and built for that practice the first furnace; but Messrs. Shadrach, Mechach and Abednego wouldn't cremate.

A gentleman late one evening met his servant. "Hello! where are you going at this time of night? for no good, I warrant." "I was going for you, sir," was the reply.

Mlle. Calderon, third daughter of the Peruvian Minister to Italy, has been married at the Catholic chapel in the Avenue d'Eylau, Paris, to Baron Lefebyre, nephew of the Duc Decazes.

The question of the boundary between Chili and the Argentine Republic is to be referred to arbitration. It is expected the dispute between the former Government and Bolivia will also be settled by the same method.

The worst feature about the cremation business is that some winter morning, in a fit of philanthropy, your widow's second husband may empty your ashes on the icy pavement for the benefit of pedestrians.

A young widow advertises in a Cincinnati paper that she has an income of three thousand dollars a year, and will marry any man, young or old, who possesses the same means, and can produce a certificate of good character.

A New Orleans boy fell from a roof and was picked up dead. A physician connected a strong battery with the body just above the ribs, air was forced down the mouth with a pair of bellows and the boy is at present acting as clerk in a grocery store.

A New York man who believes in advertising, paid a bill of $78,000 the other day for a year's work, but it was money well spent, for the earnings resulting from that advertisement, which were divided among fous persons, footed up $650,000.

We are pained to notice that papers taking our items, and appropriating them as their own, seek to palliate the theft by publishing a column of religious miscellany. This may look well enough in the eyes of heaven, but it doesn't satisfy us. —*Danbury News.*

A financial panic exists in Peru. One of the wealthiest merchants of Lima, Julian Zaracondegui, recently failed for the sum of $2,546,000, and other large houses followed, and a general panic ensued, so that trade is now prostrate.

A New York broker saw a thief grab a lady's pocket-book in Fifth avenue, the other day, and quicker than a wink he nabbed the fellow by the neck, and, after making him surrender his loot, handed him over to the police. He ought to have a position in the Cabinet.

The drummers came down like wolves on the fold, their toes were all frosted, their noses all cold. Their weather-peeled bugles soon shone through the town, they gobbled the money and salted it down, then took a few orders and lit out of here, with their heads full of business and skins full of beer.

The Duke of Genoa, nephew of the King of Italy, reached Callao, Peru, in the Italian frigate Garibaldi, on the 7th of May. Every attention and courtesy have been shown to him. The President of Peru invited him to a banquet at the Palace, and Mr. Meiggs offered to show him the wonders of the Oroya Railroad.

A wag with the word "whoa" brought a horse driven by a young man to a dead stop. "That's a fine beast of yours," says the wag. "Yes, a pretty good sort of an animal, but he has one fault. He was once owned by a butcher, and is sure to stop whenever ye hears a calf bleat." Wag don't say "whoa" to that horse any more.

The Emperor of Austria has bestowed a very unusual mark of distinction upon the Baroness Edelsheim Gyulay, wife of the commander of the forces in Hungary. This lady was an actress before her marriage, and the kindness of the Emperor has placed her on a level with the highest lady of the aristocracy. The consequence is that in the aristocratic circles of Vienna there is considerable excitement.

Mr. William Hardwick deserves his name. His flame of industry cannot be snuffed out. Seventy-five times have the London (England) police arrested him as a sturdy beggar, and he has come out of jail seventy-four times with his professional ardor unquenched. He is likely to do so again. This Hardwick's been alight for seventy-two years, thirty-eight of which he has spent as a tramp and beggar.

On the 26th of May, after an absence of over four years, the Right Rev. Dr. Croke, Bishop of Auckland, New Zealand, returned to St. Colman's College, Fermoy, Ireland, in which institution he had presided for a period of ten years. Bishop Croke intends returning to the antipodes with several laborers in the cause of Christianity, his mission being to fill vacant places in the Catholic churches of Auckland.

"Blood, blood, Iago!" Among commercial statistics we have yet seen no estimate of the annual consumption of blood by American musketoes. In the coming summer—if it comes—will not such an investigation be curiously profitable? First must be ascertained what amount of food a hearty adult musketo absorbs at a meal; secondly, how many meals are taken during 24 hours; and lastly, how many musketoes exist by feeding from our veins.

Some disagreeable feeling has been excited in Chili by the British Minister at Santiago, who complained in a note to the Chilian Government that physicians educated in English Universities who presented themselves for examination in Chili, were almost sure always to be rejected. The Dean of the Medical Faculty replied, when appealed to by his own Government, that it was because the course of medical education in England was much inferior and less thorough than what Chilian students were obliged to undergo before they could have a license to practice.

As the cook of the ship Nile and a colored shipmate were passing through South street, on the way to their vessel, at Pier 55, E. R., on Thursday night, they were met by a policeman who wanted to know of the former whether he had a revolver or knife. He answered in the negative, but the officer declared that he would search him. Taking his pocket-book in his hand the man submitted. When the officer had finished he asked similar questions of the other sailor, who, though he had both of the weapons referred to, denied it, and the cook, to save him, invited the officer to take a drink. The latter accepted, and having refreshed himself allowed the men to go. Arriving at the vessel, the cook found that during the search the officer had relieved him of a paper of tobacco.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

At Rutland, Vt., Tuesday morning, fire was discovered in the second story of a dwelling house owned and occupied by Mrs. Fries, and the alarm being given quickly brought quite a number of people to the scene of the conflagration, who commenced to move the furniture from the lower story. While engaged in this, the floor of the second story fell through, and with a portion of the furniture the body of Mrs. Fries, the limbs, arms and back of the head being burned to a crisp. Further examination revealed the fact that murder had been committed, for the throat was cut and two stabs were found on the body. She was a woman of bad character, lived alone, and was known to generally have quite a sum of money in her possession, and it is supposed that she was first murdered and plundered and then the house set on fire to hide the crime. No clue to the perpetrator has yet been found, although there are tracks of bare feet leading from the rear of the house across a ploughed field.

Card from Mr. Marshall.

To the Editor of the Tribune:

SIR.—In consequence of an impression that prevailed in the city of St. John that Declaration Day would be on Monday, the 8th inst., instead of Saturday, the 6th inst., so few persons outside of the candidates were present, that it was decided to omit the customary speech-making, which, heretofore, without an exception has taken place on such occasions. Upon personal grounds I exceedingly regret not having the honor I anticipated of addressing my fellow-citizens at some considerable length on Saturday last.

Permit me therefore to take this opportunity to cordially thank my fellow-citizens for the generous support given me my candidature, and to compliment my committees, who without exception, worked honestly and hard to conquer success; contending with an opposition that could not be successfully resisted. Trusting that, now the elections for the City and County are over, the same kindly feeling may be had by our electors one to the other as before the election contest. With every good wish for the future of our Province and with the hope that each of us may be moved to use his "influence to promote mutual good will amongst all classes," I have the honor to remain your obedient servant, ROBERT MARSHALL.

Obituary of a Western Editor.

Ye editor sat in his ricketty chair, as worried as worried could be, for ye Devil was grinning before him there, and "copy" ye Devil said he. Oh, ye Editor grabbed his big quill pen, and it spluttered ye ink so free, that his manuscript looked like a war map when—"Take this," to ye Devil spake he. He scribbled and scratched through ye live-long day, no rest or refreshment had he; for ye Devil kept constantly calling that way, and howling for more "cop-ee!" Day after day he scissored and wrote, a-staying the whole countree; while ye Devil kept piping his single note, "A little more outside co-pee!" And when ye boys in ye newsroom heard ye noise of ye fray, ye sound of a blow and a blasphemous word, "He's raising ye Devil!" say they. And oft when a man with a grievance came in, ye Editor man to see, he'd turn his back with a word of sin—"Go talk to ye Devil!" sayed he. And ever and oft, when a proof of his work ye proprietor wanted to see, "Ye proof shall be shown by my personal clerk, you must go to ye Devil," sayed he. And thus he was destined, through all of his life, by this spirit tormented to be; in hunger and poverty, sorrow and strife, always close to ye Devil was he. Ye Editor died. *But ye Devil lived on!* And ye force of life's habits we see; for ye Editor's breath no sooner was gone, than straight to ye Devil went he.

LOCALS

For advertisements of WANTED, LOST, FOUND, FOR SALE, REMOVED, or TO LET see Auction column.

New Advertisements.

Advertisers must send in their favors before 12 o'clock, noon, in order to insure their appearance in this list.

Amusements—	Academy of Music
do—	Dramatic Lyceum
do—	Lent's New York Circus
Election Card—	J H Crawford
Carriage Builders' Stock—	T McAvity & Sons
Artists' Materials—	J Chaloner
Mowers, Horse Rakes, &c—	W H Thorne
Eggs and Butter—	J S Turner
Haddies—	J D Turner
Potatoes—	do
New Goods—	Everitt & Butler
Spiced Beacon, Hams, &c—	Geo Morrison, Jr
Groceries, &c—	Logan, Lindsay & Co
AUCTIONS.	
Sundries—	Hall & Hanington
Auction Card—	Hall & Hanington
Clothing, &c—	E H Lester

NEW MUSIC.—"Echoes of Killarney," a beautiful new set of waltzes; and "The Estey Organ March," a capital piece for the organ, at Landry & McCarthy's, King street.

Brevities.

The Shamrocks and Mutuals play the eighth champion game of base ball tomorrow.

A little girl named Hillen fell into Fisher's pond last evening, and was rescued from drowning with some difficulty.

The evidence in the inquest on the body of Jeremiah Daley was concluded yesterday afternoon, and the verdict rendered by the jury is withheld for the present.

The Portland firemen met in their engine house last evening, and, following the example of their city brethren, resolved to petition the Council for $100 per year.

An excellent programme is announced for the races to come off at Moosepath on Dominion Day and the day after. One thousand dollars will be given in prizes, and no doubt the races will be the best ever seen on this track.

A little boy, aged 4, a son of Mr. Hanlon, was run over at the corner of Brussels and Hanover streets last evening. Fortunately no bones were broken. These accidents are becoming too common, and drivers should exercise a little more care.

A meeting of the Maritime Manufacturing Company was held yesterday afternoon, and Hon. T. R. Jones, James Hunter, Francis Collins, C. E. L. Jarvis, and H. Horton were elected Directors. Hon. T. R. Jones was elected President, and T. B. Hanington, Secretary, of the company.

Eureka Temple of Honor, No. 10, was organized last evening. The following were elected officers for the ensuing term: W. S. Morrison, W. C. T.; Jos. A. Likely, W. V. T.; Geo. A. Henderson, W. R.; J. Leffert Thorne, W. A. R.; E. L. Whittaker, W. F. R.; E. T. C. Knowles, W. Treas.; B. J. Dowling, W. U.; C. S. Mackenzie, W. D. U.; R. M. Belyea, W. G.; A. Hay, W. Chap.

Pierre Smith, of Carleton County, fell dead in Mrs. Park's boarding house, Indiantown, yesterday. Last evening an inquest was held on the body. From several witnesses it appeared that he had about a week before received a beating, but from whom was not known. The effects of his injuries, with the fact of his having been drinking heavily, caused his death. The jury returned an open verdict.

The Board of Trade will hold a meeting on Monday to consider the best way to receive and entertain the Dominion Board of Trade, at their meeting to be held here next month.

A fire in St. Andrews on Sunday morning destroyed a store belonging to Mr. James Boyd. It was the work of an incendiary, and there was no insurance.

Messrs. Lockhart & Chipman sold at Chubb's corner, to-day, the schooner Pioneer, 129 tons, to Mr. John Callaghan for $1,010.

A party of drunken sailors made a great noise on the street last evening, fighting, cursing and swearing. The police arrested one and his companions came to the rescue, the result being the escape of the prisoner at the door of the Station.

The Town Council of Portland is doing a good work in removing dangerous rocks from Fort Howe, near the Police Station. A number of large boulders have been hanging almost ready to fall for a long time, endangering the lives of persons passing along the sidewalk. This is one result of the Council leasing the Government property.

Cunard Steamers.

China, Samaria, Calabria, Hecla, Marathon, Batavia, Scotia, Saragossa. These first-class steamers of this popular line will leave Boston and New York for Liverpool during the next two weeks Hall & Hanington, agents.

Dramatic Lyceum Theatre.

Miss Ada Gray appeared as Camille last evening in Dumas' play of the same name. Her acting throughout was brilliant. She was finely supported by Mr. Whiting, who played the part of Armand, her devoted lover, and bitter hater, in splendid style. Both were repeatedly called before the curtain. This evening "East Lynne" will be played.

Silver, Blue, Crimson and Green Enamel Frames with Gilt Veining at Notman's.

Academy of Music Theatre.

"Divorce" drew the largest house last evening that ever attended the second successive representation of a play in this city, there being fully four hundred and fifty ladies and gentlemen in the orchestra chairs alone. It will be repeated this evening, as there appears to be no falling off in the desire of the public to see it. "The Hunchback" and "To Halifax and Back for $5" is the bill tomorrow evening, for the benefit of Manager McDowall.

It is saddening to see our hair blossoming for the grave too early. More especially women feel this affliction, and it is even a greater deformity to them than to men. AYER'S HAIR VIGOR removes it and restores the hair sometimes, but its original color always.

Lent's Circus.

Lent's New York Circus, reputed to be the best in the States, exhibits at the Ballast Wharf for four days, commencing next Monday afternoon. The following notice of the entertainment is taken from the Ottawa *Free Press*:

The event of yesterday in Ottawa was decidedly the magnificent circus of Mr. Lent. At an early hour the streets were thronged with a busy crowd anxious to see the street procession, and when that event took place it was evidently a wonderful treat. The large tent during the three exhibitions was densely crowded, and Mr. Lent's enterprise must have been rewarded with a good profit. At the afternoon performance His Excellency Lord Dufferin, on the invitation of Mr. Lent's representative, was present and occupied a handsome dais, which had been improvised and provided with sofas for the occasion. His Excellency was a delighted spectator of the performances. At the conclusion he expressed a high opinion of the circus, and stated that he could with pleasure remain to see the whole performance over again.

Large Sale.

OFFICE OF LYMANS, CLARKE & CO., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal. Jan. 18, 1872.

JAMES I. FELLOWS, Esq., St. John, N. B.

DEAR SIR: We are happy to be able to report the favor with which your Syrup of Hypophosphites is received wherever introduced in Canada. The sales, notwithstanding the high price of the article and the short time it has been before the public, have attained very large proportions. Our own sales during the past year have exceeded Seven Hundred Dozens. We have no hesitation in recommending it to our friends as a preparation of undoubted merit. Yours very truly,

LYMANS, CLARKE & CO.

City Police Court.

There were only three prisoners to give an account of themselves this morning.

James Orr confessed to drunkenness in Mill street, and was fined $4.

Dennis Flynn, a youth of 16, confessed to the same offence, having been found lying drunk on the North Wharf, and had the same fine imposed.

James Dickson, arrested drunk in an alley off Water street, was fined the same amount.

A few active boys are required at this office to sell the DAILY TRIBUNE. School boys can earn from one to two dollars a week in this way, without interfering with their school duties. Apply at the printing office, between three and five o'clock in the afternoon.

Portland Police Court.

The Town is very quiet, not a person having been seen drunk on the streets last evening.

John Grady, Robert Kenny and Wm. Murdock were charged with fighting and disturbing the public peace on Sunday, near the Tyne House. Two denied the charge and Grady said that, though he fought, he did it in self defence. Several witnesses were called and all but one considered Grady very little if any to blame. It was proved that two men named Doherty and Clark had provoked the quarrel. These two worthies, in anticipation of the facts coming to light and making some trouble for them, left for the United States this morning. The three parties charged with fighting were dismissed.

Patrick McCarron was given in charge for beating his wife and threatening to kill her in their own house. She did not want to prosecute the partner of her sorrows, and, as he promised to behave better in future, and it was only his wife that had been beaten, the Magistrate discharged him.

John Sweeney was found sleeping in a barn in the City Road and charged with vagrancy. The same man was in the City Court yesterday, and had this morning the same long story to tell. He was discharged with a caution, on promising to go to the United States, where he belongs.

Mr. Morissey, who was for so long a time in the employ of M. N. Powers, Esq., has commenced the business of undertaker, etc., on his own account. See advt. tf

Base Ball.

There will be no tickets issued for the match between the Shamrocks and Mutuals to-morrow. Admission 10 cents, collected at the gate. Game to begin at 3 o'clock.

Point Lepreaux Weather and Marine Report.

June 11, 9 a.m.—Wind N.N.W., strong breeze, clear; five schooners inward; one bark, one brigantine, and four schooners outward. Schr. Ella J. McLean passed outward yesterday after landing coal.

MR. C. SPARROW begs to intimate to Saint John epicures that he has engaged one of the best and most skillful cooks to be had from Boston, and he is now prepared to furnish breakfasts, dinners and suppers in the highest style of the culinary art. The public are respectfully invited to call and try his skill, at the Victoria Dining Saloon, No. 8 Germain street, (opposite Country Market.) tf

A Little Strike.

There was a little strike this morning on board the ship Prince Frederick. The vessel was ready to proceed to sea and the tidesmen were on board to do their duty. On seeing that she was moored to the wharf with heavier cables than usual they refused to do any work unless they were paid $1.50 each more than the ordinary charge. The advance was promised and they at once went to work.