MORE POLITICS NEEDED, ASSERTS HON. R. ROGERS

Science of Gov't Essential for the Best Development of Canada, He Says.

CANADA STANDING BY OLD POLICIES

Policy of Macdonald and Cartier Must Continue if Nation is to Prosper.

Toronto, Nov. 2—Hon. Robert Rogers returned here today from Montreal, after spending some days there, as he had been previously in Toronto, in consultation with his political friends. Asked what was new in the political world today, he said: "Always something new, politically—new leaders, new parties and new policies. Then, of course, in addition, we have with us the novel conditions of which history tells us, and of which we are living witnesses, that reconstruction periods after great wars are always afflicted with anxious growth of uplifters and manipulators, whose knowledge of political conditions are almost invariably based on moonshine theories, and this class is not confined in any one party, section or class.

The Conservative Party

Asked about the future of the Conservative party, Mr. Rogers said:—"The Conservative party stands today where it always stood, in that it has never failed Canada in any national crisis, and will not fail today, to fulfill its plain duty to save Canada from the danger of the position in which our country now stands trembling in the balance, at the parting of many ways. What we want in Canada today is not less politics, but more politics for, after all, politics is the science of government, and if Canada is to grow and prosper, what we must have is more of the science of government.

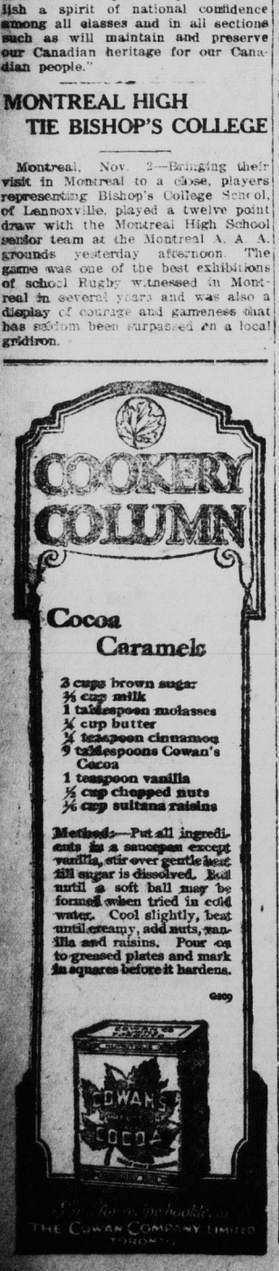
"I well know," he continued, "that I speak the feelings of loyal and faithful Conservatives everywhere, when I say that the day, delivery, is at hand when the Liberal-Conservatives in all parts of Canada will consecrate anew in the hearts and minds of the vast majority of the plain people of our common country that traditional national policy that ever governed the actions of Macdonald and Cartier; that policy that has stood the test, in the ure of common sense, for forty years and made Canada what it is today.

The Old Policy

The Canadian people can always rely upon what the fact is, that the superiority of that policy, administered with common sense, and with that constructive ability which contemplates, not alone our agricultural and industrial self-sufficiency, but which contemplates as well equal opportunity for labor and for all other citizens can be depended upon to establish a spirit of national confidence among all classes and in all sections such as will maintain and preserve our Canadian heritage for our Canadian people."

MONTREAL HIGH TIE BISHOP'S COLLEGE

Montreal, Nov. 2—Bringing their visit in Montreal to a close, players representing Bishop's College School, of Lennoxville, played a twelve point draw with the Montreal High School senior team at the Montreal A. A. A. grounds yesterday afternoon. The game was one of the best exhibitions of school Rugby witnessed in Montreal in several years and was also a display of courage and gameness that has seldom been surpassed on a local gridiron.



McGill Graduates Enjoy Themselves

Dine at Manor House and Sing the Old Songs—Addressed by Dean of Faculty

The McGill Graduates' Society of St. John, held one of its most successful dinners last night at the Manor House, Glen Falls, and had as the guest of the evening, Dr. Frank Dawson Adams, Assistant Principal and Dean of the Faculty of Applied Science. The "Old McGill" spirit was rampant and many followers of the "red and white" displayed their oratorical talent and paid homage to their "Alma Mater." It was announced also that a campaign would be inaugurated on November 15th, next, throughout the Dominion of Canada to raise the sum of $5,000,000 for the purpose of securing the best qualified men as professors in the various faculties, the extension and erection of additional buildings which are urgently required, owing to the large number of students, such as halls or residence and convocation hall, the increased expenses entailed by the high cost of living and various other very commendable reasons which were mentioned by Dr. Adams. Already men of wealth had come forward to offer their financial assistance towards this worthy object, and the campaign to be carried on will be conducted with the determination to secure the objective at least.

The local president of the McGill Graduates' Society, H. G. Hare, acted as toastmaster, and the following is a list of the toasts and songs:

Toast—"The King."
Toast—McGill, Dr. Walter White.
McGill Yell Song, "Old McGill."
Arts—Responded to by Dr. Harrison.
Meds.—Dr. Kenney.
Sciences—A. R. Dufresne.
Song—"Alouette."
Song—"The Three Crows."
Song—"Michael Bay."
Toast—Our guest, Dr. Adams, Dr. H. A. Farris.
Song—"For He's a Jolly Good Fellow."
Toast—To the Ladies—Dr. Curren, Dr. McDonald.
Song—"Hop Along, Sister Mary."
"God Save the King."

The toast to the ladies was replied to by Miss Ewing, and it might be mentioned as a matter of special interest that Dr. Walter White, who proposed the toast to McGill, was the first citizen of St. John to graduate from that University.

Greeted With Applause

When the toastmaster called upon the guest of the evening, Dr. Frank Dawson Adams, assistant principal and dean of the Faculty of Applied Science, his name was greeted with voluminous applause by the ardent supporters of the red and white. Dr. Adams in his opening remarks stated that he regretted that the president of the University, General Sir Arthur Currie, was unable to attend the dinner, but Sir Arthur was in the west, where he is addressing Graduate Societies of McGill from Montreal to the Pacific Coast, although he looked forward in the near future to the pleasure of coming east and speaking to the Graduate Societies both here and in Halifax. McGill University, continued the speaker, will celebrate its one hundredth anniversary next year, and will have a great re-union of graduates from all parts of the world, and elaborate preparations were already under way for this occasion. The growth of the University since its origin, nearly one hundred years ago, had been nothing short of marvellous. Its beginning was very small, and sixty years ago McGill had only two hundred and sixty-two pupils in actual attendance, which contrasted with the present total of 3,588, showed its wonderful growth.

The First Faculties

The first faculties were those of Arts and Medicine, followed by the Faculties of Law and Applied Science, the last mentioned of which is now the largest in the number of its students. Within the last few years the Faculty of Music, Faculty of Comm Faculty of Dentistry and Dep at of Social Service had been added. The Department of Social Service is now quite a large school. The School of Physical Training was a further edition, and the last school on the list was the Graduates School for Nurses in connection with the Medical Faculty. This school of learning is for the purpose of qualifying nurses who want to take a special course of study in order to qualify themselves for advanced positions. In addition to those already enumerated, there is McDonald College, which is part of McGill University and represents an endowment of $7,000,000 by Sir William McDonald, and this college comprises the Faculty of Agriculture of the University, the School of Household Science and a college for the training of teachers for Protestant schools of the Province of Quebec.

McGill's War Services

Referring to the war services of McGill's graduates, Dr. Adams declared that 2,539 McGill men had enlisted, and this number included graduates and under-graduates. Three hundred and forty-one McGill men had been killed; and three hundred and eighty-two had received orders and distinctions for gallantry in the field, two of which were Victoria Crosses. Commenting on the growth of the buildings of the University, the speaker mentioned that the buildings are situated on the old campus and five or six years ago Sir William McDonald bought for the University the last block of unoccupied ground in the vicinity. This was the Molson and Law propery, constituting about twenty-eight acres, and adjoins the old campus. On this recently purchased property the University plans to arrange for the accommodation of students of the University, who are now for the most part living in lodgings in close proximity to the halls of learning. In the middle of this property there has been built a magnificent stadium which seats 8,000 persons, and which is now completed. In this the University games are played, and it opens into property on which the gymnasium will be built. Immediately above it on the slope of Mount Royal the new halls of residence with a complete equipment for the housing of the students with the necessary halls, kitchens, etc., will be erected as soon as sufficient means can be obtained for this purpose. This will give the University additional room on the old campus to erect the buildings required for the extension of the University instruction; and on the new campus provide perfect accommodation for the social life and welfare of the student body.

Cost of Education

In discussing the great cost of college education, Dr. Adams stated that while the fees for a four-year complete course in Science amounted to only $800, the actual cost to the University for this period was $3,200. The fees for a complete Arts Course were $240, while the cost to the University was $2,725. Tuition in Medicine totalled $750, but cost actually $2,870; while the law course fees amounted to $240, but cost in reality $1,320 to the University. As students could not meet this enormous expenditure, and as they were being prepared for professions and higher service in life, the University has been enabled to carry on, due to the endowments received from benefactors, otherwise the high cost of education would be well nigh impossible to meet. The public, however, are continually demanding additional courses to qualify themselves for new lines of public service, and the endowments are no longer sufficient. More money is urgently required for many reasons, such as for payment of higher salaries in order to obtain the best qualified men, to meet the additional cost owing to the rise in the cost of living in coal and practically all essentials, for new buildings which cannot now be adequately provided for, for halls of residence and convocation hall, and for the development of the University in order to keep pace with the growing size and needs of the Dominion of Canada. On this account the governors of the University are going to the public and asking them for an additional sum of at least $5,000,000.

Those Present

Among those present at the dinner were: Dr. Farris, Dr. McDonald, Dr. Malcolm, Dr. Peat, Dr. McCarthy, Dr. P. Nase, Dr. Addie, Dr. Kenny, Dr. Dunlop, Dr. Curren, Dr. Kelley, Dr. Pratt, Dr. Warwick, Dr. Chipman, Dr. Travers, Dr. White, Dr. Allingham, Dr. Broderick, Dr. McAulay, Dr. Wetmore, Dr. Peters, Rev. Canon Morrison, Mr. Hueston, Mr. Dufresne, Mr. A. H. Schofield, Mr. Hare, Mr. Cameron, Mr. Walter White, Mr. Weekes, Mr. Ronald McAvity. The ladies were also represented numbering among them Dr. Murray, Miss Ruth Cofter, Miss Dorothy Jones, Miss Hazel Dunlop and Miss F. C. Estabrook.

ANCHORED!

SOUTH CHINA RENT BY NEW CIVIL WARS

Canton Drives Out Governor When Dr. Sims Troops Defeat Kwangsi Forces.

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Hongkong, Nov. 2.—A South China coupe has been effected by the driving out of the military governor of Canton, who is a Kwangsman. This is the climax of a "Canton-for-the-Cantonese" movement. There is great rejoicing in Canton.

Many of his troops accompanied the governor, returning to their own province. The others surrendered after brief fighting.

The arsenal was blown up on the fleeing governor's instructions.

Shanghai, Nov. 2.—The arrival here yesterday of Wen Tsing Yae, minister of foreign affairs in the southern government, ends that government. Tsen Chun Hsuan, head of the southern government, is due to arrive here next week. They have dissolved their government and now recognize Pekin, because of the recent fighting in Wangtung, when Mingstang forces, under General Chen Chun Ming, representative of Dr. Sun Yat Sen, defeated Kwangsi forces, Kwangstung province is still the scene of much warfare, however. The police commissioner, Ngai Bing Pong, holds Canton and has the complete confidence of the Cantonese. The Mingstang forces are still trying to capture the province and re-establish a southern republic, with Sun Yat Sen as head. This is impossible, as the Cantonese will never tolerate Sun Yat Sen.

It is yet too early to predict that China will be unified because the southern government has been dissolved. Yunnan and Kweichow will not recognize Pekin, while Hunan's recognition is tacit. A new military coalition by acceptance of the popular formula of abolition of the Tunchun system, disbandment of troops and local self-government will test strength with Pekin in the near future. Pekin is anxious for peace because of poverty and of the Consortium's insistence on internal peace before a loan. If Pekin makes any concessions it must adopt the popular formula.

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DIRECT INDEMNITY NEGOTIATIONS ON

By S. B. CONGER.

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Berlin, Nov. 2.—Efforts are now in the making under Franco-American leadership to reach some working basis for establishing the amount of German war reparations by direct informal negotiations with the Germans. Mr. Boyden, the American reparations commissioner, has been here several days with his French colleague conferring with German financiers and government officials, trying to reach some understanding regarding the sum which the Germans think they can pay and the manner in which payments can be made. They will remain here until Monday and then return to Paris.

The visit was arranged with great secrecy and the negotiations were conducted sub rosa for fear of arousing the ire of certain circles in France and England which look upon any direct dealings with late enemy as anathema. Thus far not a word concerning the presence of the delegates, not the object of their mission has appeared in the German press, though the papers have been following with keen interest the news surface of the Anglo-French negotiations regarding the procedure for fixing reparations.

The delegates were aided in keeping under cover by the fact that the reparations commission, as an extra-legal international body, is permitted under the peace treaty to issue and viso its own passports and travel freely without submitting any papers to the usual government machinery.

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TINO DEPRESSED BECAUSE ALLIES REFUSE HIS CLAIM

Geneva, Nov. 2.—Ex-King Constantine and ex-Queen Sophie, are still keeping to their rooms in the Hotel National at Lucerne, although Prince Paul is seen in the streets.

Constantine is greatly depressed by the report that Great Britain and France, which guaranteed the kingdom of Greece, would refuse, even if the elections were favorable to him, to allow his return to the Greek throne.

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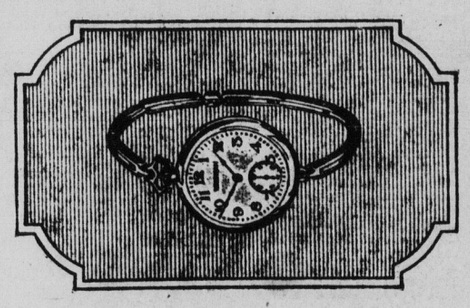
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