

# The Largest Steamer

### White Star Liner Oceanic Arrives at New York To-day.

### Her Time from Queenstown Was Six Days and Two Hours.

(Associated Press.) New York, Sept. 13.—The great steamer Oceanic, of the White Star line, was sighted east of Fire Island this morning at 8 o'clock.

She left Queenstown at 12:45 p.m. last Thursday, and estimating she will reach the lightship at 10 o'clock, the time of her passage will be about six days, 2 hours.

It is probable that, owing to her great draught, she will not attempt to cross the bar till high water, which is at half-past one this afternoon at Sandy Hook, so her appearance in the upper bay can hardly be expected before 6 o'clock.

As compared with ocean records, however, there are half a dozen steamers on the Queenstown route, westward, ahead of her. The best is that of the Lusitania, Teutonic, 5 days, 16 hours and 31 minutes, the next following being the Campania, Umbria, Majestic and Etruria.

The Oceanic is the largest vessel ever built. Her dimensions are 704 feet long, 73 feet beam and 88 feet depth, with draught, light 22 feet, loaded 32½ feet. She registers 17,000 tons. Her engines are designed to develop 45,000 horse power. Her coal capacity is about 6,000 tons. She consumes about 500 tons daily. She has two funnels, each twenty feet in diameter, and 80 feet above the fire grates.

Her passenger accommodation is for 625 cabins and 1,000 stowage. She carries a crew of 450. It was cabled when she sailed from Queenstown on the present trip that she had about 2,044 souls.

So much larger is she than the other White Star steamers that the line built a new dock on the North river to accommodate her.

The Oceanic's displacement is 30,000 tons. Compared with the Great Eastern, the greatest ship ever built before her, she is 24 feet longer, with a horse power of over 37,000 greater.

The Great Eastern, which was built on the Thames in 1859, measured 680 feet long, 88 feet beam, and had a draught of 30 feet. She registered 19,000 tons, and her engines developed 7,900 horse power.

The North German Lloyd flyer, Kaiser Wilhelm der Gross, the next largest in size, built two years ago, is 648 feet long, 86 feet beam, and 26 feet draught. She registers 14,000 tons and has 30,000 horse power.

Later the Oceanic passed Sandy Hook at 10:45 a.m.

### BRITAIN AND THE STATES.

Secretary Hay Says There Is No Secret Alliance Between Them.

(Associated Press.) Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 13.—In a letter to the chairman of the Republican State Executive Committee the Hon. John Hay, secretary of state, makes this statement regarding a secret alliance between England and the United States: "There is no alliance with England nor any other power under heaven, except those known and published to the world, the treaties of ordinary international friendship for the purposes of business and commerce. No treaty other than these exists. None has been suggested on either side; none is contemplated. It has never entered into the mind of the president nor any member of the government to forsake, under any inducement, the wise precept and example of the fathers, which forbids entangling alliances with European powers."

### NOTES FROM OTTAWA.

(Special to the Times.) Ottawa, Sept. 13.—Sir Henri Joly left this afternoon with Lady Joly and their son-in-law for the Pacific coast. Hon. David Mills is arranging for a trip to the Pacific coast. He is at present in London, but is expected here about the end of the week.

### BERMUDA STORM SWEEP.

(Associated Press.) Island of Bermuda, Sept. 13.—A cyclone swept over this island last night. Houses were blown down and unroofed. Later—the storm raged the whole of last night. No lives were lost but heavy damage was done to public property, fruit and cedar trees.

### JEWIS IN THE STATES.

(Associated Press.) New York, Sept. 13.—The American Jewish year book, just issued, estimates the Jewish population of the United States at 1,043,800.

## CORNELIUS VANDERBILT DEAD.

### He Expired Suddenly This Morning at His Home in New York.

(Associated Press.) New York, Sept. 13.—Cornelius Vanderbilt, sr., died this morning at 5:15 o'clock at his home at Fifty Seventh street and Fifth avenue in this city. There were with him at the time of his death, his wife, his daughter Gladys and Reginald, his youngest son.

Later—Conflicting reports regarding the sudden illness and death of Cornelius Vanderbilt have been current. The following authoritative statement was made by Chauncey M. Depew this afternoon:

"Mr. Vanderbilt left Newport for New York yesterday afternoon to attend the meeting of the New York Central and New York & New Haven railways. He got home about 9 o'clock and retired at 10, feeling well. He fell asleep and slept till between 5 and 6 this morning, when he woke, and calling Mrs. Vanderbilt told her he was very ill. She roused the household and sent for a physician, but Mr. Vanderbilt died before the doctor arrived."

For the reason that a physician had been in immediate attendance Mr. Depew has notified the coroner's office.

Mr. Depew says the funeral will probably take place on Friday. He also states that the directors of all the Vanderbilt railroads will meet on Thursday to take action on Mr. Vanderbilt's death.

### Effect on the Stock Exchange.

The sudden death of Cornelius Vanderbilt, coming before the trading hour, gave an opportunity for some preparation to support prices. As a consequence the inroads made upon values were mostly restricted to fractions.

## THE TARTAR DETAINED.

### Alleged Violation of the British Merchant Shipping Act—Many Soldiers May Be Left at Manila.

(Associated Press.) New York, Sept. 13.—A dispatch to the World from Hongkong says: "The United States transport Tartar, which was expected to sail to-day, is being detained by the harbor authorities under the British Merchant Shipping Act, whereby her capacity is limited to 750 passengers, although the Tartar has a license capacity of 1,340."

"Consul Wildman, representing the United States government, took the matter at once before the local government authorities, but the latter insist that an American troopship, although flying the British flag, is not subject to the Merchant Shipping Act.

"The authorities have been discussing the matter all day, and it is probable that 450 of the soldiers on board the Tartar will be left behind when she is permitted to sail for San Francisco.

"Several of the discharged soldiers on board the Tartar filed complaints of her unsatisfactory condition, which started the proceedings to detain the vessel."

On Sept. 13, a cable message was received to-day at the war department concerning the transport Tartar, which has been held at Hongkong. Secretary Root thought it was of sufficient importance to like to the president for consideration.

### A BIG MINING DEAL.

Alexander Sheppard Sells His Mining Property for \$5,000,000.

(Associated Press.) City of Mexico, Sept. 12.—Alexander Sheppard, of Washington, D. C., has sold his mining properties in Betopila to an English syndicate for \$5,000,000. Mr. Sheppard will return to Washington and take up residence there.

### MCKINLEY'S IMPERIALISM.

(Associated Press.) Bremen, Sept. 13.—The Weiser Zeitung says Mr. Louis Lange, jr., United States consul at Bremen, has resigned because of his disapproval of the imperialistic policy of the McKinley administration, which he has attacked in his Chicago weekly newspaper.

### MANY FAMILIES HOMELESS.

(Associated Press.) Lintz, Upper Austria, Sept. 13.—The rapid rise of the river Salsach, Enns and Traun has flooded the country, interrupting railway communication. At Ischbal and Ebenze several bridges have been destroyed and many families have been driven from their houses. The rain continues.

### A CONTRADICTION.

Paris, Sept. 12.—It is authoritatively denied that the Credit Lyonnais offered to lend Jimenez, aspirant to the presidency of San Domingo, the sum of \$2,000,000. The story is said to be entirely without foundation.

### "Every Well Man Hath His Ill Day."

A doctor's examination might show that kidneys, liver and stomach are normal, but the doctor cannot analyze the blood upon which these organs depend.

Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies, vitalizes and enriches the blood. It cures you when "a bit off" or when seriously afflicted. It never disappoints.

## An Indian Protest

### A Unique Letter to Superintendent Vowell From Naas River Tribes.

### Christianized Indians Scored-A Police Force of "Heathens" Asked For.

It will be remembered that in April last the Times published a lengthy statement made by the chiefs of the northern tribes of Indians protesting against the policy of Rev. Mr. Osterhout acting as the mouthpiece for the delegation representing the Christianized Indians which waited upon Attorney-General Martin, and whose representations were forwarded to the department at Ottawa through the Indian office.

Now comes a delegation representing the other side of the question, two chiefs representing three hundred tribesmen having arrived in the city from the Naas for the purpose of interviewing Superintendent of Indian Affairs A. W. Vowell. Mr. Vowell is out of the city, but the Times has obtained for publication the following letter addressed to him, which will be forwarded to Ottawa through the Indian office.

The letter reads: "Victoria, B.C., Sept. 13, 1899. To Mr. A. W. Vowell, Superintendent of Indian Affairs in British Columbia: Esteemed Sir: We have been delegated by the chiefs and head men of the tribes Ki-ha-ten, Ki-la-tomic and Ki-wi-Chilco, residents of Naas river and its tributaries, to express to you our heartfelt thanks for your condescending kindness in thus far protecting us from the threatening attitude of tribes amalgamated with Christianity."

"In the treaty on this concession of our lands all our former rights in the usages and customs of the tribes are to be respected. Notwithstanding these are great rights, which, according to the vest of law-writers, cannot be divested even by parliamentary enactment, and we regret to say that they were not in the month of April last made application to you to have this treaty stipulation abrogated, on the grounds that the potlatch and other customs were consummated with drunkenness, prostitution and murder. Now if this is the case it is in violation of the statute laws of British Columbia, and there is a strong force of Indian provincial police. Yet but few arrests have been made, and we regret to say that they were not all Christians. The last one was fined \$65 and allowed to escape. You kindly ignored their application and your fostering protection has secured us a few months' peace."

"On leaving the river a few days since we were again confronted by a more serious aspect of hostile demonstration. The Bishop and Mr. Todd, forming a Christian alliance (of course with no selfish ends in view) are to jump the Naas river, and to erect a railway, and bring the powers of Ottawa on the defenceless and friendless in condoning kindness because they cannot convince us that for thousands of years our people all went to hell and still abide in the same state of ignorance. We contribute nothing to support the dynasty."

"The Christian Indians are in the conglomerate army arrayed against us, and the sympathy of "peace and love" of former missionaries is being the victims of a general slaughter.

"In consideration of "peace and love" we have relinquished the Medicine Tomahaw doctrine, the Black Tomahaw, the Sacred Dances, potlatches, and other customs of the past, and are making with you and your peace-making with other tribes.

"The only rights which we still cherish are the invitations to our festivals of friends as mourners, which we do not wish to be despised, erecting a monument over the graves of relatives, and gifts are bestowed. We still have dances for amusement, with no potlatch.

"In our feeble effort to show the wrongs imposed on us for want of representation in Joint Council, we would respectfully ask, as a matter of equity, that you appoint a provincial force of police from the tribes which we have the honor to represent equal to the Christian police force, so that the many drinks in the dark may be brought to light and recorded in the docket of your criminal courts."

"In conclusion we would say a word of consolation to our persecutors: It is not the course of the mighty river's waters from the mountain's white-capped creation, kissed by the Great Monarch of all living things in his noontday's love and affection to the little fish that play on its pebbly bottom and smile the while, as come advent of the morning Aurora; the parent of their heritage; the divinity of their affections, for he is the noble functionary in evidence of the Great Spirit; our Almighty Providence; an Immaculate and Affectionate God; Dark not the horizon with mysterious delusions of nimbous clouds in the vanity of ostensible civilization, for on the placid bosom of the waters were the happy days of our ancestors spent.

"We have the honor to be Her Majesty's most humble subjects, and for the kind regard you have for our welfare we tender in behalf of our people their love and gratitude.

(Signed) Very respectfully, NEE-LES-YAN, STE-YAH-WN.

The letter is published in full, not only because of its value as an addition to the controversy, but as a sample of Indian composition rarely equalled.

### THE POPE'S ILLNESS.

(Associated Press.) London, Sept. 13.—A special despatch from Rome says the Pope is only suffering from a cold, but as a precautionary measure his audiences have been temporarily suspended.

He who undervalues himself is truly undervalued by others.—Hazlitt.

## FIGHTING IN DUTCH GUIANA.

Kingston, Jamaica, Sept. 11.—According to a newspaper published at Nickerie, Dutch Guiana, the bush negroes of Surinam recently gave a sensational exhibition of savagery. These people are fleeing from the plantations, and have been completely released into savagery, making Gouajaba and other territories occupied by their counterparts of Equatorial Africa. The Dutch government long ago concluded to let their alliance. The trouble that has just brought them into prominence grew out of a fishing dispute.

Some of their neighbors poisoned the fish in a creek that appears to have been common to both parties. The Gouajabans thereupon went on the warpath, but apparently got the worst of it, for their village was burned, and they lost six warriors killed and many wounded.

The incident is important as furnishing the Dutch authorities a pretext to intervene and bring the natives under subjection to the laws of the colony whose peace they occasionally menace.

## MINING AND FARMING

### A Miner Tells of the Resources of Peace River District—Best Free Milling Gold Veins in the World.

Mr. H. L. West, an old time mining man of the United States and British Columbia, has just returned to civilization from a year's sojourn in northern British Columbia and the Northwest Territories. In conversation with a Nelson Miner reporter, he said many good things of that country, especially in regard to the mining outlook.

"The north country," said Mr. West, "is not a severe country on a man's physical constitution. On the contrary, it is healthful, invigorating, and nerves his brain and steels his arm." It is not enervating in any sense. It is not exactly a climate one would fix upon for a consumptive winter resort, but all in all it is a very superior place to a great many other countries in the world, that thousands of people live in from one end of the year to the other and are happy and contented. I have heard this sort of almost unlimited, mining region of the Great North likened to the "Siberia of Russia." That is all nonsense. There is practically no Siberia about it. A country that grows bunch grass, enough to winter thousands of heads of stock, has very little Siberia about it, except perhaps, some cold weather. And after all, the cold weather is more of a bugbear than a reality. Cold it undoubtedly is, but not severe or continuous enough to occasion any loss of life or property any more than in Manitoba or Alberta, or the northern portions of the United States. I have never seen anything in the north half as bad as a Dakota blizzard.

"The time will come when millions of acres of land in that country will be growing wheat and hay. The Cariboo will have to leave some of his best winter ranges to make way for horses and cattle. Railroads will penetrate into the interior, towns will spring up, and the country will be peopled by a large number of wonderfully energetic, enlightened, happy people. The Peace river country, the Atlin and Lake Teelin districts, and all of the vast area embraced in them, and from them south to the Canadian Pacific railway, will, in the near future, be populated by business, stock-growers and ranchers. I believe the mining interests will be in the lead for many years to come and perhaps for all time, and hence we are only too anxious to obtain the original plans which gave them access to the surface. There were in the camp

Several Varieties of Fissure Veins, which might be divided into three classes. First were those which had filled open fissures, probably of later occurrence than the others, and found, for instance, on O. K. mountain, where the filling was quartz, in which the specimens of free gold are found. Second, the simple fissure veins; filled completely with metallic sulphides from wall to wall. This class of veins was not of common occurrence in the camp, and hence was of only secondary importance. The principal productive veins of Rossland belonged to the composite, or shear-zone class, in which a series of parallel fissures have been mineralized, constituting, however, a single vein. The speaker gave a description of the conditions attending the formation of

There are weeds in every body's garden, and no garden was ever planted in which the weeds did not insolently present themselves. They come without invitation and need not be a welcome. If you recognize them as weeds, and pull them up, you will save the flowers.

There are weeds in the health-garden of many a man and woman. The doctors call them disease germs. If you have sense enough to distinguish them from the flowers of health, and root them out, you will be robust, healthy and happy. The most dangerous of all the weeds in the flower garden of health is that deadly creeping consumption.

There has never been but one medicine that could choke out this weed, root and all. That medicine is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It acts directly on the lungs through the blood, driving out all impurities and disease germs, and building up new and healthy tissue. It restores the lost appetite, makes digestion and assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver, purifies the blood and fills it with the life-giving elements of the food and tones and builds up the nerves. It sustains the action of the heart and deepens the breathing, supplying the blood with life-giving oxygen. Medicine dealers sell it.

A doctor, who is considered an expert on lung troubles, told me I had consumption and could not live long, writes Mrs. James Gifford, 177 Murray Street, Hamilton, Ont., Can. "Three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cured me completely."

Free. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Send 31 one-cent stamps to cover postage and mailing only for paper-bound copy. Cloth-bound, 50 cents. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

### VANDERBILT'S FUNERAL.

(Associated Press.) New York, Sept. 13.—Vanderbilt's funeral will take place on Friday morning at 10 o'clock at St. Bartholomew's Church, of which Mr. Vanderbilt was a prominent member for more than 30 years.

## Experts Visit Big Mines

### Members of Mining Institute Over the War Eagle and Look Le Roi.

### Interesting Addresses Delivered by Messrs Ferrier and Carlyle at Rossland.

The visiting members of the Canadian Mining Institute spent a busy day on Saturday, says the Rossland Miner. Soon after 9 o'clock in the morning they were conveyed in carriages to the War Eagle, where they inspected the surface workings and part of the underground portions of the mine, after which they were entertained at luncheon by the management of the property. In the afternoon they proceeded to the Le Roi, where, under the guidance of Mr. Carlyle, and Mr. Palmer, who is now in charge of the mine, they went down to the 700 and 800-foot levels and looked over the great ore body exposed in the west drifts and stopes. Needless to say, they were mightily impressed with the showings of ore and the vast amount of underground work seen in the two mines.

Two hundred and fifty of the mining men of the camp gathered in Miners' Union hall in the evening to hear addresses from the visitors and prominent local experts.

Mayor Goodeve, as chairman, extended a hearty welcome to the members of the institute. Rossland, he said, had enough and to spare of mineral wealth, and her citizens would not begrudge the attention which other sections of the Kootenays would fairly demand from the excursionists. At the same time, he reminded them in their brief visit, they could only see

A Part of Rossland's Resources. What was unseen, he assured them, would prove greater than anything made visible by the work already done.

The president of the institute returned thanks for the cordial reception and kindly treatment accorded to the visitors in the city, and expressed the confidence in Rossland's future engendered by their inspection of the mines. They had come to Rossland first, he said, because it was the foremost mining camp of British Columbia. They believed it would not only hold its own, but would rise to much greater things.

The most interesting address of the evening, from a geological and mineralogical standpoint, was that delivered by Mr. W. F. Ferrier, the expert of the War Eagle and Centre Star.

After a general description of the geological conditions which resulted in the formation of the Rocky Mountain series of sedimentary rocks and their associated eruptives, of which the Rossland formation is a part, and the causes from which the mineral veins in the district result, Mr. Ferrier proceeded to treat in a very thorough manner on the formation of the Rossland ore bodies. The veins of the camp, he stated, were true fissure veins; in fact, typical fissure veins, though they lacked the smooth ultimate walls which were found in the "text book" veins, but which are the exception rather than the rule in actual mining. In Rossland mines often the original planes which gave them access to the surface. There were in the camp

A Very Extensive Plan of development, and before long there would be a great increase in the amount of work carried on in the property, which would add very materially to the prosperity of Rossland. He alluded to his approaching departure for Spain, where he will undertake the management of the famous Rio Tinto mines, and said he would retain the liveliest interest in Rossland. He predicted a wonderful future for the camp when the known veins are fully developed, and said still other veins would be disclosed in the mines.

Mr. G. V. Hopkins was called upon to give the closing address of the evening, which was adopted at Silica in the reduction of loss of grade silicosis, or which he did in a few succinct remarks. The cyanide process, he said, had proved highly successful as applied to the silica ore of this country. Theoretically, it will yield 95 per cent of the value in the ore were it in the process. They had been fortunate enough to devise a plan for the treatment of the silica ore, which worked automatically, enabling them to treat the very low grade ores at a small cost.

A high tribute to Mr. Ferrier's ability was paid by Mr. E. B. Rathbone, in opening his address. He went on to say that when he first visited the camp, two years ago, he was greatly struck by the resemblance of the Rossland ore bodies to those of the Witwatersrand in one particular—the remarkably even distribution of the gold values throughout the ore. This was a feature of great importance, and of favorable significance. He was perfectly astounded, he said, to see the enormous amount of work that had been accomplished in the last two years.

### CARLIST PLOTS IN SPAIN.

Barcelona, Sept. 12.—The discontent over the new taxes continues. Carlist plots have been discovered in neighboring villages, and the surrounding heights have been invested by the civil guards.

### BRAKEMAN KILLED.

Richmond, Sept. 11.—A brakeman was killed in a collision between freight and passenger trains on the Indianapolis division of the Pennsylvania railroad, which lided a few miles west of here last night.

Silence is the element in which great things fashion themselves together; that at length they may emerge, full-formed and majestic, into the daylight of life, which they are henceforth to rule.—Fenimore.

### NERVES PARALYZED.

Nervous Prostration So Severe, Lost Power of Hands, Side and Limbs, But South American Nerve Rest Off Disease and Saved Her.

Minnie Stevens, daughter of T. A. Stevens of the Stevens Manufacturing Co., of London, was stricken down with severe nervous prostration, which resulted in her losing the power of her limbs. She could not lift or hold anything in her hands, and other complications showed themselves. Her parents had hope of her recovery. She began taking South American Nerve Rest, and after taking twelve bottles she was perfectly restored, and enjoys good health to-day.

Sold by Dean & Hancock and Hall & Co.

the ore bodies in the shear-zone veins, in which, he said, the replacement of the silicates in the country rock by mineral had been accomplished by the slow penetration of the formation by heat-resistant from isolated reservoirs comparatively near the surface of the earth.

Touching on the values contained in the ore of ten camps, Mr. Ferrier referred to interesting experiments conducted by Mr. A. A. Cole, under his direction at McGill University, showing the distribution of the gold values with regard to the mineral formation of the veins of the Rossland mine, in which the ore carried 14 ounces of gold. The individual minerals in the sample, with

The Values in Gold contained in a ton of each were: Pyrites, 2.80 ounces; mispickel, 21.21 ounces; chalcopyrite, 120 ounces; while the gangings carried four ounces. The gangings that the values in that instance were mainly in the chalcopyrite. The speaker then propounded the theory, which he said was as yet not fully proved, that in the formation of the veins of the camp there had been a secondary deposition of gold by means of stibiochloride subsequent to that accompanying the deposition of the sulphides in the fissures. In support of this theory, Mr. Ferrier mentioned other things, mentioned the little known fact of the discovery in the Rossland mine of zeolitic minerals, which elsewhere result from ordinary hydrothermal action, apart from ordinary mineral deposition.

Referring to the working of the mines, Mr. Ferrier said the management of the property, in the afternoon they proceeded to the Le Roi, where, under the guidance of Mr. Carlyle, and Mr. Palmer, who is now in charge of the mine, they went down to the 700 and 800-foot levels and looked over the great ore body exposed in the west drifts and stopes. Needless to say, they were mightily impressed with the showings of ore and the vast amount of underground work seen in the two mines.

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## Situation the Ph

### Statement by P Who Has Jus the I

### How the Govern May Be Solv for Ea

Ithaca, N. Y., Sept. 13.—Statement regarding the situation in the Philippines was given by President Schurman, mission:

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