

Questions

1961-62	
Countries	
Africa	
Nigeria	1,500,000
Ghana	1,000,000
Sierra Leone	300,000
African dependent territories	500,000
Francophone Africa (Regional Allocation)	300,000
International agencies	
ETAP	2,100,000
Special Fund	2,300,000
UNICEF	650,000
UNHCR	290,000
UNRWA—cash	500,000
—food	1,500,000
IAEA	50,000
IDA	7,860,000
*ECIC Section 21A	
Argentina	12,325
Brazil	2,558
Chile	13,500
Liberia	1,499
Mexico	12,810
1966-67	
Countries	
South and South-East Asia	
Burma	68,000
Cambodia	204,000
Ceylon	4,500,000
India	109,000,000
Indonesia	124,000
Korea	75,000
Malaysia	2,700,000
Pakistan	27,400,000
Republic of Vietnam	2,000,000
Thailand	600,000
Singapore	400,000
Other	1,229,000
Africa	
Algeria	1,300,000
Cameroun	1,500,000
Congo (Kinshasa)	1,000,000
Ghana	4,000,000
Kenya	2,200,000
Morocco	3,200,000
Nigeria	6,500,000
Rwanda	800,000
Senegal	500,000
Tanzania	2,300,000
Tunisia	1,500,000
Uganda	1,200,000
Zambia	500,000
Other	3,100,000

[Mr. Martin (Essex East).]

1966-67	
Countries	
Caribbean	
Guyana	2,000,000
Jamaica	3,500,000
Little 8 and British Honduras	3,000,000
Trinidad and Tobago	3,600,000
University of West Indies	1,000,000
Latin America	10,000,000
International agencies	
UNDP	9,500,000
UNICEF	1,100,000
Indus Basin	5,500,000
WFP—cash	2,500,000
—food	8,000,000
UNHCR	350,000
UNRWA—cash	500,000
—food	700,000
IAEA	60,000
IBRD	4,550,000
IDA	15,030,000
ADB	2,700,000
*ECIC Section 21A	
Argentina	3,199
Greece	4,836
India	38,500
Mexico	15,239

*For purposes of international comparison, long term credits extended under section 21A of the Export Credits Insurance Act are included in figures for development assistance because of their concessional maturity periods.

3. As a general rule, funds expended on Canadian bilateral assistance programs are used for the purchase of Canadian goods and services. The external aid office has worked to the regulation that all projects undertaken must have 80 per cent Canadian content unless special authority is obtained from the Treasury Board. Few applications have been made for special authority. On the other hand, many large purchases have been for products with 100 per cent Canadian content, so that the average of all purchases would be well over 80 per cent.

STATUTE REVISION COMMISSION

Question No. 288—Mr. Caouette:

1. When was the statute revision commission established?
2. Who are the members of the commission?
3. What is the total number of hours of meetings of the commission?
4. Who is the chairman of the commission?
5. What are the names of the members of the staff of the commission, and (a) for what length