## (C.W.B. September 6, 1961

satellites, and no planet or other body in space should be appropriated by any nation.

"Without such a law, outer space may well be exploited by the U.S.S.R. for aggressive purposes.

"Lawyers, by reason of their training and traditions, must give leadership in striving to bring about the Rule of Law internationally.

"The Rule of Law is always on the side of Freedom. Its absence is a prelude to tyranny.

"Ovid used these words:

'Inde datae leges ne firmior omnia posset... Laws are made that the stronger may not at all times prevail.'

"Edmund Burke, the fearless exponent of the principles of democratic government, echoed similar sentiments centuries later in his famous speech impeaching Warren Hastings:

'Law and arbitrary power are in eternal enmity.'

"While cynics agree with Alfred Zimmern's dictum that International Law is the diplomatic cloak to be worn or discarded at will, lawyers realize from history that the true expression of legal experience is that the framework of freedom and security is firmly laid nationally when law operates to tame power and maintain justice. It could be equally true internationally if nations could agree to settle disputes by the arbitrament of law.

"But, of course, we all realize that much of what I have said need not have been said had the Rule of Law been applied internationally and had the Berlin problem been submitted to the International Court of Justice.

lin; if it does not intead to cut the links between

West Merlin and West, Germany, or to attempt to im-

pose a settlement in violation of fundamental demacratic principles. The Soviet leaders say they have to such intention. Soviet leaders at yhe set of or

"""Ergenov" for international action dia the dise of

Chorstenstone Hash been internet field by other decision

of the U.S.S.R. of two days ago to resume fests of

nuclear we capons?" The U.S.S.R. has busied that

any point on the giolian These faith-laden doctarant tions coupled with the carlier threats that platforms in space could be set up from which missiles could be jaunched emphasize the utgoticy of infernational

lawed for military uses; an international ban should be placed on the mounting of armaments on orbital

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DEMILITARIZATION OF OUTER SPACE

"I believe the case of the West would be unanswerable and that view was expressed by President Kennedy in these words:

'If anyone doubts the legality of our rights in Berlin, we are ready to have it submitted to international adjudication."

DOMESTIC EXPORTS IN APRIL

Featured by large-scale shipments of wheat, Canada's total domestic exports to all countries rose 21.7 per cent in value in April to \$436,100,000, from \$358,200,000 in the corresponding month last year. The main totals were released on July 4 in a preliminary statement. April's increase more than offset an overall decline of 2.5 per cent in the first quarter and January-April exports were 2.8 per cent ahead of last year's at \$1,664,600,000 as against \$1,618,600,000.

Besides the sharp rise in wheat exports in April, there were substantial gains in seeds, lumber and timber, wood-pulp, newsprint paper, aluminum and products, and industrial machinery and lesser increases in fish and fishery products, asbestos and products and crude petroleum. Decreases were posted for farm implements and machinery, copper and products, and uranium ores and concentrates.

Exports were higher in value in April than in the corresponding month last year to the United States, the United Kingdom, Federal Republic of Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Communist China, Japan and Australia, and lower to the Union of South Africa and India, some of Canada's principal markets.

Second the West must work out an agreed and liarible negotiation position. An attitude of realism demands that government may gradually disengage from uniccessarily digid positions. We must guard estimat the peril and danger of too much rigidily and needlessiv taking in dangerous and pediage impostible positions when what is at stake may be the survival of mankind

19 weichers the news announced on August 36 by President-Kennedyothat the foreign ministers of the United States, United Kingdom, Franco and Worf Gernervolate, to meetion September 14 in Washington to bold, consultations on the Beslin orists in this connection.

"hering the NATO governments should not only exchange tents its ideas with each other but they thould also discuss the problem of Berlin with other trendly governments, including those of the uncomnitted countries.

"Fourth, the Charter of the United Nations declares that the primary purpose of the United Nations is to be the maintenance of international peace and security. We must be ready to make use of the United Nations

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