

3. When the legal nature of an offence for which a person has been extradited is changed, the person shall not be prosecuted or tried unless the new description of the offence:
- (a) would justify extradition under this Treaty, and
 - (b) relates to the same conduct as the offence for which extradition was granted.

Article 19 - RE-EXTRADITION TO A THIRD STATE

The Contracting State to which a person has been extradited under this Treaty may not extradite that person to a third State without the consent of the extraditing State, except in the cases provided for in Article 18(1)(b). The requested State may require the production of the documents provided for in Article 10.

Article 20 - TRANSIT

Transit by a person extradited by a third State to one of the two Contracting States through the territory of the other Contracting State shall be granted on request, subject to the legislation of the latter State and to any cases where extradition may be refused under this Treaty. The request shall be made through diplomatic channels and shall be accompanied by the documents referred to in Article 10, if the State through which transit is requested so requires.

Article 21 - APPLICABLE LAW

Unless there is provision to the contrary in this Treaty, proceedings relating to arrest and extradition shall be governed by the laws of the requested State.

Article 22 - LANGUAGES

All documents submitted by either Contracting State in accordance with this Treaty may be in the French or English language.

Article 23 - EXPENSES

All expenses resulting from extradition shall be borne by the State in whose territory such expenses were incurred, with the exception of the expenses of transporting the person extradited and those resulting from a request for transit, which shall be borne by the requesting State.