would help him in teaching he procured it, and to-day he is reaping the reward of his wise self-sacrifice.

WE will begin in the October number a series of papers on methods and appliances for teaching chemistry, by Mr. John Brittain, teacher of natural science in the New Brunswick normal school. The excellent work that Mr. Brittain is doing for natural science will tend to increase the interest and value of this subject throughout the provinces, and we are sure the teachers both of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick will heartily welcome the series of articles from his pen.

Many educational journals of the United States circulate freely in the Atlantic Provinces, and to the best of them we give a cordial welcome. The EDUCATIONAL REVIEW numbers among its subscribers some influential teachers across the border. We are quite sure that they appreciate the Review as highly as do the teachers of the Atlantic Provinces; and to give others an opportunity to make the acquaintance of our journal, we send this number to nearly two hundred leading teachers in New England.

The academies, high schools or grammar schools of Newfoundland while not under a uniform management, as in these provinces, are turning out superior scholars, as is evidenced by the success of Newfoundland students abroad. Some of these institutions have a staff of instructors which would compare more than favorably with some degree-granting colleges we know of on this continent.

THE educational display at the approaching exhibition to be held in St. John this month will probably be the most complete and extensive ever shown in New Brunswick. The schools of St. John, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, St. George, Fredericton, Woodstock, Moncton, Newcastle, Chatham, Douglastown, Hampton, Sussex, Elgin, Alma, and other places, will exhibit work, and the educational department will be one of the most attractive features of the exhibition.

The Prince of Wales College and Normal School, Prince Edward Island, was opened for the session 1890-91, on 25th August. The number of students in attendance is even greater than in previous years—138 having been enrolled. In future, botany and agriculture will be added to the subjects of examination for entrance, and papers of greater difficulty and wider scope will be set in English, Latin, and algebra. An advanced examination will also be held of those candidates who do not rank as second-class teachers but desire to study for first-class license in algebra, geometry, Latin, and French, as far as is

required of those who compete for second-class license. Mr. A. E. Shuttleworth, B. Sc., McGill, and a graduate of the Agricultural College, Guelph, has been appointed to the Prince of Wales College. Besides being professor of agriculture he will also be instructor in chemistry and physics.

Professor Chas. G. D. Roberts, of King's College, N. S., has been engaged in translating a story of the fall of Quebec—Les Anciens Canadiens—by Philip Aubert de Gaspe. The story is full of interest, with strong local colorings, which the genius of Prof. Roberts will reproduce in the translation. The book consists of about 200 pages, and will be published by the Appletons of New York.

THE prospect of the year's work at Acadia College, and the academies at Wolfville, are of the most encouraging character. With so many knocking at the doors of these and similar institutions, the prospects for higher education in these provinces were never better.

In spite of the fact that eight extra pages are printed with this edition of the Review, making thirty-two pages in all, we are obliged to hold over matter that should appear this month.

THE Sackville Institutions have re-opened with a large number of students and with increased facilities for improving upon the work of previous years.

THE P. E. I. Educational Association will be held at Charlottetown on the 2nd and 3rd of October. As will be seen by the advertisement in another column the programme is an excellent one. The indications are that educational work in the Island is making rapid advances, and we hope the success of the approaching meeting will amply verify these signs.

CANADIAN EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION FOR 1891.

The American Institute of Instruction, Ray Greene Huling, president, will hold its next meeting, beginning July 6th, 1891, probably upon the mountains of New Hampshire; the National Educational Association of the United States will assemble about a week later, probably July 13, at Saratoga. Would it not be well to hold a Canadian convention of teachers, to begin a week later, July 20, say at Montreal or Toronto?

The project of a Canadian educational convention has been frequently hinted at in the last few years. There would be many advantages arising from a meeting of the teachers of Canada — a meeting for introduction, at least. We know little or nothing of our fellow-teachers in Ontario and Quebec or the educa-