

been noted in all cases of experimental transplantation of malignant cells, and always accompany the cases in which the animal becomes immune and the tumor disintegrated<sup>8</sup>.

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**Tuberculosis.** — Kutschera (*Wiener klin. Wochen.*), advises the patient to drop the tuberculin on the skin and rub in with thumb until all has disappeared. This is the percutaneous treatment. It has proved particularly practical and effectual and protects against the flaring up of latent tuberculosis. The more potent subcutaneous technic, however, is advocated when the disease is manifest. For members of families exposed to tuberculosis, this percutaneous treatment is especially adapted. It is well to commence with one drop of a one-twenty-five dilution once a week. This is increased by one drop each for four weeks. When the four-drop dose is reached, a change should be made to a one-five dilution, and so on, finally using one drop up to four drops. This treatment must be kept up for two years after the last manifestations have subsided, and the inunction made at a different point each time. The patient may be seen by the physician once a month or every three months.