

hyaline, veins brown; the whole surface is covered with a fine brownish pubescence. Described from one ♀ specimen reared from a bee, *Osmia* species, living in Catalpa twigs.

This genus shows strong affinities with *Cleonymus* Latreille and *Aetroxys* Westwood, but is readily distinguished from both by the thickened fore femora; had it not been for this character I should have placed it in the genus *Cleonymus*.

*Chiropachys* Westwood.

*Chiropachys colon* Linn., Faun. So. Ed., ii., p. 413; *C. quadrum* Walk., Ent. Mag., iv., p. 14; *Pteromalus bimaculatus* Swederus.

This common European chalcid must now be added to our fauna, specimens having been taken in the United States that cannot be separated from types received from Europe.

The species described by Mr. Edward Norton as *Chiropachys nigrocyaneus*, Trans. Am. Ent. Soc., ii., p. 327, is not a *Chiropachys*, but belongs to the genus *Pachyneuron* in the tribe *Sphegigastrides*.

*Dinotus* Förster.

*Dinotus elongatus* n. sp.

♀ Length .13 inch. Dull metallic brown, confluent punctate, sparsely covered with white hairs. Head much wider than the thorax, the width of the vertex nearly twice the length of the eye. Ocelli red, Eyes ovate, brown. Antennæ 13-jointed, filiform, pubescent, the long slender scape, pedicel and the two ring-joints, honey-yellow; flagellum brown, the first funicular joint the longest, following joints slightly subequal; the club short, three-jointed, slightly thicker than the funicle, and not longer than the first funicular joint. Collar very short, transverse; parapsides only indicated anteriorly. Metathorax not very long, not keeled; metathoracic spiracles long oval; metapleura slightly pubescent. Coxæ smooth, bluish-green, with tufts of white hair anteriorly. Legs honey-yellow, excepting the femora which are brownish in the middle. Abdomen sessile, pointed ovate, one-third longer than head and thorax combined, concave above, and of a dull greenish metallic lustre, each segment laterally with some short hairs. Wings hyaline, sparsely pubescent; veins yellowish, the marginal hardly twice the length of the stigmal, the latter terminating in a slight knob, while the postmarginal is slightly shorter than the marginal. Described from one specimen captured at large.