in their "British Hemiptera," and I feel but little doubt about the determination, although I possess no European specimens for direct comparison. I think this is its first reported occurrence in this country. It is not uncommon here on Umbelliferæ, especially *Conium maculatum* and *Hieraclæum sativum*, from May to July; and like the preceding species, is variable in color and marking.

* Capsus ater Linn. May to Aug. Abundant everywhere.

Monalocoris filicis Linn. July and Aug. Common on various ferns in deep woods. I have rarely taken it in open sunny places.

Sericophanes occilatus Reut. Rare. Swept from grass in a dry meadow in June.

* Ilnacora Stalii Reut. July and Aug. Swept from coarse weeds in damp places.

Pilophorus bifasciatus Fab. July and Aug.

* Pilophorus confusus Kirsch. June to Aug. Not uncommon on pines and other trees.

* Globiceps flavomaculatus Fab. June and Aug. The macropterus form rare.

Garganus fusiformis Say. July and Aug. Generally taken in company with Lopidca media Say.

* Stiphrosoma stygica Say. June and July. Very common, especially on wild sunflowers.

Halticus bractatus Say. July. But one fully developed specimen taken. The undeveloped form common.

Halticus apterus Linn. July. Common.

* Idolocoris famelicus Uhl. May to Aug. Not uncommon.

Idolocoris agilis Uhl. July and Aug. Not uncommon. Most of the specimens which I have examined have the pronotum and scutellum entirely black. Occasionally an example occurs with the yellow markings as described by Mr. Uhler.

Macrocoleus coagulatus Uhl. June to Aug. Dry dusty roadsides; swept from grass and low weeds.

Episcopus ornatus Reut. Two examples of this pretty little Capsid occurred to me while sweeping weeds near this city, July, 1885.

Plagiognathus obscurus Uhl. July. Abundant on various Composite flowers.