before the water-gate! There is Ezra, an older 'man by thirteen years than when he came to Jerusalem's broken walls, but the same upright, reverent, godly leader. You can see him over in that "pulpit of wood," facing the multitude, while on either side are grouped men honored in Israel. Ezra is opening the precious book of the law of Moses. He has turned back the sacred scroll, and the people are rising. What a solemn invocation of the great Jehovah! And all over the assembly, what a deep, impressive response, "Amen, Amen," the people raising their hands to heaven! And now, with faces prostrated in humility, they worship God. Such a serious, heart-searching hour, a heart-searching even for hour after hour, Ezra's assistants lighting up the meaning of the Word, the people solemnly listening. They begin to weep. Al! over the assembly there is a breaking into sobs. No. no, this day is for joy. Joy is holy. And dismissed with this assurance, we watch the people breaking up and separating to their homes, there to remember the poor, and there to celebrate God's goodness in great and even holy joy.



B. C. 474.1

March 14.

Esther 4. 10-17, and 5. 1-3. [Commit to memory verses 1-3.7 10 Again Es'ther spake unto Ha'-

tach, and gave him commandment unto Mor'de-cai; 11 All the king's servants, and the people of the king's provinces, do know, that whosoever, whether man or woman, shall come unto the king into the inner court, who is not called, there is one law of his to put him to death, except such to whom

the king shall hold out the golden scepter, that he may live: but I have not been called to come in unto the

live: but I have het between the sking these thirty days.

12 And they told to Mor'de-cai Es'ther's words.

13 Then Mor'de-cai commanded to answer Es'ther,
Think not with thyself that thou shalt escape in the

king's house, more than all the Jews.

14 For if thou altogether holdest thy peace at this time, then shall there enlargement and deliverance arise to the Jews from another place; but thou and thy father's house shall be destroyed; and who knoweth whether thou art come to the kingdom for such a time

## General Statement.

In chronological order this lesson belongs to a period about thirty years earlier than the last, and to the reign about thirty years earlier than the last, and to the Peisian king Xerves, the predecessor of Artax-erxes. Xerxes, called in the Bible Ahasuerus, after his disastrous war with the Greeks, gave himself up to the pleasures of his palace. A nobleman named Haman gained great influence over him, and secured an edict ordering the utter destruction of the Jews in the emittal and theoretical the kingdom. The reason given capital and throughout the kingdom. The reason given

LESSON XI. ESTHER'S PETITION. 15 Then Es'ther bade them return Mor'de-cai this

16 Go, gather together all the Jews that are present in Shu'shan, and fast ye for me, and neither eat nor drink three days, night or day: I also and my maidens will fast likewise; and so will I go in unto the king. which is not according to the law; and if I perish, I

17 So Mor'de-cai went his way, and did according to all that Es'ther had commanded him.

1 Now it came to pass on the third day, that Es'ther put on her royal apparel, and stood in the inner court of the king's house, over against the king's house: and the king sat upon his royal throne in the royal house, over against the gate of the house.

2 And it was so, when the king saw Es'ther the queen z Alight was so, when the king saw Esther the queen standing in the court. that she obtained favor in his sight; and the king held out to Esther the golden scep-ter that was in his hand. So Esther drew near, and touched the top of the scepter.

3 Then said the king unto her, What wilt thou, queen Es'ther? and what is thy request? it shall be even given thee to the half of the kingdom.

for this cruel decree was the hate of Haman toward one Jew, Mordecai, who had refused to show him honor. But we can well believe that in the Jewish traits of that time were the same elements which have in every age and in every land made the Jews objects of persecution, so that Haman was not alone in his enmity. It was a dark day for the chosen people, and sounds of wailing arose, around the palace wail. There were two facts, however, of which Haman was ignorant. One was that

in the p Esther th high heav to play a impendin and the f only conc ple. But was prou

Verse 1 of Jewish restoratio sah, "my was not o lovely in of life. as one of was calle that was I retained h Mordecai, name of Esther, an the part o him com swer to th go to the l father of connected became pr a certain the later y 11. The

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various se mitted to of Persia. book Ahas five millio many thoushow, but utterly self lar history sepolis, wh order with ground-pla in the rear for the trai his. Rev. who enter kings of Is cessible to sia were k tery, as if nobles ever this seclus the son of before the In all the as holding represent g the king ha to see her presence. ear toward

12, 13. message wi The grief ar was not fo regarded a covenant. kept her r to escape minded her and some destruction

14. For faith, saw desired her