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ELEVENTH YEAR. THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 22, 1890. ONE CENT.

HE'LL STAND TO HIS GUNS.

D'ALTON McCARTHY'S VOICE IS FOR OPEN WAR.

An Enthusiastic Equal Rights Meeting at Newmarket—The Union Jack to be Upheld Against the Hierarchy—Abolition the Only Remedy for Separate Schools—Candidate Robinson's Position.

NEWMARKET, May 21.—The Town Hall was crowded to the doors this evening by residents of Newmarket and farmers from all sections of North York to listen to D'Alton McCarthy champion the cause of Equal Rights.

The Conservative candidate, C. C. Robinson, reeve of Aurora, has unreservedly adopted the platform and will carry a large Reform vote with him. His opponent, E. J. Davis, who was returned at the bye election by acclamation to succeed Sheriff Widdifield, is a popular man, but his popularity is with a different class from his predecessor. The sheriff was hail-fellow-well-met with the boys and set them up with neatness and despatch at all seasons. The King Tanner is constructed in a different mould, being a local preacher. Widdifield's majority four years ago exceeded 800. The most sanguine Reformer does not anticipate one-half this, while there are many Equal Rights Liberals who contend that this banner riding, which has only returned three Conservatives — Bowlby, Strange and Dodds—since the Six Nations pitched their wigwams and received their allowance on the banks of the east branch of the Holland River in the little valley below Main-street, will again elect a Conservative.

Mr. McCarthy was met at the station by the 12th Battalion Band and a deputation of Conservatives and Equal Righters and escorted to his hotel.

Mr. T. H. Brunton, president of the local branch of the Equal Rights Association, as-

sumed the chair at the Town Hall at 8.10. Notwithstanding that notification of the meeting had only been given Monday fully 600 persons, including a large number of ladies, were present. The chairman stated the association had submitted to the two candidates the manifesto of the Equal Rights provincial council; Mr. Robinson had given his reply, which adopted the Equal Rights platform holus bolus. Mr. Davis' reply had not as yet been received.

Candidate Robinson's Attitude.

Mr. Robinson said that while in sympathy with the great principles of the Conservative party there were questions of paramount importance not only to the province but to the whole Dominion on which he could not and would not cast in his lot with that party. He had been taunted with adopting the Equal Rights platform as a political dodge. A year ago when the Dominion Government declined to disallow the Jesuits' Estates Act he had cast off the shackles of party and resigned his position as a member of the Executive Committee of the Conservative Association because he thought the act was one injurious to the Dominion.

That his opponent, Mr. Davis, was not favorable to the views of the Equal Righters was manifested by his votes on the floor of the Legislative Assembly on the very questions which had been submitted to him by the Equal Rights Association and to which he had not as yet replied.

Mr. Robinson gave no uncertain sound with respect to separate schools, which he said ought to be totally abolished. The children of this country should be taught the language of the country, should be taught that they were subjects of a great nation and to pay homage to one great flag. The commission sent out by Mr. Mowat to examine into the conduct of separate schools was, the speaker claimed, forced upon the Premier by the Equal Righters.

The vote by ballot in separate school trustee elections was another plank of Mr. Robinson's platform, and he pointed out that the agitation for the ballot originated from Roman Catholics in Toronto, who found that the elections were controlled by the priests. The introduction of the Ross bible, the separate school text books and other acts inimical and hostile to the British race all came in for review. It was high time, he said, that the electors should rise in their might and say by their ballot that truckling to the Romish hierarchy must stop; that in future no man should be chosen for either parliament who would stick to a party, clique, faction or gang who would sell their country for the sake of votes.

When the speaker concluded with an eloquent appeal for the upholding of the Union Jack of old England the audience cheered almost to a man and a stalwart Reformer called out:

"Under the British Fag we'll send you to Parliament."

Mr. McCarthy's Speech.

Mr. McCarthy referred to the normal Reform majority of 800 in the riding and expressed his pleasure that the principles which Mr. Robinson professed should have an opportunity of undergoing a scrutiny in a constituency such as North York. He dealt with the amendments to the constitution which he proposed with reference to the dual language system in the Northwest Territories and promised now that he had set his hand to the plow he would continue fighting against a threatened inheritance of bitterness and woe and in favor of making Canada a country which was English speaking in the extent of three to one, a country where liberty shall be enjoyed as we understand it according to the British laws and institutions under which we have the honor to live.

Why should the free and independent residents of the Northwest be tied like infants in a cradle because of the maudlin cry that it was depriving the French residents of the language which they lisped in their prayers at their mother's knee? While the minority should be treated fairly, it was an abnegation to manhood to think that because the minority was a solid phalanx and claimed half if their views were not granted it would promulgate intestine strife, the wrong which was foisted upon the English-speaking residents should not be undone by striking from the covenant of the Northwest Territories the iniquitous clause in favor of two nationalities, in favor of a dual language.

Mr. McCarthy next referred to the separate school questions. When he took issue with Sir John Macdonald he had been patted on the back by Reformers and his utterances were characterised as noble principles. Perhaps now he was criticising Mr. Mowat the Reformers might cry out differently, but though every Reformer in the province went back upon him—[A voice: "They'll not do that"]—he intended to stand to his guns—[hear! hear!]—as he had stood to them in the past when his own party deserted him. It was all the same to him. His political future had been mapped out and he intended to hew to the line, let the chips fall where they might.

The Reform press had held him up to obloquy last summer and accused him of the great crime of conspiring and standing in with Sir John Macdonald in the crusade which he (Mr. McCarthy) had inaugurated. Those who had followed his course would, he believed, give him credit for sincerity and he did not see why he should now stay his hand.

Abolition of Separate Schools.

With regard to separate schools the only remedy is their abolition. If you send a man from North York who will on the floor of the House advocate this, it will be a triumph beyond all triumphs and perhaps too great a one to be expected. No! But there will be men elected pledged to advocate in the Assembly their abolition, men who realise that the destiny of this country is more important than the fate of this or that Government. If the old George Brown supporters, in whose footsteps he had been told he was following, saw fit to turn their backs on their footsteps and vote for an Equal Righter they had a perfect right to do so.

Do you know that the clause in the constitution providing for the maintenance of separate schools in Ontario was not adopted by the province of its own free will but was forced upon it by a Lower Province majority in the then united parliament of Lower and Upper Canada, when this province did not possess full representation according to her wealth and population? Do you know that every province within the Dominion except Ontario and Quebec are perfectly free to deal with their school questions and have adopted one public school as good enough for all? The same course is adopted in every state of the Union and Australian colonies. Do you believe that any compact was made or could be made to tie us morally as we are bound legally? Did you ever consent to this any more than you acquiesce in an act of Parliament which you can change by electing another government? [Cheers.]

A Big Battle Looming.

The remedy for the abolition of separate schools is a plain petition to the Dominion Parliament to amend the British North America Act. It will require a big battle in Ontario—it has commenced now—and a still bigger battle at Ottawa when it reaches there, but in the long run this province will be free. [Cheers.] But so long as Ontario sanctions truckling to the hierarchy they will have a right to demand the fulfilment of their desires.

The speaker referred to the concession made to the Roman Church in the changes in the Separate School Act by Mr. Mowat and criticised his Government for refusing the ballot in elections for separate school trustees.

The opponents of Mr. Meredith claimed that he was as bad as Mr. Mowat, that if returned as Premier he would bow the knee to the same extent, that he had observed these objectionable amendments pass and said nothing. Certainly Mr. Meredith had not made much noise, but his recent speeches gave utterance to no uncertain sounds.

In speaking of French schools, Mr. McCarthy referred to the remarkable fecundity of the French women and warned English-speaking ladies to be up and doing and not allow the French members of the sex to leave them in the lurch in that way or the one-fifth of a French population will soon become vastly greater, and those who entertain the dream of establishing in Canada a new France based upon the institutions of the old land and differing from it only in that it shall be a Roman Catholic state might be realized.

The dream was one, to be sure, that could never be fulfilled. This country could not tolerate an alien nationality controlling it and from ocean to mountains the agitation was spreading. [Cheers.]

The speech occupied about two hours in its delivery, was absolutely free from expressions of political preference and was well received by the audience, one-half of whom were Reformers.

THE TWO CLARKES CATCHING ON.

An Enthusiastic Mass Meeting in St. Andrew's Hall—E. E. and His Worship Boldly Declare Themselves.

The Conservatives of the West End held a mass meeting last night in St. Andrew's Hall, the scene of many a lively political gathering. Mr. George Evans is an old member of the club at 63 Wellington-street west and an old campaigner, too, both in provincial and municipal politics. He was there along with a good many more of the Reform element and their interruptions were not infrequent. But on the whole the meeting was straight and uncompromisingly Conservative and stood up staunchly for their leader, Mr. W. R. Meredith. Both of the candidates were on the platform. So was W. D. McPherson, president of the Young Men's Conservative Association, who occupied the chair at the big Pavilion meeting. Others on the platform were: J. Castell Hopkins, Ald. E. K. Dodds, School Trustee Kerr. Mr. A. R. Boswell made an efficient chairman.

Before introducing the two candidates the chairman mentioned some of the points at issue between the Reform and the Conservative parties. His scathing criticism of the Parliament Buildings job and eulogy of The World's exposure were greeted with great applause. The separate school question was also touched upon by Mr. Boswell. All bigotry or intolerance on his part against Roman Catholics was repudiated by him. He concluded by asking: "Are we going to vote for Taft and McDougall?"

A voice: "No."

"Are we going to vote for Bell and Armour?"

"Yes, yes," from a few voices.

"I believe the majority of this audience will vote for the two Clarkes." [Tumultuous applause and shouts of "You bet we will."]

Mr. Castell Hopkins received quite an ovation. He criticised the policy of the Reform Government, especially with regard to the French schools and to the powers exercised by the Government in the liquor license administration.

The Hierarchy Solidly Sat Upon.

The speakers of the evening, however, were the candidates. Mr. H. E. Clarke started out by saying: "Two weeks from to-morrow night the destiny of Ontario for the next four years at least will have been fixed, and the Government will remain in the hands of Mr. Mowat—[A voice: "No"]—and the party who has always supported him, the Roman Catholic Church, or the Government will pass over into the hands of Mr. Meredith and those opposed to the union of church and state and especially to the strange union of the Roman Church with the Protestant state of Ontario. Which shall it be? is the question to be decided on June 5. If Mr. Meredith is defeated on this question the last state of Ontario will be worse than the first. The existence of the Mowat Administration is in the hands of the hierarchy." [Applause.] And Mr. Clarke went on to adapt the old Grit cry to the Conservative party:

The churchman's hands is on thy throat,
Ontario, Ontario!

This separate school question, among all the issues, was the most important and with its many and well known phases Mr. Clarke proceeded to deal. Those who had read The Globe would remember that its motto was: "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty." And such vigilance was needed to watch the power that never slumbers or sleeps, namely, the Roman Catholic hierarchy. [Applause.] This Roman Catholic balance of power Mr. Clarke compared to the middle boy on a "See-saw," and of this middle boy Mr. Mowat was very much afraid. [Laughter.] "I have been told, and on good authority, that I would not get a Roman Catholic vote; well so be it." But he did not wish their votes to be withheld from him on the ground that he opposed their religion.

A Vote Which He Was Dependent Upon.

He would not say that he would not accept a Roman Catholic vote, but that he was not dependent upon such a vote. The principle he believed in was that we should strive not to make our school children good Protestants or good Roman Catholics, but good Canadians. What was termed the prima facie clause in the Separate School Act he especially objected to, the clause that makes the assessor if he knows a man to be a Roman Catholic or be told he is a Roman Catholic to put him down as a separate school supporter. "As long," said Mr. Clarke, "as that clause remains upon our statute books the hierarchy will be well contented, no matter how many amendments you may propose." [Applause.]

So far as Mr. Mowat's contention went, that the existence of separate schools was part of the constitution, Mr. Clarke said there was no constitution, yet framed which could not be subject to revision. Such a revision could be obtained; "and," said he, "just as soon as you are ready for it just so soon will you get it. [Applause.] We want control over our own educational system and we are going to get it." [Applause.] He concluded by urging Toronto Conservatives, Toronto being without doubt a Conservative constituency, to send their two candidates back to represent them. "I wish to see our noble leader, William Ralph Meredith, where he ought to be, the Attorney-General and Prime Minister of Ontario. [Applause.] And let me tell you when we get him to be Prime Minister of Ontario you will have no truckling to the hierarchy or to any party." [Loud applause.]

He Endorses Mr. Meredith From top to Bottom.

Mayor Clarke, who was next called upon, started out by a complete endorsation of Mr. Meredith's policy. "I accept his platform wholly and unreservedly," he said. The Parliament Buildings "job," if he might so refer to it, was mentioned. A more discreditable piece of business was never enacted by any Government than that of Mr. Mowat in his treatment of the Canadian architects. The whole history of the case was reviewed by His Worship. He did not believe that Mr. Waite should have been debarred from entering into a competition with Canadian architects on account of being an American citizen, but he should not have been accorded a special privilege while our own Canadian architects were treated with such scant courtesy. Had they been accorded an equal opportunity they would have demonstrated that there is sufficient native ability to put up buildings which would have been a credit and ornament to the province and worthy of the people of Toronto.

The partisan administration by a partisan board of license commissioners was sharply criticised. The vexed question of separate schools was also vigorously handled. Concluding, he hoped there would be no dissension in the Conservative ranks of Toronto, that they would not allow any dissensions to exist in their ranks, that the great Liberal-Conservative party of Toronto would be true to its past history and that the members of that party would stand shoulder to shoulder and that they would go to the polls in overwhelming numbers and cast their votes for those who are their candidates.

In Mr. Meredith we have a leader of whom every Ontario Conservative ought to be justly proud. [Loud applause.]

Ald. Silver Tongue and the Old Man.

Chairman Boswell then introduced, in his own words, "the silver-tongued orator of the City Council, Ald. Dodds." Before the "silver-tongued" had a chance to get in his whack he was interrogated by an old gentleman in the background. With the uproar which at once began it was impossible to understand what the old gentleman wanted. "The position of my friend, I think, is quite warranted," said Ald. Dodds with a touch of sarcasm. "I believe he is at the present moment possessed with an idea."

The old man: "I wish you were." [Laughter.]

Ald. Dodds: "I once saw a hen with one chicken, and it was making more fuss over that one chick than the other that had a dozen; that's the way with my friend and his one idea."

A good deal of Ald. Dodds' speech consisted of a scathing criticism of the partisan license administration, especially in Toronto, and of the Parliament Buildings job. The registrar boodling scheme was laid bare. The remuneration appertaining therefrom was a magnificent sum, even when divided up between Peter and Paul. [Laughter.] An eloquent and patriotic peroration concluded the "silver orator's" address.

The meeting concluded with cheers for Mr. Meredith and the two Toronto Conservative candidates.

Finding it a Mistake.

"Between you and me," said a prominent North End Reformer yesterday, "the party is beginning to find out their mistake in placing two men in the field. It was thought from the outset that Taft's position was assured, but McDougall has been gaining strength so rapidly that the rank and file are nonplussed. The great puzzle is where the Catholic vote is going to go. One of the two is bound to have it, but just where the other vote is going is the great difficulty. It is possible that one of the two nominees may retire before nomination day, but I for one would be opposed to it as it would be showing signs of weakness."

Whooping It Up in the West End.

The Reformers are working hard in the West End. The World last night dropped across Ald. Carlyle (St. And.) and a friend engaged in a house to house canvass, and they told the reporter that the outlook was bright for their two candidates, McDougall (it is always McDougall first) and Tait, and it was just possible that one of the Clarkes, probably H. E., might get somewhere near third place.

St. John's Ward Getting Into Line.

President Frank Somers presided at a largely attended meeting of the Conservative Association of St. John's ward in Shaftesbury Hall last night. The gathering was not only strong in numbers but a thoroughly representative one. Committees were struck for the conduct of the canvassing campaign, and the divisions to be canvassed assigned the canvassers. Old timers told The World that never before had they witnessed such an enthusiastic outpouring of the faithful.

A FARMERS' CANDIDATE.

Dufferin Agriculturists Put R. McGhee in the Field.

SHELBURNE, May 21.—A very large and enthusiastic meeting of the farmers of Dufferin was held here to-day for the purpose of selecting a practical farmer to contest the riding in the interests of agriculture at the approaching Ontario elections. It was unanimously resolved that Mr. R. McGhee, ex-M.L.A., of Horning's Mills be the candidate in that interest.

An Honest Confession.

[From The Hamilton Times.]

Mr. Gibson will get the Catholic vote. He will get little else.

The Crank Goes Back on Col. Gibson.

[From The Hamilton Times.]

Vote early and often for Mr. Stinson.

Tired of Mowat.

[From The Woodstock Standard]

The agitation for a resident candidate finds favor because it is known that the rewards of political service could not be manipulated in any such fashion as in the past, and the interests of the riding would be paramount. The writer has all his life been a Reformer and has done some slight service for the party.

Political Painters.

West Lambton Conservatives meet at Sarnia May 27 to select a candidate.

The St. James' Ward Liberal-Conservative Association met last night at the committee rooms, King and Church-streets, for the purpose of organisation. The president and vice-president of the association were present, as well as a large number of active ward canvassers.

Sheffield House Importing Company
(Registered),
65 Yonge-street, below King, will sell goods retail at wholesale prices. We only keep the best goods. C. E. Robinson, Manager.

IN THE REIGN OF GEORGE II.

A LAW WAS PASSED AGAINST THE TELLING OF FORTUNES,

And "Madame" Maggie Milford Was Found Guilty Under This Ancient Statute in the General Sessions—The Police Matron Essays the Role of a Detective for the Staff Inspector.

The fortune-telling case against "Madam" Maggie Milford has excited considerable interest in police circles and among the public. Mrs. Caroline Jane Adams, widow of the late Policeman Adams, matron at Police Headquarters, was employed by Staff Inspector Archabold to make out a case against the accused. The statute against fortune-telling belongs to the reign of George II, and is somewhat antiquated.

The case against "Madame" was brought up at the Police Court several times and as many times remanded. This was the information sworn out:

Madame Maggie Milford on April 12 did unlawfully undertake to tell the fortune of one Caroline Jane Adams.

At the Police Court investigation Mrs. Adams sworn said: "On the 11th inst. I went to 143 Shuter-street and saw the defendant there. She took me upstairs to a room. She asked me who gave me her card and I said a friend. We then sat down. She took my hand and looked at the palm and told me then I had met with trouble and had lost dear friends, and that I would still have trouble, but would get over it. She said there would be a death in the family. She said that I would have trouble about some family property. She said I would marry after a short time and would settle in some small place out of the city. My husband, she said, would be a dark man. She also told me there was money I should have got. I paid her 50 cents for telling my fortune. She said she would be thankful if I could send her some young girls. I did not believe what defendant told me."

The case was finally sent for trial and brought up before Judge McDougall at the General Sessions yesterday.

Mr. W. G. Murdoch, acting for the defendant, was severe upon Inspector Archabold for taking up such an action when so many really criminal cases in the city were to be dealt with. The services of our police, he said, might be a little better employed than in trumping up a case of this kind and in making the matron of Police Headquarters play the part of a private detective.

"Gentlemen of the jury," said His Honor in his address, "the defendant is charged with an offence against a statute passed more than a century ago, in the reign of George II.? He then dealt at some length with the supposed usefulness of phrenology as distinguished from fortune-telling.

The jury remained out half an hour and then returned a verdict of guilty. Judgment was reserved as to the validity of the statute as applied to the case on trial and as to whether it has application in this province or not. These points will be argued in the High Court at Osgoode Hall. In the meantime "Madame" remains out on her own bail.

They Will Start for Peterboro To-morrow Night.

The Queen's Own had their weekly parade last night. There was a large turnout, 583 men being in line under command of Col. Hamilton. The regiment marched to Wellington-street, where a few battalion movements were practised, including the march past in column and quarter column. The men also practised firing the feu de joie.

The return march was via Front, Yorkand King-streets.

The regiment will parade in marching order with helmets, leggings and great coats rolled up to-morrow night at 8 o'clock and march via Jarvis, Carlton and Yonge-streets to North Toronto. Here the men will embark for Peterboro.

The trip is the principal topic of conversation among the men. It is expected that 550 men will turn out, and they will in all probability give a good account of themselves.

The advance guard will leave to-night for the purpose of making camp arrangements.

Something healthful and delicious—Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum for indigestion

A Wronged Husband's Revenge.

JESSUP, Ga., May 21.—A tragedy occurred here at midnight, resulting in the death of Mrs. B. P. Littlefield and County Surveyor McCall at the hands of the woman's husband. McCall came to Jesup from Brunswick about 10 p.m. and stopped at the Littlefield House. He retired to his room an hour later, but came out, went down stairs in his night clothes and asked for Littlefield, whom he could not find. He then went to Mrs. Littlefield's door and knocked. She admitted him. Littlefield was in the front porch watching the pair and rushed through the window into the room and shot his wife just over the eye, killing her instantly. He then shot McCall four times. McCall died at 2.20 p.m.

The Ontario Society of Artists' Exhibition.

All the paintings have arrived at the Academy. Amongst those whose names have graced the walls of former exhibitions may be mentioned Mr. J. A. Frazer, who sends some exquisite water-colors; Mr. M. Matthews, who has some excellent works from the region of the Rockies; Mr. F. M. Bell-Smith and Mr. O'Brien, who have several beautifully painted subjects. The conversazione to-morrow evening will be a pleasant affair, there is no doubt.

A Break in the Champlain Canal.

TROY, May 21.—Nearly 50 canal boats, the majority of which are loaded with ice, are detained by the break in the Champlain Canal near Mechanicsville. Northward bound boats form almost a continuous line from West Troy to Mechanicsville. Two hundred boats are delayed. The break will be repaired by Saturday. The present is the third break at Mechanicsville since navigation opened.

Fatality at Port Colborne.

PORT COLBORNE, May 21.—Mrs. Mahaffey, a widow of this place, employed to cook on the steam barge Isaac May, while coming off the boat about 9 o'clock to-night, fell between the boat and the wall of the lock, striking her head and fracturing her skull. The body was recovered from the water in a short time, but life was extinct.

The Kid Won.

BUFFALO, May 21.—Frank McHugh of Cincinnati and Jimmy Kennard, the "St. Paul Kid," met to-night in a finish fight before the Arlington Club for $500 a side and a $300 purse. Kennard won in 26 rounds. A large sum of money changed hands on the result.

A Morning Blaze in the Esplanade.

At 1½ o'clock this morning an alarm of fire from box 29 summoned the brigade to extinguish a blaze in Collier's foundry, at Berkeley-street and the Esplanade. The damage, which was principally to the roof of the building, will amount to about $10.

56 Who Perished at Longue Pointe.

MONTREAL, May 21.—At the Longue Pointe inquest to-day the nuns produced a list of 56 inmates who perished.

By a Party Vote.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—The Tariff bill was passed in the House to-day by a strict party vote, with the exception of Mr. Coleman of Louisiana, who voted with the Democrats in the negative. Mr. Butterworth voted aye.

A full range of all the very latest scarfs and materials in the market. A further shipment of Welch, Margetson & Co.'s celebrated goods just to hand. Wheaton & Co., 17 King-street W., cor. Jordan. 246

Mate Mackie's Body Recovered.

KINGSTON, May 21.—Parties grappling today for bodies of the crew of the ill-fated Jessie Brock recovered that of Joseph Mackie, the mate. It was found a short distance from where the schooner capsized.

KNIGHTHOOD FOR CANADIANS.

Col. Gzowski Made a K.C.M.G.—Honors for Judges.

LONDON, May 21.—Col. Gzowski of Toronto has been created a K.C.M.G.

Deputy Postmaster-General Griffin is also made a K.C.M.G.

Mr. Justice Johnson of Quebec and Mr. Justice Pinsent of Newfoundland also receive knighthood.

THE RAILWAY WORLD.

Reading Makes a Deal to Use the Erie to Buffalo and Send Coal to Canada.

PHILADELPHIA, May 21.—Under orders of the Board of Managers of the Reading Railroad surveys are now being made for a line to connect the Reading system at Williamsport with the Erie at Erwin, a few miles west of Corning on the main line of the latter road. About 30 miles of the Erie's Tioga branch (from Blossburg to Lawrenceville) will be used to make the connection. It is understood that the Erie will build the road from Lawrenceville to Erwin, a distance of 9 miles, and that the line from Williamsport to Blossburg will be built jointly by the Reading and the Erie. This will give the Reading a line from its mines to Buffalo 87 miles shorter than its present route via the Fallbrook and New York Central, putting the Reading coal into Buffalo on a shorter line than any other except one—the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western—which is the same length.

The Erie Road is used from Lawrenceville also to make a connection with the Elmira, Cortland & Northern Railroad, which stretches out of the north 140 miles to Camden on the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg Railroad, which it is reported is already operated favorably to the Reading, at which point a large and constantly increasing anthracite coal tonnage is distributed.

It is said that President Corbin is not satisfied with this terminus at Camden and that he has it in contemplation to extend the route from Camden to Watertown and thence to Morristown, the terminus of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg, where, as well as at Ogdenburg, ferry connections are established with the Canadian Pacific. An extension of five or six miles from Morristown to Ogdensburg will bring the route to a connection with the Central Vermont system. Through these connections Reading coal can be distributed along the entire line of these two systems where at present it is entirely shut out. The connection with the Canadian Pacific will put Reading coal into the large cities of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto and other points to the Pacific Ocean, at which place the consumption of anthracite coal is on the increase, with every prospect that it will develop in the near future into a large demand. President Corbin, accompanied by a surveyor, is now on the ground investigating this route in person.

In the Hotel Business.

WINNIPEG, May 21.—It is reported that the Canadian Pacific Railway has purchased the Clarendon Hotel here for $80,000, and will fit it up in elegant form. The step is doubtless prompted by the fact that the Northern Pacific is building a mammoth hotel in connection with their station here, the object being to capture all southern business.

It is also stated that Stewart Tupper, acting for the Hudson's Bay Railway, has purchased 60 acres of land in this city to be used as terminal grounds for the company. The belief is general here that the latter company has made such arrangements with the Dominion Government as will enable it to go on with the construction this year.

Government Aid for the H. B. R.R.

OTTAWA, May 21.—It is understood the Government has decided to grant substantial aid to the Hudson Bay Railway. The Manitoba members have been urging this course for some time past.

The Atchison's Acquisition.

BOSTON, Mass., May 21.—The papers completing the deal between the Atchison & St. Louis and San Francisco Railways have been signed.

The Knights of the Punch.

ROCHESTER, May 21.—The conductors' convention adjourned here to-night after a 10-days' session. The work of the day was only the clearing up of routine matters. Secretary Daniels prepared a statement for publication regarding the strike clause, in which he stated that the body would not strike under any circumstances. The conductors leave to-morrow morning for Albany, thence by boat to New York.

Watering Richmond Terminal.

NEW YORK, May 21.—The directors of the Richmond Terminal to-day authorized the increase of the capital stock to $70,000,000. Part of the increase will be exchanged for East Tennessee preferred and Virginia Midland stock. The balance and some collateral trust 5 per cent. bonds will be offered stockholders who will receive a $1000 bond and 20 shares of stock for $1200.

EYRAUD CAPTURED.

The Paris Murderer in Jail at Havana—He Attempts Suicide.

HAVANA, May 21.—Eyraud was arrested here to-day. When he was jailed he attempted to commit suicide by cutting the veins in his leg and arm with a piece of glass. He lost much blood, but will recover.

The men's suits have been started some time ago. Now we offer the biggest bargains ever seen in boys' suits. Model Clothing Store.

He Lost His Children and His Business.

Mr. Joseph C. Lundy yesterday issued a writ against the city for $1000 damages for the death of two children by diphtheria and loss of his business as butcher at 616 Dundas-street, owing to the alleged neglect of the city authorities to keep the drain and sewer pipes in proper order, thus allowing foul gases to escape and cause the damages complained of.

Her Excellency Sails for Home.

LIVERPOOL, May 21.—Lady Stanley sailed to-day on the Sardinian for Canada.

Harry Heath, Hat Manufacturer, Oxford-street, London, England.
Specially patronised by H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
H.R.H. the Princess of Wales.
H.I.M. the Empress Victoria of Germany.
T.R.H. the Duke and Duchess of Connaught.
H.R.H. the Princess Beatrice.
The Empress Eugenia.
The Imperial Family of Germany.
The Imperial Family of Russia.
The Royal Family of the Netherlands.
The Royal Family of Sweden.
The Royal Family of Denmark.
The Royal Family of Belgium.
The Royal Family of Spain, etc.
W. & D. Dineen, Toronto, are sole agents for the above manufacturer's goods.

Russia's Latest Scare.

Russia has gone into a fit over Emperor William's recent warlike speech, when he modestly called himself a man of rock and iron. He should have added a little brass to the mixture. If talk will so frighten the Muscovites, what would they do if Billy went right up to the frontier with one of quinn's Stanley outing sashes on and made faces at them?

25 Leader Lane.
Ed Beeton, the high grade watch specialist, has removed to 25 Leader-lane.

During the short absence of Mr. J. McArthur Griffith in England his business at London-Canadian Chambers will be under the management of Mr. Charles Arnoldi, who has been managing-clerk in Mr. Griffith's offices for some time. 241

VICTORIA GREETS CONNAUGHT

ARRIVAL OF H.R.H. AT THE PACIFIC PROVINCE CAPITAL.

Mayor Grant Presents the Civic Address of Welcome—The Duke's Response—The Provincial Jubilee Hospital Opened by the Prince—To-day to Be Spent at Vancouver.

VICTORIA, B.C., May 21.—The Abyssinia with the Duke and Duchess of Connaught arrived this morning. All were well pleased with the trip. They leave early to-morrow for Vancouver en route east.

The party were driven to Government Grounds, where the civic address of welcome was presented by Mayor Grant. Responding, H.R.H. said: "Allow me to thank you very cordially for the very kind words of welcome with which you have received the Duchess and myself on this occasion. It is a source of great pleasure to us both that we have been enabled to pay a visit to Victoria, the capital of this rising and flourishing province. It has been, as you say, a great satisfaction during our stay in India to have met with such royal receptions on all hands, marking the feelings of loyalty and attachment which the India subjects of Her Majesty bear towards her person. You, gentlemen, in welcoming us have asked me to express to the Queen how warm these feelings are here. I have often heard that among the many parts of Her Majesty's dominion there is not one more loyal or thorough English than are people of Victoria. It is, therefore, an especial pleasure to us that we are able to be among you to-day.

"It is a source of great regret that our stay is such a short one. As you know, sir, we are returning from a stay of several years' duration in India, and we have taken this journey home by this route as we are most anxious to see for ourselves this important new link between the west and the east, namely, the Canadian Pacific Railway, with its steamers running to Japan and China.

"I have heard of the great advance you are making steadily and I cannot wish you anything better than wish you most cordially that prosperity and that advancement which you all desire. I look for a very bright future for this island, for the province and for the great Dominion of which you are part. I hope that God's blessing may rest on this island and upon all who live upon it and that a very happy future may be in store for you. The Duchess and myself will not forget the warm and thoroughly English welcome which you have accorded us this day."

After luncheon at Government House with the Lieutenant-Governor the Prince performed the ceremony of formally opening the Provincial Jubilee Hospital, a large and well appointed institution just completed. The Prince leaves to-night for Vancouver, where to-morrow will be spent. Thence the party go direct to Winnipeg.

See the old-time rivals, Shamrocks and Torontos, at Rosedale, Queen's Birthday.

THE NAUGHTY JERSEY LILY.

Mrs. Langtry Makes a Night of It With the Boys.

NEW YORK, May 21.—London society is aghast at the diversions of Mrs. Langtry. One night last week a supper was given at St. James theatre, at which were present Lord Lurgan and several guardsmen, with other men about town. Lively scenes took place and at 3 o'clock in the morning it was proposed to run races around St. James-square near by, to the astonishment of a well-tipped policeman, who grinned at the swells in evening dress, but with their coats off, racing around the inclosure, with Mrs. Langtry and a couple of women of her boon companions wrapped in Ulsters, looking on and shrieking with laughter. Charles Sugden, the actor, ran a sack race with Ernest Lawford of the guards, and they fell and rolled over each other in the mud. The supper at St. James' theatre then arranged hurdles for a race of a hundred yards between Mrs. Langtry and Bob Bonchier, a fashionable youth, the latter allowing the lady twenty yards start; but he lost by two feet. After the race the party returned to the threatre, where Mrs. Langtry distributed prizes consisting of handkerchiefs, flowers, slippers and stockings. The proceedings terminated at 6 o'clock in the morning.

CABLE FLASHES.

Horrible Human Sacrifices in Dahomey—A Fruitless Appeal.

MARSEILLES, May 21.—Dr. Bayol, formerly Governor of the Gabon Colony, yesterday said Dahomey was a very rich country and it would be folly for the French to abandon their possessions in that region. Dr. Bayol also spoke of the horrible sacrifices made in Dahomey. He said he had seen two batches of 84 and 43 prisoners immolated on such occasions.

BERLIN, May 21.—The Freisinnige Zeitung says that during the Chancellorship crisis Prince Bismarck appealed to the ex-Empress to intervene in his favor and that she replied: "You know better than any one that I must not use political influence with my son."

LONDON, May 21.—The News says: Henry M. Stanley's wedding will take place at Westminster Abbey and if he makes any further expeditions his wife will accompany him.

PARIS, May 21.—The police yesterday made a fruitless raid with the object of arresting the Italian anarchist leader, Giordani. He is believed to be the leader of a dangerous band. The police are keeping a special watch on foreign anarchists. Many expulsions are probable.

LONDON, May 21.—A despatch from Buenos Ayres says 29 persons were killed and 41 wounded in the recent rising at Puento Alegre.

SOFIA, May 21.—At the trial to-day of the persons charged with conspiring against the Government Major Panitza denied that Russia was implicated in the plot. He asserted that Kissoff, formerly Commandant of Sofia, originated the conspiracy and induced the witness to watch the movements of Prince Ferdinand with the view of seizing him. After the conspirators had gained possession of Ferdinand they were to strive to bring about the election of a new prince.

THE HAGUE, May 21.—Despatches from Acheen say the Dutch lost three killed and fourteen wounded in a futile attempt to recover a position from which they had been driven by the natives. The latter lost fourteen killed.

ROME, May 21.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day Premier Crispi said an inquiry had been ordered into the question of granting state assistance to the unemployed.

BERLIN, May 21.—The Reichstag has adjourned until June 9.

Don't forget the Shamrock-Toronto lacrosse match, Rosedale, Queen's Birthday.

A 'Frisco Fake.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 21.—The Chronicle devotes four columns to an alleged conspiracy to capture Lower California and to found an independent republic to be followed by annexation to the United States. Capitalists interested in Lower California lands and mines and well-known citizens of Los Angeles and San Diego were involved. It is claimed the Mexican Land and Colonization Company composed of wealthy Englishmen owning concessions on the peninsula was to furnish $100,000 to aid the filibusters.

For the Queen's Birthday the boys get the biggest snap in suits ever seen. Clothe them all at the Model Clothing Store.

A PRETTY SOLID LITTLE TOWN.

Walking along the streets in the village of Bracebridge the other day with a friend the first party we met was the sheriff. A few steps further he introduced me to the Division Court clerk. The next man was the bailiff. While talking with the deputy registrar the County Crown Attorney passed. The next gentleman we ran up against was the jail-keeper. Then came the registrar, and he introduced me to the Police Magistrate and also pointed out the stipendiary magistrate and deputy magistrate. After shaking hands with the License Inspector I said:

"Well, here's a private citizen at last."

"No, sir; that's the inspector of roads and bridges and the other man is the Government bush ranger."

"Well, tell me, are all the people in the village employed by the Government?"

"Pretty much; there are a few free and independent citizens in the place. Those we have any doubt about when election time comes round we secure berths for in the registry office, sheriff's office or wherever the officials are overworked; the working men, we give them jobs on the Government roads and bridges; the balance we hand over to the jail keeper. I tell you this is a pretty snug little town and we keep things in good shape here." ARCONA.

AN ITALIAN CAUSE CELEBRE.

Savano Napolitano Loses His Suit Against His Compatriots for Libel.

The Masters in Chambers, at Osgoode Hall yesterday, dismissed the action brought by Savano Napolitano against Giovanna Abbate and 17 other Italians for damages for libel. The alleged libel consisted in the protest of defendants against the appointment of Napolitano as a teacher in St. Patrick school, on the ground that he had been convicted of crime in Italy. The action fails owing to inability of the plaintiff to obtain sufficient evidence of the proceedings in Italy.

This case has been before the courts for a couple of years now and has caused intense excitement in the Italian colony.

THE CENTRAL'S AFFAIRS.

Delays in the Law Prevent the Liquidators Completing the Final Wind-Up.

The World yesterday had a talk with Liquidators Howland and Lye as to the progress being made in the winding up of the bank's affairs. They reported that every effort is being made to conclude the whole business, and that really it is the law's delay which is retarding the declaration of another dividend. About $40,000 is still in dispute in the courts, and if this amount of claims were dec