The Toronto World.

FOURTH YEAR. FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 19, 1883. PRICE ONE CENT

FAITHFUL TO ALGOMA,

BISHOP SULLIVAN DECLINES THE DIOCESE OF HURON.

A New Election Held—The Fourth Ballot Results in the Choice of Dean Baldwin.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—Bishop Sullivan cables this morning declining election, and gives as his reason, his duty to Algoma.

After the synod had received this cablegram, a second ballot was taken; it did not result in a choice, Rev. Dean Baldwin only only securing 46, out of the 104 clerical votes, although he had a good majority of the lay votes.

The fourth ballot resulted in the election of Rev. Dean Baldwin. The following is the vote:

	Clerical.	Lay.
Dean Baldwin	57	91
Canon Innes	19	6
Rev. Courtney	13	10
Canon Lobbey	10	4
Rev. Carmichael	9	1

It is probable that the dean will accept, as he is in Canada, and would no doubt have declined at an earlier stage of the proceedings had he not intended to accept the position.

Protecting the Lake Fish.

DETROIT, Oct. 18—A conference of fish commissioners of the various states was commenced in Detroit yesterday. A resolution was adopted, expressing it as the sense of the conference that is is desirable, in order to prevent further depletion of food fishes of the great lakes and connecting waters, that a license be laid upon the nets, and that the funds thus raised be devoted to fish culture and propagation of fish which are to be returned to such waters. A resolution was adopted, recommending each state to appoint a fishwarden or fishwardens, with assistants, to look after the inspection of nets and the enforcement of the existing laws for fish protection. The feeling was that stringent laws should be passed by each state prohibiting the use of explosives for the destruction of fish. It was recommended that the different states pass a law fixing the size of marketable fish.

A Boy Murderer.

SOMERSET, Oct. 18.—Frank Wolford Slagle, the boy murderer, has since his conviction last Friday, confessed to other murders. One was the killing of a man near Williamsburg, Ky., and the placing of his body on the railway track to avoid suspicion. During the same month he entered the house of a woman who was within a month of confinement, and demanded lodgings for the night. This being refused, he drew a pistol and fired a shot, from the effects of which the woman shortly afterwards died. He stoutly denies the commission of the murder of which he stands convicted. In explanation of his sudden frights and jumps when standing side from his of ll mates, he says the face of his Williamsburg victim is continually before him.

A Bucket-shopper in Custody.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—L. B. Clemens, a broker of Toronto, Can, who was arrested last Saturday for embezzlement, on the complaint of an officer of the Metropolitan grain exchange of this city, was yesterday discharged by Justice Meech for want of prosecution. Shortly afterward he was rearrested on a capias under the delinquent debtor clause and taken back to jail. The complainants are the same parties as in the former case, and the sum involved is stated to be $600.

Dewey Will Explain Everything.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 18.—Boston bankers and the Montreal bank have telegraphed to the bankers in this city to attach the drafts for $48,500 made by Dewey, the noted forger. The drafts with the money found on Dewey aggregate over $50,000. The superintendent of the New York police has telegraphed the discovery of another forged bill of lading, presumably negotiated in that city by the prisoner for $12,000. The prisoner says he will explain everything.

Earning Ninety-Nine Dollars a Year.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.—Before the senate committee to-day Thomas O'Donnell, an operative from Fall River, painted a sad picture of a life among the poorer classes of operatives. He said there was much want among them. Many were obliged to go without the necessaries of life. He didn't have work half the time, and last year earned only ninety dollars.

The Niagara National Park.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The board of commissioners of the Niagara park reservation has made an additional appropriation to continue the survey, and has also decided to employ counsel to support its work before the courts should any efforts be made to interfere with the policy which the legislature evidently intended should be carried out.

New York Stocks.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Wednesday was of remarkable activity in stocks. An immense number of forced sales took place, the majority of the losers being old speculators who had been caught napping. Northern Pacific continued to decline. This afternoon everything took an upward turn and better prospects are now held out.

Frost in the American Northwest.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 18.—Reports from the Northwest assert that the wheat crop was badly frozen in September. Thirty elevators are refusing to receive this wheat. It is reported that three-eights of the crop, amounting to four millions of bushels, were frost-bitten.

Removed to Escape Lynching.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Oct. 18.—The sheriff after midnight rushed Nelling, the murderer of Ada Atkinson, into a carriage and to the train, and took him to Lafayette jail. The sheriff heard a mob was organizing in Oxford to lynch Nelling before morning.

Tannery Failure in Boston.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.—The creditors' committee of F. Shaw & Bros., failed tanners, reported this afternoon; assets $3,856 000, liabilities $5 344,000. The firm could pay seventy-two cents on the dollar.

A Furnace Company Fails.

BANGOR, Mich, Oct. 18—The Bangor furnace company has assigned. Charles D. Rhodes, president, has also assigned. He states that the liabilities are $130,000 and the assets nominally twice that amount.

Woman Suffrage in the Far West.

OLYMPIA, Washington Territory Oct. 18—The bill granting woman suffrage passed here last night by 14 to 7.

ENGLISH LIBERALS IN SESSION.

Discussing Minority Representation and Parliamentary Oaths.

LEEDS, Oct. 18.—At the liberal conference to-day a resolution was adopted declaring that any attempt to secure the representation of minorities by the enactment of special laws is a violation of the privileges of popular representative government. A resolution by Sir Wilfred Lawson, M.P., condemning the action of the commons in refusing a seat to Bradlaugh and favoring the abolition of Parliamentary oaths was adopted unanimously with cheers. After the adoption of resolutions in favor of shortening the time required for the qualification of voters and extending the hours for polling votes and making constituencies pay the expenses of elections the conference appointed a deputation to convey its resolutions to Gladstone and adjourned.

At a meeting of liberals held at the town hall to-night John Bright presided. He said it was absolutely necessary if any progress was to be made in parliamentary reform that the question of suffrage be dealt with first in a separate bill. He recommended that the government deal during the coming session with county suffrage and London corporation reform bills. There is one question, he continued, which is not very remote and which will have to be faced, namely, the constant conflict between the lords and commons—a conflict full of peril to one and full of humiliation to both. The two houses must be reconciled and made equally responsive to national wants. My political career draws very near to its close, but I cherish the hope that my countrymen will, in the changes that are before them, exhibit that wisdom and moderation which become an intelligent people. (Cheers.) Herbert Gladstone spoke. He approved of the assimilation of county and borough franchise, but doubted the expediency of making such a bill a primary question at next session, arguing that parliament ought to deal with the London corporation and county government bills before dissolution which must inevitably follow the passage of a reform bill.

A BERLIN MASHER.

He Turns Out to Be a Married Man—Wanted in New Orleans for Murder.

BERLIN, Oct. 18—About a year ago, a slightly built young man arrived in town, giving his name as George Bernhardt. On his arrival here he advertised in the Berlin News as a writing master for private pupils, and after some time got a situation with Mr. Rumpel of the felt boot works as bookkeeper. While here he paid considerable attention to young ladies, always giving out that he was a single man. By accident one of the hands in the factory happened to see a letter partly written to his "Dear Wife," and made a note of the address, &c., and wrote to her about his escapades with the girls. The wife started for Berlin, but he found it out and left suddenly on Saturday night for Chicago, from which point he telegraphed to-day to the baggage man to have his trunk forwarded. Instead of the trunk a message was sent for his arrest. It appears that his real name is Gustav Blumish, and that he is wanted in New Orleans on the charge of having killed a man named Rodney Jones on August 27, 1881, in St. Charles parish, La. The wife has arrived in town.

MURDERING HER CHILD.

The Crime for Which Maria McCabe is to Die.

HAMILTON, Oct. 18.—The Tribune publishes the following account of Maria McCabe's crime: On August 2 children playing in the yard at 182 Hughson street north, discovered in a disused cistern what was afterwards found to be the body of a young child. When the police and the coroner were notified the mother of the child was soon connected with its death. The mother, a young unmarried girl, named Maria McCabe, was arrested and confessed the crime. The child, a boy, was born at the city hospital, and afterwards went with his mother to Mrs. Foster's, on Hughson street, where the young woman was employed as a domestic. When about to leave that place she threw the child into the cistern, which held two or three feet of water, and left it to drown.

Successful Mutiny Among Convicts.

PARIS, Oct. 18.—One hundred and fifty Annamite convicts, engaged in erecting a lighthouse on Island Pooloo Candor, 120 miles east of Point Cambodia, and belonging to French Cochin China, mutinied and murdered a Frenchman and native warden and seriously injured another Frenchman. Sixty of them seized the arms and stores and decamped in boats. The rest fled to the woods.

Dufferin Honored by the Sultan.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 17.—The sultan gave a banquet last night to Lord Dufferin, British ambassador to Turkey, and conferred a decoration upon Lady Dufferin. Dufferin assured the sultan of the sympathy and friendship of England.

Storms on the British Coasts.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—High tides and severe gales prevail on the coasts. Numerous marine casualties are reported. The Severn tunnel is again flooded. Vessels arriving in the Mersey report terrible weather. Limerick is partially flooded.

Fever and Hurricane in Mexico.

GUYAMAS, Mexico, Oct. 18.—Advices from Altata report the population decimated by yellow fever and deaths, averaging twenty a day for two weeks. On Oct. 3 Altata was struck by a hurricane. Several people were killed and a greater part of the town destroyed. The inhabitants sought shelter in the mountains. Several miles of railroad were torn up and a bridge blown down. The depot and machine sheds are the only buildings left. Private losses amount to fifty thousand dollars. With fever and hurricane the misery is terrible. The collector of the port is among those killed at the hurricane.

Lives Saved by Coolness.

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 18.—While the National Carriage Builders' association was dining in Carls opera house to-night a curtain in the parquette caught fire, creating a panic. The cooler headed persons shouted "sit down, there's no danger." The band struck up "Yankee Doodle" and the fire was soon extinguished. The fire was caused by a man striking a light for his cigar. Seven hundred people were in the theatre.

A City Destroyed by Fire.

WALLA WALLA, Washington Territory, Oct. 18.—The city of Weston was totally destroyed by fire last night. A few brick stores were the only buildings saved.

CHRISTIAN UNITY.

Presbyterians on the Roman Catholic Pastoral Letter.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The session of the presbyterian synod was continued to-day. Regarding the resolution offered by Prof. Hopkins of Auburn theological seminary commending the sentiment expressed in the recent pastoral letter of the Roman catholic provincial council the committee reported that while the substance of the latter commended itself to the synod yet it was improper that the synod should take notice of it. A long discussion followed. Prof. Hopkins spoke in support of the position he had taken. He read extracts faom the pastoral letter concerning divorce and Sunday excursions which were received with general favor. He said it was eminently proper that the synod should notice the progressive spirit manifested by the Roman catholic church. Rev. Dr. John Hall opposed these views, saying that any laudatory statement made by the synod would be treated as a concession of protestantism to Romanism. The final report was modified by an amendment reducing it to a statement that the synod refused to interfere with the affairs of other denominations and was then adopted.

AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE.

Celebrating the Centennial of the Close of Revolutionary War.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Oct. 18.—A great centennial celebration in honor of the close of the close of the war of the revolution took place here to-day. It is estimated that there are fifty thousand visitors in the city. The lawn at Washington's headquarters was the centre of attraction. A procession of visiting local military and civic societies was formed and had a parade. Delegations from the national army and navy, state military organization took park. The Putnam phalanx of Hartford formed a notable feature of the parade. They were organized a century ago wear the continental uniform, and are drilled by the tactics in use during the revolution. Many prominent delegates representing national and state governments are present.

The centennial closed with a grand display of fireworks to-night, which was witnessed by probably a hundred thousand persons.

Product of American Coal Mines.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 18.—The official report of anthracite coal tonnage of all the carrying companies for nine months of this year gives a total of 28,035,000 tons, an increase of 2,257,000 compared with last year. It is stated that no suspension of production will be arranged this month, but a slight curtailment is probable in the latter part of November.

Tortured for Their Money.

JOLIET, Ill., Oct, 18.—A gang of masked men last night tortured Edward McLaughlin, a farmer, and his wife. They disclosed the hiding place of $1000 in gold. The thieves left their victims nearly dead.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

William Vanderbilt was thrown out of his buggy the other day, but was not badly hurt.

There is excitement at Clinton, Ohio, over the discovery of a rich vein of anthracite coal in that vicinity.

Dr. Marshall of Pittsburg has been indicted for sending indecent pictures and threatening letters to Miss Mary Anderson, the actress.

The earnings of the Pullman Palace car company during the past year were $4,093,000, and expenses, including dividends, $3,039,000

The first through freight train of the Kansas City, Springfield and Memphis road left yesterday. It consisted of fifty-three loaded cars.

At New Haven, Connecticut, yesterday, the national carriage builders' association discussed free trade and voted it down by a large majority.

Daniel Brisboes of St. Joseph, Mo., cashier of the Missouri Pacific railway, has suicided with opium. He was short in his accounts $800 or $900.

U. S. Comptroller Knox reports that the last call for 3 per cents. will probably include $10,000,000 deposited to secure the National bank circulation.

A young lady walked into a Detroit restaurant, ordered oysters, and when the waiter's back was turned sprinkled strychnine among them. She recovered.

At Purvis Station, Miss., yesterday a flat car, having on board colored railroad hands, was thrown off the track rounding a curve. Three were killed and four badly hurt.

The schooner Australia, reported missing, is safe. She left Chicago for traverse, but went into Frankfort, where she loaded for Milwaukee. She is now at Pine Lake.

Lord Coleridge was given a reception last night at Washington by Secretary Frelinghuysen. President Arthurs, members of the cabinet and other distinguished persons attended.

The city of Waterbury, Conn, is threatened with a serious water famine. One reservoir is empty; another contains only six feet of water. The factories had to be restricted yesterday.

It has been decided by the Milwaukee musical society that lack of hotel facilities will necessitate the postponement of the national saengerfest there in 1885. It will probably take place in 1886.

Kirkland Fitch, the cashier who embezzled $80,000 from the Warren second national bank, has been indicted at Cleveland for embezzlement and perjury. He was jailed in default of $50,000 bail.

A steamer from New Orleans, which arrived at New York Wednesday, reported that James McCarroll, fireman, crazed by fever, jumped overboard, and was seized by a shark before he could be rescued.

Gen. Jas. B. Stedman died yesterday afternoon at Toledo of pneumonia. He was made major general for conspicuous bravery at the battle of Chickamaugs. At the time of his death he was chief of police of Toledo.

At Washington last night an artist named Hessing attempted to cowhide John Q. Thompson, editor of the Sunday Chronicle. He struck Thompson several times. Thompson shot at him without effect. Hessin was arrested.

It is reported that the Coney island pool room lost 15,000 by the scheme by which two men tapped the telegraph wires and ascertained the winning horses, then delayed the telegram until they had time to make bets in the pool rooms.

There was an unexpected postponement yesterday at Baltimore of the wedding of Miss Rebecca Williams to Henry A. Herbert, member of the British parliament. It is reported to be owing to the fact that Herbert wished to get control of the bride's fortune ($300,000), to which her father objected.

ONLY A WIFE IN NAME.

A ROMNEY TOWNSHIP GIRL'S SAD FATE.

A Mock Marriage Followed by Barbarity and Abandonment—A Long Hunt for A Lost Child Proves Successful.

The St, Thomas Times of Tuesday tells the story of the ruin of a young woman by a scoundrel known as Charles Jarvis through the agency of a mock marriage. Miss Carrie Bell lived in Romney township, and is the daughter of respectable parents. Carrie was an active worker in the Sunday school, and there first met the fellow Jarvis. He was handsome, stylish, and polished in his manners, and seemed to take an interest in Sunday school work. He represented himself as a traveling salesman for a London stationery house, and his absence from time to time gave color to his statement. After a year's acquaintance he proposed marriage to Miss Bell and was accepted After much persuasion, and against her better judgment, she consented to a secret marriage, and it accordingly took place on May 4, 1882, at Detroit. The marriage was duly witnessed by one Junius Joliffe, which is now the only name remembered. The alleged minister's name on the certificate disappeared when the certificate disappeared, as will be related hereafter.

The secret of the marriage was well kept. Jarvis visited his wife at regular intervals and appeared to have a genuine affection for her, but would never consent to have the marriage made known. Even when the time approached when her honor would be involved unless protected by an announcement and proof of their marriage he still begged to have it kept secret. On Feb. 7 of this year Jarvis conveyed his wife to Hamilton where, early in March a babe was born, a boy, which was christened Charles Edward Jarvis. On March 19, when in the most critical condition, she was drugged in the house in the Ambitious city where she had been taken, and everything of use and value to her was stolen, including her marriage certificate and a photograph of her husband. When she asked for her babe she was told that her husband had employed a nurse and taken the child to London, where she was to follow as fast as she was able to travel. This statement was confirmed by letters from Jarvis inclosing money with which to pay her expenses. As soon as her strength would permit she hastened to London, where a letter awaited her telling her to proceed to Toronto, and promising that she should soon see her husband and child and be happy. From that day to the present time she has not seen or heard from the man whom she calls husband. Week after week, month after month, she waited with what doubts and fears none can realize. She declared her marriage to her parents and friends. She told of the birth of her babe and the stealing and cruel abandonment of herself. She had but two purposes in life—one was to find her babe; the other her husband, and to that end she went to work. A visit to Detroit, where the marriage took place, revealed the fact that no minister of the gospel of the name given by her had ever been there. None of the names which she remembered were recognized, and she discovered that she had been the victim of a mock marriage. There is not much use dwelling on the terrible suffering that followed the shock of this information. It would be interesting to recount the many clues that were vainly followed, and the anguish of each recurring failure, until despair of ever finding her lost babe took possession of her mother's heart, little Edward Jarvis was lost. The mother did not and could not know his fate.

When hope had about deserted her she chanced to hear that Jarvis' sister was married to a farmer living a short distance east of St. Thomas. She accordingly came to this city yesterday afternoon, and securing the services of a local law firm, one of the members was made acquainted with the details of her sorrowful story, and the two drove out to the farmer's house. Here the child was found and the sister willingly handed over the infant to its now overjoyed mother, being shocked to learn of the cruel abandonment of the woman by her brother. He had left the babe there representing that its mother had died. She did not know where Jarvis now was sojourning. The happy mother and her babe remained in the city last night.

A Child Burned in its Cradle.

OTTAWA, Oct. 17.—The Free Press publishes further particulars of the death of Mr. Bourgeois' child by burning. It seems that Mrs. Bourgeois left her little boy, 5 years of age, to watch his infant brother, over 2 years old, who was then asleep in the cradle while she went to Mr. Watter's store to get some groceries. In her absence the little boy got hold of some matches and set fire to a newly filled mattrass, and ran into the street. In a very few minutes the building was in a blaze. A number of men who were standing by did all in their power to get to the child, but it was useless, the heat being so intense. After the flames had been subdued the body of the child was found burnt to a crisp. The poor woman whose husband had only left three weeks ago for the woods is in a pitiable condition.

A Guelph Brakesman Killed.

DRAYTON, Oct. 18.—A young man named O'Connor from Guelph, brakesman on the western division of the Grand Trunk, was killed here this morning. While attempting to board the train he missed his footing and became entangled in the step and was dragged some distance before the train was stopped. He only lived a few minutes after being picked up.

Preparing to Welcome Lansdowne

OTTAWA, Oct. 18—All the members of the cabinet who can possibly leave will proceed to Quebec before the end of the week to meet the Marquis of Lansdowne. It is probable that there will be a general illumination of the city on Monday evening in honor of the arrival of the Marquis of Lansdowne. The civic address will be presented to him on Tuesday.

Yesterday's Police Court.

Seven drunks were done up for different terms. Wm. Johnson was bound to keep the peace towards his wife. Travers Short put in six hours in the cells for being disorderly in front of the Grand theatre. Pat Goodman, disorderly at the salvation barracks, remanded until to-day. William Doyle, who stole a rabbit was sent to jail for three days. Wm. Sheart was ordered to pay $3 and costs or suffer 30 day's imprisonment for an assault on James Murray. Several minor cases were adjourned.

The weather on the Pacific slope is intensely warm.

THE MARRIAGE AID SWINDLE.

Another Victim Relates His Experience—Very Much Like Graveyard Insurance.

The marriage aid association does business on exactly the same principle as graveyard insurance—only those go into it who expect to marry soon and, therefore, it is a constant struggle to "scoop" the promised amount and "jump" the fast recurring assessments. The promoters of the swindle do not rank very high in Hamilton—nearly all are men of straw—where they do but little business, but look to the outside public for their main revenue. Half a dozen victims of the association called in The World office yesterday. Also two exagents, one of whom was so convinced of the want of business in the business that he only sent in two subscribers, to a third one that he had taken he gave back his money. Mr. Webber and his partners ought to turn to a more honest business; and the Hamilton papers might give a little attention to a swindle located in their midst. Somebody ought to buy the secretary and treasurer, Walter B. Webber, a "complete letter writer" for his personal benefit.

To the Editor of the World.

SIR: I took out three certificates in this concern one on June 30 and two on July 13, making three thousand dollars on which I would be entitled to $750 for paying fifteen monthly assessments an dsome other charges given below. The agent gave me to understand at different times and in the presence of different witnesses that the assessments would be two or three and in an exceptionally rare case might be four. Now here is my actual experience and any member can figure for himself and I defy Mr. Webber to prove a single figure or assertion I give you to be erroneous, but from my private correspondence with him I found his mathematical education far more defective than even his spelling and composition, for he claimed to me I was to make a a 100 per cent. profit. I found my first assessment over four the next one was over six; now the one for Oct. is over eight. So allowing this to be the highest they will reach—which I doubt very much, for I think as Walter finds the gullibility of the members he will raise it one and call again. However basing my figures on three one thousand dollar certificates the call for October was $48, and fifteen times this makes $648; also add to this for entrance fee $18 and $12 yearly dues; also 5 per cent they charge for collecting the $750 which is $37 50, and also interest on the same for 90 days at 70 per cent per annum, as they forget none of these little games, which is $13 12, making in all the sum of $728.62 that they were expecting me to place in their hands, for which they promise to pay me $750. The difference between the two amounts is the profit on Walter's little 100 per cent—that is $21.38, or less than 3 per cent on the the money. Now we all know our savings institutions pay four and have business men managing them The above is correct in every particular, and I can give Walter more if he desires it. Some half dozen here decided to let it severely alone as this is our experience. I would advise every member to refuse to pay another sou, for it is merely throwing good money after bad, and would show any more spiders who may contemplate weaving webs of this kind that their occupation like Othello's is gone. Thanking you for your kindness in giving me space, also for the fearless way in which you attack and expose such swindles.

P. J. L. LYNAR.

THE GOVERNMENT LAUNDRY.

What the Mercer Laundresses Get For Washing—An Indignant Letter.

A World reporter interviewed Mrs. O'Reilly, the courteous superintendent of the Mercer reformatory, over the telephone last night, and was somewhat startled when, in addressing that lady, he found himself almost using the familiar words, "I beg your pardon, but 'is that you, Mistress Reilly?" However, the information sought was readily given, and it was to this effect: "That the Mercer takes in washing; has a public laundry; that the frail inmates do the washing; that the price to the public is thirty cents a dozen for ordinary washing, and extra for extra work; that the institution sends for and delivers the work at this price; that the earnings therefrom are $80 a month; and that the matron does not know whether the prices charged are or are not less than those of ordinary city laundries. Mrs. O'Reilly was not questioned as to the sewing done by the inmates and referred to in the following letter:

To the Editor of The World.

SIR: I saw a short notice in your noble paper (which is always open for the welfare of the public) in reference to government laundries, and I think it a great shame to the heads of our country to allow such a monstrosity in our midst. It seems to me such reformation is working damnation in its end. This, sir, is easily seen by any intelligent man or woman. The government builds reformatories, but they are not doing that for which they are built. The Mercer reformatory takes in washing at prices that no one can live on outside, not washing alone, but sewing of all kinds at a very low figure; and even some of our wholesale houses patronize this institution, thereby throwing out of employment respectable girls. I have heard on good authority that these girls do not know what to do unless they go and make a living in the same way that the majority of the inmates of this Mercer reformatory used to do. Sir, if such were to come to pass that some of our girls were to go astray on this very account, is not reformation working damnation in its end. I think so. W. R.

Combined City Charities.

A number of ladies and gentlemen active in charitable work met at the city hall yesterday afternoon under the chairmanship of Mayor Boswell to reorganize the system of combined city charities. Goldwin Smith, John Macdonald, Hon. G. W. Allan, Barlow Cumberland, W. J. Macdonald, Marcellus Crombie, James Graham, Dr. Canniff, James Beaty, jr., M.P., John Baillie, Rev. Dr. Rose, Father Laurent, Mr. Rush, Mrs. Morrison and Mrs. Anchor were among those present. On motion of Prof. Smith, who instituted the conference, it was decided to reorganize, a balance of $300 being on hand to start with. Mr. Smith was pressed to take the chairmanship, but he declined, and after Mr. Macdonald, Mr. Beaty and Dr. Canniff had also excused themselves on account of other work, Mayor Boswell consented to assume the duties of the office. Mr. Macdonald being named as deputy chairman. The conference will assemble for active work at the headquarters of the St. George's society, 7 Louisa street, Thursday next.

TAFFY FOR TRUSTEES.

Promotions—Appointment of Night School Teachers—Other Business.

A large number of lady teachers sent letters to the public school board last night returning thanks for promotions. The trustees accepted the taffy gracefully.

The management committee made several recommendations. Mr. Morrison's promotion from headmastership of Niagara street school to that of Hope street, A. R. Pyne's promotion from Louisa street to Niagara street, G. K. Powell's promotion from Elizabeth street to Louisa street, James Boddy's transfer from Hope street school to Elizabeth street, Miss M. J. McCally's transfer from Louisa street to Hope street, Miss S. A. Martin's transfer from Hope street to Louisa street. The board amended the first and second clauses of the above. Martin Gill of Park school was substituted for Mr. Morrison, who remains at Niagara street, and Mr. Pyne will take the headmastership of Park.

The committee on supplies reported against the request of the managers of the Orphan's home that the board furnish the schoolroom in the new home with new furniture. The ground taken was that their school at the home was not a public one. Mr. Lee and Mr. Crombie spoke in favor of supplying the furniture, and on motion of the former the clause was allowed to stand, pending the opinion of the solicitor as to whether an appropriation for this purpose would be legal.

The night school committee recommended that the night schools open Monday, November 5, and close the last Friday in February, 1884, with a vacation of two weeks at Christmas; that the following gentlemen be appointed teachers in the several night schools, at a salary of $2 per night: Parliament street, head master, A. O. Hastings; 1st assistant, G. R. Cruikshank; 2d assistant, W. J. Glassford. Elizabeth street, head master, G. H. Carveth; 1st assistant, H. E. Irwin; 2d W. G. Milligan. Niagara street, head master, R. A. Gray; 1st assistant, R. C. Cochrane; 2d assistant, T. Talling. Bathurst street, head master, W. A. Duncan; 1st assistant, J. A. Ross; 2d assistant, G. Bradley. Jessie Ketchum, head master, T. G. Campbell; 1st assistant, J. McD. Duncan; 2d assistant, H. E. Webster. The report was adopted in its entirety, with the exception that Allan Maclean's name was substituted for that of T. Talling. Three classes will be opened at each school, two for males and one for females.

An Autumnal Union.

Grace church was the scene of a very pleasant ceremony yesterday. The occasion was the marriage of Mr. Chas. Robertson, the well known proprietor of the postoffice book store, to Miss Sarah M., daughter of Mr. John Manley of this city. Before the hour appointed a large number of friends and others were on hand to witness the ceremony, which was performed by Revs. J. P. Lewis and McCarroll. The bride was attired in a grey traveling dress. The bridesmaids were the Misses Sarah and Mary Robertson, sisters of the groom, while the latter was assisted by Capt. and Mr. H. B. Manley, brother of the bride. At the conclusion of the service the party adjourned to the family residence, Maitland street, and partook of breakfast, after which the happy couple left amid the usual showers of slippers and rice to take the train for the east. The presents to the bride were beautiful and numerous.

Water Pressure in St. Paul's Ward.

The firemen of St. Paul's ward were engaged yesterday in testing the water supply. They first put on the gauge on the hydrants to ascertain the pressure, and it was found to be 95 lbs. Then 50 feet of hose and a 1¼ inch nozzle, which gave a jet of water 152 feet. Then 100 feet of hose, same nozzle, and a stream was thrown 143 feet. Then two lines of 200 feet each was taken from two hydrants, same size nozzles, and two streams were thrown 125 feet, when the two streams were on the pressure was reduced to 75 lbs. The firemen are well pleased with the pressure and streams.

The Provincial Sabbath School Convention.

The eighteenth annual provincial convention of the Sabbath school association of Canada promises to be a time of special help to Sabbath school teachers. The convention will be organized at Cobourg on Tuesday, Oct. 23, at 2.30 p.m., continuing in session until the close of Thursday 25th. The programme has been largely distributed, embracing the names of Principal Nelles, Professors MacVicar of McMaster Hall and Burwash of Victoria college, Rev. Messrs. Parsons, Vanwyck and Burnfield, with Hon. S. H. Blake and other workers in this department of christian effort.

For the New York Show.

The great horse show at Madison square gardens, New York, commences next Monday and is to last through the week. Several entries of Canadian horses have been made, and a party from Toronto comprising Messrs John Leys, barrister, Chas. Brown, Frank Eccles, Wm. Christie, Robt. Davis and several others who were judges at the late show here, leave on Monday via the Lehigh Valley short line and Suspension bridge for a visit to this equine treat. Messrs. Williams and Hendrie of Hamilton leave on Tuesday with their party. There will also be a party from London.

Close of the Civil Assizes.

The civil assize court closed its session yesterday. The case of Kerr v. Briggs was argued at length. This was an action brought by J. K. Kerr, to compel the defendant to carry out an alleged agreement to purchase some real estate on Lisgar street from him. The defence claimed that no such agreement had been made. Justice Galt gave a verdict for defendant. In the case of Sorley v. Toronto brewing and malting company an agreement was arrived at in court, judgment being given for plaintiff by consent for $450.

A Rare Musical Treat.

Efforts are being made to induce the New York Philharmonic club to give one concert in this city on its way from Chicago to Boston. The club is one of the best on this continent and comprises such artists as Emil Gramm, violin player and Eugene Weiner, flutist. We should certainly have this company here if possible.

Important to Gentlemen.

Gentlemen requiring winter clothing either ready-made or to order, will do well to visit the handsomely fitted up and fashionable clothing and gentlemen's outfitting establishment of Petley & Petley, as they are in a position to supply their patrons with reliable goods at very close prices.

ENCOURAGE IT BY ALL MEANS.

In another column is the prospectus of the Canada Southern Steamboat company, organized for the purpose of putting on a first class iron steamer between Toronto and Niagara. The enterprise should receive the hearty support of our citizens—in fact the control of the stock should be in their hands. Toronto has many sources from which to draw her substance, but none is of greater account than the city as a summer and pleasure resort. We may make it ever so attractive: have fairs, regattas, reviews, semi-centennial celebrations, and demonstrations of every kind; lay out parks and fine boulevards, have splendid hotels and magnificent places of amusement and instruction; have an island and a zoo, a racetrack and an exhibition park; but if we do not have attractive and first-class means of reaching the city half will be lost. We want to make Toronto an important point and a regular part of the pilgrimage to the Falls—have palatial steamers (after the manner of the celebrated Sound steamers between New York and Boston) plying between here and Niagara, and drawing tourists to the city from all points to the south of us. Once have Toronto as a point of interest in the tour of the Falls and we will have thousands of new faces in our city every summer. From the presence of these every citizen will derive a benefit, and therefore every citizen, especially the business community, has a direct interest in the new concern and ought to help forward it by subscribing for whatever portion of the stock he is able to carry. There is no doubt that the dividends of such a company ought to be a handsome and direct return for the investment let alone the immense indirect benefits.

University College Notes.

The statement of the Varsity management shows a balance on hand of over $400.

The regular meeting of the Modern language club will be held in its rooms Tuesday evening, Oct. 23.

A meeting of the undergraduates will be held Monday next at Moss hall to discuss the advisability of forming a University temperance league.

Recruit drill for K. company, Q. O. R., takes place on the lawn, Monday, Wednesday and Friday afternoons at 4 o'clock.

The Rugby practice days are Monday, Wednesday and Friday; Association on Tuesday and Thursday.

The elections for vacant offices in the Glee club will take place on Wednesday. Oct. 24.

The Old Story of Coal Gas.

Michael O'Brien, an employee of the waterworks, did not put in an appearance at the department Wednesday morning. A messenger was sent to his house at 35 Tate street, but no one responded to his repeated raps. Becoming alarmed he burst in the door and found Mr. O'Brien insensible on the floor of his bedroom, and his mother and mother-in-law and wife in the same condition in another apartment. The windows were specdily opened and a doctor called in, who, after an hour's work, succeeded in resuscitating the family. They had been rendered unconscious by gas escaping from a self feeding coal stove which was lighted the night before.

Leg Broken.

Thomas Hassard, who lives at 246 Little Richmond street, yesterday met with an accident at Chatsworth, on the Toronto, Grey & Bruce railway, by which he was very severely injured, his leg being broken and his body badly bruised. He was brought down to the city last night, when Dr. John Kennedy, Grand Trunk surgeon, set the limb and dressed the wounds. It will be some time before Hassard will be around.

The Great Ten Cent Show.

The Adelaide street rink was crowded at both performances yesterday. In the evening the thing was very large. There is no discount on it—the performance at the rink is the finest on earth for the money. Everyone who attends says so, and what everyone says must be true. Next week the Zulus and Mareionettes will be added, making a very attractive list.

Good Enough, Tommy.

From the Telegraph Herald.

A good many of the quondam admirers of Mr. D. B. Chisholm of Hamilton are now of the opinion that his initials are highly appropriate.

Thank You, Mr. Davin.

From the Regina Leader.

The Toronto World, an independent paper and one of the ablest in Canada.

THE SAINTS IN DANGER.

From the St. Catharines News.

Everything is quiet about the police office; but the streets are infested by vagrant cattle.

UNSEASONABLE HATS.

John J. Macdonold the distinguished contractor was in town yesterday walking with his partner John Shields and wearing a white billy-cock hat, considerably battered and very unseasonable. When he comes out of the woods John J. should put up a new hat.

Almost after him in the busy procession of King street came Colonel Mulligan under a white helmet, like those worn by the N. W. police and bearing an imposing fur coat on his arm. The gallant colonel should avoid an incongruity of such accentuated proportions.

THE SEWER-DIGGEL'S REPLY.

Old man, for whom diggest thou this grave?
I asked as I walked along,
For I saw in midst of King
A dark and busy throng.

'Twas a strange wild deed
And a wilder wish
Of the parted soul to be
Amidst a number of living men
Who would pass him idly by.

But I said, old man!
For whom diggest thou this grave
In the heart of King street down,
And the digger replied in accents deep,
"We're putting a new sewer down."

PUT ON YOUR OVERCOAT.

TORONTO, Oct. 19, 1 a.m.—*Lakes: Strong winds and gales gradually shifting to the west and north; cloudy to fair warm weather to-day with local showers followed by considerable colder weather tonight or to-morrow.*