[From THE DAILY COLONIST, Jan. 13.]

SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

SHIPPING FOR THE YEAR OF '96.

Shipping during the month of December and the year of 1896 is thus reviewed by Messrs. R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd., in their monthly statement: "The year which is now closing has shown a steady improvement in business generally, although it is true that in exports the record is not so favorable. Shipments of coal have continued to fall off, while the catch of sealskins has proved disappointing and the prices realized unsatisfactory. Against these, however, have to be placed a very successful salmon season and increased shipments of lumber. Although perhaps apart from the design of the circular, we may be permitted to call attention to the remarkable progress made during the year in developing our mining industry. The most marked advance had been made in Kootenay, but other sections of the province have not been slow to follow, and the result has been such as not only to surpass the most sanguine expectations at home, but to lead to a very lively interest abroad. The future of the industry seems now assured, and the promise of British Columbia as a field for profitable investment is becoming better recognized every day. There is not much to say of the freight market, which, as regards grain vessels, is demoralized. There is a large fleet in San Francisco disengaged, but no business is possible, as owners will not entertain the rates offered. Lumber freights are comparatively steady, but are adversely affected by free offerings of vessels that have lately arrived on the coast seeking.

RESUMES SERVICE.

Last evening the Pacific Coast steamship Umatilla made her first appearance in port since early in November last, when, meeting with an accident on the Sound, she went south for repairs. These have been in progress until less than a week ago, and the changes made in the interval have been many and costly. Not alone has practically a new bottom been put on the ship, necessitated through the accident, but her almost entire internal arrangements have been improved. A new electrical plant flashes light to every quarter of the ship, and the machinery has been all overhauled and now runs very smoothly. The crew, with the exception of Captain Hunter, who will rejoin the steamer at Seattle, relieving Captain Thomas, stayed by the vessel while laid up, and there was not a corner of the ship requiring a renovation that did not receive it. On the way to Victoria, the Umatilla experienced the best of weather and reports having sighted no sealers or seals. She brought 50 odd tons of freight for Victoria and a fair number of passengers. The Mexico, which was running in the Umatilla's place, is preparing in San Francisco for continued service and may run south.

THE AUSTRALIAN LINER OUT.

Having adopted the new rule of calling at Comox for coal, the Canadian-Australian liner Miowera got in from Vancouver on Sunday at midnight and sailed en route to Sydney, N.S.W., at 6 o'clock yesterday morning. She carries a full cargo, including nearly 80 tons of salmon, flour and hops from Saanich. Her passengers who embarked here were William Carter, wife and son, who are going to Honolulu; H. E. Kelsay, of Seattle, who is also going to Honolulu: J. Seigohn, for Sydney; Alex. Graham, of San Francisco, who is bound to Suva; and Mrs. C. James and W. H. Watts, who are going to Sydney.

SALVATION ARMY.

(From the New York Times.)

Officers in the Salvation Army are expecting to see important results during 1897. A great deal of new work has been scheduled for the year. Ideas which have never been tried in this country will be put in force. Some of them will be extremely novel, and the officers feel that they will accomplish a vast amount of good.

The most important news in connection with the army is that Gen. William Booth, the head of the army, is coming from London in the fall, perhaps in September, to give two months of his time to the work in America.

The greatest of all the projects to be undertaken during the year will be the unification of the Salvation Army and the American Volunteers. On this subject Major W. W. Winchell has expressed himself freely and hopefully.

"Do you believe the Salvation Army and the Volunteers will ever be united?" he was asked.

"I do, indeed!" he exclaimed. "And it may not be so very far off. If Ballington Booth would consent to see his father, the trouble between them would soon be dissipated. It they meet when General Booth comes, I am confident the organizations will be amalgamated. That is the natural and proper thing, and things are really tending toward that end, although the public can see no evidence of the tendency just now."

Major Winchell was a favorite officer under Ballington Booth in the old days. He was married by Mrs. Booth five years ago, his being the first marriage ceremony she ever performed. While he is one of the loyal and active men in the Salvation Army, he corresponds with Ballington Booth and his wife, and in a letter to them yesterday he told them he believed that God was pointing the way to a union of the two organizations.

Work will be started on an extensive scale in a hundred new cities by the Salvation Army next month. The cause is going to be pushed as it never has been before. Much of the new work will be special. Major Winchell will go to California in a week or two to organize the social work there. Two farms and some buildings for hospital purposes have been presented to the army there, and he will devote his energies largely to the sick and the unemployed. The Salvation Army people call such work their social work.

In New York the salvage work is new. It is to assist the unemployed. The army has the city marked out by streets or wards, and to men who are willing to earn a living will be furnished pushcarts and they will be sent from house to house collecting old garments, bottles and such things. Citizens will be canvassed to some extent and urged to assist by giving waste articles to the men. The cartmen will bring the goods they gather to headquarters, and will be paid in cash to the full value of what they have secured. Fair wages can be earned in this way by a great many persons.

A salvage brigade is to be organized at once in all the large cities. This involves a great deal of hard work, but the officers who have seen the plan carried to perfection in London and other European cities say that the results are immediate and gratifying.

MADAME LAIRD's concert at Institute hall, announced originally for the evening of December 15, is to take place on the 28th instant. All tickets sold for the earlier date will be good for this one.

THE OLD TROUBLE REPEATED.

It seems, from the news brought from the West Coast by the C.P.N. steamer Tees yesterday, that sealing captains now on the coast hunting for crews are going to have this season what they have had in other seasons for several years past—trouble in dealing with the natives. One or two captains have engaged their hunters at $4 a skin, and herein comes all the old difficulty, those not having shipped being determined on accepting nothing less, while the sealing men in general looking forward to the profits of their expeditions, think the figure beyond their reach. The Tees, which had been to Quatsino, met on the trip the Alnoka in Hesquiot; the Sapphire and Triumph in Clayoquot, and a fourth schooner at her destination port. She reports big floods in the San Juan valley this winter. Near the mouth of the river, passing through the valley, there became a jam of logs obstructing the natural flow of the river, and as a result the lands adjoining were flooded. Mr. Marion, whose property suffered most, lost heavily through the flood, and assistance having been applied for in his case, he and his family were sent to Victoria on the Tees. Notwithstanding this, however, the steamer brought considerable freight from the San Juan valley, consisting mainly of produce. The Tees brings word of a very narrow escape from drowning which Rev. Father Enleman, Constable and Mrs. Seeley and a sister of the last mentioned had on the 26th of last month. They were upset from a boat and were in the water nearly half an hour before righting themselves. Through the mishap three guns and several other articles were lost. The Tees' passengers were: Captain McLeod, Captain McGrath, A. Soper and wife, Thomas Hooper, C. R. McDougal, Frank Adams, Captain Foley, Captain Cox, Captain Gosse, M. Fitzgerald and party, J. J. Baird, Mrs. Marion and family.

THE CITY.

THE funeral of the late Mrs. R. B. Esnouf took place from the residence, No. 90 Fort street, on Sunday afternoon, and later from Christ Church cathedral.

THE Behring Sea Claims Commission got through a good deal of work yesterday, practically finishing up the cases of the Alfred Adams and the Kate. The Triumph claim comes up this morning.

IT is unofficially announced that there will be no change in the office of appraiser at this port for the present at least, the suspension of Captain Shears being removed and he continuing to discharge the duties of the position.

ON Saturday evening about 9 o'clock, while the wife of Officer Alexander Smith, who is at present in the hospital, was visiting her husband, the house was entered by burglars and a number of articles carried away, including a lady's cloak. The burglars had other things packed ready to carry, but made off, having evidently been disturbed.

THE Trades and Labor Council last night decided to ask the incoming city council to give their printing to offices at which at least one journeyman was employed. Candidates for the city council are to be asked whether they favor day or contract work, and on election day, by permission of the Mayor, petitions will be circulated near the polling booths for signature, favoring the raising of the Chinese poll tax to $500.

REV. DR. LUCAS, who is now delivering his second course of lectures in the city this winter, preached to large congregations on Sunday, speaking in the Victoria West Methodist church in the morning and in the Centennial church in the evening. Last evening he lectured in the Presbyterian church, Victoria West, and to-morrow evening he announces for his subject for a lecture in the Centennial church, "The Philosophy of Wit and Humor."

MR. EDWARD WILSON, of Cape Mudge, has left for home, having received the assurance from the provincial authorities that they will give the trouble among the Indians in the Salmon River district, referred to in Sunday's COLONIST, their immediate attention. The Indian arrested will, it is understood, be released unless the offence is more serious than is now supposed, and an officer from here will be sent to inquire into the whole trouble.

MR. J. A. RUDDICK, superintendent of the Kingston Dairy school, has been doing British Columbia a friendly turn, by directing attention to her opportunities as a dairy country in an article entitled "Co-operative Dairying in British Columbia," published in Farming. The article contains illustrations of the Cowichan dairy, A. C. Wells & Sons' model dairy barn, at Chilliwack, and a field of corn, giving an idea of British Columbia's fertile soil. Mr. Ruddick was in charge of the travelling dairy which was sent to British Columbia by the Dominion Dairy Commissioner's department last year and the year before, and it is very largely due to his efficient work that the farmers have since manifested a greater interest in dairying.

THE local Council of Women held a brief meeting at the city hall yesterday afternoon, adjourning almost immediately to listen to the addresses of aspiring candidates for election to the council or school board. Before dispersing it was suggested that the ladies' association endorse, besides that of the regular nominee Mrs. Jenkins, the candidature of two of the gentlemen seeking election as school trustees—a complete ticket being obtained. The consensus of opinion appeared to be, however, that the council had gone far enough in emphasising their belief in the principle that the school board should be composed of both ladies and gentlemen, and the choice of trustees from among the gentlemen was left to the discretion of the electors without endorsation or suggestion from the Woman's Council.

The Best Way To Cure

Disease is to establish health. Pure, rich blood means good health. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the One True Blood Purifier. It tones up the whole system, gives appetite and strength and causes weakness, nervousness and pain to disappear. No other medicine has such a record of wonderful cures as Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, prevent constipation. 25c.

QUEBEC, Jan. 11.—At a convention of Irish Liberals held on Saturday night, Ald. E. Reynolds was nominated as Liberal candidate for Quebec West at the next election.

THEIR LAST MEETING.

The Council of 1896 Close Their Career With a Little Acrimonious Debate.

A "Nigger In the Woodpile" Discovered by Alderman Partridge.

The last regular meeting of the aldermanic board of 1896 stands out in sharp distinction from the final sessions of the councils of former years, these farewell gatherings having in the past partaken largely of the character of mutual admiration societies. And it is quite possible that last night's meeting would have been of the old time order had not Ald. Wilson and a little "question of privilege" address put to flight any brotherly love speeches which other members might have had in mind when his worship the mayor seated himself in his throne. Ald. Marchant, not being a candidate for re-election, would undoubtedly have had something to say on taking leave of his seat at the board had it not been for Ald. Wilson's challenge; and Ald. Humphrey might also have voiced some pleasant reflections on the associations of the last official year had he not forgotten them all in listening to his right hand neighbor from the South Ward.

The question of privilege was presented by Ald. Wilson just as soon as the minutes of the previous meeting had been formally taken as read. He regretted to have to do it, he said, especially at the last meeting of the board when the spirit of peace and harmony should pervade all the council's deliberations. It was a duty he had to perform, however, and he therefore alluded with regret to the action of two members of the board who at a recent board of health meeting, at which he had not been present, had taken advantage of the occasion to attack himself and the firm of which he was a member in relation to their not having seen fit as yet to connect their premises with the general sewerage system of the city. The proper place for such an attack was, he maintained, the open council, where he might defend himself. He had given his reasons for not making the connections in question, to one member of the sewerage committee, and he wished to record his disapproval of this 'Dago-like' method of attacking a man behind his back, which seemed so natural and convenient to some members of the council.

"Names! names!!" said Ald. Partridge, rising.

"A point of order," interposed Ald. Glover. "I object to such language being used at the council board. I object particularly to the expression 'Dago-like'—I don't know what it means exactly, but I object to it anyway. 'Dago' isn't generally regarded as a complimentary name."

"I am afraid I cannot enlighten you," remarked the Mayor, with a bland smile. Then he added: "But perhaps Ald. Wilson will tell us what is meant by 'Dago-like'?"

"Well, as I understand, your worship," that alderman continued, "there are some people in this world whose favorite method of attack is to get behind an opponent and run a stiletto into him—"

"Ah! Stiletto—You must mean Italian," interjected the Mayor, with the satisfied air of one who has solved a perplexing problem.

"Just so," assented Ald. Wilson. Then he continued, without mentioning names, to plainly indicate Ald. Humphrey and Marchant, each of whom promptly recorded an indignant denial.

"Ald. Wilson has evidently been misinformed as to my position in this matter," said Ald. Humphrey. "I can tell him plainly no action of mine has called for such language as he has seen fit to make use of."

ALD. MARCHANT's remarks were also conciliatory. Ald. Wilson might have been misinformed, or something he might have said in jest might have been misconstrued. In this event he could not but express regret.

And so the matter ended, the Mayor sharply anticipating further discussion by calling for the communications of the week.

The first of these was from A. J. Dallain, who complained that the road between the two lakes at Beacon Hill park had been left in a dangerous condition since the pipe connecting the lakes had been placed in position. He himself had struck the unlooked for obstruction while enjoying a bicycle spin, and had it not been for the Brooks spring seat post on his mount would undoubtedly have had a bad fall. The letter went to the city engineer, he being given power to act immediately.

William Smith, a resident and a ratepayer, complained that unjust discrimination was being made against the deserving and needy married men of the city in the allotment of street work.

ALD. PARTRIDGE moved that this be received and filed, with the observation that corporation work could not be provided for everyone. At the same time he wished to bring to the attention of the board a subject which he held to be deserving of inquiry. He had lately been twitted with having profited by the improvement works at Elk lake in a somewhat peculiar manner. It was said that when the land there was cleared, the timber instead of being burned in the usual manner had been cut up into cordwood lengths at the cost of the corporation and sent to the city. Some of the aldermen were said to have got this wood, and he had for one been so charged. He had denied this emphatically at the time, and he again denied it at the council board. At the same time he wished to ask the Mayor if he had any knowledge of the transaction.

"I certainly have not," replied His Worship. "As a matter of fact this is the first I have heard of it."

ALD. PARTRIDGE firmly believed there was a substantial foundation for the story, and closed by expressing a determination to ferret the matter to the bottom.

"Is this the first you heard of that story," inquired Ald. Glover, "why that was old news a month ago."

ALD. HUMPHREY treated the report as "too silly altogether to make inquiry into."

"I'm afraid you won't find it silly when I get through with it, as far as you are concerned," was Ald. Partridge's rejoinder and his parting shot.

ALD. CAMERON disapproved of the introduction of this side issue in connection with the business in hand. He moved the reference of the communication to the city engineer for report, at the same time commenting that there seemed to be a grave difficulty in the matter complained of. A number of steady, reliable men were very "hard-up" at present, and believed themselves discriminated against. In the allotment of corporation work he maintained that, all other things being equal, married men with families should have the preference.

ALD. GLOVER instanced another somewhat similar case of complaint, and

ALD. MACMILLAN explained that the street committee had not during the year interfered with the street superintendent in the selection or discharge of his men, although some young men were employed who not only had no one depending upon them, but were not capable workmen. He had spoken to the street superintendent once on the subject, and had received the information from that official that he "would do as he damn pleased." After that he had left the street superintendent alone, and if anyone was to blame it was therefore the street superintendent.

The resolution as presented by Ald. Cameron was adopted.

A letter from Captain J. D. Warren, complaining of the dangerous condition of Telegraph street, was referred to the streets committee for action, and the order of reports was immediately proceeded with.

Under this head the plumbing and sewerage inspector, George Watson, replied to a recent resolution of the board of health—re sewer connections—as follows:

"At present there are 215 connections yet to be made with sewers already laid. Since taking office on the 13th of April, 1896, I have issued 125 notices to property owners to connect, besides 12 letters. I have also notified 132 property owners a second time, the notice being signed by the city solicitor. The reasons these connections are not made I am not in a position to state.

"When I reported for duty on the 13th April I was placed by the Mayor under the direction of the city engineer, from whom I have since taken all my instructions. My orders from him were not to force connections unless a nuisance existed on the premises, nor where the property owners were not in a position financially to go on with the work.

"Some time ago I went to the city solicitor for information as to the forcing of sewer connections, and was told that I should consult the mayor before summoning anyone. I then took a list of those who had been notified a second time to the mayor, with the letters of explanation from property owners. Since that time I have had no reply from his worship.

"Following is a summary of connections for 1896: Yet to be made at 13th April, 200; connections made, 1st January to 12th April, 15; connections made, 13th April to 31st December, 121."

The report was tabled for consideration at the adjourned meeting of the board of health.

The electric light committee reported that they could not grant the petition of James McCorkall and others for an electric light at Sayward avenue and North road, the circuit being already overtaxed; the fire wardens reported having granted Foreman McHenry a two months' vacation; the printing committee reported on their work of condensing the annual reports, advising the issue of two hundred and fifty copies; and the streets committee advised a report from the city engineer as to the cost of a crossing on Government street between Yates and Johnson—as well as recommending the laying of a box drain on Lansdowne road. All these reports were adopted without debate, while reports from the city engineer, city treasurer and water commissioner were referred to the printing committee unread.

The last business of the evening was in the form of a unanimously adopted resolution presented by Ald. Williams and Macmillan, as follows:

"That whereas Mr. W. K. Bull has acted as returning officer at municipal elections in this city for the past twenty years and has always fulfilled his duties in connection with that position in a thoroughly capable and satisfactory manner; therefore be it resolved that this council upon his retirement, desires to place on record its appreciation of the valuable services he has rendered the city as returning officer for so long a time."

ALD. WILLIAMS, in passing, briefly eulogized Mr. Bull for his fidelity and attention to the city's interests during many successive years, and Ald. Marchant followed in similar vein, expressing hearty appreciation of Mr. Bull's long and faithful services. Incidentally he remarked that not a single mayor or alderman whom Mr. Bull had declared elected had died during his term of office—this was a record that probably no other returning officer in America could parallel.

THE LATE HENRY LAWSON.

The representative gathering at the funeral of the late Henry Lawson yesterday showed how general a feeling there was of regret at his demise. Out of respect the public schools closed at 2 o'clock to allow the teachers to attend the funeral of the man who in his lifetime had taken such an interest in educational matters and had in his writings done what he could for the cause of true education. The employes of the COLONIST honored the memory of him who had so long filled the editorial chair of the newspaper, by attending in a body, and sent as a mark of their sympathy with the family a wreath to place upon the coffin.

At the house the impressive funeral ceremony of the Church of England was conducted by Venerable Archdeacon Scriven, assisted by Rev. W. Leslie Clay, and then the procession was formed and proceeded to the cemetery, the COLONIST employes walking ahead of the hearse. The pall-bearers were: Hon. J. H. Turner, premier of the province; Messrs. Thomas Earle, M.P., W. H. Ellis, William Templeman, James Paterson, A. L. Belyea, D. J. Munn, Dr. Crompton, R. E. Gosnell and J. B. McKilligan. At the grave side Ven Archdeacon Scriven and Rev. W. Leslie Clay read the prayers for the dead, the pall-bearers lowered the coffin into the grave and all was over.

NOMINATION DAY.

Returning Officer Northcott Announces the Candidates for the Coming Civic Elections.

The Heaviest Fight of the Contest Will Be In the North Ward.

Nominations of candidates for the civic elections were made yesterday and now the public know just what choice they have for Mayor, aldermen and school trustees. There will be contests in each of the wards, the North ward having the largest number of candidates.

At 2 o'clock yesterday Mr. W. W. Northcott declared the nominations closed and read the names to a fairly large gathering of electors, who were in attendance at the city hall police court chambers. As usual calls for speeches were made, and the afternoon was spent in hearing what candidates had to say for themselves. The nominations were:

MAYOR.

Hon. Robert Beaven, proposed by J. H. Todd, seconded by Hugh J. McDonald.

Charles Edward Redfern, proposed by R. P. Rithet, seconded by W. J. Pendray.

NORTH WARD.

David Hardy Riddell, sawyer, proposed by P. A. Babbington and F. Gilchrist.

Alexander G. McCandless, merchant, proposed by L. Goodacre and W. McKittrick.

John Kinsman, contractor, proposed by J. Stuart Yates and Robert Hicks.

John Macmillan, pattern maker, proposed by A. B. Gregg and Dr. Lewis Hall.

Moses McGregor, contractor, proposed by Hon. J. H. Turner and J. Stuart Yates.

William J. Dwyer, merchant, proposed by J. A. Clearihue and M. Baker.

CENTRE WARD.

John Partridge, merchant, proposed by Dr. T. J. Jones and L. Goodacre.

Louis Vigelius, hair dresser, proposed by L. Goodacre and John Teamen.

William Humphrey, merchant, proposed by John B. Lovell and A. G. McCandless.

Alexander Stewart, contractor, proposed by John Piercy and Simon Leiser.

SOUTH WARD.

John Hall, gentleman, proposed by P. R. Brown and B. S. Oddy.

James Bolton Harrison, contractor, proposed by R. P. Rithet and Thomas Earle.

John Gerhard Tiarks, architect, proposed by R. P. Rithet and H. Dallas Helmcken.

William Wilson, plumber, proposed by C. A. Holland and P. R. Brown.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

Dr. Lewis Hall, dentist, proposed by William Templeman and H. D. Helmcken.

Margaret Jenkins, proposed by Thos. Earle and G. L. Milne.

Richard L. Drury, insurance manager, proposed by J. Hutcheson and Dr. T. J. Jones.

Charles Hayward, undertaker, proposed by Joseph Loewen and H. A. Munn.

Edward A. Lewis, painter, proposed by A. E. Erskine and H. G. Waterson.

William McKay, stone-cutter, proposed by William Humphrey and J. W. Speed.

WILL BE MET AT SEA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 11.—A change has been made in the arrangements for the arrest of Frank Butler, the Australian murderer, and the warrant issued by Judge Carroll has been withdrawn. That was a precaution taken by Chief of Police Crowley at the request of the Australian detectives; but on Saturday the chief learned that the British consul had anticipated him by going before United States District Judge Morrow on January 4 and securing a warrant for Butler's arrest. That changed the complexion of affairs. Chief Crowley was at first inclined to withdraw from the case, but a conference was arranged between him and United States Marshal Baldwin, by which it was agreed that Chief Crowley should assume responsibility for the arrest of Butler. To that end Sergeant of Police Bonner was made a deputy United States marshal for the purpose of serving the warrant.

Saturday afternoon Chief Crowley completed the details of the proposed capture. Police headquarters will be notified the moment the Swanhilda is sighted, and a squad of detectives and police under the command of Sergeant Bonner will at once put out to her in the revenue cutter Corwin, which has been placed at the disposal of the department. The quarantine officers will also co-operate with the Corwin.

A. T. Galt, owner of the Lethbridge, Alta., collieries and railway, Miss Galt and F. Hamilton Newburn, M.D., who have been spending several days in Victoria, left for home this morning.

CATARRH

Mrs. Dobell, of London, Ont., Cured for 25 Cents

Doctors Could Help, but Couldn't Cure—Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure Released the Prisoner, and To-day She is as Well as Ever—She Says it is a Great Remedy

"Yes, I am Mrs. Dobell," said a comely, pleasant-faced woman at her home on Horton street to a News reporter to-day, "and I will very gladly tell you what you want to know. About three years ago my husband was very ill, and I had frequently occasion to rise in the night and go for a doctor or to the druggist. In my hurry I often neglected to properly clothe myself, and contracted several heavy colds, which turned at last to chronic catarrh. I tried doctors, who helped me, but did not cure me, and several special catarrh medicines. I was relieved but not cured. I was suffering intolerably when Mr. Shuff recommended me to try **CHASE'S CATARRH CURE**, and it began at once to help, and in about two months had entirely cured me. I cannot speak too highly of this remarkable medicine, and cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers from catarrh." The blower included is a great help to sufferers.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Our Christmas Prices.

35 PER CENT OFF FORMER RATES.

2-oz. Solid Silver Cased Waltham or Elgin Watches	$ 7.00
3-oz. Solid Silver Cased Waltham Watches	$10.00
3.oz. Solid Silver Cased P. S. Bartlett, 15 jewels	$12.50
-oz. Solid Silver Cased P. S. Bartlett, fine nickel movement	$15.00
3-oz. Solid Silver Cased Appleton, Tracy & Co.	$16.50
3-oz. Solid Silver Cased Crescent St., 17 jewels	$27.50
3-oz. Solid Silver Cased Elgin Watch Co., 17 jewels	$22.00

All stem-wind. The three last named are adjusted to climate and position, and warranted 20 years.

TO BRITISH COLUMBIANS.

r customers will see that prices with us are a clear come-down of 25 to 30 per cent. Any of the above goods will be sent on approval to would-be purchasers.

Gold Chains, Pins, Brooches, Rings, Diamonds, Rubys, Emeralds, Sapphires, Opals, Pearls, Settings.

Ladies' Solid Gold, 14-karat, Waltham or Elgin Watches, from	$25.00
Ladies' Gold Filled, with jewelled Waltham or Elgin Movements, from	$10.00

S. A. Stoddart

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER,

68 Yates St. - - - Victoria, B.C.

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DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

Vice Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was libellously untrue, and he regretted to say that it had been sworn to.—Times, July 13, 1864.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE IS THE BEST AND MOST CERTAIN REMEDY IN COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, &c.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is prescribed by scores of orthodox practitioners. Of course it would not be thus singularly popular did it not "supply a want and fill a place."—Medical Times, January 12, 1866.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a certain cure for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colics, &c.

CAUTION—None genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Lea: Russell street, London. Sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d. seo y

WHAT BETTER CAN YOU DRINK THAN

JOHN JAMESON

& SONS' (DUBLIN)

"OWN CASED" Very Old

BLACK BOTTLE

WHISKY.

Please see you get it with

Metal Capsules	BLUE	One Star
	PINK	Two Star
	GOLD	Three Star

OF ALL DEALERS.

Sole Export Bottling Agents to J. J. & S.—

C. DAY & CO., LONDON

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STATE ORE Established 1880. P. S. BAILY, Prest. JOS. MONNING, Sec. **Sampling Works.**

A general Ore Market. Largest Works in Colorado. Modern Mills and Machinery at Denver, Idaho Springs and Black Hawk. Ore Sold on Competitive Bids. Write for our reference book. Address STATE ORE SAMPLING CO., Denver, Colo. Gold bullion bought.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the Fruit Growers' Association of B.C., will be held in Victoria on Friday, the 29th day of January, 1897, at 11 o'clock a.m.

T. G. EARL, President.

ja6-d-w A. H. B. MACGOWAN, Secretary.

FOR CATARRH,

Colds, Sores and Burns.

Pure Eucalyptus Oil..... 35c. / *Eucalyptus Salve..... 15c.* Post Free.

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SAW THE SEA SE

Two Gentlemen of Establis bility Interview the F Monster.

The Natural History So Carefully Investigate Narration.

At the meeting of the Natu Society last evening, no pape but a number of subjects of the society were discussed. interesting topic under co was the well-worn one of th pent. In this instance dence was of an authe acter, and impressed the as worthy at all events of bei weighed and of further in Mr. Ferguson, at present i who, with Mr. Walker, wa pecting trip in Queen Charl saw the animal with his ow June of 1895 these two were waters adjacent when it w a distance of 200 yard toward them. It presented peculiar appearance, which tracted their attention an their curiosity. A portion in an oval shape appeared water, but when within a the boat the body was s and the head, which was sm pent-like, and neck, were r five feet out of the water and sition passed by. Immediate former position was assum that way the creature pas sight.

Mr. Ferguson, who by present at the meeting las lated circumstantially the d strange meeting and describe the general appearance. Alt the head was raised the peared to look at them they its eyes; its body was pert and a half in diameter at point; its tail resembled tha fish and moved vertically in ting fashion; and in length was fully 25 feet, if It was dark in colo ently scaleless and had a co Mr. Ferguson made a pencil it in his note book at the tim exhibited last evening, and a notes he had taken.

He and his partner, Mr. well known, and there cumstance in connection narrative or no consideration sonal character which wo way tend to discredit ments. They had not made covery publicly known he reasons that would actuate good judgment at the pres sea serpent "yarns" are with a distrust not a tering to those who gate them. However, se bers of the Natural Hist had privately heard of these experience and took the op inviting Mr. Ferguson, who city, to attend the meeting, a good deal of persuasion do.

Needless to say, Mr. statement elicited a good de sion, and the fact was brou the Indians had many stori the existence of a sea ser locality. The matter will consideration.

A CHEERING T

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All the combined powers of stem the tide of truth that sw Canada of ours in regard to t life-giving virtues of Paine's pound. Thousands of the be up the sensible, plain and statements about Paine's Cele published from time to time thousands send such convinc testimony that the most hard are forced to admit that they on the rock of truth and hone

The following letter from M Gruer, Dixon's Corners, Ont., though your case may be d death very nigh, and thoug and other medicines prove your relief, that Paine's Cele will do more for you than y realize or hope for. Mr. McG

"Some time ago my condit was alarming, and I suffered was laid up three days out o and I often said to my friend be better, if it was the Lord should be called away. Thre doctors attended me, but cou me in any way. It was then to use Paine's Celery Com brought relief at once. A great remedy I find myself a feel just as bright as a b years. I think it is the gre in the world, and would s mend it to all who suffer.

CASTO

For Infants and C

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Flet