

Bishop Feild College

WILL RE-OPEN AT 9.30 ON SEPTEMBER 13TH.

STAFF.

Headmaster: R. R. Wood, Esq., B.A. (Hons.), Camb.
Assisted by I. J. Samson, Esq., A.A.; George House, Esq., A.A.; C. E. A. Jeffrey, Esq., A.A.; L. L. Colley, Esq., A.A.; A. LeD. Gardner, Esq., A.A.; Specialist in Science, to be appointed later; Miss Joyner, M.A. (Hons.), St. Andrew's; Jas. Murdoch, Esq., Art Teacher's Certif. and R.D.S. (Manual Training); H. W. Stirling, Esq., A.L.C.M. Music; the Rev. H. L. Pike, D. Divinity.

New pupils can be registered at the Headmaster's Residence (entrance Bond Street) on the 12th, from 10 to 1.

Feild Hall, under the care of the Rev. H. L. Pike, Warden, and Mrs. Frank Colley, Lady Matron, is the home provided for boarders. Applications for admission to the same should be addressed to the Warden at once.

All arrears of fees must be paid before admission. sep.8, eod

Bishop Spencer College!

The Directors of the C. of E. College announce that Bishop Spencer College will re-open on Wednesday, September 14th, at 9.30 a.m.

The Staff is as follows:—

Principal: Miss A. M. Richards, B.A., Lond., of Sch. of Geog., Camb. Teacher's Certif.

Assisted by Miss Weatherhead, B.A. Teacher's Diploma, Liverpool (English and History); Miss Clarke, Paris and Lausanne (Modern Languages); Miss Reith, N.F.U., Higher Teacher's Certif. (Science); Miss Allen, A.A., Miss Roil, A.A., Miss Hele, C.T., Miss Parie, N.F.U., Teacher's Certif.; Miss Stead, London Univ.; Miss Sharpe, C.T.

Visiting Teachers: Miss Joyner, N. A. Hons., St. Andrew's (Classics); Miss Bremner, Needlework; Miss Kelly, Art; Rev. H. L. Pike, Divinity; Mr. H. W. Stirling, Music; Miss Furneaux at School of Cookery.

The Principal will receive names of new girls, and of boys of eight years and under for the Preparatory Department, on Tuesday morning, September 13th, at the College, between the hours of 11 and 1 o'clock, and on Wednesday morning.

Spencer Lodge will re-open on Tuesday, September 13th.

Miss A. M. Richards will act as Superintendent and Mr. Tessler as Lady-Matron. On the arrival of the "Sachem", Miss Clarke, who has already had experience of this side of the Atlantic at Edgehill and Haverhill, will take charge of the discipline at Spencer Lodge.

As space is limited in the Lodge, intending boarders must apply at once either to Dr. W. W. Blackall, or to Miss A. M. Richards, Spencer Lodge.

All arrears of fees must be paid before admission. sep.8, eod

Youth and Health.

Young people in the first flush of life are apt to pay little attention to their health. This was evidenced during the war when so many young men apparently strong and healthy were found unfit for military duty. It is your paramount duty to take care of your spine so that you may not only enjoy health but will also be in a condition that you can do as much good in the world as possible. A young man who is continually sick or a young woman who complains of ill health all the time should be the exception and not the rule.

On the other hand you may be apparently healthy now and yet your spine may be far from normal. You may have some vertebral subluxation (displacement of the small bones) which will in the future cause you serious trouble. These subluxations cause nerve pressure, thus preventing the vital force from flowing uninterruptedly to the various organs. The result is disease in that organ which is not supplied with its full quota of vital force. The Chiropractor locates the subluxated vertebrae with his bare hands, adjusts it to its normal position. The pressure on the nerve is lifted, the vital force again flows uninterruptedly to the various organs and health is the result.

99 per cent. of the human race have more or less subluxations, some so slight that they are not apparent, except to the competent Chiropractor. Remember, an adjustment in time saves ninety-nine. You will thus ward off serious trouble in the future, will enjoy health and be able to get the best possible out of life.

Dr. W. H. MacPherson,

CHIROPRACTOR, ATLANTIC AVENUE.

Hours: 10 to 12, 2 to 5, 6 to 7.30. sep.8, eod

Forty-Two Years in the Public Service The Evening Telegram.

Irish Question Again Under Discussion.

Inverness Conference May Solve Problem -- Cabinet Committee Will Deal With Situation--Nova Scotia Town Fire Swept--Methodist World Conference Greet King and President.

CONTROVERSY REACHED A CRISIS

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Premier Lloyd George to-day held conversations with members of his Cabinet and civil and military authorities in Ireland relative to the situation which has arisen as a result of the latest note to the British Government from Ramon De Valera, Irish Republican Leader. The Premier met his colleagues at Inverness, near Gallooch, Scotland, where Mr. Lloyd George has been spending a brief vacation. Although the London newspapers continued to-day to counsel patience and forbearance in dealing with the Irish question, there were certain indications, that the Irish controversy had virtually reached a crisis and that to-morrow's meeting of the British Ministry might prove historic. There were many who believed that Mr. De Valera and his colleagues at Dublin would be given a certain limited time in which they could either accept or reject the British Government's offer of Dominion status for Ireland as a basis for settlement of the ancient controversy.

DE VALERA SPEAKS.

DUBLIN, Sept. 6.

On the eve of the meeting of the British Cabinet at Inverness to take action on the Irish problem, Ramon De Valera, Irish Republican Leader, to-day quite unexpectedly issued a statement to the press in which, after repeating Ireland's earnest desire for peace, he declared that peace could never be founded on make believe. "Let us lay aside camouflage and put away hypocrisy," said De Valera. "If England is issuing an ultimatum let it be an ultimatum." War, not peace, would be the outcome of the imposition of British's proposals by force, according to De Valera, who went on to say that Britain had to back in right for a single demand she was making on Ireland, and would not dare to make such demands upon "a power even nearly as strong as herself." Though bitterness is to be observed in the pronouncement it is noted that it does not amount to a rupture of negotiations, nevertheless its issuance at this critical moment is believed more to add to the gravity of the situation.

THE LIMIT MOOTED.

LONDON, Sept. 7.

Lord Birkenhead, Lord High Chancellor, and six other Ministers are travelling seven hundred miles to-night to join the Prime Minister and the rest of the Cabinet, Viscount Fitzalan, Irish Viceroy, and General Sir Nevill Macready, Commander of the troops in Ireland, in what may prove the most critical council meeting concerning the fate of Ireland. There have been rumours of informal discussions tending to the idea that the time had arrived to put an end to the protracted negotiations. Nothing is positively known to this effect, however, but there is good ground to believe that many members of the Cabinet favor placing a time limit on further discussion. It is likely that everything will depend upon the decision of the Prime Minister himself and the general impression is that he will strongly oppose any precipitant breaking of negotiations.

CABINET COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

DUBLIN, Sept. 7.

Word from Inverness that the British Cabinet had appointed a Committee to deal with De Valera's reply lends strength to the optimism in Dublin that negotiations will not be broken. Members of Sinn Fein continue to profess confidence in the ultimate result and declare that they do not expect renewal of warfare.

CABINET COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

INVERNESS, Scotland, Sept. 7.

A decision which may mean peace or war with Ireland was taken by the British Cabinet at an all-important meeting here to-day. The Government's reply to Ramon De Valera, Irish Republican Leader, unanimously approved by Ministers, has been dispatched to Dublin through an intermediary, Robert C. Barton, Sinn Fein courier, who carried Dall Mhuir's message to Lloyd George and who was brought in to the Council Chamber while the Council was in session. The nature of the Government's decision has not been made known, but it is not necessary to await publication of the reply to-morrow to realize that important steps forward have been taken. Directly after the Ministers had reached their decision came the announcement that a Committee consisting of Ministers now in Scotland has been appointed with full powers to deal with the situation the moment Mr. De Valera's further answer arrives. The Committee

comprises the British Prime Minister, Austen Chamberlain, Earl Curzon, Sir Laming Worthington, Winston Spencer Churchill, Edward Shortt, Robert Munro, Lord Birkenhead, Sir Hamar Greenwood and Sir Robert Stevenson Horns. This is taken to mean that the Government has appointed a Committee of Ministers to meet the Irish plenipotentiaries should De Valera be ready to proceed. It is considered too, if in the opinion of the Cabinet a rupture of negotiations was likely to follow to-day's decision, it would hardly be necessary to appoint a Cabinet Committee to deal with the situation. Naturally the possibility that the Cabinet may have decided to impose a time limit for negotiations to start is not precluded. In this connection it is recalled that unofficial intimations have been given from Dublin of names who would likely be appointed as plenipotentiaries, including Arthur Griffiths.

DE VALERA INVITED TO SEND DELEGATES.

LONDON, Sept. 7.

The British Cabinet has invited De Valera to send delegates to a conference with Cabinet Ministers at Inverness on September 20, according to the Daily Mail correspondent who adds, "only one condition is imposed, namely, the understanding that Ireland must remain within the Empire."

PLUNKETT FAVOURS FLEECESITE.

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Considerable importance is attached to the fact that Sir Horace Plunkett has given out for publication an interview in which he emphasizes the need for a plebiscite. Sir Horace represents moderate opinion in Ireland and it is apparent from his statements that moderate like himself are afraid that the extremists of the Dail Eireann may carry matters to a point where rupture in the negotiations will become inevitable. With De Valera and his associates at the helm the Irish ship may be steered on to the rocks. Sir Horace obviously thinks that the passengers are entitled to have a voice in determining the course that shall be taken. The importance of this statement lies in the fact that he has dared to speak up boldly at a moment when Southern Ireland for one reason or other remains mute while De Valera does the talking.

DOESN'T HELP THE SITUATION.

BELFAST, Sept. 6.

Unionists employed by a large concern near the scene of the recent rioting in this city held a meeting last night and were given arms with which to protect themselves if attacked. It was declared that the meeting was a sequel of the speech of Owen O'Duffy, at Armagh, on Sunday, in which Mr. O'Duffy declared the boycott against Ulster would be tightened by the Sinn Fein, and if that was unsuccessful in bringing Ulster into United Ireland "We will bring lead against them." Charles Harvey, wounded during the rioting of last week, died this morning. He was the nineteenth victim of the disorders.

ANGORA FALLEN.

LONDON, Sept. 6.

The fall of Angora, the Turkish nationalist capital, to the Greeks, was reported in a Reuters despatch from Smyrna to-day.

TURKS FORCED FROM NEW POSITION.

Greek General Headquarters in Asia Minor, Sept. 7.—Turkish Nationalist forces have been driven from the new position they occupied on September first but have retired slowly, defending every inch of the ground. Unofficial estimates place the Turkish losses at 12,000 killed and wounded. The Greek losses are unknown but are said to be heavy.

G. L. COMMON OF NO VALUE.

OTTAWA, Sept. 7.

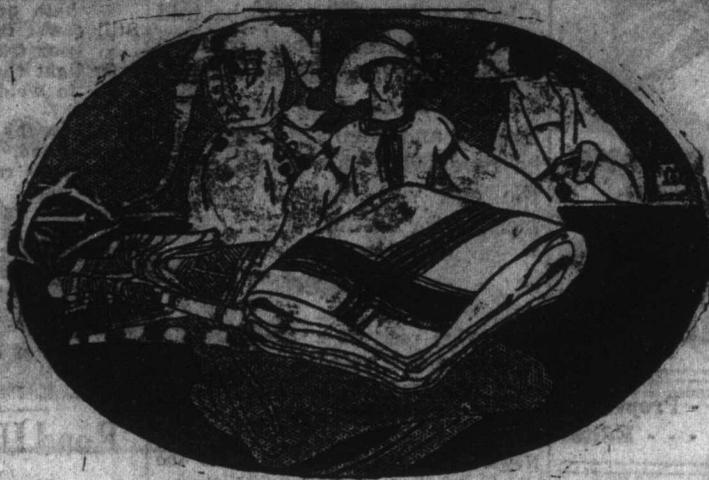
The majority ruling of Grand Trunk Arbitration Board is that the common stock of the Grand Trunk railway system is worth nothing. Hon. W. H. Tait, representative of the company, dissents and presents minority report.

ANNAPOLIS ROYAL FIRE SWEEP.

DIGBY, N.S., Sept. 7.

A conflagration which broke out early this evening at Annapolis Royal, twenty miles from here, wiped out approximately one-third of the town before the desperate fire fighters assisted by heavy fog, were able to bring it under control, according to advices received here. The fire started in a stable of the Queen Hotel in the centre of the business section and rapidly spread throughout several blocks of business buildings and residences. On

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account of the protracted period of drought the town was practically without water and it was not until the flames reached an open space near St. Luke's Church on one side and the fire proof Royal Bank on the other that the fire stopped. A score of business places and numerous fine residences were destroyed with heavy loss.

THE G. T. AWARD.

OTTAWA, Sept. 7.

The award of the Grand Trunk Arbitration Board, made public to-day, is that the common and preference stocks of the Grand Trunk Railway, which have a par value of \$27,672,492 are worth nothing. Sir Walter Cassels, chairman, and Sir Thomas White, Government arbitrator, presented a majority ruling. Hon. W. H. Tait, representing the Grand Trunk, presented a dissenting judgment. The Board was appointed to set a value at which the common and preference stocks should be taken over by the Government. Under the agreement between the Government and the Grand Trunk Railway owners, the company has a right of appeal against the award of the Board of Arbitration and it is expected that an appeal will be lodged either with the Supreme Court of Canada or with the Privy Council. As far as the Government is concerned no further legislation is required to bring the award into effect. Under the agreement the Government assumes interest charges on debenture stocks. The commitments provided for in the agreement are all that will have to be assumed under the majority award. Since a majority of the Board have decided that preference and common stocks have no value, the Government is not required to make any payment therefor.

METHODISTS SEND GREETINGS TO KING AND PRESIDENT.

LONDON, Sept. 7.

Greetings to King George and President Harding, voicing the hope for world peace, were sent to-day by the World Conference of Methodists in session here. In the address to the King the Conference said: "Especially in this World's Conference united with Your Majesty in your earnest desire that the efforts now making for peace and contentment in Ireland meet with early and complete success." Premier Lloyd George sent the following message: "This Conference represents the most remarkable religious movement of the last two centuries. The English speaking race owe a special debt of reverent gratitude to John Wesley, the greatest spiritual leader and religious organizer they ever produced."

PEACE ARCH DEDICATED.

BLAINE, Washington, Sept. 6.

The little border town of Blaine, Washington, and White Rock, B.C., were filled to overflowing to-day with holiday crowds here to witness the

ceremonies in connection with the dedication of the Peace Arch. The Pacific Highway was filled with automobiles, all governing on the little neutral zone created for the occasion which straddles the international boundary for six hundred yards on either side. In the middle of this zone stands the great peace arch which was opened with pomp and ceremony this afternoon to celebrate a century of peace between Canada and the United States.

LUMBER SETTLEMENT DESTROYED.

McGRATH, Minn., Sept. 6.

White Pine, a lumber settlement, eight miles north of here, was destroyed early this afternoon and the inhabitants of Soland Chillage, four miles east of there were forced to flee from the town when a sudden thirty mile wind sprang up and swept the forest fires beyond control of the firemen.

REVOLUTION IN COLUMBIA.

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 6.

A despatch to La Prensa from its correspondent at Quila, Ecuador, to-day quotes a report received there from Bogota, Capital of Columbia, as saying that a revolution has broken out there led by Colombian Liberal elements. The despatch added that the revolutionists had put into jail President Saurez, Bishop Herrera, and the Conservative candidate for the presidency Pedro Espina.

"POTEMARCHE" WINNER OF ST. LEGER STAKES.

LONDON, Sept. 7.

St. Leger Stakes for three year olds run about a mile and three-quarters on the Doncaster Town Moor to-day was won by an outsider, Lord Londonderry's chestnut colt "Potemarche" by "Terarch Pomace," who started at 50 to 1 against, finishing a length and a half ahead of Lord Carnarvon's Franklin 100 to 6, who was three lengths ahead of Lord Cloncy's "Westward Ho." Nine started.

CORK TRANSPORT WORKERS HOIST RED FLAG.

CORK, Sept. 6.

Representatives of the Transport Workers Union this morning took possession of the officers of the Harbour Board, owing to the refusal of the Board to grant the employees "a minimum" wage of seventy shillings a week and the red flag was hoisted from the building at mid-day. The transport men propose to run the business themselves and pay the wage demanded, but are encountering difficulties since the books and records are locked in safes. The majority of the members of the Board are Republicans, as is the strike leader, but the Irish Republican Cabinet's Labor Ministry has been unable to effect a settlement. Residents of Cork are expecting sensational developments and believe the Irish Republican Army may intervene.

BUT LATELY AGREED TO ARBITRATION.

CORK, Sept. 6.

Demonstration on the part of the Transport Workers' Union early to-day against the Harbour Board because of the refusal of the Board to authorize minimum wage for workers, ended as suddenly this evening as it arose by reference of the dispute to an arbitration conference.

EXPRESS AIRPLANE CRASHES—5 KILLED.

PARIS, Sept. 6.

Four passengers were killed outright this evening when the Strasbourg-Paris express airplane crashed while making a landing at Libourget. The pilot of the machine was so badly injured that he died later in hospital.

U.S. RELIEF REACHES RUSSIA.

RIGA, Sept. 7.

The United States steamship Phoenix has taken into Petrograd the first contingent of U.S. food for the starving children of Russia, says a despatch to the Latvian Telegraph Agency from Moscow. The vessel sailed from Hamburg. The American Relief Administration on Monday sent its first train direct to Samaria from Moscow.

REVOLUTION QUELLED.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Sept. 7.

Prompt and energetic action by the Nicaragua Government in sending three thousand well equipped troops to the Honduran frontier has completely quelled the revolutionary uprising there. The revolutionists have captured several small villages but were forced to flee into Honduras when General Cardona of the Honduran Army, had captured five generals, 17 colonels, 36 captains, 45 lieutenants and 1208 soldiers. It is declared that if the revolution had not been promptly suppressed it would eventually have involved several central American republics.

ACTORS SEEK SUPPORT OF LABOR

LONDON, Sept. 7.

Following the appearance this afternoon before the British Trades Union Congress at Cardiff of representatives of the Actors' Association of England, the Congress passed a resolution urging that Labor representatives or local governing bodies give the Actors' Association fullest support in regard to wages question. Spokesmen for the actors had alleged that working conditions in provincial theatres were such as would not be tolerated in any factory or workshop. Congress also passed a resolution favoring legislation for the licensing of all theatricals, cinema, vaudeville, concert and circus managers and agents and the visitation of every place of amusement in the United Kingdom.