

FIRST GUNS

Auspicious Opening of the Great Campaign to Raise Six Million Dollars for the Canad an Patriotic Fund.

Canadian Patriotic Fund are greatly elated over the encouraging outlook for the fund in Ontario in 1917 cwing to the generous action of the County Councils of Simcoe, Victoria and Duf-ferin at the fall sessions recently held. The decision of these Councils marks the real beginning of the campaign, which will reach its climax in January and Ferbuary to raise at least six mil lions in this province in 1917. As this is a million dellars more than was subscribed for 1916, it has been felt by the fund authorities that much of the success of the campaign would depend on the increase of the grants made by the County Councils.

The three counties which have al-

ready acted have done so well and shown so generous an example that the chances of attaining the desired sum are now considered greatly im-

proved.
Simcoe, which in the past has left
the support of the fund largely to the
township and town councils, has decided to make a general levy on the whole county for the purposes of the This implies taxing not only the reral districts, but such important centres as Orillia, Collingwood, Barrie started with a bang!

Ottawa, Dec.—The officers of the Canadian Patriotic Fund are greatly cated over the encouraging outlook for the fund in Ontario in 1917 cwing county councillors by unanimously supporting the grant, have shown not only their appreciation of the fund, but their political courage, for naturally the majority of them will be offer ing for re-election in January and will have to justify their action before their constituents. But more than this the Simcoe councillors expressed the hope that the voluntary grants by in-dividuals and organizations would be centiuned. The county grant represents two and one-half mills on the dollar.

Victoria, a county much smaller in and population, has also excelled itself, and has raised its contribution from \$2.500 a month to \$5,000, or a total of \$60.000 in the year. This rucans a tax of three mills on the dollar. It is a noble grant, and places Victoria well up in the front rank of Ontario counties for generous giving, as it is for recruiting.

Dufferin, in 1916, gave \$500 a month.

It has decided to quadriple this for 1917, and will give \$2,000 a month—a splendid increase.

Corns Applied in Sore blistering feet from corn-pinched toes can be cured by Putnam's Extractor

Quick Putnam's Extractor in 24 hours. "Putnam's" soothes away that drawing pain, eases instantly, makes the feet feel good at once. Get a 25c bottle of "Putnam's" to-day.

5 Seconds

.............. **Great Statute** Blaze of Light

The Statue of Libert yin New York harbor was 30 years old on Oct. 38. On that day subscriptions of the American people to flood light the statue were closed with what has termed "Liberty Day" collect throughout the United States. collections

With this fund it has been arranged to permanently flood light this gift of 0,600 French people to the people of America, so that at night it may be seen far out upon the Atlantic.

The night of Saturday, Dec. 2, was

fixed for the rededication of the statue as "Liberty Enlightening the World." These words were first used by Auguste Bartholdi, the illustrious French sculptor, when he placed the statue in 210 cases account the French warship Isere, in April, 1885.

warship Isere, in April, 1885.
Engineers from General Electric
Company, worlding in conjunction with
Government engineers, stretched a
transmission cable from the New
Jersey shore to Bedloe's Island, which
carries current to light up the hundreds of great reflectors required to
evenly illuminate all sides of the immense statue and its base, which coveers nearly an acre of ground. ers nearly an acre of ground.

HISTORY OF STATUE,

1874 Franco-American union estabstruction of Statue "Liberty En-lightening the World."

1875-Auguste

small model of the propose

1876—Hand of the statue, 13 feet long, completed and displayed at Centennial Exhibit in Philadelphia.

Congress fixes site either on Governors or Bedloe's Island, leaving objects to the congress of the congress of the congress of the congress of Bedloe's Island, leaving objects to the congress of the congres

ing choice to be made by General
W. T. Sherman, who confirmed
Bartholdi's selection of Bedioe's.

1878—Head of the statue, measuring
17 feet from neck to granium, finished and exhibited at the Paris
Exposition. Exposition.

1880-Entire statue completed. World" mounted in Paris.

World" mounted in Paris.

1884—Statue formally presented to the
United States on July 4th by M.
de Lesseps and accepted by L. P.
Morton, United States Minister.

1885—Statue taken apart and brought to the United States in 210 cases on board the French man-of-war Isere.

1885-New York World in four months raised over \$100,000 in contribu-tions from 120,000 patriotic Amer-ican cities to provide pedestal for

Grover Cleveland, members of the Cabinet, governors of many states abinet, governors of many states and distinguished members of the diplomatic corps, besides a delegation from France, headed by M. Bartholdi, Count de Lesseps and Admiral Jauries, dedicated the statue. These exercises were accompanied by a great procession through New York streets and a naval parade in the harbor.

6—Congress authorizes flood lighting, provided \$30.000° is raised to

ing, provided \$30,000° is raised to

-October 28th, the thirtieth anniversary of the dedication of the statue, fixed as the final day upon which contributions will be received from American people to

flood light the statue.

1916—December 2nd "Liberty Enlightening the World" permanently flood lighted for the first time, with President Wilson officlating at the notable ceremonies. DIMENSIONS OF STATUE.

French sculptor, made the first or 225 tons. The bronze alone weighs

200,000 pounds. Forty persons stand comfortably inside the head. The torch will hold twelve persons. The immensity of the lighting problem may be appreciated only by close view of the statue, the dimensions of which are:

Thickness of waist
Width of mouth
Tablet, length Tablet, width

CAUTIOUS. "How do you account for the election

result?"
"I don't try to account for it," replied Senator Sorghum. "That's too far shead. Until the official count is over I don't intend to quit prophesying on the result."

A Pimply Face or **Poor Complexion Quickly Restored**

Thousands of young men and wo-men would be handsome and attrac-tive were it not for unsightly pimples, blackheads and rough uneven skin. Custom seems to recommend lotions and salves; but unfortunately their effect is but temporary. These disfig-uring blemishes do not originate in the skin—their birth in every case goes back to the blood, which must be cleansed of humors bofere the pimples

depart for good.

A physician who has made a careful study of such cases, says that the quickest cure comes from a blood-building medicine like Ferrozone. The minute Ferrozone strikes the blood its good work begins. Poisons and foul matter are expelled. Every trace of humor is driven out, and the whole life current is supplied with nutriment and health-giving qualities. You can always tell a Ferrozone complexion when you see it—the cheeks are clear and rosy, no signs of sallowness—the eyes are bright, and expressive because rich, red blood is circulating through the whole system, carrying health, energy and strength with it. Not only will all skin eruptions disappear, but an increase in vital strength, an all-round improve ment will be apparent. No rebuilding tonic could be more efficient. Get Ferrozone to-day-Good for young and old, for well folks and sick ones, too. 50c per box, or six boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers, or direct by mail from The Catarrhozone Co., Kingston,

City Knights Rescue Girls

(Chicago Tribune.)

THE PHILOSOPHICAL CABMAN. She was sixteen, and her two bulg-ing suitcases seemed discouragingly heavy as she swung alone across the platform of the union station. A cab-man, leaning on his sleepy horse, straightened up as she approached. "Drive me to the B- Hotel," she

This particular cabman had seen bit of the world. He knew "cabbies" were made to see nothing and obey It wasn't at all the usual tling, but-

Your number is goin' to be th' W. C. A.," he retorted. "You wouldn't fit at the B——."
"I won't go to the Y. W. C. A.,"
retorted his fare. "I dont' want to,
and I've got \$50, and I'm going to the

"Get in, then," said the cabman with mock resignation. Straight to the Young Women's Christian Association hadrove. Up the steps he tugged the two suitcases. The

girl, perforce, followed.
"Sit here," directed the autocrat
"while I shpeak to th' lady a minnit." There was a moment's conference with the superintendent. "Now," he said, "you c'n' do what y' loike wit' her." And he departed, minus his fare.

The girl explained. She was, she said, Desira La Rose, from Green Bay, Wis., travelling abroad as a dancer in vaudeville, parents and all other relatives dead. She wanted to go to the B—— Hotel, and there she proposed to go, if she could find a cabman that

She did, however, accept the invita tion to dinner. The uperintendent



was pondering her next step when a roliceman called with perfunctory inquiries concerning one Mary Brown, of Chitton, Wis. She had run away, according to a telegram from her parents, and was to be sent back instanter.

superintendent, incredulous, The superintendent, incredulous, kept her charge from being arrested, but they convinced her the next morning. Mary Brown's parents came with letters addressed to Mary by a man at the B—— Hotel. They told of a glowing future in Jacksonville, Miss. Mary had run away in the night to ioin the writer.

join the writer.

Mary, contrite now, went back home. But first she led her father to a cab stand at the union station, and a cabman, leaning on a sleepy horse, was paid a fare that violated all the city ordinances.

THE CHIVALROUS TELEGRAPHER. A week ago yesterday a young yoman came from Minneapolis waited all day at the station for a friend who didn't come. Tired out, she fell asleep. When she awoke her purse was empty. Someone suggested she telegraph

her parents for money to go tack home. The telegrapher read her mes-sare, recalled the rule that customers' affairs are none of his business and violated it.

"They'll give you something to eat at the Y. W. C. A.," he ventured. "And,

at the Y. W. C. A.," he ventured. "And, say—I'll be off duty in a minute. I'll take you over there."

While she was breaking her long fast in the dining-room a dapper young man called to ask for "the girl who was robbed."

"I know her brother," he said. "I want to take her to him."

The girl said she had no brother, and the young man was sent about his

and the young man was sent about his business. Undismayed, he returned the next day with insistent proffers of

assistance. "That was the man who rebbed

The Nova Scotia "Lumber King" says:

'I consider MINARD'S LINIMENT the best LINIMENT in use.

I got my foot badly jammed lately. I bathed it well with MINARD'S LINIMENT and it was as well as ever next day.

Yours very truly, T. G. McMULLEN.

her," said the superintendent. "When I asked about it he fled a second time, and that was the last of him. The girl—I won't tell you her name—is safe home now in Minneapolis."

THE SKEPTICAL POLICEMAN. "Please. mister," chorused two girls, 7 and 9 respectively, "where is a nice cheap hotel?"
"Huh?" returned the guardian of

"A hotel," explained the older runc-tiliously. "Yessir. Our stepmother doesn't like us, and our now-our

The us, and our—now—our own mother, you see, is in California, ar' we're going to her."

The policeman suggested the Y. W. C. A. and told the wanderers how to get there. The girls were the daughters of a south side physician.

"Do what you like with them," was his amering answer when the

his amazing answer when the super-intendent telephoned. But after a bit of argument he changed his mind. And the girls weren't even punished.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget In

Technical Matters.

In some quarters it is held that Russia is the greatest single field in the world for new business.

The feeding problem of New York City will be appreciated when it is realized that there are -counting permanent residents and the "strangers"-nearly six millions, and that they devour in a year's time from \$800,000.000 to \$1,000,000,000 worth of food. Salt was once used for money

in paying the soldiers. It was call-"salerium," hence the word salary.

Russia has 10,000 lepers taken care of by 21 institutions. By means of the camera it has

been discovered that 530 feet below the surface of the water darkness was much the same as that on the earth on a clear but moonless night.

The total number of trees in the streets of Paris is 86,000, and of these 26,000 are plane-trees, 16,000 chestnuts and 14,000 elms.

Tomato seeds ground and press ed into leaves constitute a valu able cattle fodder.

Every old bank note is a menace of disease, but gold coins are generally clean of contagion.

Minard's Liniment Cures Coide, Etc.

The Exclusive X Club.

One of the most exclusive of clubs was the X, whose ast surviving member was Lord Avehury. It was founded by a little coterie of literary scientists, including Sir Jos. Hooker and Herbert Spencer, and, though intended to comprise ten members, never got beyond nine, because no tenth was found who came up to the two requirements of mental calibre and intimacy with the other nine. and intimacy with the other nine. Many names for the club were suggested and rejected before a member's wife proposed terming it after the unknown quantity X,-I.ondon Opin-

Remember, also, that because you can give little is no reason why you should not share in the joy of Christmas giving. If you have nothing else to give, write a cheery Christmas letter, telling your friend the old old story, that you think of her, and care for her, and wish her well at Christmas time.

A WOMAN'S MESSAGE TO WOMEN

If you are troubled with weak, thref feelings, headache, backache, bearing down sensutions, bladder weakness, constipation, catarrhal conditions, pain in the sides regularly or irregularly, bloating or unnatural enlargements, sense of falling or misplacement of internal organs, nervousness, desire to cry, palpitation, hot flashes, desire to cry, palpitation, hot flashes, desire to cry, palpitation, hot flashes, desire to try, palpitation, the flashes, desire to the you to write and ask for my simple method of home treatment with ten days' trial entirely free and postpaid also references to Canadian ladies who gladly tell how they have regained health, strength and happiness by this method. Write to-day, Address, Mrs. M. Summers, Box 8, Windsor, Ontario.

What Christ Came Into the World For.

I must confess that I like the sentiment I read a snort time ago, thus exment I read a short time ago, thus expressed by its author: "reome who talk facts, I like; people who talk theories, I fly from." I think, upon the whole, that I shall always like the first kind of people better than ciever ones. I believe we owe more to the former, too, and learn more from them of human nature, which, after all, is what we want to know. I am sure we have been given wrong ideas of things. Human nature is lovely; in is unhuman nature that we want to get rid of. God is human; that is what Christmas shows. If you want to know what God is like, look at the Man who was the Scn of God, but who always loved to call himself the soil of Man What did He come into this world for? Not to condemn the world, but that the world through Him might be saved. He did not come to call all the people, who thought they were good, around Him. He distinctly said, "I came not to call the righteous, but sinners, to repentance." What is repentance? Turning from the wrong to the right. Did He come to save me That is exactly what He did come for. His name shall be called Jesus be-cause He shall save His people from but I am not one of His people, "but I am not one of His people, Yes, you are. We are all the people of His pasture. You may be a prodigal son, but you are a son; you may have been among the swine, but that is not your home. At any time you can say, "I will arise and go to my Father. I am going home." And Christmas is a good time to start for home, and to become in heart a child.

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HELP WANTED.

WANTED-GIRLS TO WORK ON knit underwear-seamors and insished stitchers preferred. We also touch learners, any girl with good knowiedge of plain sewing; good wages; ideal factory conditions. Zimmernus Maaufacturing Co., Ltd., Aberdeen and Gartastreets, Hamilton, Ont.

WANTED-LADIES TO DO PLANN and light sewing at home, whole ar spare time; good pay; work sent any distance, charges paid. Send stamp for particulars.—National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL SER-want for small family; highest wages; comfortable home. Address, Mrs. John Eley, 25 Homewood Avenue, Hamilton, Oat.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN

POTTER CYLINDER PRESSES—A half sheet Double Demy and . said sheet Double Royal size. Make as an offer for them. Well suited for a Country Printing Office. Address, Times Printing Company Hamilton, Ont.

THE ARONA CO. 166 North Bay St. A Yamilton, Ont. Can

Knife Duels in Mexico.

A duel between cattle herders on the Mexican plains is about as savage and deadly a manner of lighting as one could possibly imagine. Each opponent extends his left arm and a third party who has been selected to act as referee binds their wrists together with a thong or rawhide. He then places a knife in the right hand of each, and the fight is on. Needless to say, it does not last long. Every stab may be calculated upon to do damage, and it often happens that both duclists receive fatal wounds. Yet, in spite of the severe rules of the garres, there are men who become experts and terrorize a whole neighborhood. They are the subject of the severe that they can kill an opponent with the first blow and get away unscatched.—Exchange. could possibly imagine. Each opposite

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

AN INTER STING BOOK

No publication issued by the Canadian Pacific Railway is better known all over the world than the "Annotated Guide," describing every station along the line. Issued originally at the suggestion of Sir William Van Horne, it has passed through many editions and is now a fair-sized book owing to the great increase in the extent of the railway system. It is interesting to look over the early issues to see how Canada has progressed. In 1888, for instance, Winnipeg had a popula-tion of only 25,000, Fort William 1,400, Regina 800, Calgary 2,400, Lake Louise had not been discovered, and Vancouver was proud of its 5,200. Indian Head was famous for the Bell Farm, of which the "Annotated Guide" remarks: "The furrows on this farm are usually ploughed four miles long, and to plow one furrow outward and another returning is a half day's work for a man and team The work is done with an almost military organization, ploughing by brigades and reaping by divisions." Toronto is described as distinctly Western in its activity and

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

JUST THE REVERSE.

(Boston Transcript) New Boarder-The dealers say that the scarcity.

Old Bearder—Huh! The scarcity of eres in this joint is caused by their high price.

Billy—Do you doubt the depths of my love? Milly—No, the length of it.

Wear Those Comfortable Old Shoes This Winter

And Show Your Patriotism and Thrift -Inexpensive Rubbers or Overshoes Will Protect Your Feet

The spectacular rise in leather prices has a significance far beyond its painful effect on our personal expenses—it is becoming a serious matter for the Government and our soldiers at the Front.

The war is using up leather much faster than it is being produced. The reserve, particularly of high-grade leather, is steadily diminishing. If the soldiers are to have plenty for shoes and equipment, and if the Government is to be able to procure it at prices within reason, civilians must economize on it to the limit.

This is the reason well-worn shoes are no longer a discredit, but an honor—an evidence that the wearer puts patriotism before pride, thrift before vanity.

Fortunately the prevailing moderate prices of rubbers and overshoes make this practicable. In most cases they cost little more than before the war, and a very small expenditure for either will protect the old shoes perfectly through the winter, keep the feet dry and comfortable, and guard the wearer's health. Many are also following the sensible course of wearing rubber boots or "rubbers and socks" for working around the stables, in the woods, or in the fields during the cold, wet weather. Not the least of their advantages is their cleanliness around the house.

Wearing rubbers or overshoes is one of the rare cases where virtue brings its own reward, for in addition to the very considerable money saving, what is there that affords such solid comfort as a wellworn pair of shoes?

Saving Shoe-Leather Is a Public Service as Well as a Private Economy



Made in one grade only—the highest!