

## HONEY PRODUCTION IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

### INDUSTRY FLOURISHES IN ALL PARTS OF PROVINCE.

#### Accessibility of Markets, Low Overhead and Production Costs Favor Bee-Keeping.

British Columbia has become so widely known for her wealth in minerals, fisheries, lumber and fruits, that little cognizance has been taken of her other many and varied industries. One of these, apiculture, from a few scattered hives as a sideline to agriculture, has developed into one of the most profitable industries, the many flower-strewn valleys, orchards, clover fields, etc., making British Columbia an ideal place for the pursuit of this industry. During 1922, a total of 711,356 pounds of honey were collected, according to the compilations made by the Provincial Apiarist, and there was undoubtedly a great deal more collected by individuals which was not reported to the Government.

Fifty-three tons were contributed by the Kootenay bees, the Okanagan and Thompson Valleys yielding another fifty. From Vancouver Island and the Gulf Islands, twenty-nine tons were gathered, while twenty-four tons were harvested from Great Vancouver and New Westminster. Within the city limits of Vancouver the bees found over three thousand pounds of honey. Nearly two hundred tons, or more than half the total yield, were collected in the Fraser Valley. Matsqui and Langley made the best district showing, Vancouver giving the lowest average. The industry centres in Fraser Valley.

While the activities of this industry are spread over all parts of the province, the centre of the honey industry in British Columbia is in the populous Fraser Valley, where apiculture is carried out on a commercial scale. Four years ago a person could travel from one end of this valley to the other and seldom observe an apiary. Many farmers who engaged in bee-keeping as a sideline to their regular work a few years ago, are now devoting all their time to this vocation, finding it more congenial work, and in the main returning greater revenue for labor expended than from their former occupation.

The Provincial Department of Agriculture has been active in fostering this industry. In various sections of the province during the past year fifteen Government demonstration apiaries were erected for educational purposes under the supervision of expert apiarists. There are in all some forty of these demonstration apiaries in the province at the present time.

#### Italian Bees Replace Blacks.

The average production of the hives under supervision in these apiaries in the past season was about three hundred pounds of surplus honey. Two hives in two of the apiaries have exceeded the six-hundred pound mark. One of these produced six hundred and sixty pounds, and the other six hundred and thirty pounds, enough honey being left over on both for winter stores. In addition the Government has introduced Italian bees to replace the blacks, which were at one time common in the province. This, with improved methods of bee-keeping, has worked wonders in a short time in eradicating disease and increasing the crop.

There is an extensive market in the province for all the honey that can be produced for some time to come. In the larger centres of community life, like Vancouver, Victoria, Nelson, etc., there is a steady demand for British Columbia honey. The accessibility of markets, low overhead and production costs, have all combined to enable the provincial bee-keepers to place their product on the market at a price which enables them to meet foreign competition. Sanitary methods are used in handling and packing the honey, and the insistent demand for this excellent product ensures the success of the honey industry in British Columbia.

#### "What's in a Name?"

"Well, Thomas, how do I look?" asked the colonel of his favorite servant, the gardener, as he showed off his new uniform.

"Splendid, sir, splendid!" said the old man. "Why, you look as bold as a lion."

"What do you know about a lion? You never saw one?" said the colonel.

"Oh, yes, sir," answered the servant. "I've often seen a lion."

"Where?" was the next question.

"Why, sir, up at the Hall. Sir John has a lion, and you've often seen him, sir."

"Nonsense, William, that's a jack-ass, and they call it 'Lion'."

"Well, sir," said William respectfully, "anyhow you look just like that."

When Ford Was Hard Up.

On Thanksgiving Day, 1895, there was held at Chicago the first "horseless carriage" race in America, and Henry Ford, in Detroit, wanted to attend the race, but didn't have the price. Telling about it, Mr. Ford said: "I never wanted to see anything so badly in my whole life as I wanted to see that race. But I was in Detroit and the race was in Chicago. It was too far to walk. I hadn't carfare and I couldn't find anyone willing to lend it to me."

## SMOKE OGDEN'S CUT PLUG

15¢ per  
packet  
80¢ a  
½ lb tin



If you  
roll your  
own,  
ask for  
OGDEN'S  
FINE CUT  
(green label)

### Surnames and Their Origin

#### DEXTER.

Racial Origin—English.  
Source—A locality.

Here is a family name which, from its ending, might appear to belong to that classification of surnames which have been derived from the names of occupations—names, for instance, such as Baxter, which originally was "Bak-ester" or "Baker."

As a matter of fact, however, it is a compound of a place name with the Norman-French prefix "de," meaning "of" or "from," and quite generally used in the early period of family name formation to indicate the locality from which the bearer of the name had come, or with which he was in some special way connected.

Earlier records of this name as "d'Exeter" and "d'Excester" show that in its original use it meant simply "of Exeter," the reference being to the

ancient city of that name in Devonshire.

Exeter is located on a river known to the ancients as the Exe. The rest of the name comes from the Latin "castrum," meaning a camp, which the Anglo-Saxons called "caester," thus indicating "Excester" as the more ancient name of the city.

#### KELSO.

Racial Origin—Scottish.  
Source—A place name.

There is such a similarity between the family names of Kelso and Kelsey, the latter of which was explained in the preceding article, that one might be pardoned for jumping at the conclusion that they are really but variations of the same name. They are not, however.

Kelsey is a name of Cornish origin. Kelso is Scottish. And though both are derived from place names, these place names are alike neither in spelling nor meaning.

Kelso, it was explained, came from the ancient place name of "Kelsyre." Kelso comes from the place name of "Calchew," which was a corruption of the more ancient form of "Chalk-heugh."

Though Scottish, this name is Anglo-Saxon, being in Roxburghshire. Its meaning was "chalk-hill." Note how the North English speech maintained the initial "ch" as a "k," though the second "ch" became softened and finally changed into an "s."

#### Was Methuselah Really Old?

How old was Methuselah? Nine hundred and sixty-nine years is the age with which we have always credited this patriarch. Now, however, scientific research has reduced the figure to 78½ years!

Experts point out that there has always been a certain amount of doubt concerning the great age supposed to have been attained by patriarchs, and many theories have been evolved to reduce Biblical records of this kind to something near man's normal span.

It is supposed that in the earliest times the month, or period of a moon cycle, was called a year. So that Adam's 930 years of life, calculating a year at 29½ days, the length of a lunar month, works out at 75½ years.

After the month-year there would appear to have come a five-month year, the limit of five being derived from the fingers of one hand, for primitive peoples used the fingers for purposes of calculation. On the five-month year basis, Abraham's 175 years shrink to 72, and Isaac's 180 to 74.

It is also pointed out that it is possible there intervened a six-month year, discovered by Jacob while watching Laban's flocks. Thus Jacob's 147 years work out at about 73.

The twelve-month year originated with the Egyptians, who saw that a complete period was made up of two "years," in one of which the days were longer than the nights, and in the other the nights were longer than the days.

The twelve-month year originated with the Egyptians, who saw that a complete period was made up of two "years," in one of which the days were longer than the nights, and in the other the nights were longer than the days.

The twelve-month year originated with the Egyptians, who saw that a complete period was made up of two "years," in one of which the days were longer than the nights, and in the other the nights were longer than the days.

The twelve-month year originated with the Egyptians, who saw that a complete period was made up of two "years," in one of which the days were longer than the nights, and in the other the nights were longer than the days.

The twelve-month year originated with the Egyptians, who saw that a complete period was made up of two "years," in one of which the days were longer than the nights, and in the other the nights were longer than the days.

The twelve-month year originated with the Egyptians, who saw that a complete period was made up of two "years," in one of which the days were longer than the nights, and in the other the nights were longer than the days.

The twelve-month year originated with the Egyptians, who saw that a complete period was made up of two "years," in one of which the days were longer than the nights, and in the other the nights were longer than the days.

The twelve-month year originated with the Egyptians, who saw that a complete period was made up of two "years," in one of which the days were longer than the nights, and in the other the nights were longer than the days.



The Work of Paul Peel.

A piece of sculpture by Paul Peel, the famous Canadian painter, whose picture, "After the Bath," has just been returned to Canada, purchased by Henry Peck, of London, Ont., from the Hungarian government. The figure was presented years ago to the London library by Paul Peel's father.

### NEW BLOOD NEEDED IN THE SPRINGTIME

Try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a  
Blood-Improving, Health-  
Restoring Tonic.

Every man, woman and child needs new, rich, red blood at this time of the year. That is a scientific fact. All doctors know it. The blood grows thin and poor in the winter; there is not enough of it and spring shows the effect. Take notice and see how many people are pale and sallow at this time of the year. They complain of being easily tired, their appetite is poor, and they are often depressed and low-spirited. That is mother nature urging them to improve their blood supply; but often their digestion is weakened so that they cannot turn food into blood without help. Here is where modern medical science comes to the rescue. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have a direct action on the blood and enable you to get full use of the blood-making elements in your meals. You soon feel their effect—your appetite improves, your nerves are steadier, color returns to the cheeks and lips, you have more vim and energy and can work with less fatigue. The above statements are borne out by the experience of Mr. J. P. Groschuk, Janov, Man., who says:—"Very recently I found myself in a badly run down condition. My stomach was quite out of order; I could eat but little and what I did eat did not appear to nourish me. I did not seem to have enough blood; my hands and legs were blue, and I had no strength. I tried several medicinal pills but did not get good results. Then one day reading our newspaper I read about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and decided to try them. I used a half dozen boxes, and now I feel well and strong, have a good appetite, and can do my work with ease. Naturally I have great faith in this medicine as a blood-making tonic."

Whether you are seriously ill, or merely feel easily tired and out-of-sorts, you should try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills this spring. They are sold by medicine dealers everywhere, or will be sent by mail at 60 cents a box by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

#### Getting Even.

The foreman was going from one man to another with a sheet of paper in his hand. When he came to Sandy McKie he said:

"Sandy, this is a subscription to get a wreath for Jim Lomond, who died last week. All your workmates have given a shilling each towards it."

"Och, mon," replied Sandy, "that'll make me and Jim square now. He owed me a bob, anyway."

#### MONEY ORDERS.

The safe way to send money by mail is by Dominion Express Money Order.

#### New Devices.

Remembering a rubber hand stamp is a new device with which ink from a reservoir passes through stencils that can be made by any one as it is pressed down.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

#### Poor Fannie.

Fannie was eating an apple, when she suddenly cried out in pain. "What is the matter, darling?" asked her mother.

"I stopped on my tongue with my teeth," said Fannie.



"She—George, do you love me for myself alone?"

He—"Yes, dear, but there's no use offending yer ma and pa by letting 'em know it."

### THANKFUL MOTHERS

Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets for her little one she would use nothing else. The Tablets give such results that the mother has nothing but words of praise and thankfulness for them. Among the thousands of mothers throughout Canada who praise the Tablets is Mrs. David A. Anderson, New Glasgow, N.S., who writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my children and from my experience I would not be without them. I would urge every other mother to keep a box of the Tablets in the house." The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach; drive out constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers and make teething easy. They are sold by medicine dealers, or by mail at 25¢ a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

#### Preventing Disease.

The modern aim of medicine to prevent disease rather than wait for it to declare itself is encouraging. In former days people used to remark with some amusement that among other "queer" customs of the Chinese—queer because contrary to our ideas or practice—was that of paying the doctor only so long as you were well; but nowadays we are beginning to think that the custom is perhaps not so funny after all. We have always been fond of saying, "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," but, curiously enough, we applied the maxim to almost everything except health. Now, however, we are coming to see that it applies to bodily ills with special force.

The modern effort to prevent disease began with the doctors, who in spite of the good-natured, and the sometimes ill-natured, fun that is poked at them are true lovers of their kind. Since, with some few exceptions, we have not adopted the Chinese plan, the doctor earns his living solely by caring for the sick, and the fewer the sick the harder it is for him to earn his living. Nevertheless, he is working constantly to teach people how to keep well.

Societies have been formed for instructing the public how to avoid tuberculosis, cancer, heart disease and other great scourges of mankind. Moreover, associations of medical men have been established for considering the best means to promote public health and to prevent epidemics. But at bottom responsibility for health rests with the individual, who should form the habit of going to his physician for a clean bill of health, just as he goes to his dentist to ascertain the condition of his mouth.

#### The Lost Mother.

Old Lady (to a little girl who is lost).—"What is the matter, little girl? Are you lost?"

"Little Girl—"No, my mother is lost—she can't find me."

Copper is a leading product of western Canada.

### Boys - Girls

This Ball Outfit and other prizes, for Boys and Girls, given for selling a few dollars' worth of Government Tested garden seeds at 10¢ a pkg. We pay you cash also if you wish.

HOWARD-ORR COMPANY  
66 Bond Street, Toronto

Send me FREE 10 packages of seeds and booklet of prizes. If I don't sell seeds I will return them at your expense.

Name.....

Box No..... Town.....

SEND NO MONEY

#### Irresistible Eyes

Those which are bright and sparkling. Keep your eyes young and beautiful through the daily use of Murine. It has stood the test of time. At all druggists.

#### MURINE

For Your Eyes

#### America's Pioneer Dog Remedies

Book on DOG DISEASES and How to Feed and Mailed Free to any Address by the Author. Dr. C. L. Grier, 224 St. Paul St., Montreal, 125 West 34th Street, New York, U.S.A.

ISSUE No. 15-23.

### MRS. J. GILMORE DISCUSSES CASE

Despaired of Ever Getting Well, But Tanlac Entirely Ended Stomach Trouble, She Declares.

"I was just hopeless of being well again, when along came Tanlac, and to-day I enjoy the best of health. I will praise this medicine as long as I live." This grateful statement was made recently by Mrs. Janet Gilmore, 78 DeGrand St., Toronto, Ont.

"For seventeen months I led a miserable existence with stomach trouble. My appetite left me and anyhow I was afraid to eat. Gas on my stomach pressed around my heart till I thought I would smother, and my nerves were so excited even the noise of the children playing nearly drove me frantic. I could get no restful sleep and it was next to impossible for me to do any housework."

"Then I started on Tanlac and the first bottle convinced me I had the right medicine. I now feel like a new person, without a single ailment. Tanlac has no equal."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Over 35 million bottles sold.

Newsprint From Grass.

After four years of experimenting a Florida man has succeeded in making newsprint paper from native saw grass.

### RHEUMATISM

Minard's Liniment is the old reliable relief for Rheumatism. Rub it in to the aching part and you'll see why two generations have crowned it King of Pain.

### MINARD'S

"KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

### Bad Breath Overcome

"Bad breath is a sign of decayed teeth, foul stomach or unclear bowels." If your teeth are sore, look to your digestive organs at once. Get Seigel's Curative Syrup at druggists. 15 to 30 drops after meals, clean up your food passage and stop the bad breath odor. 50c. and \$1.00 Bottles. Do not buy substitutes. Get the genuine.

### Keep Your Hands Soft and White With Cuticura

The daily use of the Soap, with occasional touches of the Ointment, is very effective for keeping the hands soft and smooth. For red, rough or sore hands: On retiring, bathe in hot water and Cuticura Soap, dry, and rub in Cuticura Ointment.

Seep 25c. Ointment 25c. and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the Dominion, Canadian Depot: Toronto, 324 St. Paul St., W. Montreal, 125 West 34th Street, New York, U.S.A.

Cuticura Soap shaves without lather.

### Boys - Girls

This Ball Outfit and other prizes, for Boys and Girls, given for selling a few dollars' worth of Government Tested garden seeds at 10¢ a pkg. We pay you cash also if you wish.

HOWARD-ORR COMPANY  
66 Bond Street, Toronto

Send me FREE 10 packages of seeds and booklet of prizes. If I don't sell seeds I will return them at your expense.

Name.....

Box No..... Town.....

SEND NO MONEY

#### Irresistible Eyes

Those which are bright and sparkling. Keep your eyes young and beautiful through the daily use of Murine. It has stood the test of time. At all druggists.

#### MURINE

For Your Eyes

#### America's Pioneer Dog Remedies

Book on DOG DISEASES and How to Feed and Mailed Free to any Address by the Author. Dr. C. L. Grier, 224 St. Paul St., Montreal, 125 West 34th Street, New York, U.S.A.

ISSUE No. 15-23.

### Classified Advertisements.

AMATEUR PLAY SKETCHES, MONOLOGUES, JOKES, RECLAMATIONS, MAKE-UP, GONGS, ETC. Write: PUBLICATIONS, Dept. W, 18 Vespy Street, New York.

### STRAWBERRY PLANT CATALOGUE

Free. All the best varieties of choice, deep-rooted stock. Try the wonderful O.A.C. Strawberry. W. H. Brantley, Strathroy, Ont.

LADIES WANTED—TO DO PLAIN and light sewing at home, whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance; charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Co., Montreal.

### No Night Work.

Women in Japan will be prohibited from working at night by a law enacted by the Diet.

### Sloan's

Rheumatic pain—less every year

Sloan's is rapidly making widespread suffering from rheumatism a thing of the past.

Millions can testify to the grateful relief it brings.

The moment you feel the first twinge of pain—apply Sloan's. Its tingling, penetrating warmth gives instant comfort. Before you realize it the pain disappears.

Try it—you'll find many every-day uses for Sloan's.

Made in Canada

Sloan's Liniment—kills pain!

For rheumatism, bruises, strains, chest colds.

### WEAK, RUN DOWN AND AILING

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Brought Relief When Other Medicines Failed

Port Mann, B. C.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound because I was tired and run-down. I had headaches and no appetite and was troubled for two years with sleeplessness. I tried many medicines, but nothing did me any real good. While I was living in Washington I was recommended by a stranger to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I am stronger and feel fine since then and am able to do my housework. I am willing for you to use these facts as a testimonial."—Mrs. J. C. GRAVES, Port Mann, B. C.

### Feels New Life and Strength

Keene, N. H.—"I was weak and run-down and had backache and all sorts of troubles which women have. I found great relief when taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I also used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash. I am able to do my work and feel new life and strength from the Vegetable Compound. I am doing all I can to advertise it."—Mrs. A. F. HAMMOND, 72 Carpenter Street, Keene, N.H.

Sick and ailing women everywhere in the Dominion should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

o

o

o

o

o

o

o

o

o

o

o

o

o

o

o

o

o

o

o

o

o

o

o