

THE STANDARD

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.

Advertising Terms.

| 1 week. | 2w. | 3w. | 1 mo. | 2 mo. | 3 mo. |
|----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1 inch, \$1.00 | \$1.50 | \$2.00 | \$2.50 | \$3.50 | \$4.50 |
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| 4 inches, 2.50 | 3.50 | 4.50 | 5.50 | 8.00 | 11.00 |

Local notices 10 cents a line, no charge less than 75 cents.

Advertising by the year as may be agreed upon. Bills payable quarterly.

New Rotary Power Job Press.

We have added to the Standard Office an "Allen New rotary power Job Press," and having tested its merits, pronounce it a No. 1 machine, capable of throwing off upwards of a thousand sheets an hour. With an addition of fancy type, we are prepared to execute with neatness and despatch, orders for blanks, bill heads, envelopes, cards and other printing, and solicit a share of public patronage.

Visitors to St. Andrews and travellers generally, will be pleased to know that Mr. ASKINS KENNEDY has opened the building formerly called the "International," on Water Street, opposite the Manchester House. The hotel has been newly painted and papered, and a large all erected, which affords increased accommodation. As usual, this house is supplied with the best from Provincial and United States markets. The popular character of KENNEDY'S HOTEL will be maintained; and the genial disposition of its proprietor, will render his house as deserving of patronage as heretofore, as he spares neither pains nor expense to accommodate his guests.

St. Marks Lodge, No. 5.

J. F. CAVY, W. M.
Geo. F. SICKNEY, Secretary.
Meets first Thursday in each month.

ST. ANDREWS LIBERAL CONSERVATIVE ASSOCIATION.

W. D. FORSTER, President.
Geo. S. GIMMER, Vice do.
J. R. BROADBENT, Secretary.
J. M. HANSON, Treasurer.
Committee: R. Stevenson, J. Mowatt, R. B. Hanson, M. J. C. Andrews, W. D. Hagg, W. Morrison.

California Items.

With the 1st of December in San Francisco came the time for the turning over of the city offices to the occupancy of the newly elected city government; but the 1st of December passed before the litigation involved was cleared up, sufficiently at least to allow the transference. It is now accomplished, and that with the calling of Rev. T. M. Kallioch, the associate pastor of Dr. Kallioch, to be the Secretary of the Mayor. His successor as associate pastor is announced by the "Evening Bulletin" to be Rev. A. J. Frost, D. D., whose resignation at San Jose was returned. Some associate pastor would seem to be needed, with Dr. Kallioch and Rev. T. M. Kallioch in the service of the city government.

We have had a good deal said, this way about the fearful monopoly of land-owners. With the adoption of the New Constitution it was believed the landed possessions of the State would be divided among the middle and poorer classes. But now our worthy Senator Sargent testifies that in many sections of the State aggregated capital alone can develop their resources. There are lands as rich and valuable for agricultural resources as any on the Coast but were their cultivation to depend on their being taken up and cultivated by individual settlers, their resources might never become available, as it is only by the combined action of capital that the necessary sums for irrigation and facilities for transportation can be obtained, without which these lands would be worthless. This is true also of timber lands, and it shows how easy it is for labor to fall out with capital, and by doing so antagonize with its own best supply.

Details of the last Chilean victory are that 11,000 Peruvians and Bolivians were marching northwards from Noria to unite with 5,000 under the President of Bolivia. They were attacked on the 21st of November by the Chilean advanced corps of 6,000 men in an "intrenched position at Dolores." The Chileans heavy cannon committed great ravages among the enemy, whose cavalry unsuccessfully charged three times upon the guns. In the evening the reserve Chilean force came up and decided the day. The allied forces were driven back, their camp taken with 13 cannon. Many wounded officers, including the Bolivian General Villegas, were taken prisoners and another of the allied generals killed. The losses of the Chileans were heavy.

One hundred and fifty French Communists were pardoned on the 15th inst.

There is great distress among the poor classes in Rome.

The padrone Aniceto was convicted in New York, on Friday, of kidnapping seven Italian boys and holding them in servitude.

To Subscribers.—We have sent out bills to subscribers, and as we cannot afford to send a collector we hope they will be prompt in payment. It is now near the close of the year, and as some satisfactory payment must be made, we will not repeat the request. Our desire is to commence the new year with all accounts closed. To those who have paid, we tender our thanks.

The St. Andrews Standard.

ST. ANDREWS, DECEMBER 31, 1879.

THE PAST AND PRESENT.

In our issue last week we availed ourselves of the privilege of "wishing our readers a merry Christmas," and trust they enjoyed it, as the time was adapted for special interchanges and fellowships of good cheer, and were reminded of Him who came with "good tidings of great joy to all people." The time was suitable for renewing friendships—and we all know that cheerfulness is profitable to any one—it makes brighter weather in the heart, and fills the soul with harmonies. We pity those who are cast down and dejected, with whom everything in life appears adverse to their desires, and whose moroseness is the result of their invariably looking at the dark side of the picture of life—instead of making the best of everything, and feeling cheerful even under difficulties. With such people, it seems as if it was always winter weather—they are ice-bergs—and require "to swallow a sunbeam occasionally that there may be more sunshine in the soul." It would make the world brighter and better, besides cheerfulness contributes to vigor of mind and promotes health, and makes brighter weather in the heart. There is sunshine and brightness all about us, and all that is required, is to open our windows and doors and let them in. "Let bygones be bygones,"—old animosities be forgotten, and commence 1880 with resolutions to open a new book where the record of kindly feelings and genuine friendship may be recorded.

This reminds us, that to-morrow will be the 1st January, 1880, and of wishing our readers one and all

"A HAPPY AND PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR."

This makes our forty-seventh annual greeting, and as we do not know what is in the womb of futurity, it may, or may not be the last time. Very few can say that they have been for nearly half a century uninterruptedly employed every week at the same calling. Glancing back to the first issue of the STANDARD, not one of our old contemporaries is left, nor indeed, is there one of our old associates in the land of the living; true—they were much older in years, but even so, were they alive many of them would not have arrived at the allotted span of "three score years and ten." No one, unconnected with the Press, has any idea of the constant, never-ending work connected with a newspaper and job office, particularly when for many years, the principal labor devolved upon one person. Few, very few, could have stood it; and we therefore feel thankful that we have not worn out with constant labor and increasing years, for our conferees know by experience, that the labor in the editorial chair is as onerous as type setting. It is not the mere reflecting public opinion and advocating measures, editorially, but the gathering and arranging local items, reading and intelligently selecting items of news, that will wear out the strongest constitution. And even when an editor exercises his best powers, to present the latest news, and his thoughts on a variety of subjects, some people will not be satisfied. Their demands are legion; they want heavy articles on political subjects, and as a matter of course, according to their own predilections; others want light reading such as stories—others articles on trade or agriculture, &c., with lots of marriages, deaths, record of crime, and reports of public meetings, Courts, elections, and amusements. It is no small hardship after working all day, to spend a whole evening (even when a complimentary ticket has been received) watching any kind of an entertainment, for a notice which must be thought over and written out perhaps during the night for next day's paper. The "free ticket" business was discarded by us long ago—believing that pay and be paid, was far preferable, and more independent. Besides type setting, ink and paper costs a hundred per cent more than a "free ticket." Then it appears to be a pleasure to some people to point out trifling errors, such as misspelled words, a wrong letter, or misplaced line; while those very people never mention a month or a year's work that may be correct, and did not "tramp on their toes." Then if an editor after a thorough examination of any measure, is convinced

he was in error, makes a confession and changes his ideas—he is said to have "turned his coat for pecuniary gain." This has led sensitive minds to continue on a side the knew was wrong, rather than lay themselves open to the charge of changing their views, or in vulgar parlance "jumping the fence." Partyism may be necessary, but it is not adapted to small communities, and to be carried out, requires the expenditure of public money, which is required for other and better purposes. It is not necessary to be either a tame follower, or toady to any Government, to obtain patronage. Let the work be given out at contract and then, there will be fair play. Misrepresentation, hard names, and vile epithets, are not arguments, and recede on the heads of those who employ that method of political warfare.

No man, nor Government, ever was perfect; they all have their failings, and instances are not wanting to prove that party, was above principle with them notwithstanding the honesty of their intentions; aye, and office and salary influences them. They are very solicitous to propitiate the Press, and where they cannot succeed in doing so, have lately purchased Pleading Offices, and employed writers to advocate their views, and support their measures.

As senior member of the Press in this Province, we heartily wish our Brethren of all shades of politics "a Happy New Year."

The poet says—"now is the winter of our discontent," and really some people are not content with any kind of weather; should it be mild, they wish it was colder, and would like more snow for hauling in the woods, then they are not satisfied for they complain there is too much snow, and the drifts compel them to pass through the fields, requiring forces to be taken down and a round about passage to their homes; and when a thaw occurs, they assert the roads are impassable, the horses plunge along and cannot haul even a light load, and so on through the chapter of discontent. So far the present winter, there has been no cause for fault-finding, as the weather has been all that could be desired. A couple of cold days to remind us that it is winter—sufficient snow to make good travelling, fine, clear days, with a bracing atmosphere, and a slight shower occasionally, which furnishes soft water for washing, packing the snow and rendering the going good. While we are writing, snow is falling, with a slight north-west wind. Let us all be thankful for such weather as is ordered, and be satisfied with such things as we receive—feeling that contentment is a great blessing.

The Grand Southern Railway Company have given notice, that they will apply to the Legislature at its next session for an extension of two years to finish their line; and as other lines have had the time for building their roads extended, no doubt the application of our St. George friends will be accepted to.

BLUE BOOK.—We have received from the Surveyor General a Pamphlet of 64 pages, entitled—"Information for Intending Settlers, with a description and Map of the Settlements, established under the 'Free Grants' 'Labor' Acts. Also general information respecting the Province, and the means of procuring Grants of Crown Lands." We have had only time to give this little brochure a hasty glance, but believe it will be of much service to persons who intend to become settlers in New Brunswick. The pamphlet is neatly printed at the Evening "Star" Office, Fredericton.

BALLOU'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE FOR JANUARY.—The January number of Ballou's Monthly Illustrated Magazine is a marvel of beauty and goodness, filled to repletion with the best of engravings, stories, poems, and essays,—a remarkable combination of all that a first class magazine should contain. The new type and new form of the magazine are aiding it to force its way, right direct into the hearts of the people, and, when it has secured a lodgement there it will remain, for no one can read it and not like it.

Published by Thomas & Talbot, 23 Hawley Street, Boston, Mass., at \$1.50 per annum.

GONE AWAY.—The *Monitor Académic* reports the disappearance from Shodiac of Mr. D. B. White, Principal of the Grammar School, he having left for parts unknown, leaving behind debts to the value of \$4,000. On his way, White realized on two carloads of produce, which he sold at Moncton and had this amount to the good.

[The same Whyte, taught a Superior School in St. Andrews, and noted as dishonorably when he left here.

Local and other Matters.

Our thanks are due to Messrs. O'Neil for kind remembrances from their market during the holidays. At such times, they always remember the Press.

The Dominion Parliament meets for "the despatch of business" on the 12th February. The early opening will be beneficial to the country.

We are informed that the local holiday trade has been better than was anticipated.

CALENDAR.—We have received from the Pilot Office a nicely printed Calendar in colors, for 1880, with vignettes of the Marquis of Lorne and H.R.H. the Princess Louise, for which we thank the publisher.

It is evident that there is a screw loose in election affairs in Maine. Some towns have been "counted out" as it is termed, and it appears they are up in arms against the Governor and his Council. The Governor contends that he has done nothing more than obey the Constitution and laws, and apply them as he is sworn to do.

The Mining industry in the State of Maine, has become a legitimate and paying business, in which foreign capital is invested.

Leadville, Colorado, is in a bad state; the vigilance committee have made short work of several desperadoes, but the gamblers and thieves have banded together requiring the presence of two companies of soldiers.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for January fully sustains the brilliant record of this popular Monthly in both its literary and artistic features.

The Number opens with the reproduction of Keat's remarkable poem, "The Eve of St. Agnes," with nine beautiful illustrations by Abbey.

Frank Mayer, the artist, contributes an entertaining sketch of "Old Baltimore and its Merchants," with nine illustrations.

A paper entitled "The Isms of Forty Years Ago" contains some very novel descriptions of the most remarkable movements and experiments of the reformers of 1840, especially those of New England, and is illustrated with excellent portraits of Theodore Parker, William Ellery Channing, William Miller, Edward Quincy, George Combe, Lydia Maria Child, Victor Priesnitz, Samuel Hahnemann, Samuel Thompson, Sylvester Graham, Abby Kelley Foster, John Pierpont, and Isaac Pitman.

Mr. A. A. Hayes, Jr., continues his interesting series of papers on Colorado, with a vigorous and comprehensive description of the sheep raising industry, which is illustrated with fifteen admirable pictures by Rogers.

Some recent educational institutions in Brooklyn—the Attendance Schools and the Truant Home—for the enforcement of compulsory education, form the subject of a suggestive paper by Miss F. E. Fryatt, illustrated by Miss Jessie Curtis and Sol Eytinge, Jr.

Besides Keat's poem, there are two others which are illustrated: "Zibane," by Z. B. Gustafson, based on a touching incident in the recent Zulu war, and furnishing Mr. Reinhart with motifs for two excellent pictures; and a "Christmas Anthem" by Philip O. Sullivan, with two exquisite illustrations by Miss Oakley. A. H. Louis contributes an unillustrated poem entitled "Music and Words."

One of the most interesting articles in the Number is Edwin DeLeon's concerning Ferdinand DeLesseps as Minister at Rome in 1849, accompanied with a portrait. John Habberton finds in the Report of the Fisheries Award Commission some very curious information relating to the habits and haunts of fishes, which he presents under the title of "First Families of the Atlantic."

In addition to all these varied attractions there are graceful and timely discussions of current topics in the *Editor's Easy Chair*, full intelligence concerning the latest books in the *Literary Record*, and an *Editor's Drawer*—a mine of rich humor and anecdote.

A despatch from Dexter to the Bangor Commercial says that additional developments in the famous Dexter bank case are promised. A Boston accountant has made thorough examination of Barron's accounts from the commencement of his connection with the bank, and as a result of his report the bank officers have prepared a demand against the Barron estate. Barron's defalcation, with interest, amount to nearly \$5,000. The demand of the bank will be handed to Executor Copeland as soon as he arrives in town. If the estate does not settle, a suit will be commenced against the estate at the January term of court in Bangor. Almost everybody in Dexter now believes, it is said, that Barron was a defaulter and a suicide.

THE EVACUATION OF CABUL.

More than a month ago snow fell at Cabul. As the mountain passes became blocked the inhabitants grew sullen and the hillmen defiant. There was an explosion in the Bala Hissar, the royal arsenal; the populace threatened to revolt on account of the arrest and abdication of the Amir, and Gen. Roberts found himself compelled to abandon the city and retreat to the fortified cantonments of Sharpur, some miles from the city. A native chieftain roused the old war spirit, and occupying the capital, completely surrounded the British, and sent troops to cut off reinforcements advancing up the mountain passes.

All communication with Gen. Roberts was last week cut off, and one relief column is in peril of total destruction from the cold weather, the snows and the tribe men. There are about 7,000 men in the cantonments of Sharpur, with provisions for about five months on hand. Fully 30,000 natives are in arms and watching a chance for an attack. In London the greatest anxiety prevails, the lately established restrictions upon the press, by which the movements of the troops are clouded in mystery, being particularly exasperating to the public.

An attempt has been made by a member of the British Government to break the force of Mr. Gladstone's eloquent speeches in Scotland. None other than Sir Stafford Northcote, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, has applied himself to the task. At a great Conservative demonstration in Leeds he complained that Mr. Gladstone's comparison of the expenditures of the Liberal and Conservative Governments was fallacious, as he made no allowance for the extraordinary war expenditure made necessary by the Boer complications. This really seems like bagging the whole question at issue, since the point of contention with the Liberal party is that most of those complications were unnecessary, and would have been avoided if the Government had adopted a more judicious policy. The Chancellor of the Exchequer then denounced the recent speech of Mr. Bright, as favoring the formation of a republic in Britain, whilst as to the war in Afghanistan he repeated the assertion that the policy of the Government was one of defence, not of annexation. It is this the best the Government can advance in favor of their own policy their case is becoming desperate. They may have the best possible intentions, but the force of circumstances is setting in strong against them.

Indignation meetings of both Republicans and Democrats are being held in Maine over the "counting out" business.

The report of the Government Directors of the Union Pacific Railroad shows that the gross earnings for the year will be about \$13,500,000, and the operating expenses about 42 per cent of this amount.

BIRTHS.

At St. Stephen 14th inst., the wife of JAMES MITCHELL, Esq., of a daughter.

DIED.

On the 30th inst., after a long illness, Mr. Hutchinson Armstrong, aged 71, leaving a wife to lament her loss.

At Milltown on the 28th inst. after a short illness, Mrs. Catherine Donahue, sister of the late B. R. Fitzgerald, Esq., aged 80.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

Dec. 17, Clara, Britt, Boston, flour, &c., R. Ross.
18, Nellie Clark, Clark, Boston, bal.
" Sarah Beach, Glass, Eastport, bal.
19, H. V. Crandall, Ross, Boston, 200 bls. flour, R. Ross.
" Nettie, Britt, Boston, bal.
20, R. Ross, Clark, Providence, sundries, W. Clark.
24, Mary Ellen, Clark, Portland, bal.
27, Sarah Beach, Glass, Eastport, bal.

CLEARED.

Dec. 17, Dauntless, Tatton, Boston, 800 sleepers, 2,700 bus. turnips.
" Maggie Mitchell, Sprague, St. Stephen, old iron.
18, Sarah Beach, Glass, Eastport, 20 cords wood.
29, Carrier, Dove, Ingersoll, Grand Manan, ballast.
" Sarah Beach, Glass, Eastport, 21 cords wood.

Public Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an application will be made to the Legislature of New Brunswick at its next session, to enable an Act passed the eleventh day of April, 1872, entitled "An Act to incorporate the GRAND SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY," and the Act in amendment thereof; and to extend the time therein named for the completion of said Railway for two years.

Dated St. George, N. B., this 26th day of December, A. D., 1879.

By order of the Board.

THOMAS BARRY, President.

LECTURE.—Rev. Mr. McCull on Missionary labors in the in Greenock Church, last largely attended. A realized, which will form a purpose of purchasing a Sabbath School.

FRIGHTFUL RAILWAY ACCIDENT.—A cablegram from London, gives an account of a train, containing passengers, was blown from the river Tay, during a terrible gale on Saturday night. Not one passenger was saved, nearly two miles long.

AFGHANISTAN.—Gen. Roberts routed the enemy, and about Cabul and the line of is now clear. This is good.

Vick's Illustrated Monthly paper, a Colored Plate in every many fine Engravings, Price \$1. Copies for \$5.00. Specimen copies, 3 trial copies for 25 cents.

Vick's Illustrated Floral Garden work at 100 Pages, 400 Colored and 500 Illustrations, with the best Flowers and Vegetables, and how to grow them. All for STAMP, issue Nov. 25th. In man. JAMES VICK, Rochester.

ITS CURED PROMPTLY MANLY. I am on my feet and in all able to do my work. I am on my feet and in all able to do my work. I am on my feet and in all able to do my work.

MOLLER'S NORWEGIAN COD-LIVER OIL. Is perfectly pure. Pronounced the best medical substance in the world. Sold by Druggists, W. H. Schiele.

SWAIN'S PANACEA. Celebrated in all parts of the world. It is a cure for all diseases. It is a cure for all diseases. It is a cure for all diseases.

SPECIAL NOTICE. THE SECRET KEY TO HEALING OF Life, or Self Preservation. 300 pages. Contains fifty valuable either one of which is worth times the price of the book. Please send on receipt of 6 cents dress, Dr. W. H. Parker, 4 Bull ton, Mass.

A MAN OF A THO. When death was hourly expected, and Dr. J. me with the many herbs of Calcut made a preparation which cured Consumption. His child cured, and enjoying the best of health to the world. Can be truly and honestly said, he now gives this Receipt free, showing that every one can cure and prepare his own medicine. Each herb, two grains. This Herb also cures the stomach, and will cure you, FREE! remedy was discovered in America. Send to the Rev. JOSEPH T. New York City.

in the whole history of preparation have ever performed cures, or maintained as, AYER'S CHERRY P is recognized as the world's disease of the most and long rise of wonderful cure. It is universally known reliable agent to employ. It cures, which are the most serious disorders, it acts as always relieving suffering, and the protection it affords, by its throat and lungs disorders of an invaluable remedy to be in every home. No person without it, and those that never will. From their composition and effects, Play QUERRY PECTORAL exten practice, and Clergymen regard absolutely certain in its remedy will always cure where cures a.

A CASH BUSINESS.—\$30 for Agents Teachers and our N.W. BOOK. Its of Prose and Poetry by those, elegant illustrations make it a welcome guest in the library of Theo. L. Cuyler. The new editions and reduce beautifully illustrated works with quick sales, are reasons why they in their sale. A single ever 1900 copies. E B TRENT, 305 Broadway.