

THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1908.

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DR. PUGSLEY GIVES THE TALK BACK TO HIS TRAILERS

THE magnificent greeting which Saint John gave to Hon. Mr. Pugsley and his colleague, James Pender, the Liberal candidates in the York Theatre last evening, gives the Liberal campaign here an unmistakable swing of victory. Probably never before in his career did Hon. Mr. Pugsley make so effective a public speech as that he delivered last evening. He carried his audience off its feet as he nailed the falsehoods of his accusers and outlined his policies for the prosperity of St. John and the province.

The house was crowded from pit to gallery, and throughout the speakers were cheered in that good old ringing fashion that tells the hearts of the throng are in the shouting.

Thus, at the outset, there is a significant contrast. The Conservative meeting in the Opera House on Thursday drew a slim crowd, and one none too ready to cheer. But last night the crowd on its way to the Liberal meeting began to cheer in the streets before the hall was reached. The York Theatre was not big enough for the concourse. Everyone knows what such a contrast means.

The mighty throng who heard Hon. Mr. Pugsley's answer to those who have slandered him, and who heard his brilliant and effective handling of the questions of paramount interest to St. John and the province, cheered him to the echo. If any man had any doubt about the Minister's triumph on Oct. 26 that doubt vanished last evening.

Cheer after cheer greeted James Pender as he rose and his brisk, incisive, fighting speech was applauded with great heartiness throughout. St. John is backing Pender. That's evident.

This great meeting gives the Liberal campaign the stamp of success. It presages a great victory on Oct. 26 in the city and the county.

Long before 8 o'clock, the hour set for the meeting, the theatre was comfortably filled and as the hour approached crowds continued to pour in until standing room was at a premium. The City Cornet Band brought with it a strong contingent of the young Liberals, who marched in procession from Berryman's hall and cheered at intervals en route with such vigor that they could be heard half a mile away.

The seats on the platform were quickly filled and while waiting for the speech making to begin the high spirits of the audience and Pender was indulged in. The arrival of the minister of public works was a signal for another outburst. Well known Liberals as they appeared and took their seats on the stage came in for vigorous recognition.

"Pugsley, Pender and Progress," shouted somebody, and the audience caught at the Liberal battle cry and cheered again and again. Viewed from the stage the scene was one to fill the hearts of the leaders of the party with pride. There was a sea of expectant faces from floor to gallery and the high spirits of the audience left no uncertainty as to their enthusiasm. Late comers on the stage were compelled to stand and the wings, as well as the auditorium, were crowded.

Among those on the platform besides the speakers were: W. H. Barnaby, J. S. Gregory, J. F. Bullock, Boyer S. Smith, Col. E. T. Sturdee, W. J. Mahoney, W. J. S. Myers, A. W. Adams, W. J. Maguire, Dr. I. W. Robertson, Dr. H. G. Addy, Robert Nixon, Murray McLaughlin, E. J. Armstrong, Harvey Ring, John Haslam, Thomas Nash, George E. Oakes, Alexander McMillan, H. Horton, Walter Fleming, C. B. Allen, A. O. Skinner, John Sheahan, J. A. Barry, Dr. McAdams, W. H. Merritt, H. G. Wood, T. Collins, Dr. S. B. Smith, William Knodell, A. P. Barnhill, Hugh S. Gregory, M. Ryan, G. Grey Murdoch, Dr. Hetherington, Robert Vroom, C. W. Roman, M. G. Grass, B. R. Macaulay, George Colwell, Col. Blaine, Col. Edwards, J. H. Doody, E. Lantham, Edward Sears, Senator Gilmore, W. E. Foster, Dr. Jas. Christie and F. C. Beatty.

It was about five minutes after 8 o'clock when the chairman, John Keefe, appeared on the platform accompanied by Hon. William Pugsley. Their appearance was marked by a salvo of cheers and bursts of applause of the heartiest kind.

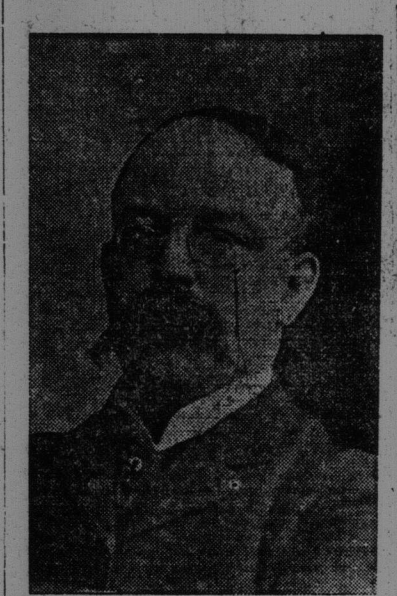
As soon as he could be heard, the chairman arose and thanked the audience on behalf of the Liberal executive of the city and county of St. John for their response to the invitation to come and listen to the presentation of the issues of the day by the candidates and other speakers of the Liberal party. Liberal candidates from St. John meant liberal prosperity for this constituency. He then introduced Dr. Pugsley as the first speaker.

On rising, Dr. Pugsley was cheered to the echo, and the call from someone in the audience "Pugsley, Pender and Progress" was the signal for another burst of applause.

Dr. Pugsley, in commencing his address, said he was suffering from a severe cold and therefore would not detain them at any great length. There were present, however, several gentlemen who were well fitted to present the issues of the day in an interesting manner. "They are," he said, "my colleagues, Mr. Pender, who is going to represent the city of St. John (applause); that eminent Liberal from Westmorland county, A. B. Copp, and our young warhorse, the hero of many

RINGING CHEERS FOR ST. JOHN'S CHAMPION SOUND DEATH KNEEL TO TORY CAMPAIGN OF SLANDER

Immense Crowd in York Theatre Heard Minister of Public Works in Most Effective Speech of His Career—He Shows up the Malicious Falsehoods of His Critics and Tells What He Has Done and Will do for This Port—Mr. Pender, Hon. H. A. McKeown and A. B. Copp Also Heard in Speeches That Smack of Victory.



Chairman John Keefe.

was taken in Ottawa and in St. John, after five years, I succeeded in securing this province \$281,000 as the result of the award (cheers).

"Another important matter in which I acted for the government was in the adjudication of the claim of this province for a portion of the Halifax award, a sum of money paid over to the Dominion government by the government of the United States as a consideration for the use of the fisheries on our coast. I contended that in this instance the fisheries were vested in the province and not in the Dominion and secured for the province recognition of our claim, thus placing the province on a sure foundation.

"Thus there was the Eastern Extension claim, the Halifax Fishery award, going to England in connection with the representation of Canada and arguing in vain that I should be paid for my services. I added to this my salary and even at that I did not get as much as the attorney-general of Nova Scotia, who received from \$3,500 to \$4,000 a year as against my \$2,100. This is how that matter stands.

"Now as to the alleged over draft of which my friends have attempted to make capital. I dispute entirely that there was any over draft (cheers). As a matter of bookkeeping there might have been but this is what took place. "I discussed with the then provincial secretary and premier in reference to the Eastern Extension claim and it was agreed that I should receive five per cent. put in a bill for \$13,500 with the entire approval of the provincial secretary. I drew against it. Some time afterwards, the provincial secretary told me there had been some criticism as to the size of my account and asked me if I could not reduce it. As the account was not settled it was put into a suspense account, but there was nothing secret about it. I had expected my account would be taken up and settled so I allowed it to stand. Afterwards I, as premier, and provincial secretary of the province, could have settled it but I did not. It would be right to be honest for me to act as the judge of my own case.

"Consequently I said to Mr. Babbitt, I will give you a check for the amount I have drawn against my account and I will deposit securities in the Bank of New Brunswick to return these checks when you present it. If anything should happen to me the security will be there.

"I felt not allow him to do this for life is an uncertain thing and I wanted to leave nothing to be settled after my death if I should pass away.

"In August of last year I went to Ottawa and my account had not been settled but on the provincial secretary's file in his office were the letters written by me to Mr. Babbitt asking that I might get the matter settled. Before this was done the election came on but before the election I sent two checks from Ottawa to Mr. Babbitt, asking him to return mine. My opponents say 'why should Pugsley return these checks if he did not owe the money?' They could not understand it but I felt that my accounts were just and that if it was left to any government I would be fairly dealt with. There remained \$3,700 due to me and I asked that this account be left to arbitration.

"In May last I wrote to Hon. J. K. Fleming, asking him to submit my claim to arbitration and enclosing my cheque for \$300 to pay the expense of the arbitration proceedings. Mr. Fleming replied that he was willing to leave part of it to arbitration and would appoint Allison B. Connell, of Woodstock, as the arbitrator.

"Is there anything in all this to justify these gentlemen in charging me with robbing the treasury of the province? If so just or not. There was nothing secret about the suspense account. There has always been a suspense account. I did not

"Mr. Hazen also says he had a conversation with Mr. Babbitt when that gentleman told him that members of the government got what money they wanted and charged it up to their departments. Mr. Babbitt never said a word of this kind. Mr. Hazen to write a joint letter to him with me and ask him if he said it and Mr. Babbitt will deny it. Mr. Hazen has deliberately tried to deceive the people.

"In Ontario, said the minister, they had brought Premier Roblin from Manitoba and his Government of a speech he had charged that the Toronto Globe had in 1890 agitated to have the Dominion grants to the Crow's Nest Pass Railway in the Globe at that time and was now editor of the Toronto News, had admitted that he alone was responsible for the policy which the Globe had adopted at that time and that the present editor, Rev. Mr. McDonald, and the owners of the paper, were in no way responsible for the statement which he had made. Mr. Roblin and he would go back to Manitoba a dishonored and discredited politician.

"Rev. Mr. McDonald, the speaker continued, was a respected pastor of a Presbyterian church in Toronto who was looked up to by all who knew him. "I ask you," said Dr. Pugsley, "if you should not pass condemnation on those who can do nothing but slander honest men?" (applause).

"In 1876, when the Liberal party came into power, it found business all over the Dominion in a state of stagnation. The west was not filling up, all the vast country was unopened and all over the country were stagnation, depression and despair. The Liberal government had pursued a vigorous policy that has resulted in the general upbuilding of the country

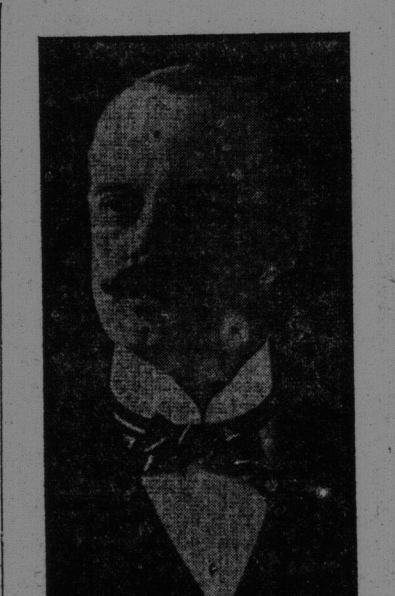
"I found it so in parliament, for when I rose to speak this morning I saw four Conservatives on their feet at me like a pack of wolves. Later my estimate went through with little criticism. The next evening \$8,000,000 worth went through in a couple of hours. So I think that by acting the part of a gentleman I have been able to bring the respect of a large number of the members.

"Mr. Hazen has said that I carried on the finances of this country in a loose and dishonest way. Mr. Tweedie was the more responsible for the finances at that time to which Mr. Hazen refers and if there is any dishonesty he is responsible. But it is most unfair for Mr. Hazen to attack the lieutenant-governor for the mistakes of his predecessor.

"I feel not allow him to do this for life is an uncertain thing and I wanted to leave nothing to be settled after my death if I should pass away.

"Nervine" the Best Rub for Athletes and Workers

A bottle of Nervine in a pint of water makes the best rub-down. It's wonderful how soothing Nervine is to over-exercised or tender muscles—aching and strain is relieved at once. Pleasant to use, has an agreeable odor, and makes it impossible to catch cold after you use it. Nervine is the acme of perfection, and athletic leaders say there is not a pain, ache or bruise that it won't cure. Not a liniment on earth with Nervine's penetrating and pain-subduing power; try it.



Hon. H. A. McKeown.

(applause). The business of the country has increased from \$287,000,000 a year to upwards of \$600,000,000. The population has been increased by over 1,000,000 and the revenues have increased to about \$100,000,000 in the twelve years that the Liberal government has been in power."

The speaker asked if in view of this record the opposition were justified in their scandalous mudslinging policy.

"Had I the time at my disposal," he continued, "I might deal with the various bones of contention for today there is no time to do so."

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"In doing he appealed to them to support the Liberal party that stood for progressive government, and vote in the interests of St. John."

Mr. Pender, the next speaker, was received with great enthusiasm and on rising was greeted with three hearty cheers.

In his opening remarks he referred to the campaign of scandal inaugurated by the Conservative party and characterized it as a campaign founded on wind. Speaking of Hon. George E. Foster he went on to recall the occasion when the premier of Newfoundland came to Canada to open negotiations for the ancient colony to enter the Dominion. For a matter of \$300,000, he said, which Mr. Foster had given over Newfoundland was lost to the Dominion. If Sir John A. MacDonald or Sir Charles Tupper had carried on the negotiations they would have been successful but Mr. Foster was not broad-minded enough to seize the opportunity.

Mr. Pender then went on to refer to the tariff inaugurated by Hon. W. S. Fielding. Sir Charles Tupper, he said, in one of his celebrated prophecies had foretold that the tariff would be a failure and that there was no foundation for the attacks made.

"Now just a word about what the government is doing for St. John," said the minister. "The opposition say there is no reason for supporting Pender and Pugsley for what they have done for the port and for doing so think St. John would receive any very generous support from Foster (cries of No, no)."

"I do not appeal to you because of what has been done for St. John. I appreciate the honor bestowed upon me in being elected as your representative. (applause). I will appreciate being your representative again. (more applause). The government's policy in this regard is national work of equipping the ports for carrying on the immense trade of the Dominion on the east and the west. Millions of dollars are being spent to build the great Transcontinental railway that is to help the trade of Canada so much and bring the trade through Canadian ports. (applause)."

"The Conservatives say, 'if you elect us we will raise the tariff, but what would happen then? The imports would be reduced and there would be a reduction in the revenue and then the great works could not go on. They would have to borrow money abroad as a result of this reduction in revenue and so increase the debt of the Dominion. The government is enabled to carry on these great works all over the Dominion and to increase the debt of the Dominion by the tariff."

"Dr. Daniel has said that the terminals at Courtenay Bay are not big enough for many years, but let me tell you what the government has done for St. John. They have taken the work wharf building on the west side off the hands of the city; they are building wharves and dredging the harbor and this work will go on still further. (applause)."

"I look forward to seeing the wharves extended below Sand Point so that as many as thirty large steamers may be accommodated there carrying freight to and from this port (Great applause)."

Last year the great wheat crop of the west kept 100 cars a day for a period of five months, busy in carrying grain to Buffalo. Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his colleagues have watched this and the situation is undergoing a change. With the aid of the railway companies we are building new harbors on the Georgian Bay and the grades of the railways are being lowered so that in the very near future, instead of hauling sixty cars a train they will be hauling sixty cars. The government is aiming to make two Buffaloes on the Georgian Bay where grain can be stored and then shipped to Montreal and Quebec, in summer, and St. John in winter.

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The applause and cheers at this point were so great that it was some minutes before the minister could continue.

"I want to see," he said, when at last he could be heard, "that when the railway line of the Grand Trunk Pacific is finished, Courtenay Bay will be ready to receive large steamers of 10,000 or 15,000 tons capacity. (Great applause). On the 26th of the month I would like to send word to our revered chiefdom that St. John as well as other sections of the Province of New Brunswick have done their share in contributing to the grand victory of the Liberal party."

As he took his seat the minister was cheered again and again.

A. B. Copp, M. P. for Westmorland county, was next introduced and made a ringing speech, punctuating the arguments of the opposition speakers and showing how they are deliberately deceiving the people in their campaign literature and from the platform. He was given a great reception and was applauded continually.

In opening his address he said it was worth coming to St. John to witness a demonstration such as this. Mr. Powell had addressed a meeting in Sackville a few nights ago and had scored Dr. Pugsley and almost told them the verdict of the Central Railway Commission, but nothing he had said about Dr. Pugsley was as hard as his characterization of Dr. MacLure as a "serpent."

He contended there was no good and sufficient reason for turning the government from power when the country was so prosperous. He showed the audience a pamphlet which was being distributed by the opposition called "Taxes and Figures" and said it should be labelled "Fakes from Fakers," as it was a tissue of falsehoods from beginning to end. He instanced a number of cases.

He told of the surplus in the post office department and of the proposal to establish free rural mail delivery, at which the audience expressed their hearty approval. He contrasted the records of the two parties while in power, showing how trade had expanded and prosperity reigned under the Liberal regime. The only cry of the opposition was "It's time for a change." They cried scandal but couldn't prove anything and lacked the courage to make their charges in parliament for fear of losing their seats. Conservative members advocated economy and yet were always asking in the house for more money for their constituencies. They are saying, "Oh, if the Liberal party only had a man at the head of the party like Sir Alexander MacLure," yet when MacLure was alive they said all manner of things against him as they do now about the present leader. The Conservative party write splendid epitaphs and no doubt in St. John they are writing one for Daniel and MacLure."

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best feature that had been injected into any tariff. It cut the wings of competitors on the other side of the line who wanted to flood the Canadian market. Previous to the clause going into force the United States Steel Corporation threatened to put Canadian manufacturers of steel rods out of business, and this had proved an unqualified success in preventing it.

The bounty, it had been claimed was unjust, but by the low price at which it was now possible to manufacture, the people received it all back. It had also been contended that a duty should be placed on pig iron. He was not in favor of it. It would mean that the price of stove iron would be advanced. It was a wiser policy to give assistance by a bounty than by a duty which would be felt by the people. Duties were high enough. High duties were not in the interests of any country, they enticed impractical people in business. Instances of this had occurred in St. John and many concerns came to grief in consequence.

Turning to discuss his attitude on labor questions Mr. Pender said it had been persistently spread abroad by his opponents that he was the arch enemy of the working population. The reason given was his objection to the compensation act. He had gone to Fredericton to oppose only one clause in that act—the fellow-workmen clause. He regarded that clause as iniquitous. Mr. Pender then devoted some attention to Mr. Hatheway's promise to give the laboring man 45 cents an hour. He had not carried out his promise, he said, and in the words of the alderman from Stanley ward, was not able to deliver the goods, a tally which highly delighted the audience.

His own record with the working people, Mr. Pender continued, would bear favorable comparison with that of Mr. Hatheway. His (the speaker's) name given him a certificate of character and yet he had heard that his opponents had the gall, the nerve and the cheek to say that he had taken a pistol and placed it at their heads to force them to sign. The audience were loath to let Mr. Pender go and his closing remarks were greeted with renewed cheering and applause and cries for "more."

Mr. McKeown, on rising, said that the previous speakers had pointed out the issues so clearly that he would not take up much of their time. He paid tribute to Mr. Copp, whom he was glad to see on the platform addressing a St. John audience. He said he would speak to them for a few minutes of another gentleman who was not of this constituency, but was connected with important issues in British Columbia.

Mr. Bowser, who that evening had been addressing a meeting on the west side, Mr. Bowser went from St. John to British Columbia and was now holding the position of attorney-general in the McBride administration. He was advertised as an advocate of labor, yet whatever he had said in British Columbia with reference to oriental immigration was because of a joint stock company for which Mr. Bowser was responsible. The objects for which this company was formed—and they were placed before Mr. Bowser's government—were to bring oriental labor into Canada. It had been within his power to refuse a charter to the company, and if that had been done the immigration trouble would never have taken place.

Japan differed from other countries inasmuch as native laborers before leaving had to secure passports. The government of Japan required to be convinced that Japanese labor was wanted before they would permit the men to go. No private individual could have accomplished what had been done. It was necessary for the Nippon Canadian Company, with capital behind it and its influential position, to show that Japanese were wanted for large contracts on the C.P.R. before they could be brought over.

With the McBride government, of which Mr. Bowser was a member, rested the responsibility of bringing the Japanese over. It was a lie in the mouth of these people when they said the Liberal government was to blame. The inception and the trouble was in the McBride administration and yet they tried to make it an issue. A more unfair issue had never been raised.

Mr. McKeown concluded his remarks by congratulating the constituencies on their candidates and expressing his conviction that a Liberal victory was assured.

The meeting broke up with cheers for the candidates, the band playing the national anthem.

James F. Murphy, formerly of St. John, but who left here eighteen years ago and has prospered in Tacoma (Wash.), has sold his store, The Arcade, there, and will retire from business a wealthy man.

Mr. Pender then went on to refer to the tariff inaugurated by Hon. W. S. Fielding. Sir Charles Tupper, he said, in one of his celebrated prophecies had foretold that the tariff would be a failure and that there was no foundation for the attacks made.

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JAMES PENDER, CITY'S FUTURE LIBERAL MEMBER.