They express very strong Apprehensions of the Mischiefs that must attend the Operation of this Bill; and they more especially lament the Abolition of those most valuable Parts of the English Law, which relate to the Protection of personal Liberty, by Means of the Writ of Habeas Corpus, and of those which establish the Trial by Jury in civil Cases; which Abolition, they conceive to be involved in those very general Words of the new Act, which direct, "That in all Matters of Property and civil Rights, refort shall be had to the Laws of Canada, and not to the Laws of England."

This total Expulsion of the Laws of England, and total Restoration of the Laws of Canada, in civil Matters, which is fo grievous to themselves, they alledge to have been no way necessary to the Satisfaction of the Canadians; but, on the contrary, they declare, that the Majority of those new Subjects of his Majesty, have rather expressed a liking for the general Body of the Laws of England, fince they have had Experience of them, than a Wish to see their former Laws restored; ection, which having enjoyed, and being always ready to acknowledge they have enjoyed, a greater Degree of gracious Ma Liberty for their Persons, Security for their Properoyal Affent to ty, and Encouragement to the Exertion of their Inthe faid Pro- uftry in Trade and Agriculture, fince the Introduction

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