this act of natural and legal justice, without adding in any confiderable degree to its burdens, will not, cannot be controverted. For probably less than one-fourth part of the sum necessary to defray the public exigencies of a war during one year, will be abundantly sufficient for this equitable purpose: and they trust in the liberality and magnanimity of the nation, that the plan of public œconomy, so just and so necessary in every society, will not be a bar to the justice they have a right to claim as individual subjects; nor be extended farther, in regard to them, than common justice requires: for they conceive that the confideration of public aconomy can have no beginning until the demands of public faith and national jufice are fulfilled; that however useful and necessary it may be, at all times, and upon all occasions, it can have no weight when opposed to public justice; and that, in the nature of things, it can only regard the bounties and voluntary expences of the State.

WHILE the American Loyalists thus contend for public justice, they cheerfully agree, that a nation is not obliged to carry on a long and unfuccessful war against numerous and powerful enemies. They will suppose, without presuming to judge, that the State is reduced to the unfortunate alternative of continuing the war at the expence of twenty militans yearly, or, of giving up the estates of a number of its faithful and deserving subjects.