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N the States the tendency seems to be in the direction of shortening the term of instruction required in order to gain academic degrees. President Eliot, of Harvard, partly favors this idea. In his recent annual report he seems to think it advisable to shorten the ordinary college course, especially for those who contemplate entering university departments and professional schools. He strongly urges that admission to such advanced classes should be open only to those who have previously obtained an academic degree.

With the latter part of his suggestion we can agree, but we do not think that the trend of opinion in Canada is in line with his plan of shortening the ordinary college course. In fact the tendency in our own universities and colleges is in the opposite direction, and only recently the medical course has been made a a four year course instead of three, unless the matriculant has obtained a degree in Arts.

Much may be said against making a medical, law or divinity course longer for a student who has no degree than for one who has, but we think that the experience of most institutions of note will warrant the former plan. Of course the possession of a Bachelor's diploma does not always mean fitness for higher

study, but it certainly has a meaning in that direction, and as long as the arts or college course is kept out to its full length and up to its best standard, that meaning will be more and more marked.

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In Columbia College, a student upon finishing his junior year may enter at once upon the work of any of the university departments. and upon completing his first year's work there he receives his academic degree. words, the first year of professional study is allowed to count also as the fourth and last year of academic or arts work. In certain cases this plan might be desirable, but we think that the witness of professional men generally will bear us out in saying that the years of college training are not wasted, and the more of them we can take the better it will be. No stronger testimony to the fact is needed in our own college than the return of men who have already spent seven years in arts and theological work, to take a course of special lectures in the middle of the session. This we have seen in our Theological Alumni. And with such an example before us we would be loath to see the college course redured to three years under any consideration.

We must bear in mind, however, when criticising our neighbours across the line that their college year is longer than our own and hence such suggestions appeal to them differently from what they do to us. A college year at any of the first rate colleges in the States extends from middle of September till last of June, nine and a half months. Four years thus means 38 months actual work. With us the college year is from October to May, seven months, and four years thus means with us 28 months actual work. It appears then that three years in the American college is really a trifle longer than four years in the Canadian Recognizing this difference, however, we still hope that the full length of time