

BELLIGERENT RIGHTS.—When the Government at Washington ceases to recognise the Southern States as belligerents, then, but not before, can European Powers refuse to accord full belligerent rights to vessels hoisting Confederate State colors: but so long as any part of the American coast is declared to be in a state of blockade by the Federal Government, so long does it recognise the belligerent capacity of those by whom that part of the sea coast is held. For nothing is more clearly established in international law than this:—That no Power can blockade its own ports.

So by recognising the right of the Northern States to blockade the ports of the Southern States, and to exercise the usual rights of belligerents towards ships of other nations attempting to violate that blockade, Great Britain and France *ipso facto* recognised the full belligerent rights of the Power whose ports were blockaded. Nor could the European Powers have accorded to the Federal cruisers the right to stop, search, and make prize of vessels carrying munitions of war, without the recognition of the fact that the Federal government was a belligerent power, at war with some one, and therefore entitled to exercise belligerent rights. But as it takes two to make a quarrel, so logically the recognition of any one Power as a belligerent, implies the recognition of some other Power as a belligerent, or some one with whom the first is at war. The recognition of full belligerent rights in the Confederate States was therefore the necessary or logical consequence of the recognition of belligerent rights in the Federal States; and of the consequent recognition of the right of the latter to blockade Southern ports, and to stop, search and seize as prize, neutral merchant ships carrying munitions of war.

Nor can this necessity cease until the Government at Washington proclaims that it has ceased to be a belligerent; and that consequently being at war with no one, no one is at war with it. But this implies the entire abandonment of the blockade system, and all its accompaniments; because no Power can blockade its own ports, and none but a belligerent has the right to oppose obstacles to the ships of other nations when carrying munitions of war. The moment the President proclaims that the state of blockade exists no more, that his ships of war no longer pretend to exercise belligerent rights as towards French and British merchant ships, France and Great Britain will cease to recognise any belligerent capacity in the Confederates. But so long as we recognise one belligerent, we must, there is no help for it, we must recognise another belligerent; for no Power can be at war, unless it be at war with some one else, just as no man in a dance can be his own partner, or his own *vis à vis*.

The old proverb says "you can't eat your pudding and have it," which being interpreted means "you can't at one and the same moment of time be both a belligerent, and a non-belligerent. If a belligerent, there is some second party with whom you are at war, and who is therefore also a belligerent: if you are not a belligerent, then have you no right to blockade the sea ports on the Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico, no right to exercise as towards the merchant ships of other Powers the rights which belong to belligerents alone. Thus the President has it in his power at any moment to obtain all that in his proclamation the late Mr. Lincoln claimed for Federal men of war visiting foreign ports. He has but to declare the blockade raised, and that his government has ceased to be belligerent. Then as a matter of course, but not before, will he be entitled to demand the usual rights of non-belligerents for Federal cruisers.

Protestants of the Episcopal denomination have been much exercised in spirit by the celebration of the Eucharistic Sacrifice, according to the Greek Liturgy, in an Anglican Protestant Church in New York. In this some pretend to see a formal recognition by a branch of the 'Church Catholic,' of the orders and ecclesiastical pretensions of Protestant Episcopalianism; others mourn over it as the very abomination of desolation, the Greek Liturgy being to all intents and purposes a Mass, or idolatrous form of worship.

The second class, that of the Low Churchmen are the nearer the truth in their views. Though in schism, the Greek Church is on the question of the Eucharistic celebration, at one with the Latin Church: as in that celebration both recognise the change of substance of the elements of bread and wine—and both offer up a real though unbloody sacrifice—the sacrifice of the very body and blood of Christ that were once offered for all on Calvary. The ceremonies of the Greek schismatic differ in several respects from those of the Roman Catholic Church; but in substance the two Liturgies are identical.

The subscriptions collected at Sorel and vicinity for the relief of the sufferers by the inundation already amount to \$2,743 in money and a large quantity of food, clothing and implements. Mr. De Niverville and the other representatives of the flooded districts are getting up a petition requesting the Government to grant assistance to the sufferers. We heartily hope that it will be favorably entertained. Up to the 21st inst. inquests had been held on 11 bodies found in the river and vicinity, and, sad to relate, seven of them belong to one family—Lieu Odonor Brissettes, of Ile du Pads.—*Montreal Gazette*.

LECTURE BY THE REVEREND MR. BAKEWELL.—Remember the lecture on Wednesday next at the Bonaventure Hall for the Catholic Young Men's Society, by the Reverend Mr. Bakewell. See advertisement.

We would direct attention to the advertisement of the Richelieu Company which will be found on our 7th page. The steamboats belonging to this Company have long been known to the travelling public for their excellent arrangements, and no pains will be spared to maintain the high reputation which hitherto they have deservedly enjoyed.

THE MONTH OF MARY, FOR THE USE OF ECCLESIASTICS.—Translated from the French. Baltimore, John Murphy & Co.

A neatly printed and elegant compilation of prayers and meditations for the ensuing month of Mary, appropriately, and in an especial manner devoted to the honor of the Blessed Mother of God. This little work is enriched with the approbation of His Grace the Archbishop of Baltimore.

MONTREAL BUSINESS SKETCHES.—Prepared and Published by the Canada Advertising Company.

This is a description of the chief public buildings, stores and places of interest in Montreal.

NORTH BRITISH REVIEW.—February, 1865.—Dawson Brothers, Montreal.

The following are the contents of the current number:—

1. The Rise and Progress of the Scottish Tourist.
2. Epigrams.
3. Spain.
4. Tests in the English Universities.
5. Topography of the Chain of Mont Blanc.
6. Essays in Criticism.
7. The Holy Roman Empire.
8. John Leech.

To the Editor of the True Witness.

DEAR SIR,—Will you allow me a corner in your valuable columns, to notice the efforts we are making to build a St. Patrick's Church in this city. The following letter speaks for us:—

Ottawa, March 13th, 1865.

Dear Father McGrath,—I have learned with much satisfaction of your intention to commence as soon as possible the erection of a new church in the upper town, to be placed under the patronage of St. Patrick. The Bazaar which you contemplate organizing, to aid you in procuring the necessary funds for the undertaking, I think is a well considered move and it has my hearty approbation. The peculiar circumstances of your parish, and the insufficient accommodation afforded by the present church, render it desirable that the work should be commenced with as little delay as possible, and the very moderate means of the greater portion of your congregation render it necessary that you should seek outside assistance to enable you to prosecute the undertaking. In conclusion I have only to add, that I pray the blessings of Heaven on all who may contribute towards the good work.

I am, your obt. servt.,

Jos. EUGENE, Bishop of Ottawa.

Rev. Father McGrath, O.M.J., P.P., Upper Town Parish, Ottawa.

Our Right Revd. Bishop has so well stated our case that I have only a few words to say in addition. For several years both Pastor and congregation have been struggling with many difficulties; and after much exertion and many sacrifices a suitable site has been secured; but to commence the building we see ourselves devoid of means. It would have been our ardent wish to have avoided an appeal to the public but our circumstances are such as to preclude us from this enjoyment.

The form of appeal which has been selected is that of a Grand Bazaar and Drawing of Prizes to be held next Fall. A committee of gentlemen has charge of the whole arrangement. In a few days, it is hoped, the preliminaries will be so far advanced as to permit of the tickets being issued.

This being the first Bazaar held in this Province on the same principle, the value of the prize about to be offered, the necessities of the case and the interest manifested in its success by all classes of the community here, will, it is hoped, bespeak it a large and wide-extended patronage. It is with pleasure that we announce amongst others the reception of prizes from Major O'Reilly, M.P., Longford, Ireland; Peter Paul McSweeney, Esq., Ex Lord Mayor of Dublin, Messrs. Sadler & Co., New York. Many other prizes have been promised and are daily expected.

The appeal, which I thus make in behalf of the wants of the Mission confided to me, is addressed to all charitably disposed persons, who may wish to aid in a good and meritorious work; but it is addressed in a special manner to the well known generosity of Irishmen when there is question of erecting an edifice to the honor of God under the patronage of the great St. Patrick.

Contributions whether in money or articles, as also applications for Tickets, are respectfully requested, and will be most thankfully received by R. N. McGreevy, Esq., Chairman Ex. Com., Charles McCarron and Robert O'Reilly, Esqs., Hon. Secs., by any of the Executive Committee or by the undersigned. J. McGRATH, O.M.J., P.P.

Ottawa, April 20th, 1865.

SUDDEN DEATH.—On Sunday morning, at about 5 o'clock, a poor woman named Marie Valade, wife of Jean B. Renaud, and living in Dorchester Street, near St. Dominique Street, was found dead by a little boy, a nephew, who lived with her. She was lying in a pool of blood, which had proceeded from her lungs. An inquest has been held, and a verdict returned of death from apoplexy. The deceased was a French Protestant and a member of the Rev. Mr. Maury's congregation.

Fire.—On Sunday morning an alarm of fire was sounded from No. 8 box, a stable occupied by Mr. McGuire, adjoining the Ottawa Hotel, being on fire. Though the flames were extinguished with but little damage to the building, one horse was much injured about the hind quarters before it could be removed. At 10 o'clock there was an alarm sounded from No. 57 box. The cause being a chimney in St. Denis Street.—*Transcript*.

The fall wheat looks well, and the spring has opened so favorably that the farmers are very much encouraged. A good deal of the spring wheat has already been sown.

On Sunday morning last, Jane Crawford, died in the city hospital, London, O.W., aged 106 years.—She was a native of Ireland, and emigrated to Canada, in 1844. Up to the age of 100 she was hale and healthy, but then old age came upon her, and for the last four years she has been a constant inmate of the hospital.

ARRESTED FOR THE MURDER OF THE PRESIDENT.—Those on the alert for the arrest of the murderer of Abraham Lincoln have already carried their proceedings into Canada. On Wednesday, a man answering very much to the description of Booth was noticed in Detroit, and at once 'spotted' by the detectives. They watched him crossing the river over to Sarnia, and then 'dogged' him as far as St. Mary's, where they came to the conclusion that the notorious Booth was then in their presence. So, without much ceremony, they pronounced him their prisoner for the assassination of the President.—The man professed the greatest surprise at such conduct, but took it all very good-humoredly.—The necessary documents were applied for to the Canadian authorities, and were procured.—There certainly was a strong likeness to Booth, and the examination was entered into on the part of the authorities, with the great hope that the bold Washington murderer had been secured.—However, they were not allowed to flatter themselves very long in that respect, for the suspected person after indulging the avidity of the authorities for a little while, proved himself to be another party altogether. So the Detroit detectives had to return alone. The mistaken man was paid his extra expenses caused by the detention, and allowed to proceed on his way to Toronto yesterday morning. The affair caused a short excitement for St. Mary's, and at the station there the poor unfortunate fellow was considerably bothered with curious people gazing and pointing at him, and telling of his adventure. In the cars, while coming to the city, he received little attention, and no doubt felt anything but complimented at being taken for the murderer Booth. It is quite probable many such cases will occur.—*Leader*.

ARREST OF LARRY MACDONALD.—Wm. Lawrence Macdonald, better known as "Larry" Macdonald, has been arrested. Some time ago the steamer *Georgian* was seized at Collingwood on a charge of violating the neutrality laws, and, as information has been laid that Larry Macdonald is connected with the "raids" on our neighbors across the line, and with the fitting-out of the *Georgian*, a detective was despatched to Collingwood by the police department of this city, on Saturday last, and the individual in question arrested; he is now lodged in gaol on Saturday night his Southern friends seem to be particularly anxious to discover the amount of evidence against him. We understand that a quantity of phosphorus was found in the house lately occupied by Macdonald on Agnes street, as well as other articles, which prove conclusively that he contemplated warlike operations.—*Toronto Globe*.

IRISH ABSCONDERS.—On the 18th of April last, two agents of the Court of Bankruptcy and Insolvency of Dublin, Ireland, arrived in this city in pursuit of about \$3,000 worth of dry goods, which property had been claimed by the official assignees as belonging to the estate of McCarty & Co., of Dublin, who had left that city in haste, leaving a considerable amount due their creditors. A search warrant was procured in this city and placed in the hands of Detective George Mack for execution. After looking round the city for a few hours the detective found the goods in the freight shed at the Union Depot in charge of the Grand Trunk Railway Company. The goods consisted of five cases in bond and five or six cases not in bond, all of which had been consigned to McCarty & Co., Buffalo, United States. McCarty & Co., having run away from Dublin, shipped those goods per the Montreal Ocean Steamship Co.'s line to Portland, and from thence to Buffalo. On Saturday, however, an agent of McCarty & Co. arrived from Buffalo for the purpose of claiming the goods, but as the agents of the Dublin Court likewise have a good claim for the articles, it is likely that quite an amount of litigation will ensue before the Courts in this country.—*Toronto Globe*.

THE VOLUNTEERS.—In a few days the Volunteers who have been doing active duty here the past few months will return to their happy homes. During their stay here they have conducted themselves highly creditable, which reflects great credit not only upon themselves, but also upon the different localities to which they belong. As a just appreciation of services, and the gallant motives which prompted them to leave their comfortable firesides in the depth of winter to serve their country and their Queen, will not our citizens organize some fitting demonstration for them? Come fellow-citizens, see to it, and that right early. Let us send the gallant fellows home with some substantial proof of our regard, that they may take to their homes the pleasing reflections that the people of Niagara appreciated the self-sacrifice that led them to our frontier. Last night our Town Council voted \$50 towards a farewell entertainment to Vol. Co. No. 1 19 Bat. We say let a subscription list be set on foot so that all the volunteers may participate in the Town's hospitality.—*Niagara Mail*.

ABSCONDED.—A few days ago we (*Guelph Advertiser*) stated that a leading merchant, of the town had gone on a visit to Hamilton on the 30th of last month, intending, as was supposed, to be absent only a day or two, but had not returned. The defaulting party is Mr. Henry Benjamin Rust, member of the firm of Rust & Sandilands, dry goods merchants, Wyndham-street. On the 30th of March, as before stated, Mr. Rust purchased a return ticket for Hamilton and left on the morning train. Not coming to the store in morning, the partner proceeded to his boarding-house and there learnt that he had left on the train. Suspicion was at once entertained that all was not right, and upon enquiry at the station and elsewhere that suspicion was increased. Dr. Herod, a near relative of the other member of the firm, was then despatched on the evening train in pursuit of Mr. Rust, and followed him as far as New York, whether he had gone instead of stopping, at Hamilton. Arrived in New York the doctor made a diligent search, but to no purpose, and he returned to Guelph on the Monday following without having had an interview with the object of his journey. It seems, however, that Mr. Rust saw Dr. Herod in New York, for a day or two after the doctor returned

home, a letter was received in town from Mr. Rust stating that he (Mr. Rust) had had the pleasure of seeing Dr. Herod in New York, but that the doctor was so busily engaged that he could not see him. The most painful part of the affair is that Mr. Rust has taken a considerable sum of money belonging to the firm with him, said to be from \$6,000 to \$8,000.

NARROW ESCAPE.—During the wind storm on Wednesday, a curious accident occurred to one of the wood trains on the Ottawa and Prescott Railway, when near Spencerville. While the train was moving a big pine tree was blown down by the violence of the wind and fell on the engine, smashing the "cab" and knocking down the engine driver and fireman. The engineer was cut about the face, but fortunately was not seriously hurt.—*Ottawa Citizen* 21st.

EMIGRATION.—In a recent issue we stated that a very large number of French Canadians were leaving the Eastern Townships and the parishes south of the St. Lawrence to settle in the United States. The statement is corroborated by the following paragraph, which we find in the columns of an American contemporary: "One hundred Canadians passed through Worcester, on Tuesday, on their way to the mills at Wauregan, Connecticut.—*Quebec Chronicle*.

A SHERIFF IN DEFAULT.—At the last meeting of the Perth County Council a singular disclosure was made, and one that involves the sheriff of that county Mr. Mowbray, in a rather serious mess. He has appropriated the moneys received by him on account of non-resident land taxes to his own use, amounting to \$10,000; and when called upon to pay over the same to the treasurer he was unable to do so.—He has offered security for his payment, but it is doubted whether he can really pay it at all. The matter has caused considerable talk in the county.—*Leader*.

NEW BRUNSWICK.—The Royal *Gazette* announces that the Legislature will meet for the despatch of business on the 27th inst. As was expected, the Government is formed on purely an anti-Confederation basis. Its policy and effort will be to frustrate the design of Canada, and it has been publicly stated that a deputation will be sent to England to counteract the proceedings of the Canadian mission, with what truth we cannot tell. The impression is general that a majority of new House is favorable to a Legislative Union, and that this question will be pressed at the opening session.

REMITTANCES RECEIVED.

Sherrington, M. McCaffrey, \$2; Martintown, D. McDonald, \$2; Napanee, Robert Rennie, \$2; Smithville, T. McKee, \$1; Quebec, James Foley, \$2; East Hawkesbury, M. McCormick, \$2; Dorchester, N. B. O'Riley, \$4; Freeport, F. Morrissey, \$1; Toronto, W. J. McDonnell, \$2; Tannery West, Jas. Fox, \$4; Point au Chevre, Mrs. D. Cameron, \$2; Riversdale, Rev. J. St. Aubin, \$2; Clifton, Rev. P. Mulligan, \$3; Niagara, Very Rev. J. Carroll, \$1; Rawdon, E. Corcoran, \$2; West Osgoode, Jas. Conway, \$2; Valcartier, Rev. J. Kelly, \$3; Rimouski, Rev. L. Rouleau, \$2; Windsor, Mrs. Beaman, \$2; Chatham, P. Baxter, \$1; Almonte, A. Harris, \$4; Leinster, M. Jordan, \$2; Drumore, P. M. \$2; Ottawa, Kearns & Ryan, \$2; Kars, J. O'Connor, \$2; Beaverton, Wm. McRae, \$1; Carleton Place, Mrs. D. Harrington, \$2; St. Columban, J. Murray, \$4; Seaford, Jas. McQuade, \$2.50; Sherrington, J. Hughes, \$2; Oak Ridge, Mrs. Mary Benyon, \$4; Drummondville, Rev. J. O. Prince, \$2; Douglstown, J. O'Brien, \$1; Downeyville, Rev. Mr. Doyle, \$4; Fort William, Wm. Darcey, \$2; Drummondville, Miss Poyart, \$2; St. Raphael, L. McLachlin, \$2; Fort William, Wm. Jennings, \$5; River Beaudette, T. Rodgers, \$6; Picton, Rev. M. Lalor, \$4; Penetanguishene, M. Quinn, \$2; Fort William, D. Shea, \$2; Cayuga, M. Durkin, \$2; Cote St. Andrews, M. Darrough, \$2; Wellington, D. Donovan, \$2; Granby, B. Kilroy, \$2; Hillier, J. Vincent, \$2; Lochiel, Revd. Alex. McDonald, \$2; Alexandria, Hugh McDonald, \$2; Idaho City, U. S. Rev. Z. Poulin, two dollars; Rev. P. F. Crinan, Stratford, \$2; St. Vincent, J. Ward, \$2; Compton, Rev. J. Charlier, \$2; Hemmingford, John Fleming, \$1.25; Elgin, M. Dunn, \$2.

Per Rev. T. Sears, Port Mulgrave, N.S.—John Sears, Lochaber, \$2.50; Wine Harbor, Robert Cooper, \$2. Per P. Purcell, Kingston.—Martin James, \$1; Rev. Mr. Fitzsimmons, \$2; P. Smyth, \$2; S. Sullivan, \$4.50; P. Rielly, \$5; M. Hinch, \$2.50; P. Henry, \$2.50; Miss Doran, \$2; W. Brophy, \$2.50; Brewer's Mills, J. Fitzgerald, \$2; T. Connolly, \$4; J. Hawkins, \$2.50. Per Rev. J. J. McCarthy, Williamstown—J. Hay, \$2. Per L. Lamping, Kempville—M. Derrick, Edwardsburg, \$2; P. Mallory, Oxford, \$4. Per F. O'Neill, Frazey—J. Gorman, \$2. Per Rev. P. J. Goun, L'Avenir—Self, \$2.50; Three Rivers, P. Seannell, \$2.50. Per F. Brady, Haldimand—Self, \$2; T. M'Manus, \$3.

Per Rev. W. B. Hannett, Corunna—Mrs. J. Kelly, Baby's Point, \$2. Per E. E. Corcoran, Rawdon—E. Corcoran, \$2. Per Rev. H. Brettaght, Trenton—J. MacMahon, Wooler, \$4.50. Per J. Frendlich, Mitchell—R. Sulley, Conroy, \$2. Per J. Johnson, Whitby—C. O'Malley, \$2.50. Per T. Griffith, Sherbrooke—W. J. Crosbie, Cookshire, \$2. Per A. B. McIntosh, Chatham—Rev. Mr. O'Connell, \$2; D. Fordham, \$1. Per F. Ford, Prescott—H. Murphy, \$1; M. Kiely, \$2. Per E. McCormack, Peterboro—J. Fanning, \$2; Otonabee, R. Maloney, \$2; J. Quinlan, \$2; Ennismore, J. Carey, \$1; South Duoro, J. Boyd, \$1. Per M. L. McGrath, Point Maria—Self, \$2; H. M. McGrath, Madison, U. S. \$1. Per J. Oughlitz, Jr., St. Catherine's de Fossambault—Self, \$2; A. Meher, \$5; P. Maher, \$2; Miss Carroll, \$1; Mrs. Gowan, \$1. Per W. Chisholm, Dalhousie Mills—D. McDonald, 20 8 Lancaster, \$2. Per A. D. McDonald, St. Raphaels—A. B. McDonald, \$1. Per P. P. Lynch, Belleville—D. Hanley, Tyndinaga, \$1. Per J. L. Brown, Harvey Hill—Jas. McGee, \$1; Leeds W. Corbet, \$3.50. Per J. Feeney, Brantford—M. Duggan, \$3; R. McGregor, \$1. Per J. Carroll, Rawdon—J. D. Daly, Jr., \$2. Per T. McGinn, Burford—Self, \$7.50; Paris, Rev. T. J. Dowling, \$2. Per George Murphy, Ottawa—W. H. O'Reilly, \$2; J. White, \$2; T. Kinshella, \$1; Jas. McManus, \$2; T. Dooley, \$2; John Casey, \$2.25; Roger Halley, \$2; Peter O'Brien, \$2. Per H. O. O'Brien, St. Mary's—T. Nagle, \$2; E. O'Hara, \$2; D. Delaney, \$2; J. McDonnell, \$2; John Fallon, \$2; P. Quinn, \$2; P. O'Donnell, \$1; P. Horner, \$1; J. Quinn, \$1; W. Dwyer, \$1. Per J. Killorne, Seaford—Self, \$2; Denis Casey, \$2; Walton, W. Flannery, \$1. Per Rev. O. Gay, North Wakefield—Martin O'Malley, \$2.

Births.

In this city, on Good Friday, 14th instant, the wife of Mr. W. B. Lenehan, of a son.

In this city, on the 20th instant, the wife of Mr. John Beatty, of twin sons.

Married.

In this city, in St. Patrick's Church, on Tuesday, 18th instant, by the Rev. Mr. Dowd, Sergt. Michael M'Mahon, 47th Regiment, to Miss Mary Anne Potts.

Died.

In this city, on the 18th instant, Mr. T. J. Sweeney, aged 31 years. May his soul rest in peace.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Montreal, April 25, 1865.

Flour—Pollards, \$3.40 to \$3.60; Middlings, \$3.70 to \$3.90; Fine, \$4.10 to \$4.30; Super, No. 2 \$4.40 to \$4.60; Superfine \$4.60 to \$4.75; Fancy \$5.00 to \$5.10; Extra, \$5.20 to \$5.30; Superior Extra \$5.40 to \$5.50; Bag Flour, \$2.50 to \$2.70. Oatmeal per bbl of 200 lbs, \$4.65 to \$5.00; Wheat—U. Canada Spring \$1.03 to \$1.07. Ashes per 100 lbs, Pots, latest sales were at \$5.20 to \$5.22; Inferior Pots, \$5.00 to \$5.70; Pearls in demand, at \$5.40 to \$5.50. Butter—Store packed in small packages at 16c to 19c; and a lot of choice Dairy 00c. Eggs per doz, 15c. Lard per lb, fair demand at 00c to 00c. Tallow per lb, 11c to 12c. Out-Meats per lb, Hams, canvassed, 9c to 10c Bacon, 00c to 00c. Pork—Quiet; New Mess, \$20.00 to \$21.50; Prime Mess, \$15.00 to \$16; Prime, \$14.50 to \$20.00. Dressed Hogs, per 100 lbs. \$9.00 to \$9.50. Hay, per 100 bundles \$8.00 to \$10.00. Straw, \$4.00 to \$5.00. Beef, live, per 100 lbs 8.00 to 10.00. Sheep, \$5.00 to \$8.00.



THE Regular MONTHLY MEETING of the above Corporation will take place in NORDHEIMER'S HALL, on MONDAY EVENING next, the 1st May. A full attendance is particularly requested. Chair to be taken at Eight o'clock.

By Order,
F. M. CASSIDY,
Sec. Secretary.



CATHOLIC YOUNG MEN'S SOCIETY COURSE OF LECTURES.

A LECTURE

Will be delivered in Aid of the above Society,

BY THE

REV. MR. BAKEWELL,

IN THE

BONAVENTURE HALL,

ON

WEDNESDAY NEXT, THE 3rd OF MAY.

SUBJECT:

"The First Crusade."

Doors open at Seven, Lecture to commence at Eight o'clock.

Tickets 25 cents each; to be had at the doors, and from Members of the Council.

JOHN O'BRIEN, Secretary.

WANTED.

IN A Catholic ACADEMY, a young LADY, capable of TEACHING the ENGLISH and FRENCH Languages.

Apply at Messrs. SADLERS' BOOK STORE, Corner of Notre Dame and St. Francois Xavier Streets. March 30, 1865. Im.

WILLIAM H. HODSON.

IN returning thanks to his Friends and the Public for past favors, begs to intimate that he will continue to prepare DESIGNS for NEW BUILDINGS and Superintend their Erection at a moderate commission on the outlay.

Plans and Specifications may be obtained without Superintendence if required. Preparatory Sketches of proposed Buildings made on short notice. Measurements and Valuations promptly attended to. Parties in the country will please address:

WILLIAM H. HODSON,

Architect,

59, St. Bonaventure Street, Montreal.

March 30, 1865. W.

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.

TO LET,

PEW No. 136, opposite the Pulpit. Baquits at thi Office. January 12, 1865.

COLLEGE OF REGIOPOLIS

KINGSTON, O.W., Under the Immediate Supervision of the Right Rev E. J. Horan, Bishop of Kingston.

THE above Institution, situated in one of the most agreeable and healthful parts of Kingston, is now completely organized. Able Teachers have been provided for the various departments. The object of the Institution is to impart a good and solid education in the fullest sense of the word. The health, morals, and manners of the pupils will be an object of constant attention. The Course of instruction will include a complete Classical and Commercial Education. Particular attention will be given to the French and English languages.

A large and well selected Library will be OPEN to the Pupils.

TERMS:

Board and Tuition, \$100 per Annum (payable half yearly in Advance.) Use of Library during stay, \$2. The Annual Session commences on the 1st September, and ends on the First Thursday of July. July 21st, 1861.

INFORMATION WANTED.

OF JAMES FURLONG, who was in Sorel some four or five years ago, and is now supposed to reside in Napierville, C.E. Any communication with regard to his whereabouts, addressed to the Rev. P. Dowd, P.P., St. Patrick's Church, Montreal, will be thankfully received by his sister, Margaret Furlong.

DALTON'S NEWS DEPOT.

Newspapers, Periodicals, Magazines, Fashion Books, Novels, Stationery, School Books, Children's Books, Song-Books, Almanacs, Diaries and Postage Stamp or sale at DALTON'S News Depot, Corner of Craig and St. Lawrence Streets, Montreal. Jan. 17, 1864.