

The *Dublin Freeman*, of a late date, says:—
The Most Rev. Dr. Walsh, Bishop of London, Canada, who has been for some time in this country for the benefit of his health, left this city on Monday morning on a visit to his friends in the county Kilkenny. His Lordship has labored with great zeal and success since his consecration. Within the short space of three years he has paid off a debt of nearly fifty thousand dollars, and has placed his Diocese on a most satisfactory footing. He has procured numerous good priests for his people, who are building splendid churches in all directions.—Religious orders are being established throughout the Diocese. Already the ladies of the Sacred Heart, the Ursulines, and the Sisters of St. Joseph are in active operation. In the course of a few weeks a splendid Diocesan College will be opened in Sandwich, the oldest Catholic mission in Western Canada. It will be under the care of the Basilian Fathers, who have already a flourishing establishment in Toronto. Dr. Walsh, we are pleased to learn, is in improved health, and will return to Canada by the *City of Paris* on the 21st September.

THE NAGLE & COYLE CONSPIRACY CASE.—Our city readers and Mr. Coyle's friends at a distance, will be pleased to learn that this charge, which has been for some months hanging over him, has been finally disposed of. Although from the very beginning it was evident that Mr. Coyle was connected with the affair only in his capacity of student in the office of Nagle, still it was necessary that he should, as a professional man, free himself from the shadow of guilt in the matter. This he has done to the satisfaction of every one, even his private prosecutor willingly acknowledged that his conduct in the whole affair was honest and upright as a student. While Nagle left the country, Mr. Coyle remained always ready for his trial, and the announcement of his complete innocence and his honorable discharge by the presiding Judge of the Court of Queen's Bench, on the 27th instant, only confirms the former conviction of both his legal confederates and friends.

IMPORTANT NEWSPAPER CHANGE.—The *Hearth and Home*, a finely illustrated family journal of a high character, hitherto issued by Messrs. Pettengill, Bates & Co., has been purchased by Messrs. Orange Judd & Co., of 245 Broadway, New York, the well-known publishers of the *American Agriculturist*. Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., whose great Advertising Agency, established in 1849, is one of the largest and most reputable in the world, find that their extensive business requires their exclusive attention, and they therefore transfer *Hearth and Home* to the new Publishers, whose long experience and abundant facilities will enable them not only to maintain the past high character of the paper, but to add materially to its value. The new Publishers also announce a reduction of the terms to \$3 per year. The change will not at all affect the *American Agriculturist*, which will continue on independently as heretofore.—The Illustrations and reading matter of the two journals will be entirely different. Either of the journals will be furnished from now to the end of 1871 (15 months), at the yearly subscription rate, viz.: the *Weekly Hearth and Home*, at \$3; the *Monthly American Agriculturist*, \$1.50; or the two for \$4.

We have to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of "The Statutes of Canada," passed in the second session of the first Parliament of Canada, (Dominion), and printed at Ottawa by Brown Chamberlin.

A new journal, *The Irish World*, has just appeared in New York. It is evidently in the interest of the party known as Nationalists, but is at present engrossed by the war topics of the day.

It stoutly contends for the French Republic, and professes respect for the Church and the Holy Father.

The *Sunburst*, is the title of a new journal just published in the City of New York, numbers one and two of which we are favored with. It is in the main a literary journal, and promises that "its tone will be strictly moral."

From time to time we receive orders for the *TRUE WITNESS*, unaccompanied by the subscription, (which is \$2 per annum in advance.) We wish, therefore, to inform all those who may order the paper that, unless the orders are accompanied by the subscription price, we will not pay any attention whatever to them.

We beg to inform our Subscribers in Prince Edward Island that Edward O'Reilly, Esq., of Charlottetown, has kindly consented to act as Agent for the *TRUE WITNESS* at that place. We request all those on the Island, who are indebted to this office, to have the kindness to settle their accounts with Mr. O'Reilly as soon as possible.

(To the Editor of the True Witness.)

DEAR MR. EDITOR.—A place in your columns, please, for a few lines on a subject of considerable importance to your numerous readers in this locality. The Devotion of the *Quarante Ore*, already several years established in this Parish by our indefatigable Pastor—Father Isaac J. McCarthy—has been this year observed with even more beauty and solemnity than upon any former occasion. From an early hour on the morn of the 13th inst., until late that night, and the next, and up to the moment of giving holy Communion at the High Mass on the last day, 15th inst., Octave of the Patronal Feast of this Parish, did Father McCarthy and his obliging neighbours from St. Andrews, St. Raphaels, Alexandria, and Lochiel, labor in the Confessional; and with what beneficial results may be gathered from the fact that one thousand and eleven persons communicated during these Exercises! Nor did it lessen the measure of our happiness, Mr. Editor, I assure you, but, on the contrary largely increased it, to have been honored by a visit from our beloved Bishop, Dr. Horan, who closed the last day's celebration with Grand Mass, the Procession of the Most Holy Sacrament, &c., and before dismissing the assembled multitude, his Lordship was pleased to address them in his own lucid and paternal style, expressing the satisfaction it afforded him on coming then unexpectedly amongst them, to find that they were still nobly maintaining their reputation for fidelity to the teachings of their worthy Pastor; and exhorting them to persevere in that course to the end of their lives, so as to secure to themselves the reward promised to the good and faithful servant.

I feel it my duty to add a word in this connection, expressive of my own (and I believe of the general), appreciation of the services of the choir proper of the Church, under the efficient leadership of Mrs. Laird McGillis; whilst I must be allowed to aver my belief that these services were greatly enhanced by the occasional assistance of the Convent children, and of their talented music teacher, Madame St. Zoe, of the Congregation de Notre Dame, who discoursed sweet melodies at intervals during the services on our dear old Organ, in a manner, to my taste, never equalled thereon before; and the echoes whereof are still ringing in mine ears! No wonder, Mr. Editor, that with such attractions as this one, and others not less powerful, the Convent of Notre Dame de Williams-town should yearly increase in numbers and in usefulness; and that it may thus prosper for many long years to come, is the fervent prayer of

Williamstown, Glengarry,)
September 19th, 1870.)

MANITOBAH.—Civil government, according to the Constitution of the Dominion, has commenced in this country, but the political sky is far from being cloudless, as we learn from recent accounts. It would appear that Doctors Schultz and Lynch are more desirous of avenging what they conceive to be past wrongs than co-operating with Governor Archibald in establishing peace on a firm basis, and thus securing for the entire community a prosperous and happy future. Introductory to the account of the public reception of the Governor we read that:—

Dr. Schultz, Dr. Lynch, and others, have arrived here, and already their vigorous and not unnatural detestation of Riel, and those connected with him, has commenced to work. On Sunday last Archbishop McLean announced his intention to hold a meeting on the following day, to consider an address to be presented to the Lieutenant-governor. The archbishop submitted an address to his parishioners, but Dr. Schultz, who was present, obtained a committee to re-draft the address, and it will of course be understood that the tone and language of one emanating from Dr. Schultz will differ considerably from that proposed by a clergyman who thinks that future prosperity will be best secured by forgetting the past.

Amongst other questions which have arisen is that relating to the disinterment of Scott's body. It was deemed wise by those who displaced Riel, O'Donoghue and their associates, to leave the matter in abeyance until the arrival of the volunteers and other Canadians. Last night a meeting of Scott's friends was held at Dr. Schultz's house, and it was resolved to demand the body from Mr. Donald Smith. A letter was written to that gentleman, and a deputation, consisting of Dr. Lynch, Mr. Farmer, and Mr. Power, called at the fort this morning. Mr. Smith told the deputation that, while sympathizing with the spirit which may be presumed to have prompted the request made by Dr. Lynch and friends, he regretted not being in a position to comply with their desire. He would recommend that they first establish their claim, as relatives or friends of the deceased, to gain possession of his remains, by deposition before a magistrate; and then make application, in due form, to the authorities of Manitobah, for permission to search for, and, if possible, recover the body. As regarded himself he was entirely ignorant of the spot in which the remains were deposited, except as the same had been indicated by rumour.

The reading of the Governor's commissions as Lieutenant-Governor of Manitobah and Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West, took place in the fort. Soon after one o'clock, the

Lieutenant-Governor, with Colonel Wolseley and his staff, and Mr. Donald Smith, entered the drawing-room of the Governor's house, when Mr. Hill, the private secretary, read the oath taken by the Lieutenant-Governor, and the commissions to which I have referred. The following address was then presented by Mr. Smith:—

His Excellency the Hon. A. G. Archibald, Lieut.-Governor of the Province of Manitoba, &c., &c.

May it please your Excellency:

We, the members that constituted the Council of Assiniboia, nominated by the Governor and Committee of the Hudson Bay Company, desire to welcome your Excellency on your arrival in this country to assume the office of Lieut.-Governor.

We would express the hope that you may personally enjoy your residence amongst us, whilst we rejoice to believe, from the general approval which your Excellency's appointment has met with, that your services are likely to be of great value to this country at the present delicate and critical juncture.

Your Excellency may rely on receiving from us, individually as private citizens, our best assistance in the administration of the affairs of the country; and, as those who were formerly accountable under the Governor appointed by the Honourable Company for the direction of affairs, we venture to assure your Excellency that, notwithstanding the events of the past year, you will find the people of this country loyal to Her Majesty, obedient to the laws, and ready to support your Excellency in the just administration of them.

We look forward to a rapid change in the circumstances of this Province from the opening up of the country, and the development of its resources, and we feel sure that its union with the Dominion of Canada will greatly promote this result. We would therefore, express our pleasure at this union being now happily secured, though we are not unmindful of many acts of kindness shown from time to time by the honorable company to this settlement.

We would, then, in welcoming your excellency amongst us, hope that your excellency may see a large development of the resources of the country, while it is under your charge, and we pray that, by the guidance and blessings of God, wise measures may be adopted, and peace, plenty, and prosperity be the results.

Hudson Bay House, Fort Garry, September 6, 1870.

To this the Lieutenant-Governor read the following reply, and read it in such a manner that each sentence carried its intended weight, and left the same impression on the hearer that would have been conveyed had the reply been made verbally, and as the impulse of unrestrained feelings:—

To the Members of the late Council of Assiniboia:

GENTLEMEN,—I thank you sincerely for your kind welcome. Your assurance that I may, in the administration of the affairs of this country, rely upon the assistance of the gentlemen who constituted the late council of Assiniboia, (an assurance the value of which I do not underestimate), gives me encouragement to hope for some measure of success in the government of the country. Of this at least let me assure you, my whole time and any ability I may possess shall be devoted without reserve to the one object of promoting the best interests of this vast territory; and I shall endeavor to act in such a way that the approval with which, as you have kindly reminded me, my nomination as Governor has been generally met, shall not be found to have been wholly undeserved.

No body of men can have had a better opportunity than yourselves of fairly estimating what are the feelings of the population, and it gives me very great gratification to receive your confident assurance that, notwithstanding the events to which you allude, you can vouch for the loyalty of the inhabitants of the country, and for their readiness to support a just administration of the laws. With these feelings pervading the population, we may look with sanguine hope to the maintenance of order, to the establishment of good laws, and to a rapidly increasing prosperity.

Your anticipations relative to the change to arise from the opening up of the country and the development of its resources will unquestionably be fulfilled. It is impossible to overrate the advantages which this territory offers to the immigrant, and I have not a doubt that population and capital will rapidly flow in where there is such abundance of the elements by which population and capital are always attracted.

Now that the Province has been incorporated with the Dominion, it will partake of the prosperity of the older communities politically joined to the other Provinces. New routes of communication will soon be opened up. The telegraph system, extended to this place, as it shortly will be, will give you hourly communication with Canada and Europe. The highway and the telegraph will remove the isolation in which you have been kept hitherto by the boundless prairies of the south and the impassable swamps and lakes of the east.

I most cordially concur in your hopes that, under the guidance and blessing of God, wise measures may be adopted which may be followed by peace, plenty, and prosperity.

The fate of this country is in the hands of its own people. Let wise councils prevail. Let the people devote themselves to the task of developing their great resources in a spirit and with an energy worthy of the mighty heritage which has fallen to them, and we may fairly hope for that blessing which a kind Providence seldom withholds from efforts well intended and well directed.

CITY MORTALITY.—The number of interments in the Protestant Cemetery, during the week ending 24th September, was 14, of which 10 were of children under 12 years of age. In the different

Wards the number was as follows:—St. Antoine, 3; St. Anne, 6; St. Louis, 3; St. Lawrence, 1; outside limits, 1. In the Roman Catholic Cemetery the number of interments was 56, of which 39 were of children under 12 years. The proportion in the several wards were: St. Louis, 11; St. James, 12; St. Mary, 7; St. Anne, 10; St. Lawrence, 4; St. Antoine, 9; East, 2; outside limits, 1. Total number of interments, 70.

The *Toronto Telegraph* calls attention to the fact that many of the settlers in the new Muskoka district are newly arrived emigrants, who know nothing about "bush-whackers," and suggests that a few practical and experienced Canadian backwoodsmen should be engaged to put them in the way of clearing the land. It is the first year that is the difficulty. The men are poor men, and it is a matter of mere subsistence that they should have under cultivation sufficient land to raise food for themselves and their families at the earliest possible date. At present they waste much time in enquiries from their neighbours as to the proper way to set about this, that, or the other.

Bell's Corners, which was destroyed by the great fire which recently swept through the Ottawa Valley, is being re-built, and promises to be a flourishing village before long. Farm houses are being erected throughout the County of Carleton, to replace those which were burned down by the same fire. The *Ottawa Free Press* says there is a great demand for seed fall wheat by farmers from the burned district. The rapid growth of grass during the past fortnight leads them to believe that it will not be necessary to part with their stock. It is remarked that there has been a scarcity of birds in the vicinity of Ottawa ever since the fire. Other years, at this season, flocks of robins and blackbirds were to be seen in abundance. A general impression prevailed after the fire that horses would be cheap this fall, but so far they are fetching high prices.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Mr. R. Bayne, about 70 years of age, and for many years the contractor for carrying the mails between Craig's road station and Leeds, Megantic, was accidentally killed on Monday, 19th inst., by being thrown out of his wagon, which came in contact with a broken tree on the roadside. —*Quebec Mercury*.

SPECIAL TO CLERGYMEN.

The Catholic clergy of Canada may be about purchasing overcoats or other clothing would do well to call on P. E. Brown, No. 9 Chaboillez Square. He is specially patronized by collegiate institutions and clergy in general, to whom a liberal discount is allowed.

REMITTANCES RECEIVED.

River Desert, J. Kearney, \$2; St. Andrews, Mrs. R. McDonald, 2; Pictou, Capt. W. H. Gray, 2; Sherbrooke, T. McClary, 2; Loch Garry, Major A. R. McDonald, 2; Savage's Mills, C. Kilroy, 1; Westport, Rev. J. O'Donnell, 2; Hastings, J. Walsh, 3.34; Baby's Point, W. O'Leary, 3; St. Catherine's de Fossambault, M. Landrigan, 2; West Osgoode, E. P. McEvoy, 1; Alexandria, D. A. Chisholm, 1; St. Canute, Mrs. O'Connor, 2.

Quebec—J. Murphy, 2; W. Stuart, 2.50; Mrs. Murphy, 2; Mr. Maroon, 1; Rev. Mr. Boudry, 2; Mrs. Veldion, 1; J. C. Nolan, 1; B. Bennett, 2; E. Cahill, 2; M. O'Brien, 2; J. Brennan, 2; Hon. T. McGrovey, 2.50; J. Leonard, 2; R. Beelan, 2.50; E. B. Lindsay, 2.50; J. Enright, 2.50; J. Delany, 2; Very Rev. Mr. Cazeau, 3; Rev. Mr. Donnan, 2; Seminary, 2.50; Mgr. the Archbishop, 2; Rev. Mr. Harkin, 2. Per J. Doherty, Peterborough;—M. McAuliff, Ennisville, 4; T. Henry, Peterborough, 1; T. Sullivan, Ashburnham, 1. Per J. Brennan, St. Johns—C. O'Hara, 3.

Married.

On the 20th inst., in the Parish Church of Notre Dame, by the Rev. P. Dowd, Mr. Robert Fernan, to Elizabeth Margaret, daughter of Wm. F. Cronin, Esq., all of this city. No cards.

In the St. Patrick's Church, Quebec, on the 19th instant, by the Rev. Mr. Connolly, Mr. John Rafferty, Culler, to Miss Nora, daughter of Mr. D. Salmon, all of Quebec.

Died.

At Melbourne, Eastern Townships, on the 21st instant, Thomas Dohen, aged 60 years, a native of Thurles, Co. Tipperary, Ireland. He was a resident of Melbourn for over 30 years, and was highly esteemed by all who knew him as an honest, upright man. He leaves a large family to mourn his loss. May he rest in peace.

At Sorel, P.Q. on the 23rd inst., after a lingering illness, which he bore with Christian fortitude, Thos. McCarthy, Esq., Member of the House of Commons for the County of Richelieu.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

	SEPT. 27.	
Flour # bbl. of 196 lb.—Pollards	\$3.25 @ \$3.00	
Midlings	4.00 @ 0.00	
Fine	4.60 @ 4.75	
Superior No. 2	4.95 @ 5.00	
Superfine	4.90 @ 5.00	
Fancy	5.75 @ 6.00	
Extra	6.10 @ 6.15	
Superior Extra	6.40 @ 6.60	
Bag Flour # 100 lb.	2.75 @ 2.80	
Oatmeal # bbl. of 200 lb.	4.50 @ 5.00	
Wheat # bush. of 60 lbs. U.C. Spring	1.05 @ 1.07	
Ashes # 100 lb., First Pots	5.80 @ 5.85	
Seconds	0.00 @ 5.25	
Thirds	0.00 @ 4.50	
First Pearl	7.00 @ 7.15	
Pork # bbl. of 200 lb.—Mess.	29.00 @ 00.00	
Thin Mess	25.00 @ 25.54	
Prime	21.00 @ 0.01	
Butter # lb.	0.20 @ 0.22	
Cheese # lb.	0.11 @ 0.12	
Lard # lb.	0.13 @ 0.14	
Barley # 48 lb.	0.75 @ 0.80	
Pease # 66 lb.	0.80 @ 0.82	

MONTREAL RETAIL MARKET PRICES.

	SEPT. 27, 1870.	
Flour # 100 lbs.	15 0 0	14 0 0
Oatmeal, "	13 9 0	12 6 0
Indian Meal, (Ohio)	11 6 0	11 0 0

GRAIN.

Wheat # 56 lbs.	0 0 0	0 0 0
Barley "	0 0 0	0 0 0
Pease "	4 6 0	4 9 0
Oats "	2 6 2	0 0 0
Buckwheat,	0 0 0	0 0 0
Indian Corn, (Ohio)	0 0 0	0 0 0
Rye,	0 0 0	0 0 0
Flax Seed,	7 0 0	0 0 0
Timothy,	0 0 0	0 0 0

POULTRY AND GAME.

Turkeys per couple	7 6 10	0 0 0
Do. (young), "	5 0 7	0 0 0
Geese, "	5 0 7	0 0 0
Ducks,	2 0 3	0 0 0
Do. (wild), "	1 0 1	0 0 0
Fowls,	2 6 3	0 0 0
Chickens,	1 3 2	0 0 0
Pigeons (pigeon), "	1 0 1	0 0 0

Pigeons (wild) per doz.	1 3 2 0	0 0 0 0
Hares, "	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Woodcock, "	2 3 2 6	0 0 0 0
Snipe, "	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0
Plover, "	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0

MEATS.

Beef, per lb.	0 4 0 9	0 0 0 0
Pork, "	0 7 0 8	0 0 0 0
Mutton, "	0 4 0 5	0 0 0 0
Lamb, per lb.	0 4 0 5	0 0 0 0
Veal, per lb.	0 4 0 5	0 0 0 0
Beef, per 100 lbs.	\$0.00 0 0	\$5.00 0 0
Pork, fresh	\$0.00 0 0	\$9.00 9 40

DAIRY PRODUCE.

Butter, fresh, per lb.	1 0 1 3	0 0 0 0
" salt,	1 11 1 0	0 0 0 0
Cheese,	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0

MISCELLANEOUS.

Potatoes, per bag (new)	3 0 3 9	0 0 0 0
Turnips	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Onions per minot.	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Maple Sugar, per lb.	0 6 0 7	0 0 0 0
Honey, per lb.	0 6 0 7	0 0 0 0
Lard, per lb.	0 11 1 0	0 0 0 0
Eggs (fresh), per doz.	9 9 1 0	0 0 0 0
Eggs per doz, by brl.	0 9 0 9	0 7 0 3
Halibut, per lb.	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Haddock	0 3 0 0	0 0 0 0
Apples, per barrel	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$3.00 \$3.50
Hay	\$8.00 \$9.50	\$0.00 \$0.00
Straw	\$5.00 \$6.00	\$0.00 \$0.00



THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING of the ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY will be held in the ST. PATRICK'S HALL, on MONDAY Evening, OCTOBER 3rd.

(By Order),

M. O'CONNOR,
Sec.-Sec.

WANTED.

A YOUTH about 15 years old, as Articled Pupil.—Apply to W. H. Hodson, Architect, 59 St. Bonaventure Street, (from 1 to 3 p.m.)

TEACHER WANTED.

FOR Section No. 1, North River, Municipality of St. Columban, an ELEMENTARY SCHOOL TEACHER. Salary Liberal. Address immediately.

PHILIP KENNEDY,
Secretary Treas'r.

St. Columban, Sept. 21, 1870.

TEACHER WANTED.

OWING to the great number of Students who have flocked to MASSON COLLEGE, for the Scholastic Year, another English Teacher is needed. One competent to teach Grammar and Arithmetic will find a situation in this Establishment, by applying as soon as possible to the Superior of Masson College, Terrebonne, Province of Quebec. Masson College, 14th Sept., 1870.

SUPERIOR COMMERCIAL EDUCATION.

MASSON COLLEGE, (TERREBONNE.)
(PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.)
RE-OPENING OF THE CLASSES ON THE FIRST OF SEPTEMBER.

CONVENT OF NOTRE DAME, WILLIAMSTOWN.

THIS Establishment, so favorably known to the public, will be re-opened on Thursday, the 1st of September.
All the branches of a thorough English and French education, with Vocal and Instrumental music, drawing, painting, and all kinds of fancy work, are taught in the institution. The Convent is large and airy; the board excellent, and the charges probably the most moderate of any similar house in the Dominion.
For particulars, apply to the Lady Superior.
Williamstown, Aug. 15th, 1870.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST CLOTHING STORE IN MONTREAL.

P. E. BROWN'S
No. 9, CHABOILLEZ SQUARE.

Persons from the Country and other Provinces, will find this the

MOST ECONOMICAL AND SAFEST PLACE

to buy Clothing, as goods are marked at the

VERY LOWEST FIGURE,

AND

ONLY ONE PRICE ASKED.

Don't forget the place:

BROWN'S,

No. 9, CHABOILLEZ SQUARE,

Opposite the Crossing of the City Cars, and near the

G. T. R. Depot.

Montreal, Sept. 30, 1870.

CANADA, } INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

Dist. of Montreal, } In the SUPERIOR COURT.

In the matter of PIERRE C. MONTMARQUET,

Insolvent.

ON Monday, the Nineteenth day of September next,

the undersigned will apply to the said Court for his

discharge under the above Act.

Montreal, 4th August, 1870.

PIERRE C. MONTMARQUET,

by

BOURGOIN & LACOSTE,

His Attorneys "ad litem."