Owing to its extended operations-the circulation of the Advocate at a price which did not nearly cover expensesthe employment of lecturing agents, and in other ways, this society has always been running rapidly into debt, which debt has been partially met by occasioral subscriptions in Montreal, efficiently aided, on one or two occasions, by collections made by our travelling ayent, throughout the country. A few years ago, a vory large subscription was made here, which freed the society from debt, with the exception, that the subscript.ons to the Advocate for the current year were used in advance. As, however, there was a stock of temperance publications, tracts, medals, \&ic., scattered over the whole country, on consignment, to the value of upwards of $£ 300$, and a considerable amount of debts was due to us besides, we deemed that as much wculd be received from these sources as would make up the deficiency on the Advocate account. We, therefore, both believed and announced onselves to be about free from debt. Contrary to all expectation, however, little or nothing has been, or we presume will be, realised from those consignments or debts owing to us. The whole amount nearly is a dead loss (though we hope the Tracts, "Anti-Bacchuses," Advocates, \&c., \&c., have benefited the country), and this put us unexpectedly about $£ 300$ behind, under which debt we have been labouring ever since. Then, again, the falling off in the circulation of the Advocste this last year, has been most serious, so that, even after the very handsome subscription raised in Montreal last spring, and the small collections given to Mr . Wadsworth in his recent journey, there will, at the end of this year, he $£ 200$ to add to the permanent debt of $\mathfrak{f} 300$ before alluded to, making an aggregate of $£ 500$. This sum our printer and paper-maker are neither willing nor able to lie out of.

It is true, if we continue the Advacate, we may expect perhaps $£ 250$ of subscriptions, paid in advance for next year, towards meeting the above deht, but it would be only to find ourselves again short of the $£ 500$ at the end of the year, together with the additional loss on that year's transaclions, say probably $£ 100$ more.

In these circumstances, the conmittee of the Montreal Temperance Society have resolved to discontinue the $A d$ vocale at the end of this year, as well as all other operations involving expendifure, unless they be beforehand assured of such ample support as will leare no ground to apprehend an increase of debt. And the members must not only subscribe for as much of the present debt among themselves as they can, even in the present depressed circumstances of this city, but appeal to societies throughout the country to help them to hear the burden.

Should it he the case, however, that the country desires the continuation of the Advocate, and that parties are willing to make efforts in every place to sustain it, we must state, that, if pledges from societies or respectable individuals are received, in answer to this circular, to the extent of 4000 copiees, at 2s 6 d each, for next year, the publication will be continued. No remittances are required with these pledges, but only responsible names.

These explanations will prepare you, gentlemen, for the following list of queries, which we request you to lay before your respective societies as soon as you conveniently can, and, after due inquiry and effort, return the answers to us, at least a month before the sitting of Parliament, and not in any case later than the first of November next.

Signed in behalf of the Committee of the Montreal Temperance Society,

John Docgall, President.
LIST OF QUERIES.

1. Does your society represent a city, viliage, township, or country district, or in what other manner would you describe the boundaries within which it acts?
2. What is the whole poputation, as nearly as you can estimate, within four bounds as above indicated?
3. How many of this popaintion are total abgtainers from intoxicating dunks; or, il other words, how many members have you in good standing in your socicty?
4. How marr toial abstinence voters for members of parliament are '. 't within gour bounds?
5. How .. . 'y distilleries are there within your bounds, and what average quantity of grain does each distil yearly?
6. How many breweries, and what average quantity of grain does each consume yearly?
7. How many licensed houses for the sale of intoxicating drinks, with the accommodation for travellers required by law?
8. How mary licensed houses are there in the same hounds, which do not possess such accommodations for favellers? (Please obtain from the Clerk of the Peace the names of the Magistrates who certified that these houses possesced the necessary accommodations, which names will not be published, in the first instance at all events, but transmitted to Parliament. Should anv Clerk of the Peace refuse access to the certificates i: question, s ate the fact.)
9. How many unlicensed honses have jou in the same bounds, which sell intoxicating drinks?
10. What is the amount of license money paid, and how appropriated?
11. If a criminal court, or courts, sits within your bounds, what are the number and kind of crimes tried before it or them; and what proportion may be attributed to drinking? Obtain the opinion of the Judge or Judges, if possible.)
12. If there be a prison within your bounds, what number of prisoners have been confined within the year; and what proportion of them were intemperate? (Obtain jailor's statement if possible.)
13. What is the opinion of yonr medical men respecting the extent to which disease in your district may be attributed to intemperance, and respecting the use of intoxicating drinks as a beverage by persons in health? (Endeavour to obtain an opiuion, or opinions, signed by as many as possible.j
14. How many known drunkards are there within your bounds?
15. How many have died during the course of hast year, who may reasonably be considered as cist off, directly or indirectly, by the use or abuse of intoxicating drinks?
16. What has been the influence of the temperance reformation in your place?
17. What are the chief hinderances in the way of its farther progress?
18. What do you think should be done, at this crisis, in order to revise and carry forward the vork, in your own vicinity, and throughout the country?
19. How many temperance meetings have you held during the past year?
20. Ate you willing that the Canada Temperance Advocate should he discontinued? and if not, what number of subscribers will you pledge your society, either jointly or as individuals, to obtain for $\mathbf{1 8 4 9}$, at 2 s 6d each.
21. What portion of the debt of the Montreai Temperance Society, amounting to $£ 500$, and incurred chiefly for the benefit of the Province at large, will you pledge your society, either jointly or as individuals, to make up, and remit next winter?
22. What information, remarks, or suggestions, have fou to offer, on any subject connected with the Temperance Reformation, and not included in the foregoing queries?

## SEMI-ANNUAL MEETING.

r CHE SEMI-ANNU 4 L MEETING of the JOHNSTOWN DISTRICT TOTAL ABSTINENCE UNION will be held at PRESCOT on TUESDAY, July 11th, at 12 o'cloch, noon, in the Methodist Chapel:

AMASA SKINNER, Secretary.

