[FOR THE CHRISTIAN OBSERVER.]

SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

OBJECTIONS ANSWERED.

No. I.

The nineteenth century may, with propriety be designated an era of moral and religious institutions, which have for their object every needy and miserable child of fluence over the whole earth. What a much good. If it does not have as much man. Among these we should naturally expect to find those that have in view the welfare of the rising generation. There are many of this kind; and not the least useful appeared before him, with the sublime de- their operations. The gentle breeze that or distinguished is that which embraces mand, "Let my people go, that they may fans the earth, and preserves the sulubrity Sunday Schools. It stands in the foremost serve me." By the space he fills in the of the atmosphere, is more beneficent than rank for utility; and the good effects are so records of antiquity, as a historian and a the noisy tempest; the softly falling dews, rank for utility; and the good effects are so visible, the first thought would lead us to support; yet there are those in every con- launched in an ark of bulrushes on the quake or the thunder storm. So this inservice, and assume the position of neutrality, which is nothing less than opposition. But why should they be without a heart to like circumstances? They have, doubtless, unjustifiable indifference towards an enterprise founded in the fitness of things, and arfaatly aday tad to yo 🚅 to the malfara al the young.

Some assign as a reason, the comparatively recent origin of the Sunday School institution. With the same propriety they may object to Missionary, Bible, Tract, and other kindred societics. But who among these objectors would have these enterprises become extinct, and the world placed in the condition it was before their existence. Such persons in order to be selfsatisfied, ought to have lived a hundred fact, that all great results in the natural and years ago; they appear to have been cast moral world, are characterised by almost upon the earth at the wrong period of time, imperceptible and small beginnings. What and in the wrong place; they find no food is there great, which was not once small? suited to their taste upon the sumptuous Our country, for example, sixty years ago, tables spread before them; they had rather go back and pick the bones of the past, thah partake of the rich bounty which the forest was once enclosed in an acorn. The present provides. Persons of this descrip-noble river, which flows through half a contion are born after their time, and have no tinent, may be traced to insignificant rills; business here at this exact period.

tution is designed and adapted to benefit pours on their way rejoicing to the glorious children. Such persons do not possess a ocean, the emblem of eternity. So it is proper deference and respect for childhood. with the moral influence of Sunday School It is said of an eminent German Professor, instruction. The instruction given to each that whenever he came into the presence of child makes a rill; these rills of moral inhis pupils he always took off his hat; and fluence combined, eventually form a mighty when asked why he did it, he defended the river, bearing upon its bosom millions of practice by referring to the fact, that soon children to glory and to God. Little did

is indebted for some of its noblest disco-veries, was once a boy possessing an intel-lect, fettered by all the feebleness of child-ing not to the great men of the world, but hood, giving no more promise of future to a few pious shepherds. "Despise not greatness than any of his playmates; yet the day of small things."

that feeble germ of intellect, sanctified by Others say the Sunday School Institution truth, expanded till it spread its benign in does not have the appearance of doing character was Moses. When a whole nation appearance as some other institutions, it was to be released from the icen grasp of may be as useful. Many of the most powprophet of the Lord, he has laid a tax of which invigorates and supports vegetation, conclude that all, especially professed admiration and gratitude upon all ages is more beneficent than the flooding rains Christians and philanthropists, would give | Yet all this importance was once hid for or desolating hail; the steady influence of it their best sympathy and most hearty three months in successive concealments, gravity is more beneficent than the earthgregation, who manifest no sympathy, avoid Nile; and, by a concurrence of cirall responsibility, utterly refuse all active cumstances, apparently the most casual, losophy in its quiet and constant efforts is discovered, saved, and advanced to the The renowned missionary, George Morrison, immediate effects of Sunday School instrucfeel and act, more than others placed in when a boy, was led, by the hand of cha-tion may appear small, from it may follow their reasons for occupying the position of upon Tine. The far-famed William Cary, invisible liquid we draw lines over a canvass, unjustifiable indifference towards an enter- was once a poor shoemaker. The lion- no result is apparent; but spread that canhearted Knibb was once a member of Andrew l'uller's Sunday School. Instead of it being a reason why a person snoula negcan present why we should do our duty.

Others excuse themselves on the ground that it seems to them like small business to instruct children. Such persons seem to have forgotten, or they never noticed the gave but little promise of its present flourishing condition. The mighty oak of the these little rills make the brook, and brooks Others assign as a reason, that the insti- the river, till the united waters of the whole those lads would be their philosophers, Robert Raikes, the founder of the Sunday me and my words, of him shall the Son of statesmen, clergymen. It is impossible for School enterprise think that his humble man be ashamed, when he shall come in us to conjecture, however disadvantageous efforts would result in such a blessing to his own glory, and in his Father's, and of the circumstances in which a child is placed, the frising generation as has already attended the holy angels."—Luke ix. 26.

what are the destinations of providence that its operations. The earliest beams of celes-God works like himself. Sir tial light which greeted the birth of the Isane Newton, to whom the scientific world Saviour of the world, the pledge of a

Others say the Sunday School Institution the most powerful tyrant of the day, Moses erful agents of nature are the most silent in stitution, based upon a comprehensivo phidoing more good than many societies which lofty position he afterwards occupied. In ke louder pretensions. Although the rity, into a Sunday School, at Newcastle-great and important results. If with an no result is apparent; but spread that canvas to the fire, or to the sun, and figures will flash out over its whole surface; so the rolls and incours of those in the bunday lect an enterprise because it is designed School, who are intently and prayerfully and adapted to prepare the young to act drawing the lines of religious instruction well their part in the great drama of human over the broad canvass of social character, events, it is one of the strongest reasons we may appear unmeaning; but let that character be exposed to the intense action of adversity, the quickening agency of the means of grace, and the fervent influence of the Holy Spirit, the emblems of Christian doctrine, and the figures of salvation, will be developed in a thousand individual families and social scenes. Hence let those engaged in the work of instructing children in the Sunday School take the Word of God as a pencil of heavenly light, and draw the invisible lines of scriptural instruction over the moral character of those committed to their care, and write the name of God, Jesus, Salvation, Immortality, Judgment-to-come, Heaven, Hell; and when in the fulness of time the Spirit, in its enlivening and enkindling influences, shall breathe over this work, minds instinct with heavenly grace, and luminous with Divine knowledge, will show the glorious achievement of the principles of the Bible, by teaching children the way of life. S. T. G.

Hamilton, 1852.

"For whosoever shall be ashamed of