

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

The Rosendahl Suicide—Vancouver's Mayorality—Ore From Texada Island—Found Drowned.

Road Building to the Nitinat—Day's Labor Instead of the Contract System.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Oct. 24.—The inquest on the body of Sarah Rosendahl was concluded to-day, the verdict being "Death from unknown causes," and advising the authorities to investigate the case without delay. The evidence was very contradictory.

The body of a Spaniard, name unknown, was found floating near Point Gray to-day.

There was great excitement among mining men to-day over the exhibition in Vancouver by J. Maher and Hugh Dempsey, of Nanaimo, of some extremely rich gold-bearing ore from the Lorne mine, Texada Island. Fifteen dollars in free gold was picked out of one of the corners of a chunk with a pen-knife. It is the richest ore ever seen here.

Next week the tram company will run eight minute cars, instead of every ten minutes as heretofore. The ten minute service being insufficient, the quicker service is to be tried as an experiment.

In the Supreme court yesterday the case of Schoobham v. Schofield, for an order to answer interrogatories, was heard. The action was dismissed without costs. The two parties concerned came to an agreement out of court. The case of Pyke vs. the Fraser River Canning Co. was adjourned for one week. Cassidy, charged with housebreaking on Bowen Island, will be tried at the next assize. The case of Robertson and Elbridge, charged with breaking into the Standard Oil Company's premises, will also come up at the next assize.

Owing to the fears so frequently expressed by holders of mining stocks purchased below par in Vancouver as to their liability, several mining brokers and operators were asked by the Colonist reporter to express their opinion. Mr. G. D. Scott, of the Mining Bureau, who has had considerable experience in forming companies, gave the following opinion: The law provides that the purchaser of mining stock of a mining company shall be liable for the difference between the purchase and the par value, which, generally speaking, is a great detriment to mining operations. However this difficulty may be overcome by the promoters of the company, by transferring to the vendors of the property the full stock of the company, and the vendors then transferring to the trustees a portion (usually one-third) of the stock to be sold for the redemption of the stock thus transferred to the trustees is non-assessable and legally paid up, and, although it is sold for development purposes, it is vendors' stock.

A quick service bicycle delivery agency is to be started in the city. When the fire brigade set fire to some unsanitary shacks on Dupont street some time ago, they were not careful enough, it is alleged, to prevent the water used to prevent the adjoining houses and the fire, from getting into those premises and flooding the rooms. As a consequence they are the defendants in a suit for damages amounting to \$800, owing to damage done by this water.

Willie Mitchell, a son of the manager of the District Messenger Company service, and who is employed by the same company, was accidentally run over yesterday, but fortunately escaped with slight injuries.

The pound by-law is to be revised, owing to its unsatisfactory working. At present any horse impounded must be kept twelve days before being sold, and the fact of its being impounded and the sale must be given notice of by advertisement, all of which entails an expense upon the city of about \$12. The horse may be, and in a recent case was, sold for fifty cents at the auction sale; result—a net loss to the city of \$11.50.

The citizens' committee, to whom the arrangement for the reception of the visiting ministers was entrusted, have decided to request Mayor Collins to call a special meeting of the council with a view to considering the suggestion to hold a public reception. Hon. Mr. Tarte is to be requested by wire to notify the committee of the date of his arrival, and also whether Mr. Davies will reach Vancouver at the same time.

A requisition is being circulated calling upon Mr. Wm. Templeton, who was chairman of the opposition committee at the recent Dominion election, to allow himself to be nominated for the mayorality of Vancouver for 1897. It is understood that if a sufficient number of names are secured on the requisition Mr. Templeton will give an affirmative answer.

Dr. McCarthy and Chief Engineer Murphy, of the Empress of Japan, start to-morrow for South Kootenay and the sloan country to procure data for a syndicate of wealthy Hongkong merchants, who will probably invest largely in B.C. mines.

The annual harvest festival services in connection with St. Mary's parish, Sapperton, will be held to-morrow. Bishop Dart will officiate.

At a meeting held last night in the Sullivan hall, called for the purpose of forming a "Young Men's Liberal Club," the preliminary steps were taken to that end. E. P. Davis, Q.C., being appointed chairman and J. H. Kerr, B.A., temporary secretary-treasurer. Of the audience of about forty present some were inclined to favor the idea of making the club more of a social rendezvous than a political organization, with billiard and pool tables, cards and other games, etc.; but, after considerable steam had been created, the proposition simmered down into the idea of having fortnightly meetings, more after the style of an amateur debating society.

Messrs. Senkler, Bartley, Baxter, Woodward and McDonald were appointed a committee on rules and by-laws. An entrance fee of fifty cents and yearly dues of \$1 were decided upon, and the meeting adjourned until Tuesday evening next.

At the usual fortnightly meeting of the Trades and Labor Council it was decided to send a deputation to wait upon the visiting ministers and impress upon

them the advisability of all public works being done by day labor instead of on the contract system. Other matters of more or less general interest were dealt with.

The Texas Lake Ice and Cold Storage Co. is to be reorganized under the name of the Cleeve Canning and Cold Storage Company, Limited. The capital stock is to be \$250,000 in 5,000 shares of \$50 each, and the first trustees are Messrs. T. H. Cleeve, J. Matterson, J. J. Mulhall, J. W. Campion and J. E. W. Macfarlane. The principal office of the new company will be located in Vancouver. The salmon run is still very small and the hope of a bigger run is almost abandoned.

The assayers in the city are busy assaying samples of quartz brought in by prospectors from Howe Sound, Phillips Arm, Lillooet district and other places. Reports of very rich strikes have been made. In one case \$1,000 cash was offered for the knowledge of a location not yet staked. In another case \$5,000 cash was offered for a staked claim which had not been seen by the would-be purchaser. The excitement over mining is very keen in the city.

The work of re-arranging the fire alarm boxes in the city has been completed. Instructions will be issued by the council as to the location and the directions as to using the boxes.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, Oct. 24.—Supreme President Oliver, of the order of Sons of St. George, instituted a lodge of that order at Wellington this evening. Mr. Oliver was assisted by several members of Inker-man lodge of this city.

A petition is in circulation requesting the provincial government to open a trail from Nanaimo Lakes road to the headwaters of the Nitinat, via Nanaimo lakes. Practically the same trail that Mr. Bray, government agent, went out to find a route for last week.

On Saturday morning last Mr. Edward Hughes passed away at Wellington, after an illness of over two months, of typhoid fever.

For the past six weeks Mr. Jas. Scagell and Mr. Wm. Hall have been out on a prospecting tour. These gentlemen located three claims, the specimens from each of which are highly satisfactory. The claims are about sixty miles north of here on the mainland.

A. Dick, inspector of mines, who was out at the Wellington collieries, says that the position of the heated coal in the basin inside of and below the semi-circular travelling road connecting No. 3 and No. 4 slopes, which meet in the centre and in the lowest part of the depression. It will thus be necessary to flood the workings only up to the level of the travelling road. The fire is caused by the presence of iron pyrites in the shale.

KAMLOOPS.

(From the Inland Sentinel.)

The Stump Lake silver claims, on which a great deal of work was done some years ago and afterwards abandoned, have all recently been restaked, together with a good deal more of the ground in the vicinity.

The Iron Mask property, which lies adjacent to Mr. Guerin's, has a capital showing of ore, and next week, after Hon. Mr. Wallace's arrival, it is expected that two shifts will be put on and the lead followed down in true mining fashion. Mr. Newman is very sanguine of the results.

The new claim owned by Messrs. Noble, Thompson and McIntyre is situated about 3,500 feet above the sea level in a porphyry granite formation, and carries galena with some arsenical iron pyrites. It has a length of about eight feet between well defined walls, and is about five or six feet. While it looks like a good vein, much more exploration is necessary to demonstrate its value.

On Sunday the 3-year-old boy of Dr. H. E. Hall, of this city, met his death in a manner which called out the sympathy of the whole community. Dr. and Mrs. Hall went to church, leaving their four young children at home at the ranch, a few miles south of the city. An excavation had been made for a barn foundation, and after the parents had left the children found their way into this and amused themselves picking away the earth from the perpendicular sides of the excavation. Presently the loose earth from above caved in and covered three of the children. Two of them extricated themselves, but the youngest, Frank Herbert, a bright little fellow of 3 years, was completely covered, and before assistance arrived life was extinct.

The most important bit of news of the week regarding the Coal Hill mining operations is the bonding of James Guerin's fractional claim (which has already been described in these columns) to John Cobdick, the representative of a wealthy British mining company, which is fully capable of exploiting this prospect, and if the results should prove that a mine exists there, it will determine the fact that everybody hereabouts is anxious about—that the mineral on Coal Hill is a genuine business proposition.

Iron Mountain, in Lower Nicola, is the scene of a great deal of mining activity. The whole mountain is capped with iron, having an appearance very similar to that of Red Mountain, at Rossland. Some fine samples of copper sulphide ore have been obtained, and the men owning the claims are extremely sanguine of the results.

Last night Jack Hepburn brought in some fine samples of free gold rock, which caused some excitement and sent numbers of prospectors into the hills again this morning. The location of the claim has not been reported, but is believed to be on Coal Hill not far from the other well known claims. Numerous records have been made during the week, in that the number seems to be steadily increasing from week to week.

ROSSLAND.

(From the Mining Review.)

The control of the Colonna has passed into the hands of the Montreal syndicate, which has acquired an option on 800,000 shares of the stock and paid down a substantial consideration. A magnificent exhibit of ore from the Nest Egg was on view in Rossland this week. The ore, which is reported to be of shipping grade, and looks like it, is taken from the breast of a drift on the fifty-foot level where there is a face of four feet of solid ore. The Nest Egg is a badly abused property. It was

abused by jumpers, by the press and by the stock brokers. With a crown grant and four feet of shipping ore at 50 feet of depth, it is in a better position to-day than many of its more popular and favored neighbors. Nest Egg with its present showing is one of the best stocks in the camp to hold. The next two mines in Trail Creek to pay dividends ought to be the Josie and Evening Star.

The Silver Bell, owned by the Silver Bell Mining Co., lies to the south of the Zillor and East St. Louis. It is easily accessible from the grade of the Red Mountain road, which skirts the mountain not more than half a mile from the tunnel site on the Silver Bell. A series of shallow cuts and some surface stripping has uncovered a well defined vein for some distance. The vein is from twelve to fourteen feet wide and is mineralized throughout, the vein matter consisting of quartz and some lime, and it carries steel galena, zinc and a little iron pyrites. All carries some value in gold and silver and some shipping ore can be sorted out of what has been taken from the surface. The vein is characterized by seams of lead and iron oxide, commonly called carbonates, from which some very high returns in silver have been obtained and also better values in gold.

NELSON.

E. A. Powys, agent for several makers of mining machinery, resident here for about a year, disappeared on Wednesday morning, and has not since been heard of. He is well known in the Coast, particularly in Vancouver. He was suffering at the time from a recurrent attack of jungle fever, contracted in India. All efforts to trace him have proved fruitless. Grave fears are entertained for his safety.

VERNON.

(From the News.) The Coldstream ranch sent out their first shipment of this season's hops last week, a carload being sent to the English market.

H. J. Jones, of Lumby, winner of several prizes for dairy produce at the exhibition, has disposed of his milk cows to the Coldstream ranch and left for Rossland.

The Morning Glory Mining Company have a force of eleven men at work, and the rock appears to be steadily increasing in quality as they go down.

On Thursday's train was attached the Governor-General's car "Victoria," and a large crowd assembled at the station to witness the arrival of Lord and Lady Aberdeen, who are travelling this year with a very small suite. They drove out at once to the Coldstream ranch, and in the afternoon attended the agricultural exhibition. The party will probably remain here about a month.

Ernest Oliver, the jockey, who was thrown from Mayflower during the races last week, still lies in a critical condition, though it appears to be receding strength. His injuries are internal and the full extent of the trouble is not yet known.

On Thursday morning Jas. Kennedy was tried before C. W. Ireland, P.M., on a charge of stealing a gold watch chain from Joseph Harrison, assistant miller in the Armstrong mill. The magistrate gave him three months' hard labor in the Kamloops jail, where he had been confined for some time on a charge of a similar nature.

MIDWAY.

(From the Midway Advance.) On the Victoria it is intended to run a tunnel to tap the vein at the depth of 100 feet.

On the south fork of Rock creek, Copeland & York are taking good pay out of the old claim.

Five men are placed mining on Whiteman's creek, on the west side of Okanagan lake. Two claims are being opened up with drains, which are in about 200 feet in length. A small amount of pay is being derived from the gravel now passing through the sluice boxes.

A new strike of rich ore has been made on the Maple Leaf claim in Camp McKinney. The Maple Leaf is on the same claim as the famous "Camp McKinney." The Big Windy on Eholt creek has passed into the hands of New York capitalists.

Last summer a fire was raging on the west fork of Rock creek, and everyone deplored the destruction of the timber. However, the country having been cleared, miners have been able to prospect the ground, with the result that some fifteen or twenty claims have been staked on the site of the timber.

From the appearance of the ore the claim is liable to be a very valuable one as assays from surface rock, in gold, silver and copper, are worth \$80 to \$100 per ton. The claims surrounding the Cameronian are owned by Victoria people, and no doubt before long a good deal of work will be done on them.

A report was current in the early part of last week that the work was to be continued on the Weir properties, but rich strikes having been made on the Mother Lode and No. 7, it is probable that work will be pushed more vigorously than ever. The strike in the No. 7 is of extraordinary richness, the ore being a solid galena rich in horn silver, and carrying about \$200 in gold to the ton.

DAMAGES TO THE "UNATILLA."

The steamer Unatilla was put on the Tacoma dry dock Friday morning, when it was discovered that along the garboard strike and running a distance of 60 feet there had a distance of 25 or 30 feet from a few inches to six or eight feet long, and from three to ten inches deep. When the vessel grounded she dragged heavily on the beach and forced sand through the holes into the hull. The divers mistook strips of sand for the bottom, and the vessel was damaged. The Unatilla will be repaired by putting heavy planks over the hull and riveting them to the plates, so as to virtually make a wooden shell, to cover the holes. It will cost about \$60,000 and \$70,000 to complete the repairs. From \$30,000 to \$45,000 has already been spent in maintaining the vessel. Damages and repairs will make the total loss about \$200,000.

Toronto, Oct. 24.—Rupert Garland, aged 55, was found dead yesterday in an East End den. A woman was seen going to the deceased's room shortly before the finding of the body and the police are looking for her.

MARRIAGE OF ROYALTY

The Crown Prince of Italy Wedded to the Princess of Montenegro.

Refusal of the Pope to Allow a Cardinal or a Bishop to Officiate.

ROME, Oct. 24.—The civil marriage of the Crown Prince of Italy to Princess Helene of Montenegro, took place this morning in the ball room of the Quirinal. Later the young couple went in a procession to the church of Santa Maria degli Angeli, where the religious ceremony was celebrated. The religious ceremony was concluded at 1 o'clock, when the cortege returned to the Quirinal. The civil functions were performed by the Marquis Durini, prime minister and minister of foreign affairs, in the capacity of crown registrar. The wedding procession from the Quirinal to the church was preceded by an escort of cuirassiers and military bands were stationed along the route, and played appropriate music as the cortege passed. The streets were beautifully decorated with flags, banners and bunting in profusion, and lined with people who gave vent to their enthusiasm by almost incessant cheering as the procession passed.

In the ballroom of the Quirinal, or Royal Palace, was a large table at which were seated King Humbert and Queen Margherita and all the Italian Princes and Princesses, Maria Pia, sister of the King and Dowager Queen of Portugal, the Duke of Oporto, brother of the King of Portugal, Prince Victor Napoleon and Prince Karageorgevitch. Standing around the royal group were the Knights of the Order of the Annunciation, the cabinet ministers, the court dignitaries, the senators and deputies and the municipal and provincial officers. The president of the senate discharged the services of civil officer.

The Duke of Aosta and the Count of Turin, nephews of the King, were the witnesses. The bride and bridegroom answered in firm and clear tones all the formal questions put to them and then signed the records. The members of the party afterwards proceeded in state carriages drawn by six horses to the church of Santa Maria degli Angeli. The route was lined with troops, brilliantly decorated and thronged with people cheering enthusiastically, church bells pealing and cannon roaring out salutes from batteries in different parts of the city.

Mr. Fissicelli, who performed the religious ceremony to-day, is Grand Prior of the Palatine church of St. Nicholas at Bari, where the Princess of Montenegro landed, and it was he who received her abjuration of the orthodox faith and admission into the Roman Catholic church. The Pope refused to allow any cardinal or bishop to officiate at the marriage, nor would His Holiness permit the ceremony to be performed in any of the great Roman basilicas, as King Humbert would have preferred. Both the church of St. Nicholas at Bari and the church of Santa Maria degli Angeli have been declared national monuments, therefore they are under government control, and the minister of public instruction is responsible for their suitable decoration.

As the procession entered the church, which was lavishly decorated and filled with the invited guests, courtiers and military and naval officers, the bride party was met by the clergy in rich vestments, headed by the mitred abbot Fissicelli, who officiated at the religious ceremony. The members of the bride and groom were the Duke of Aosta, the Count of Turin, Prince Victor Napoleon and Prince Meirko, younger brother of Princess Helene, who, during the nuptial benediction, held over the heads of the kneeling pair the crown and veil, used at the marriage of King Humbert to Queen Margherita.

Vittorio Emanuele, Prince of Naples and heir to the throne of Italy, was born November 11, 1869. He is of a quiet, studious manner, and commands the Italian troops in the military district of which Florence is the headquarters.

Princess Helene of Montenegro is the third daughter and fourth child of Nicholas I, the reigning Prince of Montenegro. She was born January 8, 1873, is a tall, finely formed and well educated woman, who at one time was looked upon as the possible bride of the present Czar of Russia, who with the Czarina is said to have a high regard for her. The wedding presents were numerous and costly, and the bridal outfit was elegant in the extreme.

At the moment that the Prince and Princess entered the palace on their return from the church the cheering was drowned by a tremendous artillery salute, and four carrier pigeons, bearing beneath their wings the news of the marriage, were dispatched to various parts of the kingdom. Shortly after their arrival at the palace the Prince and Princess of Naples appeared on a balcony, surrounded by the royal and princely families, and gracefully acknowledged the cheers of the populace. In honor of the marriage to-day, King Humbert has granted amnesty to a large number of political and military prisoners, as well as to some common law offenders.

MONTREAL, Oct. 24.—(Special)—F. A. Grenier, editor of La Libre Parole, sent the following message to Hon. Mr. Tarte at Winnipeg this morning: "It is rumored here that your trip is a flight. You have stated that you are to be absent for five or six weeks. Do not forget I am an accused party and that the trial is fixed for the beginning of November. I hope you will come back like a man in time to substantiate your charges. No bluff. Business is business. It is expected the suit will be heard at the approaching session of the Court of the Queen's Bench, if heard at all.

There is a rumor in legal circles that Judge He will shortly be called to the Supreme court and that Judge Tascheau will then be transferred from the district of Terrebonne to Montreal. Mr. Luvergne, of Arthabaskaville (Mr. Laurier's law partner), being raised to the bench for the district of Terrebonne.

SOME CURIOUS DOCTRINES.

(From the Town of Montreal Empire.)

The more the \$5,000 affair is discussed by Mr. Tarte the more extraordinary do the circumstances appear to be. So far as the discussion of the "affair" has gone, the facts are these: Mr. Whelan built the Quebec court house. He had as a contractor for the then local government been a contributor to the Liberal campaign funds. In the witness box, or in an interview, he said he had given as much as \$67,000 to the party. It was from him that Mr. McShane, one of the leading lights, drew \$3,000 in a lump sum for an election—Mr. McShane being at that time a member of the local administration. The story of the McShane exploit is suggestive. Mr. Whelan happened to look in at McShane's office. "You are just the man I want," said the Minister. "I want \$3,000," Mr. Whelan parried the demand as well as he could, but finally had to yield up \$1,000 more than was asked in the first instance, namely \$3,000 in fifty dollar bills.

Mr. Whelan was a mine of wealth to the party. When he came to settle up for the court house work \$140,000 was still due. For this sum the government made provision in the estimates. Ernest Pacaud, according to statements given by himself and others, appears to have informed Mr. Whelan that the vote in the house might be delayed through obstruction by the Conservative opposition, and he suggested to him the necessity of a quietus to the party. Mr. Tarte, although working at that time on the Conservative side, met Pacaud, the Liberal manager, and went to Mr. Tarte, the Conservative leader, to ask him what he proposed to do with respect to the vote. Mr. Tarte asserted that as it was an award, he intended to let it go through. Then Messrs. Tarte and Pacaud met again, and Pacaud gave Mr. Tarte the handsome sum of \$5,000. The fact that money had been paid came out in the course of a law suit. But there it was declared that the sum taken from Mr. Whelan by Pacaud was \$10,000.

Pacaud excused himself by asserting that the \$10,000 was necessary to quiet the Conservative members of the house, and thus to get the Whelan vote through. While they repelled the implied charge of bribery they nevertheless remained under the accusation. Finally it was hinted abroad that "an unknown" had received the money for the Conservatives, and then Mr. Tarte's name was mentioned by Mr. Pacaud in that connection. Mr. Tarte promptly denied that he had received \$10,000, or that \$10,000 had been given to the Conservatives to influence them. He was amazed that Pacaud could say anything of the kind. Here the case stood.

It has since been said that while Mr. Tarte did not receive \$10,000 he certainly did get \$5,000 from Mr. Pacaud. This he acknowledged. But he says the money was not used or kept by himself. It was employed in the preparation of voters' lists. He further asserts that he had no idea the money came from Whelan. It was his supposition that other parties, the Roman Catholics, had bought up the Whelan claim, and he felt that in taking the \$5,000 from these people he was doing a rather good thing in that he was getting powder from the enemy.

The distinctions which Mr. Tarte draws are curious features of the case. In the first place the thing is assumed to be justifiable because Mr. Tarte supposed the money was coming not from Whelan, but from some other source, and he bought up Whelan's claim. What difference is there between the use of money thus secured for party purposes and its use by the individual who receives it? Further, it would have been wrong to have taken the \$5,000 if it had been used for party purposes. What moral difference has altered the attitude of the Conservative leader. But it was not wrong to take it when it affected no such change; in a word, when it secured no advantage to the person who paid it. Was not the acceptance under the circumstances a species of sharp practice? These are peculiar doctrines that the minister advances.

Official Golden Book. MONTREAL, Oct. 24.—Le Cultivateur suggests an official golden book should be kept by the high authorities of the land wherein would be recorded heroic deeds which so often take place in Canada.

British Artillery to Visit Canada. MONTREAL, Oct. 24.—Hon. Dr. Borden, at the banquet to Col. Cole, commander of the Shoburness artillery team, announced that he intended to place a sum in the estimates next year for the purpose of bringing the British artillery here to compete with the Canadians.

IT STRIKES HOME!

Chase's Ointment Cures All Skin Irritations.

Of the many skin diseases, eczema is one of the worst and most common. The one effective remedy so far discovered for it is Dr. Chase's Ointment. It will never be known to fail. Mr. A. drew Aton, a lady, N.Y., writes: "My little daughter Grace, five years three and a half, was a dreadful sufferer from eczema for three years. We tried a number of alleged cures and several doctors, but all without effect. Her skin was inflamed and red. Her little body was entirely covered with rash. One day our local doctor, Mr. Wm. E. Blue, advised me to try Dr. Chase's Ointment. I did so, and four boxes effected a complete cure and saved our child."

Chase's Ointment is just as effective for piles, hemorrhoids, and all descriptions. For sale by all dealers and Edmonson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto; price 63 cents. There is nothing to equal Chase's Liniment and Turpentine for severe colds and lung troubles. Large bottles 25 cents.

FAVORABLE PROGRESS.

Fine Leads Found on the Ophir, Mayflower and Other Mines at Alberni.

Operations on the Regina—Good Quartz on the Crown Point—Road-making.

ALBERNI, Oct. 24.—(Special)—Work on the Consolidated Alberni company's road is progressing favorably and, if the present weather continues, in all probability it will not be long before it is ready for traffic.

On the Ophir claim of the Quadra company's property a fine lead has lately been found, which promises to be a good thing.

Work on the Mountain Rose is going ahead in good shape.

A rich lead has lately been found on the Mayflower, an adjoining claim to the Regina. The rock, which is almost solid ore, is composed principally of gold, copper and galena. This property belongs to Westward Bros., of Nanaimo. Work on the lead is being pushed ahead with all possible speed by the owners.

On the Regina three tunnels are being driven and it is intended to crosscut them at a distance of one hundred feet from the face. Some fine quartz has been brought down from this claim lately.

George Brown leaves for Victoria on Monday with some good samples from various claims in the neighborhood. Some good quartz and a fine ledge has been found on the Crown Point.

It is learned upon good authority that the entire German artillery is about to be reorganized. The Emperor William paid great attention to the matter during the recent army manoeuvres and the artillery exercises at Kummerdorf. The plan comprises the formation of smaller field artillery regiments, instead of the present unwieldy ones; the appointment of more officers and the gradual substitution of wide range and quick firing guns for the present cannon, which are more or less antiquated. The general staff favors guns of the Maxim type for machine guns.

NOTICE.

STOCK CERTIFICATES, STOCK LEDGERS, STOCK JOURNALS, MINERS' PAY SHEETS, MINERS' CASH ABSTRACTS, MINING REPORTS, MINING MAPS AND PLANS, SEALS.

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THE COLONIST, VICTORIA.

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