

"WAR TO THE KNIFE."

The Water Commissioners Will Not Compromise, but Prepare For Legal Action—A Much Mixed Meeting.

Mayor Taylor, Ald. Skinner, Fitzgerald, Thomas, Moule, Anderson, Boyd, Commissioners Davis and Essery held a conference last night in regard to settling the debt of the city. A delay of some minutes took place while Ald. Boyd was telephoning for Mr. Pope and Mr. Jewell, although Mr. Essery said they could tell him nothing about the Water-works finances.

Ald. Thomas said the Committee were here to make a friendly agreement if possible. Both bodies were acting in the interests of the city, and if no arrangement could be made to their mutual home.

Mr. Essery said the Committee should make a written statement of what they wanted. They came from a chamber where all kinds of statements had been made, and it was necessary to a complete understanding that the statement should be made that way.

Mr. Davis concurred with these remarks. It was the Committee who waited on the Commissioners and asked to open up the subject, and they should be prepared with a statement.

Ald. Thomas—Either you give us the money or else you want it yourselves—what is it?

Ald. Boyd said the Treasurer's and Auditors' statements showed that the Commissioners owed the City \$60,000 odd for money advanced. It was the desire of the Aldermen to get this \$60,000 borrowed on the Water-works to repay us the debt.

Mr. Essery—But we were not a party to the debt, nor were we consulted. Where in that Act can you show us authority to claim that sum. The Board never was shown a copy of the Act even. This conference should have taken place while the Act was being prepared. The city had a dollar's worth of permanent improvements for every dollar spent.

Mr. Davis said in reply to Ald. Moule's question—Why did the Commissioners not object at the time the Act was applied for—that he was never consulted, nor could he, by using his utmost endeavors, get a copy of the Act until long after it became law.

Ald. Thomas said the permanent improvements were provided for out of revenue, instead of being provided for out of the capital account.

Mr. Essery said the present Board had followed the custom that had been in practice from the beginning of the Water-works in that respect.

Ald. Boyd reiterated his former statement that the Commissioners were not to come here asking any favors. If the debt existed, pay it back; if not, say so. About the methods of the loan or anything else, he had to meet the electors on the first of January as well as Mr. Essery and his colleagues. It might be that none of them could get back, but he could assure them the people were pretty hot over the matter, and it would have to be met.

Mr. Essery—Well, who is responsible for it?

Ald. Boyd—I don't know.

Mr. Pope then came in, and was going to make a statement, when the Mayor objected to any further statements being made on the city side until the statement of their case had been prepared.

The Commissioners then withdrew, and the Committee had a general talk over affairs.

At the expiration of half an hour the Commissioners came in again, and Ald. Boyd said the Committee were not in a position to write for the whole Council, but will report to the Council recommending that the debt be issued, and after receiving instructions meet the Commissioners again.

Mr. Essery—If they are issued it is at your peril. We don't ask for them to be issued.

Ald. Fitzgerald—Oh, we would pay them over to your Board at once.

Mr. Essery—Then, so far as my vote is concerned, that ends it.

Mr. Davis—The Commissioners do not see that anything could be gained by another meeting with the Committee. If the debt is issued, they are issued without our asking for them, but we must get the money and keep it till the work is completed, and till all other work that we may consider necessary is provided for. If the emergency were to arise we could not borrow another cent without accounting to the Legislature for all these sums first.

Mr. Essery was sent here to look after the Water Department, not to lower the rate of taxation or any other part of the City Council's work. The further issue was not called for, and it would be an outrage to issue any more debentures. Under this Act the City Council attempted to get a sum of money that they dare not ask the Legislature for in any other way. He was in favor of calling a special meeting of the Board, in case the debentures were issued, to instruct a firm of solicitors to take the necessary steps to see that every dollar so realized is paid over to the Water Commissioners.

Ald. Fitzgerald—I move we adjourn.

Ald. Skinner—Yes; it's the best we can do after that.

Mayor Taylor left the room with the Aldermen. Mr. Davis and Mr. Essery remained, and the latter prepared a resolution to be submitted at a special meeting, to be held this morning, to appoint a solicitor to look after the Board's interests in the matter.

The Secretary was instructed to return a cheque for the Custom House rate paid, less the discount, to the time for allowing on rebate had expired.

THE DEBENTURE DIFFICULTY.

Commissioner Essery's Reply to Mayor Taylor.

To the Editor of the Free Press.

SIR,—The letter of His Worship Mayor Taylor published in your issue of this date headed "They Were Consulted—Mayor Taylor's Straightforward Explanation in Regard to the Matter" only confirms my contention. He is correct when he states that the Water Commissioners asked for \$70,000. We never denied this; but his statement is altogether wrong when he says, or intends to insinuate, that the Water Commissioners were consulted as to the state of the issue of \$130,000 thereunder. The only communication to the Water Commissioners from the City Council in this matter is dated 27th Nov., 1889, from the City Clerk's office, asking the Water Commissioners to furnish to the Council the anticipated amount of debentures required for their department, and the answer to that communication was:—Spring extensions and mains, \$45,000; mains, hydrants and valves in London South if annexed, \$20,000; services in London South, if annexed, \$5,000. Total, \$70,000. His Worship's letter states that in November, 1889, "the Council sent a communication to the Water Commissioners asking them to give a statement of the anticipated amount of debentures required for their department, and the answer to that communication was:—Spring extensions and mains, \$45,000; mains, hydrants and valves in London South if annexed, \$20,000; services in London South, if annexed, \$5,000. Total, \$70,000."

"I challenge His Worship to show that the agreement with London South was ever produced before the Water Commissioners, or that the agreement was ever explained to them, or that they ever were consulted as to the issue of any other sums than the \$70,000 above mentioned; that is the issue between us. Permit me further to state that the Water Commissioners do not reticulate for the rate of taxation, and never were; nor do they intend to shoulder responsibility for gross mismanagement on the part of others; nor should they incur the charge of the Water Commissioners, under the statute, or the credit of the city to be destroyed by the issue of water-works debentures for the purpose of lowering the rate of taxation."

Yours truly, E. MANUEL T. ESSERY.

London, Oct. 30th, 1896.

Ald. Anderson Speaks.

To the Editor of the Free Press.

DEAR SIR,—Referring to the subject matter of His Worship's letter in this morning's paper, I wish to say that it has nothing whatever to do with the subject of dispute between His Worship and the Mayor and his fellow Commissioners.

The plain question is, Were the Water Commissioners consulted in the matter of asking for an Act to issue debentures on the Water-works account to the extent of \$130,000?—\$60,000 more than what they asked for. I stated at the Council meeting on Monday evening that the Commissioners had not been consulted, and they replied that they were consulted, Chairman Davis and Commissioner Essery, of the Water-works, both say that the Commissioners were not consulted. The question is now, How does it come that the Mayor differs with his associates in this matter? I must say that the Mayor's contentions look very much like quibbling.

Yours, &c., E. MANUEL T. ESSERY.

London, Oct. 30th, 1896.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The W. C. A. Affairs—Meeting From the Home-Office.

There were twenty-five ladies present at the annual meeting of the Women's Christian Association, held in the Aged Women's Home yesterday afternoon, with Mrs. Carfax as President, presiding.

Mrs. M. Pattullo (Secretary) read a most encouraging report of the different branches of work carried on under the Association's supervision during the year. Things had gone smoothly in all departments, obedience on the part of the inmates being generally obtained. Thanks were extended to Drs. C. T. Campbell, MacArthur and Mitchell for services rendered; to Miss Freeman and city ministers who aided in religious work; to those who assisted by cash and other donations, and to the press.

The matrons of the several Homes were reported as efficient. It had been found necessary to increase accommodation for aged women, and a house adjacent to the Old Men's Home rented. Statements regarding the inmates of the Homes showed:—Women's Refuge and Infants' Home—Adults admitted during the year, 44; at present in the Home, 9. Aged Women's Home—Three deaths; in Home at present, 19. Aged Men's Home—Four deaths; at present in Home, 19, as compared with 16 last year; 22 have been admitted during the year. The Relief Committee has attended to the wants of 86 families, and made 751 visits in the past 18 months. Regular religious services have been held at the jail and hospital.

Adopted.

Mrs. D. S. Perrin read the Treasurer's statement, as follows:—Balance on hand Sept.-mber 30, 1895, \$272.76. Receipts—General funds, \$1,252.25; Aged Women's Home, \$2,322.84; Aged Men's Home, \$2,405.89; Women's Refuge and Infants' Home, \$1,135.18; Relief Committee, \$353. Total, \$7,741.93. Disbursements—General fund, \$82.35; Aged Women's Home, \$2,829.78; Aged Men's Home, \$2,643.16; Women's Refuge and Infants' Home, \$1,607.63; Relief Committee, \$403.65. Total, \$7,576.57, leaving a balance on hand of \$165.38. Adopted.

Reports were received from the various committees, giving in detail the work of

the year. The Jail Committee recommended strongly that a prisoners' aid association be formed.

The election of officers then proceeded. Mrs. Carfax was re-elected President; Mrs. W. M. Rogers, First Vice-President; Mrs. Whitehead, Second Vice-President; Mrs. M. Pattullo, Secretary; Mrs. D. S. Perrin, Treasurer; Miss Kennedy, Assistant Secretary.

GOSSIP OF THE PAVEMENT.

Picked Up and Sifted Out by Free Press Reporters.

"That's a disgraceful hole just over Clarke's bridge," a gentleman who lives over that way told a reporter. "Every shower makes it more so, the water remaining there until it soaks away; and in addition a choice collection of tin cans, bricks and other rubbish has been there so long as my memory serves me. Fill it up in an easy way of making the place look respectable."

"Have you noticed how many people examine themselves when passing the plate-glass windows of city stores?" was asked of a reported last evening. "Since I began doing it myself I have taken a great deal of notice of other pedestrians, and I have come to the conclusion that they all do it, more or less. The ladies are particularly affected with this habit, as a 'silly' look will tell them a good many things regarding their appearance that they would not care to ask even their sisters about."

"Talking about that fake 'Colonel' letter," said a well-known citizen yesterday, "reminds me of what I did once for a fellow who lives in London South now. I was going over to England, and meeting him on the station here he asked me to post a letter for him in the Old Country. I consented, and he hurriedly wrote a note and addressed it to some one in the States. I posted it for him; his scheme was to get into the States, and on the other side of his track, and make them believe he was in England."

"The habit of shaking hands is certainly a most senseless one," a gentleman observed yesterday. "It is all right at one time, but it has been so shamefully abused that one cannot tell whether a person means it or not when he grasps your hand warmly. In the course of a few remarks on the subject a few days ago our minister said the ordinary person's hand felt now-a-days like a dead fish—cold and slippery—and he just about struck the nail in the right place. I have shaken hands with gentlemen, and if told I had done so a minute or two after would not believe it."

"Oh, it's the same old story," the gentleman who spoke was a laboring man, and had just received a "hearty shake," as he described it, from a would-be 1891 Alderman, which he returned with an "I know election time draws near," said.

Continuing, he said, "Yes, there's that man as hasn't shook my hand since last January, nor even looked at me, coming up now and grasping my whole hand and making me feel like a fish."

Some of the fellows never make good Aldermen."

"Ald. Anderson around on a hand-shaking 'election' tour," said a No. 5 Ward resident, "and is going it strong, but I think he will get left this time. I voted for him last January on the understanding that he had considerable influence with Mr. Hickson—and it since appears that he was no good even in that direction. Yes, and he'll be minus more than my vote, you can depend. But do you know what the old gentleman said to a friend of mine the other day? 'Mayor Taylor has not acted right with the Water Commissioners, and if I thought he was going to run again I'd knock him over the head and beat him, too.' I was not surprised to hear that he said this, though, after such a rank assertion as he made a few weeks ago about the City Engineer's affairs."

"I am always very particular about getting on the right train," a well-known local commercial traveller said yesterday. "Of course, at our city stations one can scarcely make a mistake, and the smaller places, where trains are not labelled before starting, it's the easiest thing in the world to go wrong. The other day I saw an instance of the fact that many people who have very little are anxious to compare upon everyone that they know as much about where a train is going to as does the conductor himself. A young couple, who were evidently on their honeymoon, were sitting in the car in which myself and some others were, when the ticket-puncher came in. He looked at the ticket handed him by the groom, and seemed to tumble to the fellow right straight. 'Where do you think you're going?' he said, speaking very loudly. On being told, he continued, 'I thought so.' You train left just before we did. I wish you people would make a few inquiries before you get on these trains.' Then he continued in a peculiar way to make the young man and his blushing companion change their color every second by a speech which seemed to be run straight out of the mouth of a bad start—they were on the wrong track, going in the opposite direction to that they had intended the first day of their married life. No, sir, I never above making sure which is 'my' train."

OTTAWA.

An Expert's Opinion of Canada's Mineral Deposits—The New Cape Breton Railway—A Crank with a Razor—Proposed New Canal—The Visit of the Iron and Steel Barges—The Sudbury Mines Boom.

Ottawa, Oct. 30.—Mr. Burn, agent for Thomas A. Edison, the great electrician, has devoted a good deal of attention to the nickel deposits. His opinion is an expert is that the iron ores of the north shore of Lake Superior are not of the extent and quality represented by others, but the copper deposits of that district are, he considers, unsurpassed by any in the world, and thinks that there is a bright future for that industry in Canada. Yesterday Mr. Burn and Mr. McIntosh, of Toronto, examined a mica mine in the Buckingham district, with a view to ascertaining its adaptability for electrical purposes.

It is understood that regular traffic over the new Cape Breton Railway, as an extension of the Intercolonial line, will commence Nov. 18th, on which date the winter time table of the Intercolonial goes into effect.

An effort is being made by prominent lumbermen to secure one of the vacant seats in the Senate for Alex. Fraser, of Westmeath. Mr. Fraser is reputed to be worth \$2,000,000.

A crank named John Clark, of Albany, N.Y., was sent to jail for 12 months by the Police Magistrate this morning. He disturbed a Salvation Army meeting the other night by producing a razor and threatening to make mincemeat of the Salvation ladies. He called himself a brother of Jesse James.

Mr. Bell, of the Geological Survey, returned to-day from the Sudbury district. He is preparing a report on the nickel deposits there.

The Government, it is understood, has abandoned the idea of deepening the Beauharnois Canal, and will construct a new canal on the north side of the St. Lawrence at Coteau to overcome the Cedar Rapids.

To-morrow the members of the Iron and Steel Institute of Great Britain and German societies of smelters will visit Ottawa. Leading citizens had a conference with the Committee of the Privy Council—Sir John Thompson, Sir Adolphe Caron, Hon. Jno. Carling and Hon. C. H. Tupper—when all details of the reception were arranged.

Arrangements have been made for the appearance of Henry M. Stanley here in January.

The Customs Department, in answer to an enquiry from one of the ports, have ruled that Louisiana lottery advertisements and other matter may be received by the various ports, but that the persons to whom they are sent will be subject to prosecution by the legal authorities.

The Sudbury mines are reported very flourishing, about 850 men being employed in the four mines.

AFTER CANADIAN NICKEL.

The Secretary of the U. S. Navy Wants to Buy Nickel for the Manufacture of Armour Plates.

Montreal, Oct. 30.—The Dominion Mineral Company has been approached by Secretary Tracey, of the United States, for prices of nickel to be used in the manufacture of steel armour plates. The action of Mr. Tracey in seeking prices from a Canadian enterprise shows that the efforts of the Canadian Copper Company, which is generally supposed to be owned and controlled by the Standard Oil Company, to secure a monopoly of the nickel to be supplied to the department has not succeeded. Judge Gurke, Mr. Ritchie and other Ohio millionaires who are the controllers of the Standard Oil Company and its attachment to the Dominion Mineral Company, which is owned in Montreal and New York, but principally in Montreal, drew his attention to the fact that they also had nickel matte.

To satisfy himself of the fact, Mr. Tracey sent the Assistant Secretary, Mr. Folger, and an engineer to examine the properties at Sudbury, and he is now in possession of all the facts, and as a result has asked prices from the mine controlled and worked by Canadians, which will very likely lead to the purchase of their matte.

A New Ship Canal Project.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 30.—The commission appointed by the Legislature to survey a route and report on the feasibility of building a ship canal between Lake Erie and Pittsburg, has decided to recommend such an enterprise. The State will in return probably solicit aid from the National Government in constructing such waterway. The expense is not estimated, but is expected to run up in the millions. The object is to bring ore vessels down through the lakes and into the manufacturing regions of Western Pennsylvania, especially Pittsburg, without breaking bulk.

Gold Dollars for 80 Cents

Exactly the saving for Empire Tea Co. 18 lbs. bright sugar for \$1; 15 lbs. granulated sugar for \$1, and premiums with our famous and popular, any-price tea, coffee, baking powder, or cocoa. Empire Tea Co., 240 Dundas street, London, Nine stores, 20 agencies.

A "Jack the Hair Cutter" at Delhi.

Delhi, Ont., Oct. 30.—This evening some designing wretch called at the dwelling of Mr. J. E. Laughlin, who is Station Agent at the G. F. R., and knowing Mr. and Mrs. Laughlin were out, despoiled his sister, a girl of 14 years of age, of her beautiful tresses.

Purify Your Blood

The importance of keeping the blood in a pure condition is universally known, and yet there are very few people who have perfectly pure blood. The taint of scrofula, salt rheum, or other foul humor is hereditary and transmitted for generations, causing untold suffering, and we also accumulate poison and germs of disease from the air we breathe, the food we eat, or the water we drink. Nothing exclusively proven than the positive power of Hood's Sarsaparilla over all diseases of the blood. This medicine, when fairly tried, does expel every trace of scrofula or salt rheum, removes the taint which causes eczema, neutralizes the acidity and cures rheumatism, drives out the germs of malaria, blood poisoning, etc. It also vitalizes and en-

riches the blood thus overcoming that tired feeling, and building up the whole system. Thousands testify to the superiority of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier. Full information and statements of cures sent free.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

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Nose and Throat Specialist, Diseases of Throat, Catarrh, Etc.

Office—251 Dundas St., London.

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TORONTO.

Evidence Before the Prison Commission—Turned Thief in Order to Buy Bread for His Sick Mother—Diphtheria Closes a School—Birkbeck Wanted as a Witness in a Libel Suit.

Toronto, Oct. 30.—Wm. Van Allen, Jailor of Middlesex, gave evidence before the Prison Commission this morning. He testified that there had been a tremendous increase in the number of prisoners under his charge of late years, largely owing to the number of vagrants. Most of these were English and Irish. There was no poor house, hence the number of jail inmates increased. Of 332 prisoners last year only 21 were in jail for felony. Sheriff M. Clements, of Halton, argued that the state of trade had much to do with the increases of vagrancy. Jonathan Cooke, Jailor, of Berlin, gave statistics of commitments in Waterloo County, showing that about one-half were for vagrancy and drinking. Few drunkards came from Berlin, but many from Galt.

Stuart Ross, aged 13 years, charged at the Police Court with stealing, pleaded guilty, and confessed to the magistrate that he had sold harness and bought with the proceeds coal and food for his mother, who is lying ill in bed and unable to work. He was remanded for sentence.

The Borden Street School has been closed on account of diphtheria having attacked several of the pupils.

Dr. L. Macfarlane has issued a writ in New York against the Anchor Line for \$3,000 damages for the breaking of his leg while he was landing from the steamship Circassian.

An affidavit has been filed asking for the examination of J. R. Birchall, now lying under sentence of death in Woodstock jail, as a material witness in a libel suit brought by Grosvenor Hood Graeme against the Toronto Globe newspaper, on account of alleged insinuation in it that Graeme might have had something to do with the murder of Bowell. The motion is to be argued to-morrow, and will be resisted on the ground that Birchall is at present legally and civilly dead to law, and that therefore his testimony is valueless.

Such Things as This.

Such days as these deserve your attention; 18 lbs. bright sugar for \$1, or 15 lbs. granulated sugar for \$1. Magnificent premiums with any price tea, coffee, baking powder, or cocoa. Empire Tea Co., 240 Dundas street, London. f,s&w

Two Boys Drowned in Sight of Hundreds of People.

St. John, N.B., Oct. 30.—Several hundred people witnessed a peculiarly distressing drowning accident, which occurred here this afternoon. A young son of Frederick Mundle, a well-known St. John merchant, fell over the railway wharf, and Frederick Young, a lad of 17 years, leaping in after him. The tide was running strong and there was a heavy sea on. A number of mill hands left work and went to the rescue. A boat was launched, but was broken to pieces against the rocks. A life buoy was sent out to the drifting boys, but they could not reach it before keeping Mundle up about half an hour Young and the other went to the bottom.

The most remarkable cures of scrofula on record have been accomplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Try it. Sold by all druggists.

GROCERY STOCK FOR SALE.

PURSUANT TO INST. DUTIONS RECEIVED from the Administrator of the estate of J. J. Douglas, late of the Town of Windsor, in the County of Essex, merchant, deceased, the entire large grocery stock and merchandise of the said deceased, including trade fixtures and shop furniture and appliances, horse delivery wagon, etc., will be put up and offered for sale by public auction, at the late but these stand of the said deceased, in the said town of Windsor on Thursday, the 31st day of November next, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon.

Inventory of Stock, &c., &c. \$2,725

Furniture and shop fixtures 500

Horse wagon 200

Terms: Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, and the balance within ten days thereafter, and before delivery of goods.

For further particulars apply to W. M. Reade, Barrister, Windsor, Ont.

Dated this 22nd day of October, 1896.

W. M. READE, Solicitor for Administrator.

HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE AUCTION SALE

THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 6, at 7.30 o'clock, of oil paintings, water colors, pastels and etchings from the studio of Miss Emily Gurney, comprising her exhibition and other pictures that have never been shown to the public. This talented young artist, who has been educated to pursue her studies, and in order that the educated and proper studies of our city may be induced to patronize original and meritorious Canadian art, Miss Gurney has consigned to me, for sale by auction. Pictures to be sold on Wednesday afternoon and evening, with out reserve, terms cash. Catalogues on application. J. W. Jones, Auctioneer, 242 Dundas street, London, Ont. J241&w

THE NEW West End Clothing House

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The stock of ready-made clothing was expressly manufactured for their trade, and buyers will save money by purchasing their fall supply there, as their styles cannot be beat, and their prices are away far below freighting point.

Gents' Furnishings, Hats and Caps at very low prices.

Everybody is invited to inspect their well selected stock. No trouble to show goods.

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122 DUNDAS ST.,

Clothing, Tailors and Gents' Furnishings.

N.B.—Open till 9 p.m. J241&w

RUPTURED & DEFORMED.

Charles Cluthe's

Last visit to London this year will be at the Grice House, London, Saturday, Nov. 7, 1896, and at the Bellamy Hotel, Nov. 8, 1896, at 8.00 p.m. He will be at the Stratford, Mansion House, Saturday, Nov. 8th, at 8.00 p.m. He will be at the last hour, at 8.00 p.m. CHAS. CLUTHE, Surgical Machinist.

RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER.

THE GREAT REMEDY.

After four years of jealous criticism (professional and unprofessional) and free demonstrations from manufacturers of quick nostrums.

RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER has finally cleared them all to oblivion, where they rightly belong, and stands unrivalled. All diseases are caused through microbe infection of the blood, which must be destroyed in order to effect a cure. Radam's Microbe Killer will do this without fail. Have you Asthma, Catarrh, Cancer, Consumption, Rheumatism, Indigestion, Kidney Troubles, Female Trouble, or any other skin diseases, etc.? If so, try this remedy and become convinced of its merits as others have.

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FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING AND UNDERWEAR.

All Wool and Merino, for Gents and Children, all Kinds and Colors,

AT PRICES THAT CANNOT BE BEATEN.

We are still headquarters for all bargains which have given such universal satisfaction for the past. OVERCOATS—Men's, Youths' and Boys' in great varieties—the latest patterns and styles. GRAND BARGAINS at \$3.50, \$5, \$7, \$10, \$12. Our price of a lot of all kinds of overcoats in different colors and styles, medium and heavy, made by one of the best manufacturers in the east, elegantly lined and trimmed, perfect in fit, offered to you at the above prices. They would cost \$15 to \$20 elsewhere. Mr. Levy has just returned from the east, where he secured the best bargains in ALL-WOOL UNDERWEAR from the finest manufacturers, and will offer you at the lowest figures FIVE UNDERSHIRTS at 47c, which are worth double the money. CARDIGAN JACKETS at 75c, fine all-wool navy blue TOP SHIRTS at 55c; also fine stock of NECKWEAR, latest styles, at half price. In FURS or HATS and CAPS we cannot be equalled in this city. We have bought the largest and finest stock that was ever shown in this city at prices which will astonish you. We are also prepared to take your orders for ORDERED CLOTHING. Fine ALL-WOOL PANTS at \$3, which cannot be bought elsewhere for \$5. SUITS and OVERCOATS at very moderate prices. We invite you to inspect our stock. Now is the time to secure your bargains. This is the greatest inducement ever offered to any purchaser in London. Don't miss this opportunity while it is within your reach. "Neglected opportunities never return."

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P. S.—Open till 9 p. m.