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CHIGNECTO POST.

Deserve Success and you shall Command it.

VOL. 20.--NO. 22. SACKVILLE, N. B., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1889. WHOLE NO. 1,013.

AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

—Farmers' Review calculates this year's corn crop at 2,268,292,083 bushels, against 1,987,790,000 last year.

—"The future dairyman," says Col. Curtis, "must make a pound of butter from twenty pounds of milk." The Channel Island cows will do it.

—Grapes are selling for $6 a ton at the California wineries. Apples are worth five or six times as much here in Maine. Yet there are those who claim that California is a better State than ours.—*Maine Farmer.*

—The blueberry business is becoming quite an item in provincial exports. During the past season the blueberries sent to Boston by the steamer Yarmouth amounted to 6,204 crates, or 99 tons, valued at $9,144, or including freight $11,144.

—The export of beef and hog products from the United States, during August, were valued at $9,037,674, against $6,276,911 in August, 1888. For ten months the exports were valued at $83,339,798, against $64,970,000 for the corresponding period in 1887-8.

—The *Farmer's Review* reports that the potato crop of 1889 will probably exceed that of any previous year in the United States. The acreage is less than last year. The total crop is estimated at 233,700,000 bushels, which exceeds last year's crop by over 17,000,000 bushels

—A great fire has been burning near Geneva, Minn. It is estimated 5,500 acres of land are burned over and 6,000 tons of hay destroyed. There were no means of saving the hay, as the fire was in the peat, under the surface, and it is unsafe to drive a team near it. Experts estimate the value of despoiled land at $100,000; damage by burning hay $30,000.

—The Dixie Farmer says: The possible products of a ton of cotton seed are twenty pounds of lint, $1; 880 pounds of hulls, 88 cents; 400 pounds of oil, $21.23; 700 pounds of cake, $8.89; total, $32. The most improved mills get all the lint and the hulls, but are able to get only 300 pounds of oil, worth $14, and 800 pounds of cake or meal, worth 7.20, giving a yield to the mill of $23.80. The seed costs $10 per ton, leaving a profit to the mill, less expenses, of $13.09.

—The shortage in the apple crop of the country becomes more apparent as the season advances. Prices in all home markets have been well sustained. Shipments abroad have been comparatively light to date, less than half of what they were last year for the same time, and prices have ruled at a figure which leaves a margin of profit to the grower. The outlook now is that it will not be possible to crowd the market, and that prices for good fruit will be well sustained. The fruit in this State is extremely large, and is proving even better than it looked notwithstanding the large amount of wormy fruit. It now looks as though the crop would bring its producers some paying money.—*Maine Farmer.*

The Forth Bridge.

The gigantic bridge spanning the Firth of Forth is now almost completed. Its structural dimensions are something enormous. Regarding its claim to be the Eighth Wonder of the World, it will be said that the Eiffel tower is a very considerable rival. Comparisons, however, fatally cripple the wonder of the Paris Exhibition. It is stated that if one of the cantilevers of the bridge were set up on end it would very nearly equal the Eiffel Tower in height, besides containing twice the amount of metal. When finished, the Forth Bridge will contain 50,000 tons of the finest steel manufactured; the Eiffel Tower contains only 7,500 tons of iron. The bridge has been seven years in constructing; the tower was raised in a few months. The Forth Bridge is over a mile in length, and although not so long as the Tay Bridge, which slightly exceeds two miles, dwarfs the latter as regards height and general dimensions. The Forth Bridge has been made sufficiently high to allow the free ingress and egress of the largest vessels, and the supports are as high as St. Paul's. One who has seen the structure says the ironclad Devastation, which was passing under the bridge at the time, looked a perfect midget in comparison. It is expected that the bridge will be finished this month.

—Application is to be made at the next session of the Legislature of the Province of Quebec for an act to incorporate the Gaspe Railway Company, with power to construct and operate a railway from a junction with the Baie des Chaleurs Railway, at or near the harbor of Pasbebiac, in the country of Bonaventure, and thence by the most favorable route to the deep waters in or near Gaspe Basin, in the county of Gaspe.

—The goods entered for consumption in August were valued at $10,854,653, an increase of $300,000 over the same month last year, and the duty collected was $2,115,080. For the month of July and August this year and last the figures are:—

	Entered.	Duty.
1880	$21,105,092	$4,227,881
1889	19,859,419	4,172,606
Increase	$1,245,673	$56,275

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

GENERAL NEWS.

—Cape Sable fishermen have taken over $10,000 worth of halibut this season.

—Bagdad, on the Arizona and Pacific road, is said to be the hottest station on the road. The thermometer has stood at 140° in the dining-room and 128° at midnight on the coolest side of the depot.

—The Moncton Sugar Refinery during the second half of last year earned $29,782.99 profit. The first half of this year it earned $77,230.43. About one-half was expended on capital account or carried to the reserve fund.

—Mr. Blaine has telegraphed to Mr. Lincoln to express to the British Government the thanks of the United States for the speedy despatch of a British man-of-war from Kingston, to Navassa, at the request of the American Consul, on the occasion of the late massacre.

—The naval court martial on the wreck of H. M. S. "Lily," which was held at Halifax last week, reprimanded Capt. Russell and First Lieut. Hewitt and dismissed them from the ship. If the court martial had resulted in an acquittal, Capt. Russell would probably have had charge of the wreck.

—From the last annual report of the British Post-Office it appears that over 1,500,000,000 letters and more than 700,000,000 post cards, book packets, circulars, and newspapers were delivered within the United Kingdom in the twelve months, besides nearly 37,000,000 parcels. There were almost 4,000,000 separate accounts in the post office savings bank representing a total of £54,000,000 sterling, typical of working class thrift.

—There were 8,334 failures in the United States with assets $50,757,994 and liabilities $101,755,518 during the 9 months ending Sept. 30 against 7,330 failures with assets $44,649,552 and liabilities $83,941,991 in the like period of 1888. In Canada there were 1,175 failures in the nine months of 1889, with assets $4,376,155 and liabilities $9,279,963 against 1,274 failures with assets $5,618,552 and liabilities $12,441,830 in 1888.

—A story reaches London from St. Petersburg, on what appears to be credible authority, that just previously to the Czar's departure for Copenhagen a chest of dynamite exploded at the Peterhof station. The station was badly wrecked and a signal man was killed. It was fully believed that it was intended to have the explosion take place when the Czar passed through the station on his way to the train, but that through some miscalculation it occurred before the time of his majesty's departure.

—The original of "Bluebeard." The story as it is now told is mainly fiction, but it has a foundation in fact. Gilles de Lavel, Lord of Retz and other baronies and lordships in Brittany, lived in the time of Charles VII. He was known as the richest and the wickedest man of his day. On December 23, 1440, he was burned alive for having murdered several wives and not less than 100 children. Before he was taken to the stake he boasted of his horrible crimes and ended by saying that he had committed enough of them to condemn to death 10,000 men.

—Most people take it for granted that because musk is sold in what is called a pod, therefore it is a vegetable product. But the truth is that it is an entirely an animal product, being a substance formed in a two or three inch sac in the body of the little musk-deer of Asia. The sac, when tied up and dried, goes by the name of a pod, among the hunters who bring it into market. Probably there are few things subject to such adulteration, as one quart of pure musk will scent thousands of parts of some other powder mingled with it, and as the pods sell from $15 to $20 a piece the adulteration has its profit.

—One of the largest bars of gold ever cast in the world was turned out at the United States Assay Office at Helena, Montana, recently. It weighed over 500 pounds, and is worth a little over $100,000. The largest however, was shipped by the North Bloomfield Company, of Nevada City some years ago, valued at $114,000. Its weight was 511½ pounds; length, 16½ inches; width 6¾ inches, and height, 7 inches. A fac-simile of this brick, covered with gold leaf, was exhibited at the first agricultural fair held at Grass Valley, which was loaned by the North Bloomfield Company for that purpose, and attracted marked attention.

—It is a curious fact that the pheasants, which are now killed in Scotland by thousands, were first introduced in that country only about ninety years ago. The Duke of Athol attempted to acclimatise them in the extensive woods around Dunkeld, but failed, but the Duke of Buccleuch was more successful in the border counties. He introduced them after a successful trial at Dalkeith Park, at Bowhill, in Selkirkshire and in Dumfriesshire. Both at Langholm and Drumlanrig, Fifeshire, the pheasants are now regarded as being the finest, just as Caithness yields the best grouse and East Lothian the best partridges. George IV. sent pheasants out of fashion for a long time by repeatedly announcing that he did not care for them, but infinitely preferred good fowl.

WOMEN'S COLUMN.

Conducted by Members of Sackville W. C. T. U

Dangers from Beer Drinking.

(From the Scientific American.)

In appearance the beer drinker may be the picture of health, but in reality he is most incapable of resisting disease. A slight injury, a severe cold, or a shock to the body or mind will commonly provoke acute disease, ending fatally. Compared with other inebriates who use different kinds of alcohol, he is more incurable and more generally diseased. It is our observation that beer drinking in this country produces the very lowest kind of inebriety, closely allied to criminal insanity. The most dangerous class of ruffians in our large cities are beer drinkers. Intellectually a stupor amounting almost to paralysis arrests the reason, changing all the higher faculties into a mere animalism, sensual, selfish, sluggish, varied only with paroxysms of anger senseless and brutal.—*From New York Times.*

Fanatics.

Talk about temperance fanatics? Did not Lutheran fanaticism Protestantize Europe! Did not Wesleyan fananticism recall the Church to a purer faith and more holy living? That is the fanaticism that God favors, and which is now inspiring the Prohibition host to move forward and strike down the old dragon of the centuries. May heaven baptize every home and heart with a Pentecostal volume of anti-whiskey fanatism.—*Issue.*

—There is one dreadful evil overspreading the whole land which makes havoc of our workingmen—the evil of intemperance. Unless you make distinct and positive efforts against it you will be neglecting an evil which is eating out the very heart of society, destroying domestic life among our working classes, and perhaps doing greater injury than any other cause that could be named in this age.—*Lord Archbishop of Canterbury.*

—*The beer-shop system has proved a failure.* It was established under the belief that it would give the public their beer cheap and pure; would dissociate beer-drinking from drunkenness; and lead to the establishment throughout the the country of a class of houses of refreshment altogether free from the disorder *supposed* to attend exclusively on the sale of spirits.—*Committee of House of Commons, 1854.*

—Never shall my hand or voice be lifted against so-called temperance fanatics. If ever a cause justified fanaticism, the temperance cause does. To me there is nothing more disgusting, or more disheartening to the cause of humanity, than the selfish, ease loving, luxurious man indulging in dissipation and denouncing temperance fanaticism.—*Rev. Philips Brooks.*

—The injury done by the beer act to the peace and order of rural neighborhoods, not to mention domestic happiness, industry and economy, has been proved by witnesses from every class of society to have exceeded the evils of any single act of internal administration passed within the the memory of man.—*London Globe.*

—A Russian general officer who has been on a tour of observation in England during the last two weeks, said lately in an interview respecting Bulgaria's independance: "You may rest assured war will break out between Russia and Austria much sooner than it is expected by the most pronounced pessimist. I believe that Bismarck will shuffle out of the Triple Alliance on this occasion, and Italy will come to grief. I do not think that England will be dragged into the conflict unless for the protection of her Indian dominions, but they will stand in little if any danger. Of course France will be allied with Russia."

—The goods of all kinds brought into the London docks by sea amount to some 12,000,000 or 13,000,000 tons a year. The average charge for the delivery of goods between the steamer in the docks and the home of the consumer will probably not be less than 10s. per ton; so that fully £6,500,000 to £7,000,000 is required for this purpose.

—The weather having been unusually fine, all last month, Newfoundland fishing operations have been carried on successfully and, to a certain extent, early deficiencies have been made up. Late accounts from Labrador are more favorable. The fisheries on the whole will be fair; the catch not large, but well cured and prices rule high.

—News of the discovery of gold-bearing quartz in the Province of Canton, China, 100 miles from the city of Canton, has been received. The ledge is a mile and a half long and thirty feet thick. The Governor of the Province, when he heard of the discovery, issued a proclamation against mining.

Life Was a Burden.

UNTIL lately I suffered from headache, always preceded by constipation, making my life a burden. A friend advised Burdock Blood Bitters. I took three bottles, and now feel myself a new man, and my headaches are things of the past.

A. R. JULIEN,
Ottawa, Ont.

The English Girl's Chestnut.

(From the World.)

The smooth, shiny chestnut locks of the English girl are one of her greatest charms, and this is the way she preserves her beauty: She takes half a pint of pure glycerine, which she puts in a quart bottle, and to this she adds six ounces of lime water, shaking the two together vigorously. When these are properly churned, the lime water turns the glycerine into a white, soft cream. Upon going to bed the female Britisher takes a little of this and rubs it with her finger tips into the roots of her hair, giving it a vigorous brushing that distributes the cream from roots to tip. This she does once a week, with the result of keeping her hair silken soft and of not only preserving its bright chestnut color, but of keeping the scalp perfectly clean and white.

A Wonderful Walled Lake.

[Burlington (Iowa) Hawkeye.]

The greatest wonder in the State of Iowa and perhaps any State, is what is called the "Walled Lake" in Wright County, twelve miles north of the Dubuque & Pacific Railway and one hundred miles west of Dubuque City. The Lake is from two to three feet higher than the earth's surface. In some places the wall is ten feet high, fifteen wide at the bottom, and five feet wide on the top. The stones used in its construction vary in weight from three tons down to a hundred pounds. There is an abundance of stones in Wright County, but surrounding the lake to the extent of five or ten miles there are none. No one can form an idea as to the means employed to bring them to the spot or who constructed it. Around the entire lake is a belt of woodland half a mile in width, composed of oak. With this exception the country is a rolling prairie. The trees must have been planted there at the time of the wall. In the spring of the year 1856 there was a great storm and the ice on the lake broke the wall in several places, and the farmers in the vicinity were compelled to repair the damages to prevent inundation. The lake occupies a grand surface of 2,800 acres; depth of water as great as twenty-five feet. The water is clear and cold and the soil loamy. It is singular that no one has been able to ascertain where the water comes from nor where it goes, yet it is always clear and fresh.

"Things to be Avoided."

From the Montreal Witness.

We make the greatest possible mistake when we do anything to direct the movement against Jesuit machinations and clerical aggression against the French-Canadians as a people, or even against the peaceful continuance of the Roman Catholic Church. We Protesants have a good deal more reason to reproach ourselves than to reproach the good Roman Catholics who surround us, most of whom cannot make out what all the fuss is about, and very naturally conclude that it is an outburst of hatred against them and their faith. They have some excuse for this mistake. Their church has long enjoyed many distinctive privileges, against which so little effective protest has been raised that they have come to regard these privileges as having their foundation in the admitted superiority of that church, a belief which seems to them as necessary and natural as the belief in a deity. The Jesuit Incorporation Act and the Jesuits' Estate Act passed in this province with comparatively little ado, and it was only when the whole country in Parliament assembled had crowned the apparent general acquiescence with its recorded sanction that such a storm cloud revealed itself upon the serene sky as the country had not seen for a generation. The fair deduction from this, doubtless, was that the act which finally roused Protestantism was that of its own representatives. But the deduction our fellow-countrymen did draw was that the excitement was an outburst of the lowest kind of race feeling. Unfortuuately many things have been said and some things done which lent color to this interpretation. At public meetings of Protesants nothing seems to draw applause more readily than reference to the Plains of Abraham, and to the French as a conquered race, and such being the case such references have not been few or sparing. If those who enjoy such remarks as these would only ask themselves how they would like them if used toward themselves, under reversed circumstances, they would out of sheer sense of propriety avoid them as far as possible. But when they consider that the necessary result of such unchristian talk is to arouse the hatred of the whole French people against their fellow-Canadians, and to make them implacable to a movement of which they might otherwise be brought in time to see the reasonableness they would surely adopt some wiser tactics.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Impure Blood

Is the cause of Boils, Carbuncles, Pimples, Eczema, and cutaneous eruptions of all kinds. There can be no permanent cure for these complaints until the poison is eliminated from the system. To do this thoroughly, the safest and most effective medicine is **Ayer's Sarsaparilla.** Give it a trial.

"For the past twenty-five years I have sold Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In my opinion, the best remedial agencies for the cure of all diseases arising from impurities of the blood are contained in this medicine."—G. C. Brock, Druggist, Lowell, Mass.

"My wife was for a long time a sufferer from tumors on the neck. Nothing did her any good until she tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which made a complete cure."—W. S. Martin, Burning Springs, W. Va.

"We have sold Ayer's Sarsaparilla here for over thirty years and always recommend it when asked to name the best blood-purifier."—W. T. McLean, Druggist, Augusta, Ohio.

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CUT and PLUG
SMOKING TOBACCO
FINER THAN EVER.
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In Bronze, on
EACH PLUG & PACKAGE.

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FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

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DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD.

Valedictory of the Future

Hail, fellow sluggers, athletes all; hail
sinew, bone and muscle;
The one equipment worth our care in life's
unnerving tussle.
Hail, running leap, and boxing bout, the
wrestling match and vaulting;
The tug-of-war, the flying ball—cartwheel
and somersaulting.
Upon the threshold we advance of large
achievement's portal.
Where curves and kicks and bludgeon
blows make enterprise immortal,
Think of the mighty Sullivan; recall his
record gory;
And then consider so may we slug on to
wealth and glory.
Observe the sculler in his shell along the
river flying,
The wild huzzas—the struggling hosts to
do him honor vying,
And lo! the man behind the bat. Where
else such chance gigantic?
A three base-hit—a double play—the people mad and frantic!
Brains, to be sure—else life would be monotonously lonely,
But brains to be the complement of brawn
and muscle only.
For what's the good of intellect when muscle gets the credit?
The geniuses are never known in all the
sheets they edit,
But, give a supple man the gloves and
he's in richest clover,
For he can strike a blow that's heard this
sporting country over.
Brains, to be sure—but sluggers hail!
Hail sinew, bone and muscle!
So best is modern man equipped for life's
unnerving tussle.

—*Philadelphia Press.*

Attacked three Times.

"HAVING been attacked for the third time with Inflamatory Rheumatism, which kept me in bed six weeks under medical care, without relief, I resolved to try Burdock Blood Bitters, and before I had finished the third bottle I was able to work again."

GEORGE ROBB,
Garden Hill, Ont.

—A sensation was created at Little Falls, Mich., last Thursday by the discovery that Mrs. J. P. Sand, wife of the deputy sheriff, had taken her husband's revolver, keys, and $50, and, after liberating John Mitchell, sentenced for highway robbery to the state reformatory, eloped with him. Mitchell is 20 years old and the woman 40. She leaves a husband and three children, the eldest of whom is about 20.

—The best surest dye to color the beard *brown* or *black*, as may be desired, is Buckingham's Dye for Whiskers. It never fails.

Pitcher's Castoria.

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Sackville, April 18, 1889. 6m

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Memorial Monuments,
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THE attention of Persons intending to erect Cemetery Work this summer is respectfully called to the large number of beautifully polished RED & GRAY GRANITE MONUMENTS & TABLETS now in our Show Yard, near Railway Crossing, Victoria St., Amherst. This is the best assortment of new and artistic Designs ever exhibited in the Province, and will be sold at Reasonable Prices.
Marble and Freestone Work of all descriptions executed, and satisfaction guaranteed.
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Special Designs on application. Correspondence solicited. ap123

All kinds of Plain and Fancy Printing executed at this Office. Terms liberal.

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MANUFACTURERS OF
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ALL KINDS OF
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THE QUEEN HOTEL,
HALIFAX, N. S.
VISITORS to Halifax will find the QUEEN HOTEL the best house in the city. Being fitted throughout with all modern improvements, furnished with new and handsome furniture. The CUISINE is the best in the Maritime Provinces. SAMPLE ROOMS a SPECIALTY. Private and Public Parlors, Gent's Writing and Reading Rooms. Building of Solid Brick and Stone, with improved FIRE ESCAPES. The location is convenient to Post office, Parliament Buildings, and the principal business houses of the city. A fine view of the harbor is obtained from its windows.
A. B. SHERATON,
oct28 MANAGER.

SACKVILLE HOUSE,
Opposite I. C. R. Station,
SACKVILLE, N. B.
THIS Large and Commodious House has just been finished and furnished throughout in first-class style, and is now ready for the reception of guests. The Table will be supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and every effort will be made to ensure the comfort of visitors.
Good Sample Rooms for Commercial Travellers.
A first-class Livery Stable in connection.
Terms moderate.
A fair share of Public Patronage is respectfully solicited.
CLIFFORD CHAPPELL,
PROPRIETOR.

Railways, &c.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

1889 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT 1889

ON and after Monday, 10th June, 1889, the Trains will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:

WILL LEAVE SACKVILLE:

Fast Express for Halifax	8.37
Fast Express for St. John and Campbellton	10.28
Day Express for Halifax and Pictou	11.57
Day Express for St. John	14.28
Fast Express for Halifax	19.00
Fast Express for St. John, Quebec & Montreal	19.00

WILL LEAVE DORCHESTER:

Fast Express for Halifax	8.12
Fast Express for St. John and Campbellton	10.53
Day Express for Halifax and Pictou	11.26
Day Express for St. John	14.57
Fast Express for Halifax	18.33
Fast Express for St. John, Quebec & Montreal	19.27

All Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time

D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.
Railway Office, Moncton, N. B., June, 1889.

N. B. & P. E. I. Railway.

1889—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT—1889

IN EFFECT MONDAY, JUNE 10th, 1889.

Trains Run by Eastern Standard Time.

ON and after Monday, June 10th, 1889, Trains will run as follows:

Leave Sackville daily (Sundays excepted) at 12.30 P. M., Arriving at Cape Tormentine at 2.56.

Returning, will leave Cape Tormentine at 3.30 and Arrive at Sackville at 5.56, connecting with Evening Express Trains both East and West.

Every Monday Morning a Special Passenger Train will leave Sackville for Cape Tormentine at 5 A. M. Returning, will leave Cape Tormentine at 7 A. M.

All Freight for the Eastward, to insure being taken on day of delivery, must be at Sackville Station or Wood's Siding before 11 o'clock A. M.

JOSIAH WOOD,
Sackville, June 10th, 1889. President.

JOGGINS RAILWAY.

1889—SUMMER TIME TABLE—1889

GOING EAST:

	No. 1	No. 3
Leave Joggins	8.30	12.00
" River Hebert	8.45	12.15
Arrive Maccan	*9.05	†12.40

GOING WEST:

	No. 2	No. 4
Leave Maccan	9.50	14.10
" River Hebert	10.20	14.15
Arrive Joggins	10.35	14.35

W. C. MILNER,
Maccan, June 10, 1889. Sect'y.
*To connect with No. 9.
†To connect with Nos. 1, 2, 23 and 24.

It Makes You Hungry
"I have used Paine's Celery Compound and it has had a salutary effect. It invigorated the system and I feel like a new man. It improves the appetite and facilitates digestion." J. T. COPELAND, Primus, S. C.
Spring medicine means more now-a-days than it did ten years ago. The winter of 1888-89 has left the nerves *all fagged out.* The nerves must be strengthened, the blood purified, liver and bowels regulated. Paine's Celery Compound—*the Spring medicine of to-day*—does all this, as nothing else can. *Prescribed by Physicians. Recommended by Druggists, Endorsed by Ministers, Guaranteed by the Manufacturers to be*
The Best
Spring Medicine.
"In the spring of 1887 I was all run down. I would get up in the morning with so tired a feeling, and was so weak that I could hardly go around. I bought a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and before I had taken it a week I felt very much better. I can cheerfully recommend it to all who need a building up and strengthening medicine." MRS. B. A. DOW, Burlington, Vt.
Paine's
Celery Compound
is a unique tonic and appetizer. Pleasant to the taste, quick in its action, and without any injurious effect, it gives that rugged health which makes everything taste good. It cures dyspepsia and kindred disorders. Physicians prescribe it. $1.00. Six for $5.00. Druggists.
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DIAMOND DYES Color anything any color. Never Fail! Always cure!
LACTATED FOOD Nourishes babies perfectly. The Physicians' Favorite.