

FIRST FALL GOODS!

"CASPIAN" AT HALIFAX.

25 PACKAGES.

- 1 Case ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, 1 Case PLUMES and FEATHERS,
- 1 Case Lace and Netting, 1 Case Striped Silks, 1 Case Black Silks,
- 1 Case Ribbons, 1 Case Blue and Black Waxed Coatings,
- 1 Case LATEST STYLES SOAPS,
- 1 Case Silk Umbrellas, 2 Cases Pongeeing Yarns,
- 1 Case Window Lines and Tapes, 1 Case Silk and White Funeral Cord,
- 1 Case Rubber Coats, 4 Bales New Prints,
- 1 Bale Silk and White Stripe Do., 1 Bale Cheese Cloth,
- 3 Bales Grey Cotton, 2 Cases Haberdashery, 2 Cases Rolled Linings.

These are the purchase of our Mr. Everett, and will be found extra good value.

EVERITT & BUTLER,

WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE,

55 and 57 King Street.

OAK AND PITCH PINE TIMBER

For Ship Building purposes, constantly on hand. Also

WHITE PINE, BIRCH, &c., &c.

R. A. GREGORY,

Office—FOOT OF BIRCH STREET— - - - - - Portland, St. John, N. B.
Reference—CUT, STEVENS & CO., 25, B. STREET, N. B.

DR. J. E. GRIFFITH, Dentist.

Office, corner Germain and Duke Streets,

(OPPOSITE VICTORIA HOTEL)

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide (Laughing Gas),

MARITIME WAREHOUSING AND DOCK COMPANY

Storage in Bond or Free. Cash Advances

on all descriptions of Merchandise. BANK STERLING CREDITS granted to Importers

Applications to be made to

Sept 27 T. W. LEE, Secretary.

JAMES D. O'NEILL,

MANUFACTURER OF

OIL-TANNED LARRIGANS!

Women's, Misses' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES

IN SEBOK, KID AND GRAIN LEATHERS.

FACTORY, No. 1, NORTH WHARF, - - - - - ST. JOHN, N. B.

MISPECK MILLS, - - - - - St. John, N. B.

HOMESPUNS,

IN GREAT VARIETY

All Wool Twilled Flannels and Tweeds!

ALL AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!!

Also, First Class

COTTON WARPS.

These above named Seasonable Goods are all of SUPERIOR QUALITY, manufactured from the

very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.

For Orders from the Trade respectfully solicited.

WAREHOUSE, - - - - - Red's Building, Water Street.

sep 3 by daw J. L. WOODWORTH, Agent

Received by "Caspian" at Halifax:

30 PACKAGES

EARLY FALL GOODS!

INCLUDING

Prints, Grey Cottons, Patch Cottons, Hosiery,

Blankets, Beaver and Pilot Cloths,

WEST OF ENGLAND TROUSERINGS, TAILORS' TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.

T. R. JONES & CO.,

Canterbury Street.

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE

A 42 COLUMN PAPER.

The Best in the Maritime Provinces!

Only One Dollar a Year!

Sample Copies Mailed Free

L. D. GELDERT,

DRUGGIST,

Fairville, N. B.

Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH,

Brushes, Toilet Articles, Confectionery, Cigars,

Tobacco, Pipes, etc.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

aug 15

Choice Brands!

Well Seasoned and of Fine Flavor.

REAL G. S. M. O. K. CIGARS

ON HAND (MORE OR LESS)

1 M. Fortuna, O. K.;

1 M. Regalia, M. A. F.;

1 M. Jenny Lind, G. F.;

1 M. Brit Regal, G. E.;

1 M. Concha, F. F.;

1 M. Londres, N. S.;

1 M. H. Clay, E. G.;

1 M. Partagas, N. B.

The attention of smokers particularly requested.

The above goods can be procured from

H. McLELLAN, 46 CHARLOTTE STREET,

Opposite King Square.

aug 12

FLUTING MACHINES,

Crimping Irons,

Pinking Irons,

Mining Machines,

Carpet Sweepers,

Coffee Mills,

Coin Openers,

Ice Picks and Axes, Ice Cream Presses Re-

frigerators, at low prices.

BOWEN & EVANS,

46 CHARLOTTE STREET.

aug 10

The Daily Tribune.

J. L. STEWART, EDITOR.

FRIDAY EVENING, AUG. 21.

The Ring and the Regulations.
Hon. Mr. Michaud, in his speech at the Lumber Exchange, declared that he had paid a very large sum as stumpage for lumber cut by him on private lands. Now, if he can afford to pay stumpage on private lands, why can't he afford to do so on public lands? Like every body else he will discover, we are afraid, that the Government is not to be controlled by the timber-land ring of which he is a prominent member, that he can afford to pay the low price that is asked.

Queen's and Sunbury County operators ask to be exempted from paying stumpage because timber is very scarce on the public lands within their reach. Now this is just the best reason they could give for the regulations the Government has made. The lands have been hauled from too much and need the protecting influence of a stumpage rate to forestall them from speedily despoiling. At the present time the lands will be worthless, but with the restraining influence of a stumpage charge of eighty cents a thousand the timber would get a chance to grow large enough to warrant hauling. The revelations made by these operators, if there were no other reasons, make it the imperative duty of the Government to enforce the stumpage regulations for the conservation of the forests. On the St. Croix, where stumpage is very high—\$2, \$3, and even higher, per thousand—timber lands are never despoiled except by fire, being operated in every five or seven years according to the rapidity of the growth of the trees. The cost of stumpage protects the land from being operated on when the growth is too small, and thus preserves the land from destruction as a timber producer. The lands are farmed, and the stumpage charge is the only safeguard that has been found necessary for the preservation of the forests.

There are all sorts of objections made to the methods proposed for the surveying of legs hauled from Government lands and the collection of the stumpage. Let the logs and companies and private lands be surveyed and collected. If they should be surveyed on the bank, and if the stumpage is not paid at their arrival at the mill or sorting boom, let a portion of them be seized and sold. No difficulty will be experienced in dealing with the public lands in the same way that private lands are dealt with if honest agents are appointed.

The low rate of stumpage offered—twenty-five cents—would leave a little profit, after all expenses were paid, that the Government might be asked to abolish the regulation as a non-paying nuisance. The rate proposed is low enough, lower than any private landowner, even while the public lands have been open to all-comers at \$8 a square mile, has exacted.

The taxes have ever been unalloyed in condemnation of the management of the Crown Lands, and all the papers, except those that have been captured by the combination or led to take an unpatriotic course by unreasoning partisanship, hailed the stumpage policy with applause and support. The regulations against the ring have been a standing reproach to the Government, and the Government, says with great moderation and exactness:

"The causes which have led to this lock-out are already familiar to the public. For years it has been a standing accusation against successive governments that they were mismanaging the public domain; that while companies and private individuals were realizing handsome profits from the lumber trade, the pressure of the lumber dealers, were sacrificing the interests of the many to the few and allowing our forest, the valuable timber lands to become waste and profligate. No later than last session it was charged upon the Government by Mr. Gough that the lumber merchant of the Province held the Government in the hollow of his hand, and the very journalists who now take sides with the malcontents were loudest to repeat the charges of mismanagement. What then? Acting in the interests of the public at large, complying with repeated suggestions of the Legislature, and imitating the example of the United States, our Government has imposed a stumpage duty of 60 and 80 cents on the North Shore and southern districts of the Province respectively, and it is in resisting this duty that the lumber dealers have formed their present combination. What they expect to gain by their present procedure we fall to discover. They cannot expect to starve the government into compliance, since the latter can afford to do without the purchase money, say \$40,000, far better than the former can afford to do without the lumber, shut down their mills and break up their business. The malcontents at present are about 30 in number, and although embracing some very strong men they cannot expect to carry their point against the Government, providing the latter are found acting in the interests of the people generally."

The St. Stephen Journal, whose opinion we have already expressed, has a very able and judicious article on this subject. The Local Government seems at last to have awakened to the fact that public opinion requires a much better management of the timber lands of this Province, than has hitherto prevailed. These have been squandered during the past, and no adequate revenue has ever been derived from them; and probably the same state of things would have not been allowed to continue, had it not been for the question on the stumpage at the last general provincial election. It is no ostentation on our part to state that we did our best to enlighten the electors of this country on the subject previous to that occasion; and we noticed about that time that the St. John Tribune did good service in the same cause.

A moderate stumpage is to be charged in future. That, as we noticed a few

weeks ago, is to vary from 80 to 60 cents per thousand, according to local facilities for obtaining and manufacturing lumber. This is without doubt a move in the right direction, and though we have no great faith in the integrity or ability of the members of the present Administration, yet it is only just to give them credit for trying to effect a reformation so long needed.

Every journal in the Province that is not controlled by the combination or governed by partisan zeal must declare in favor of the maintenance of the stumpage regulations. The spirit of the honest Opposition press is uttered by the Journal, whose article, which at once condemns the general policy of the Government and praises its new timber-land policy, is a fitting rebuke to the poor journalistic tools whose partisanship has made them stultify all their former utterances on this question.

Six hundred thousand habitual drunkards are the number England and Scotland have the discredit of possessing. The amount of opium consumed in this country is ten times greater than it was thirty years ago.—Boston Journal.

Goggin's comet is visible in China, and the light of its streaming tail makes the pig tailed officials quake with fear. They regard it as a star of ill omen.

The young lady in Wisconsin, who reported on the postage stamps that she had a kiss, is reported as spoiling for more damming.

The rivers of Alaska produce a fish which is so fat that the Indians dry and eat it as a candle. These fish give a clear, brilliant light, and one will burn about fifteen minutes.

Judge Bigelow, of the United States District Court, Chicago, has sustained the right of insurance companies to have a clause in a policy nullifying it in case of suicide.

A law firm of Carthage, Mo., has been indicted by the Grand Jury for running off witnesses who could have given important testimony against their client, accused of robbery.

According to the late Prof. Agassiz the Adirondack group of mountains is the oldest in the world—the land which first broke its appearance above the waters of the great primal ocean.

About a week since a cloud burst in the mountains of Colville, Utah. The clouds poured down on the hills, filling them with water and drowning several miles. The miners had barely time to escape with their lives.

A "three-card monte" expert is reported to have offered the directors of the Union Pacific Railroad a bonus of \$10,000 for the right to checkmate right in play his little game in their sleeping cars.

A Pennsylvania priest stopped a prize fight by setting a snare for the stake money, which had been deposited with a woman. He told the bruisers to go and escape with their lives.

At Woodford, Va., a farmer has put up the following notice in his field: "If any man or woman cows or oxen gets in my field, he or she will be cut off and his or her head will be put on a pole. I am a Christian and pay my taxes; but I will not have my property stolen by a man who will not pay his taxes."

At a place named Dulist, in England, recently, two men diving from a break-water into the sea, followed each other too closely and one plunged head foremost into the water. The man who was struck was rescued from drowning, but it was found that his wife was hopelessly broken.

For knocking down his wife with the top bar of a grate, kicking her in various tender places, particularly the face, and for refusing to cheer her, Thomas Vernon, of Manchester, Eng., has been deemed worthy of public support for six months.

"Liberty and a Democratic Republic" is still the burden of Senator Castelar's song. Given an unshackled press, Senator Castelar would be able to found an admirable Government, but the intrusion of a single Spaniard would be instantly fatal.

LOCALS

For advertisements of WANTED, LOST, FOUND, FOR SALE, REMOVED, or TO LET see Auction column.

New Advertisements.
Advertisers must send in their favors before 12 o'clock, noon, in order to insure their appearance in this list.

Amusements—
Opera House— Pete Lee.
Dr. Hubbard's Lectures—
Geo Morrison, Jr.
Coddish— do
Raisins— do
Shad— R E Piddington
Apples, Peaches, &c— do
Potatoes— do
Sugar and Tea— Masters & Patterson
Porridge Oil— do
Cod Oil— do
Spicy Herring— do
Shad— do
Hasty Feed— W A Spence
Guns and Ammunition— W H Thorne
Stove Ware— John Allan
Becher Tilted Scandal—
Bakalee & Whitcomb
Lamin's Sprain Liment—
Lawton Bros
French and English Perfumery do
Cheese— F S Skinner

Great Sale of Pictures—
Lockhart & Chipman
Bankrupt Stock—
The Daily Tribune and all the most popular Canadian, English and American newspapers and magazines can always be purchased of the bookstore of Mr. W. K. Crawford, King Street, at 8

Brevettes.
The Logan crew have sent forward an acceptance of the challenge of the Ross-Poley crew. They offer to row a four-oared scull on the water course on Basin, the 5th of September, for any sum from two to four hundred dollars.

The Fredericton cricketers selected to play the victors in the Halifax Tournament, are James O'Brien, James Chapman, W. S. Morris, Mr. Swainey, Michael Hanson, A. F. Street, Edward Allen, Robert Colwell, George Colwell, Edward O'Brien and A. G. Beckwith. It is proposed to have the contest either in this city or Fredericton.

A compositor in Messrs. Chubb & Co.'s office yesterday attempted to set 1,400 ems of brevier in an hour and make but twelve mistakes. He succeeded in setting his 1,400 ems, but thirteen errors were discovered in the proof, so that he lost the wager he was working for.

The Thistle and Pearnaght base ball club had a match yesterday on the Barack Square. The Thistles were victorious by a score of 20 to 10.

The Carleton Baptist Sunday School will hold its annual picnic, at Westfield, on Thursday next.

A boat race will take place in the harbor this afternoon, between two four-oared crews, one from McAte's blacksmith shop, and the other from Jones's foundry.

The Maritime National Club met next Wednesday evening in the Academy of Music building. The meeting is for the nomination of officers for the ensuing year, and a large attendance is requested. The officers will be elected one week later.

The steamship Hibernian arrived at Newfoundland this morning, and will reach Halifax Sunday morning. The many friends of T. W. Daniel, Esq., will be glad to learn this, as he, with Mrs. Daniel and family, are aboard, and may be expected to reach home on Monday evening.

Rev. Mr. Fellwell, Reformed Episcopal, will preach in Zion Church on Sunday next.

The new programme presented last evening at Lee's Opera House elicited the warmest applause. Miss Adams appeared in entirely new changes, and Guy Linton delighted the audience with his songs and dances. To-night the same bill will be repeated, and all who want a hearty laugh and to hear good music should attend. Matinee to-morrow.

Hon. Peter Mitchell, and John Rankine, Esq., a leading capitalist of Montreal, are in town. Mr. Rankine is the stockholder in the Mitchell line of steamers so successfully plying in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

Lithograph of Gov. Tilley.
The St. John and Halifax Steam Lithographic Co. has issued an excellent print of Gov. Tilley. Mr. Fenety drew the picture on the stone, from a photograph, and has produced a good likeness.

Portland Police Court.
Mary Ann White, for assaulting Johan van Holland, fined \$8.
Thomas Elliot, for stabbing Alfred McAloney, was remanded for trial.

The Sale of Pictures to-morrow.
If you have not yet seen the magnificent display of pictures at Lockhart & Chipman's, Prince Wm. street, do so during the day, as they will be removed from the walls to-morrow to prepare for the sale. The balance of the collection will arrive to-morrow in time for sale—at 3 o'clock.

Sailing Race—Charley King Wins.
One of the best sailing races ever seen in the harbor came off yesterday afternoon. There were four entries, viz: C. King, Joseph Ganalo, John Abbot and James Miller. The course was from the International wharf, round the island, to the Beacon, round the island again, and back to the point of starting, a distance of about eight miles. The boats got off well together, and kept about even until after passing the Beacon wharf. All the boats, except King's, dropped to leeward, but King's held close to the wind. The knowing ones on shore predicted, when the boats could just be seen rounding the island, that some one of the leeward boats would gain on King's, but Charley King, outside the island was very rough, very close to the wind, and by so doing gained a great advantage before he reached the western channel on his return. He rounded the island and reached the Beacon just as Ganalo's boat came in sight. The race was now clearly his. Again he went round the island and then steered a straight course for the starting point, arriving two miles ahead of any other boat. The next boat to be seen was Ganalo's, Abbot's next, and Miller's last. It will be remembered that King's boat, in the last race, came in behind, but he then said his boat could beat any of them. Before starting yesterday he said he would astonish them, and so he did. Six hundred pounds of ballast and three men were carried by the winning boat. She was rigged with malsail and foresail, with very high peaks, and also used a square sail before the wind. The water was very rough, and the boats shipped large quantities of water, which, of course, they did not mind.

Feeling with the Girls—An Assault Case.
Justice Gilbert had a case of assault before him this morning that created no little amusement to the very small and select audience in the Chief's room. Mr. Johnston Wilkinson, of Robert Hunt's clothing establishment, King street, was charged with an assault on Mr. Lewis Allen. When asked what he had to say to the charge Wilkinson admitted "going for" Allen, but said the complainant would persist in annoying and meddling with girls employed in their establishment. Allen denied this, and he was duly sworn, when Mr. Wells, a lay agent, had been allowed to appear for him. From the evidence it appeared that Mr. Robert Hunter's workroom is right opposite a room in the Revere House, occupied by Allen, and where he spends most of his time painting. When tired of work he has been in the habit of amusing himself by talking to the girls across the alley, and criticizing their styles. One he called "sour," another he wanted to hug, a third he wanted to meet by moonlight alone, and so on. This has seriously interfered with the girls' work, and annoyed the foreman. On being spoken to by the foreman Allen threatened to "pull his nose." Complaints were made to Mr. Wilkinson, and when next he caught Allen amusing himself he paid him a visit and gave him a hammering. For the defence the foreman was called, who said Allen was "a perfect nuisance." Mr. Wells cross-examined this witness, and was told that he was just as bad as Allen, and frequently interfered with the girls.

Stabbing Affray at Dipper Harbor.
A serious stabbing affray occurred at Dipper Harbor on Sunday last. The particulars are not fully known, as the injured man is as yet unable to leave his bed. It appears that Thomas Elliot and Alfred McAloney were together during the day and drinking. In the evening they were going along the road and had some words, on which Elliot drew a knife and stabbed his companion several times. The knife entered his side, arm, and wrist, inflicting severe wounds. Charles Devine, Esq., J. P., issued a warrant and had Elliot arrested. Yesterday policemen Hamilton and Dunham, of the Town Police, went to Dipper Harbor and brought Elliot up. He was arraigned in the Portland Police Court this morning, and, as McAloney is not able to appear, stands remanded until the 28th inst.

The Steamer Linda Aground.
The Linda, of the Yarmouth and Boston line, while being moved from the berth occupied by the Anchor Line steamer, this morning, in order to give room to the Sildonian, which is to arrive at 7 o'clock, broke away and drifted on the east side of the Lighthouse bar. She did not have steam up at the time, and, with the strong current running past Reed's Point, those on board were unable to check her. It was feared she would capsize at low water, but she still held an upright position at the turn of the tide. Over half of her cargo was discharged yesterday and early this morning, and, as she was comparatively light when she grounded, she has received little or no damage. She will come off at high water.

Russia Lumber Alarms, edged in oxidized silver, with lock and key, at Notman's.

Shipping Notes.
An Esbrey Steamer—Genoa, July 27th—Capt. Butlerford, of the world Taylor, from Mill River, reports having passed, off the banks of Newfoundland, an iceberg about three miles in length and from 40 to 60 feet high, in a very dangerous position, being quite in the track of ships both outward and homeward bound.

Point Lepreau, Aug. 21, 9 A. M.—Wind W. N. W., light, hazy.

City Police Court.
Transgressors seem to know that the Police Magistrate has at present very limited accommodation, and, therefore, do not present themselves in large numbers. One solitary arrest was made for drunkenness last night; and to the usual question, as to what he had to say to the charge, he answered "Nothing." John Murphy, for that was his name, was fined \$4.

Charles Phillips was charged with having his licensed tavern in Brussels street open after hours. He admitted having a light burning, and the door open, but positively asserted that no liquor was sold after ten minutes before ten. He became engrossed in conversation with a gentleman, and forgot how the time was passing. He might have got clear, but the policeman swore there was a bottle and some tumbler between the entertaining gentleman and Phillips, so that a fine of \$20 was imposed.

Timothy Hallahan, also of Brussels street, was charged with the same violation of law. The prisoner keeps a grocery store, and liquor in the rear. He had closed the liquor department some time before the policeman entered, and only ran in for a minute to get some alcohol for a sick child. The charge against him was dismissed.

Grant Court.
The case of Graves vs. Sowers was concluded yesterday afternoon, and a verdict of \$374 returned for the plaintiff, being the full amount of the claim, with interest.

Estate of Elias S. Flagler vs. Brown and Thomson & Cormack was the next case. This is an action arising out of the sale of Nov. 30, 1873. The defendants were contractors for the Young Men's Christian Association building, the walls of which fell during the gale. The Flagler building was injured by the falling wall, and the estate claims damages—nominally \$2,000. A number of witnesses have been called for the plaintiff, the object being to prove that it was negligence on the part of the defendants that caused the wall to fall. It is claimed that for a wall 80 feet long and as high as the one in question, there was not sufficient support to prevent an accident. On the other hand the defendants claim that the downfall was caused by a gale such as was never before seen in St. John. They claim that every care was taken to make the work secure. The witness on the stand for the plaintiff, when the Court adjourned, was Mr. Kennedy, who repaired Mr. Flagler's house. He expended \$892.70, doing the work at a low rate on account of the trouble Mr. Flagler was in at the time. C. A. Stockton, Esq., is Attorney, and C. N. Skinner and C. W. Weldon, Esqrs., counsel, for the plaintiff. A. L. Palmer, Esq., conducts the defence. The case will occupy some time.

John Hicks pleaded guilty of highway robbery, and at 2 o'clock to-day was brought into court and sentenced to three years in the Penitentiary. In passing sentence His Honor referred to the serious crime he was charged with—a crime for which, a few years ago, his life would have been forfeited. At present it was left to the discretion of the Judge to impose any penalty less than fourteen years imprisonment. He had no legal evidence before him, showing any extenuating circumstances, but several affidavits had been presented that set forth his good conduct until within the past six months, when he had got to bad company and taken to drinking.

Interesting to Ladies.
Mrs. Woodruff, nee Healey, of Manchester, Robertson & Allison's dry goods establishment, is now on a visit to the United States. During her absence she will visit the leading emporiums of fashion in the principal cities, and return with all the newest styles and ideas. She will be absent about a fortnight.

Thrown from a Carriage.
Mr. J. D. Robertson's driver was thrown from his carriage about 1 o'clock to-day in Water street. He was driving to the office to take Mr. Robertson to dinner, and the wheel struck the curb, throwing him out and rendering him insensible. He appeared to be considerably injured.

"West Riding."
The following is the result of the forenoon's labor of three of our distinguished politicians:
There was a small Congregational preacher, who said on his breast,
Who said on his breast,
And thus did the hen reward her beeder.

Merchants' Exchange.
New York, August 21.
Freights—Business slow and market lacks buoyancy. Berth movement chiefly in grain and provisions. Charters mostly grain and petroleum.
Gold opened 106 1/2, Nov. 110.
Wind N. W., light, clear. Ther. 69°.
Boston, Aug. 21.
Wind N. W., light. Ther. 74°.
Portland, Aug. 21.
Wind N. W., light, hazy. Ther. 73°.
Halifax, Aug. 19.
Spanish gold 250 a 251; American gold 231 a 232. Exchange quiet, on United States 109 a 110, short 113 a 114. Freights for box sugar from Havana for United States 75 a 81.00; to Falmouth and orders 82a 6d a 5s; other ports on the North coast 37a 6d to 40s.
London, Aug. 21.
Consols 91 a 92 for money; 93 a 93 1/2 for account.
Liverpool, Aug. 21.
Cotton easier, Uplands 81; Orleans 8 9 a 8 1/2; others unchanged.
Steamer City of New York arrived at Montreal yesterday from Quebec.

Nova Scotia News.
George Brown went to the Four-mile House yesterday to go into training for the anticipated races with Sadler and Morris.

Hon. E. Willis, M. E. C., of New Brunswick, is in town and staying at the International.—Ez. Recorder.
The Kentville Chronicle reports that Mr. Theodorus Kinsman's horse backed over Fort Williams Bridge on Saturday last, carrying with it Mr. Kinsman and wagon. They fell a distance of 25 feet before they struck the water. Mr. Kinsman's injuries are very serious, and there is little hope of his recovery.