DEFEAT OF GOVERNMENT MUST FOLLOW

Men Who Are Standing Behind J. K. Flemming Doomed to Defeat, Savs Chatham World—"Our Philanthropic Men of Business," a Sarcastic Heading.

The Chatham World, of which J. L. Stewart is editor and proprietor, has the following:

Why It Became Corrupt.

Just as water becomes stagnant and when it remains quiet in one place, untroubled by current or any other disturbing force, so the government that finds itself in power, with no opposition to mar its tranquility and keep it on the alert, becomes corrupt. The British Columbia government was supported by the whole legislature, and it got so bad that it has been turned out of office. The New Brunswick government found itself in 1912 with practically no opposition in the legislature, and the land-lease and steel bridge scandals were the logical result. And the defeat of the government, when the people get a chance to vote, will logically follow. Reorganization did not save the British Columbia government and it will not save the New Brunswick government. A change of premier, and a professed reform in methods, never saves a discredited government from defeat. Mr. Clarke, though he were honest and able, would have to suffer just the same for the sins of Mr. Flemming.

Our Philanthropic Men in Business.

A. R. Gould says he gave J. H. Crocket that celebrated $1,000 of Valley railway money just because Crocket wanted it. And now Mr. Crocket intimates that a firm of railway contractors has given him $2,500 just for love, or merely in recognition of the fact that he promised to put in a good word for them when they were trying to get paid for their work. Just so, and this reminds us that Mr. Flemming was given $70,000 by the lumbermen as a freewill offering, without solicitation or consideration. All of which proves that our railway contractors and lumbermen are altruists and philanthropists, with a burning desire to distribute their profits among their friends, and not selfish and soulless seekers after wealth!

The Carleton stench grows stronger. Conflicting affidavits follow each other in such a way as to suggest that perjury is no loner regarded, in election times, as a crime. Mr. Arnil has been flatly contradicted by his former partners respecting the motive for the gift by them of $2,500 to J. H. Crocket.

MONCTON HOSPITAL CASE IN COURT HERE

Friday, Sept. 22.

An interesting case is being heard in the Chancery Division yesterday, with Hon. Mr. Justice Grimmer presiding. It is the matter of Francis P. Murphy of Moncton vs. the Moncton Hospital Board and James Boyle, president, and Hugh Hamilton secretary. In this case a technicality is involved in which the validity of a bye-law adopted by the hospital board is in dispute.

The Moncton Hospital is incorporated and at a meeting held this year a by-law was passed by the board by which all persons who subscribed not less than $1 would be entitled to vote at the annual meeting, on all questions, including the election of trustees. This year the term of three trustees had expired, and at the annual meeting some persons, taking advantage of the by-law, paid the sum of $1, and put in an attendance and voted with the result that three new trustees were elected to succeed those whose term of office had expired. The plaintiff in this case was one of the new members elected.

Subsequent to the annual meeting an adjourned meeting of the board was held, and at this meeting it was announced that the board had no authority to make the by-law giving those who had subscribed $1 the right to vote, holding, in other words, that the by-law was ultra vires. Another vote was then taken and Mr. Murphy, one of those who had taken advantage of the new by-law, was not permitted to participate in the proceedings. On the election being held, Mr. Hamilton, one of the retiring trustees, as well as a defendant in this case, was elected in the place of Mr. Murphy.

Mr. Murphy now brings the suit in chancery for a declaration to the effect that the action of the board at the adjourned meeting, at which he was not allowed to participate, was illegal and also for an injunction to restrain the members of the board from acting on the resolution by which they decided that the by-law in question was illegal. He also claims damages. Messrs. Clark & Friel, of Moncton, are appearing for the plaintiff, who is also a barrister of Moncton. E. A. Riley and M. G. Teed, K. C., are appearing for the defendants.

HALIFAX FAIR A GREAT SUCCESS

Not counting the last day, the attendance at the Halifax Exhibition showed an increase of 9,111 over the total for last year. The figures are:

	1915.	1916
First day	1,964	2,468
Second day	3,700	5,986
Third day	7,008	8,975
Fourth day	13,397	14,877
Fifth day	13,167	13,857
Sixth day	4,973	16,757
Seventh day	10,849	4,755
Eighth day	3,522	
Total	58,529	67,640

s good tea"

'His Majesty's Land Navy'

Some of the Things the New Armored Cars Are Doing in the War

London, Sept. 21—(New York World Cable)—"Of the landships or tanks, one continues to hear amazing stories," says a Daily News despatch from the Somme front.

"One whose steering gear got out of order could not turn to the right and left, so it trundled straight ahead until quite out of touch with the infantry then sat down on a German trench and for five hours withstood bomb attacks.

"In another case the landship found the infantry was not coming on behind, so it went back to find out what was the matter.

"They were held up by a trench which the tank had overlooked, where a strong bomb party of Germans were situated. So the machine walked over the trench, deposited itself on top of and wiped the bomb party out.

"One tank is known to have put out of action six German machine guns in a single position. Another wandered around for hours, nosing out German machine gun positions in shell holes about the open, and dealing with them firmly when found.

"Another, after rendering yeoman service in the operations in High Wood, went on to what it thought was our front trench and then discovered it was a German one. It came back soon afterward with twenty-five German prisoners, who walked beside it like a flock of sheep, cowed by its machine guns.

"Another cleaned out a German machine post in a shell hole and then one of the gunners of the crew got out and took charge of a German gun and stayed there to use it against its former owners.

"They have proved themselves real and formidable engines of war, and a new service has been created: 'His Majesty's Land Navy.'"

THE PRICE THEY PAID

Three New Brunswick Soldiers Reported Killed In Early Casualty List

Ottawa, Sept. 22—The 10 p.m. casualty list follows:

INFANTRY.

Killed in Action.

FRANK BEATTY, 322 Smythe street, Fredericton (N. B.)
Mark Cooper, Twillingate (Nfld.)
LANCE-CORPORAL WOODFORD GEORGE, Woodstock (N. B.)
WALTER R. CRAIGS, Sussex (N. B.)
Wilfred Crooks, Liverpool (N. S.)

Thursday's List.

Ottawa, Sept. 21.—Casualties:

Infantry

Wounded—Pte. J. G. Mitchell, Tilcove, Nfld.; Pte. Thomas McDonald, Glace Bay, N.S.; Pte. Napoleon Lalumiere, St. Bruno, Que.; Pte. Emile Groleau, Carthley Station, Que.; Pte. James Irvine, Bathurst, N.B.; Lieut. Harry W. Hiltz, Kingsport, N.S.; Euclide J. Malette, Demartigny, Que.; Daniel M. McDonald, Cape George, N.S.; William Morgan, Three Rivers, Que.; John P. Slater, Debec Jct., N.B.; George Vey, St. Johns, Nfld.; Pte. J. Denny, Oka, Que.; Pte. G. DeYoung, Herring Cove, N.S.

Mounted Rifles

Wounded—Captain Chas. W. Newson, Clarenceville, Que.; Lieut. Harry R. Gifford, Danville, Que.

Artillery

Wounded—Gunner William O. McKinley, Glace Bay, N.S.

Engineers

Wounded—Pte. Allan Corbett, New Waterford, N.S.

Friday's List.

Ottawa, Sept. 22—The over-night casualty list follows:

Infantry

Killed in action—Corporal Arthur Bartholomew, 92 Birmingham street, Halifax; Lieut. Ervin S. Conrad, Grand Desert, N.S.; Pte. John Fender, 280 Campbell road, Halifax, N.S.; Pte. Henri Viens, 47 Windsor street, Sherbrooke, Que.; Pte. W. Vail, care General Delivery, Charlottetown, P.E.I.

Died—Pte. C. W. Young, Lennoxville, Que.

Died of wounds—Pte. Loughlin D. King, Fredericton, N.B.

Wounded—Pte. Rothful W. Anderson, St. Stephen, N.B.; Lance Corporal Harry Bowness, Montrose, P.E.I.; Pte. J. P. Cormier, Magdeline Adam, N.B.; Pte. P. M. MacAskill, City Works Dept., Halifax, N.S.; Pte. Foster Newell, Aldershot, N.S.; Lieut. Harry D. Warren, Sussex, N.B.; Lieut. Denis Stairs, 20 Kent street, Halifax, N.S.; Pte. R. A. Wyman, Yarmouth, N.S.

Wounded—Burpee A. Belyea, St. John, N. B.; Pte. J. H. Brookes, Fredericton; Pte. J. D. Matatall, Pictou, N. S.; Sgt. J. Faulds, Springhill, N. S.; Pte. H. Edison Buzzell, St. Stephen, N. B.; Pte. G. P. Cooper, Halifax; Pte. R. B. Sowan, Woodstock; Pte C. E. Cox, Middleton, N. S.; Pte. J. Leaman Crowe, Springhill; Pte. C. S. Warwick, St. John; Pte. L. F. Hains, Richibucto; Pioneer F. J. Rolls, Bonavista, Nfld.; Pte. W. E. Sanderson, Lennoxville, Que.; Pte. K. C. Schaffner, Middleton, N. S.; Lance Corp. F. Sollows, Yarmouth,; Pte. H. Magee, St. John; Pte. Cecil Whittington, Sackville; Pte. M. Minue, Fredericton; Lance Corp. H. Murphy, Springhill; Major H. J. Hughes, Halifax.

Artillery

Killed in action—Gunner M. McPherson, Springhill, N. S.

Infantry

Wounded—Pte. G. B. MacDonald, Bartibog Bridge, N. B.

Lieut R. S. Billman, Halifax.

Saturday's List.

Ottawa, Sept. 22—(Casualties)—

Infantry.

Died of wounds—W. M. Wilson, Rochon, Que.

Wounded.

Frank Doherty, Dalhousie, N. B.; Bertram Fowler, Moncton; Norman Gloin, Yarmouth Centre; George P. Hennessy, 204 St George street, West St. John; Mack C. Hunter, Athol, N. S.; Byron A. Jones, Burtt's Corner, N. B.; Joseph H. Joynt, Quebec; Corporal Thomas Kane, Chipman, N. B.; John Pewtress, Beaconsfield, Que.; Lance-Corporal Leads Strong, Notre Dame Bay, Nfld.; Acting Corporal Chas. E. Thompson, 64 Waterloo street, St. John; J. Beattie, Iberville, Que.; Pioneer G. L. Bangs, Halifax; Corporal Cockburn, New Waterford, C. B.; H. DeBay, Ship Harbor, N. S.; Sergt. Louis McNeil, Riviere Du Loup, Que.; Private L. Chatrand, Richmond, Que.

Wounded—Lance Corporal J. J. Evans, Lyocs, Que.; Pte. D. MacKay, Westville, N.S.

Infantry.

Seriously ill—Capt. J. F. Cahan, Dartmouth, N. S.; Private P. McPhee, Sydney, C. B.

Mounted Rifles.

Wounded—Sergt. James Kirk, Summerside, P. E. I.; Fred H. Marshall, Beor River, N. S.; Stanlon Station, Black River, N. S.

Ottawa, Sept. 24—The 10 a.m. casualty list follows:

INFANTRY.

Killed in Action.

Lieut. J. D. Brock, Rothesay (N. B.)
J. Cantwell, Sydney Mines (N. S.)
E. Emberly, Halifax (N. S.)
A. J. MacDonald, Victoria Co. (N. S.)

Died of Wounds.

Pioneer T. B. McDougall, Amherst (N. S.)
J. McNeil, Glace Bay (N. S.)
E. G. Smith, Windsor (N. S.)

Killed in Action.

Captain C. A. Williams, Lakeville, Carleton Co. (N. B.)
J. W. Wilson, Glace Bay (N. S.)

Seriously Ill.

W. Arbuckles, New Glasgow (N. S.)

Wounded.

Finlay Anderson, Douglastown (N. B.)
O. F. Austin, Collingwood Corner (N. S.)
Lieut. A. G. De Young, Dartmouth (N. S.)
Major H. Flowers, Halifax (N. S.)
E. Grant, Picton county (N. S.)
A. E. Karlsrud, Halifax (N. S.)
M. E. Kinsman, Centreville (N. S.)
W. Lowther, Amherst (N. S.)
J. J. McLeod, Richmond (P. E. I.)
W. B. McPherson, New Glasgow (N. S.)
C. W. Hound, Fredericton (P. E. I.)
F. H. Read, Westmorland (N. B.)
G. W. Rogers, Coldbrook (N. S.)
W. G. Silliker, O'Leary (P. E. I.)
J. B. Sclomb, Halifax (N. S.)
J. G. Smith, Thorburn (N. S.)
P. J. Stewart, Sussex (N. B.)
J. L. Sutherland, Sydney Mines (N. S.)

Killed in Action.

Captain F. R. Fairweather, St. John (N. B.)

Wounded.

W. Miller, Hennigar (N. S.)

MOUNTED RIFLES.

Died of Wounds.

Corporal E. J. Powers, Tracadie (P. E. I.)

Wounded.

E. Relf, Halifax (N. S.)

SERVICES.

Wounded.

C. P. Courtenay, Halifax (N. S.)

INFANTRY.

Wounded.

Maurice Conkley, Roundhill, Annapolis county (N. S.)
Eli Farmer, Springhill Mines (N. S.)
Peter Murray, Afton (N. S.)
Alex. White, Inverness (C. B.)

The 7.30 p. m. list follows:

INFANTRY.

Killed in Action.

Edward Emberly, 241 Barrington street, Halifax (N. S.)
Lieutenant Locksley McKnight, P. O. 105, Fredericton (N. B.)

ARTILLERY.

Wounded.

Gunner Alfred Stewart, Westfield (N. S.)
Gunner Alvin Ernest Stiles, 215 Highfield street, Stilesville (N. B.)

INFANTRY.

Wounded.

Howard Bezanson, 110 Inglis street, Sydney (N. S.)
James Cody, Margaree Forkes (N. S.)
Winnie Crowell, Baccaro, Shelburne county (N. S.)

CYCLISTS.

Killed in Action.

Corporal Charles Cameron Flieger, Chatham (N. B.)

MOUNTED RIFLES.

Previously Reported Missing, Now Unofficially Prisoner of War.

Lance Corporal Freeman H. Boyd, Chipman (N. B.)

Wounded.

Patrick Kelly, Avondale (N. S.)
John J. McDonald, Caledonia Mines (N. S.)

Tempting.

"I had always heard that New Englanders were smart," a young physician remarked the other day, "but I hardly thought it developed at such an early stage." He smilled reminiscently, then continued: "Just after I settled in Dobbs Corners a twelve-year-old boy called on me one evening. 'Say, Doc., I guess I got measles,' he remarked, 'but nobody knows it 'cept the folks at home, an' they ain't the kind that talks, if there's any good reason to keep quiet.' I was puzzled, and I suppose I looked it. 'Aw, get wise, Doc.,' my small visitor suggested. 'What will you give me to go to school an' spread it among all the kids in the village?'"

Lieut. Brock Of St. John Killed

Had Worked His Way up From Ranks; Other Local Men in Casualty List

Another gallant officer of the "Fighting 26th" New Brunswick Battalion has fallen in battle in the person of Lieutenant John Daniel Brock, son of Annie C. and the late F. W. G. Brock, of Rothesay (N. B.)

News was received in the city on Saturday that Lieutenant Brock had been killed in action on Sept. 15, while leading

LIEUTENANT J. D. BROCK, killed in action.

his platoon. It is understood that Lieutenant Brock met his death in the heavy fighting which has taken place during the past few days on the Somme front in France.

The gallant young officer was in his thirtieth year and worked his way from the ranks to the position of a commissioned officer of one of the finest Canadian battalions on the western front. His was a commission won by close contact with war. He won his stars for his gallantry and was beloved by his fellow officers and men.

Lieutenant Brock enlisted in No. 5 company of the Army Service Corps and shortly after was promoted until he received his sergeant's stripes. Subsequently, in England, he was given a commission and qualified for a lieutenant. He remained with the Army Service Corps until this summer, but all the time he longed for the active service of the front line, and for this reason he made application for a transfer to the 26th New Brunswick Battalion. There he was with the lads from his own home town, from his native province, and he carried the maple leaf into battle even more courageous then than he had done before, because of these associations.

The telegram received by Lieutenant Brock's brother, C. H. Brock, did not give any details as to how he fell, simply the meagre information that he had been killed.

Lieutenant Brock was perhaps one of the best known young men of the city. Young men of his ilk have made the name of New Brunswick shine bright in the eyes of the world. He was honored by all. The path of duty was rough and tortuous, but he trod it a hero. Hewing to the line for British principles he fell in support of the cause, yet his example is as immortal as his body was mortal and his spirit invincible. In civilian life he was connected with the firm of Brock & Paterson, Ltd., of this city.

Harry McGovern Wounded.

A telegram was received yesterday by John McGovern, of Milford (N. B.), that his son, Harry McGovern, formerly of the 35th Battalion, but later transferred to an infantry unit, fighting on the western front, had been wounded. The information was meagre, stating that the young soldier was suffering from wounds in his left side and arm. Private McGovern is only eighteen years of age and has been in France for some time, although this is the first occasion upon which he has been injured. He has many friends at Milford and in vicinity who join in the hope that his wounds are not serious and that he will soon be able to return to his unit on the firing line.

Thomas Kane Wounded.

That his son, Thomas Kane, with a Highland battalion from western Canada, had been wounded in the recent fighting in France, was the information conveyed in a telegram yesterday to Thomas Kane, sr., of Milford road. The wounded man is about twenty-five years of age and enlisted in the west, crossing over to England some months ago. He has been on the western front for several weeks past and it was doubtless in the big "push" on the Somme front that he received his wound. The telegram does not give any idea of the nature of the injury. The family formerly resided in Chipman. The wounded man is a brother of Policeman Jack Kane, of the city force.

Second Son Wounded.

The second son to be wounded in the fighting on the western front was reported yesterday to Charles Duplisea, of Welsford, when he received a telegram informing him that Private James Duplisea, of the First Division Signallers in France had been wounded and had been admitted to a hospital there. The official notification said that the young soldier, who is only twenty-two years of age, had been seriously wounded, but the nature of the wound was not given. It will be remembered that another son, Harold A. Duplisea, now of the local post office staff, went overseas with the first contingent and was gassed and suffered from shell shock. He returned home last winter and was discharged from the service because of his injuries. James, the boy who was yesterday reported wounded, was very well known in the city and the report that he is seriously wounded has caused grave apprehension among his friends who hope to receive more cheering reports of his condition in a few days.

Wounded After a Year.

After spending a year in the trenches facing the Germans through long nights and weary days, it was not until the big fight on the Somme front that Pte. Harry B. Lockhart of the "Fighting 26th" was wounded, the news being received yesterday by his father, Henry Lockhart, of 52 Murray street this city.

Pte. Lockhart went overseas with Lieut.-Colonel McAvity and has been through some of the most severe fighting on the western front assisting the famous New Brunswick battalion to blaze its trail of glory across the pages of Canadian history. The nature of his wounds are not made known in the telegram but it is stated that he was admitted to the First Southern General Hospital at Stirchley, Birmingham, England, on Sept. 19, wounded seriously. Young Lockhart is only 19 years of age and prior to enlisting was employed at the Dufferin Hotel. He has a brother in the No. 9 Overseas Heavy Siege Battery at the present time.

Captain Dickey Killed

Judge Wallace of Halifax has received a cable announcing that Captain H. Dickey has been killed in action. Captain Dickey was a son of the late Hon. Arthur Dickey, a former minister of justice in the Canadian government. He enlisted in Edmonton, where he was practising law.

The casualty list contains the name of Captain C. B. Williams, of Centreville, who was killed in action. He was a member of the 55th Battalion and crossed to France in a draft.

Lieut. Locksley McKnight, of Fredericton, is also among the fallen.

Church Parades

The Field Ambulance Depot, the 242nd Forestry Battalion, and the members of the 62nd detachment paraded yesterday morning to Trinity church and the Cathedral under the general command of Major Frost. The No. 9 Siege Battery paraded to St. Andrew's church.

Opportunity for Nurses

Sixty-six nurses from the maritime provinces will now be given an opportunity of serving overseas. This opportunity comes with the call from Queen Alexandra's Imperial Military Nursing Service for two hundred volunteers from Canada.

Infantry School Here This Fall

Reported That Captain A. D. Corelli Again Will be in Charge; News of the Soldiers

Saturday, Sept. 23.

Well-founded reports in military circles are to the effect that a new provisional school of infantry will be established in the city of St. John this winter. It will be remembered that last winter a school of infantry was conducted here and that it was very successful.

The school was conducted by Capt. A. D. Corelli, who is now brigade captain of the New Brunswick brigade at Valcartier Camp. At the conclusion of the school here in the spring of 1916 it was reported from high military authorities that the school at St. John had been more successful than any other branch school then conducted in Canada. The students, almost without exception, made good marks and were a credit to the school and it was at that time asserted that another school would be conducted this autumn.

Prepare Reception.

Although it has not yet been announced what battalion will be the second infantry unit to winter in St. John, already the civic authorities are taking steps to provide for a fitting reception for these men who are expected to arrive some time next week.

His Worship Mayor Hayes has appointed the following gentlemen a citizens' committee to arrange a reception for the new battalion: T. H. Estabrooks (convenor), Lieutenant-Colonel E. T. Sturdee, Dr. James H. Frink, H. R. McLellan, James V. Russell, G. F. Fisher, R. W. Wigmore, M. E. Agar, E. A. Schofield, H. G. Marr, C. W. Hallamore, Capt. A. J. Mulcahy, Walter Allison, Frank Potts, J. A. Likely, A. O. Skinner, A. M. Belding, E. L. Rising, James L. Sugrue, Edward Sears, C. B. Lockhart, G. S. Mayes, John Keefe, S. H. Mayes, Charles Robinson, H. P. Robinson.

Private Belyea Wounded.

Mrs. Beatrice Belyea, 354 Duke street, West St. John, received a telegram yesterday afternoon from Ottawa informing her that her husband, Private Burpee Albert Belyea, had been admitted to Moore Barracks Hospital, Shorncliffe, on September 18 suffering from a gunshot wound in the leg. Private Belyea left here with the 26th Battalion and while in France was engaged as a bomb thrower. Prior to joining the 26th Battalion Private Belyea was engaged on the tug Joseph. He is well known throughout the city and is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Burpee D. Belyea, of Rodney street, West St. John. A few days ago Private Belyea was reported as suffering from shell shock.

Private Magee Seriously Wounded.

John Magee, Prospect street, Fairville, received word yesterday afternoon that his son, Private Henry Magee, had been admitted to a hospital in Rouen, September 19, suffering from a gunshot wound in the head and was in a serious condition. He had previously been wounded in the face and head on June 3 and was only dismissed in August. He was a popular young man and was well known and respected by the residents of Fairville and all will unite in wishing him a speedy recovery.

In Somme Battle

The only indication of the Canadian units engaged in the recent heavy fighting on the Somme front is given in a cablegram received from Lieut. Roland Barnes, of Hampton, saying that he had come through the fight without injury of any kind. This cable would indicate that the 3rd Canadian division, which includes the 4th C. M. R., the 52nd battalion, Princess Pats, the 49th, among others, was engaged.

Two Recruits

Two recruits were secured yesterday afternoon at the recruiting office—Clarence Stein, Apohaqui, N.B., and Henry LaBouchie, St. John.

Major R. Fitton, who returned to Canada some months ago to become adjutant of the 230th battalion, Ottawa, has arrived at his home in Maugerville on leave. Major Fitton went overseas with the 12th battalion as quartermaster.

Colonel J. L. Potter of Ottawa, arrived in the city yesterday, accompanied by Lieut.-Colonel Grant, A. D. or M. S. of the staff of M. D. No. 6 at Halifax.

The No. 9 Siege battery, under Major Wetmore, had a marchout yesterday afternoon, going to Rothesay and return, a distance of twenty miles, in five hours.

James Gaulton, formerly of this city now a member of the 26th battalion, in a recent letter, says that he had been forced to leave the trenches as the strain had proven too much for his nerves and he is now at a rest camp behind the lines.

CAPT. FAIRWEATHER INSTANTLY KILLED

He Went, Knowing the Cost, and Sacrificing Much in Life—Very General Sympathy With Family.

Captain Frank R. Fairweather, of this city, was instantly killed Saturday morning "while splendidly leading his men against a German counter-attack." The news was received by his relatives here in a cablegram from Major Malcolm McAvity of the brigade staff. Throughout the city and province the announcement was received with sincerest regret and his family and relations have the deepest sympathy of an unusually wide circle of friends in this bereavement.

CAPT. F. R. FAIRWEATHER.

Captain Fairweather went to the front as one counting the cost and knowing the dangers he faced, but he went at the call of duty and his example will be an inspiration to those who still remain at home. He was a fine type of citizen, one of the men who can ill be spared but one who would not falter at danger or death when he felt that his duty called him to the firing line.

Until the year of the declaration of war, Captain Fairweather had had no military experience. At the time of the street railway strike in July, 1914, he enlisted, as a public-spirited citizen, in the ranks of the 62nd Battalion when that unit was called out on strike duty. It was within a month that war was declared and he promptly applied for a commission and was gazetted with the 62nd, assuming charge of A Company when Major Malcolm McAvity's military duties called him away.

At the first opportunity, in October, 1914, he went to Halifax to qualify for the rank and early in 1915 he was appointed as lieutenant to the 64th N. B. and N. S. Overseas Battalion. Before leaving the summer camp in Sussex he was promoted to the rank of captain.

In England Captain Fairweather was transferred to the 24th Victoria Rifles of Montreal Overseas Battalion and accompanied them to France at the termination of their period of training. On his arrival at brigade headquarters, however, he was again transferred, this time to the 26th New Brunswick Battalion, much to his satisfaction. With the 26th he served as platoon commander under Major Percy McAvity, who was wounded this week. He had been in the trenches only about two months.

Captain Fairweather, who was forty years of age this month, was the last surviving son of the late Charles H. Fairweather, one of the founders of the wholesale grocery house of Hall & Fairweather, Ltd. He is survived by his wife, a daughter of Thomas McAvity, of this city, one daughter, Miss Lois, aged nine years, his mother and one sister, Miss Alice L. Fairweather, residing here.

After receiving his elementary education here, the late Captain Fairweather entered Bishop's College in Lennoxville. On his return to St. John he entered the office of the late H. C. Tilley and afterwards was admitted to partnership in the fire and accident insurance and manufacturers' agent business. On the death of Mr. Tilley he continued in business under his own name and had built up one of the largest insurance businesses in the province.

Mr. Fairweather always took an active interest in public affairs and was ready at any time to lend his aid in any work for the general welfare. He was a prominent Conservative and a former president of the Borden Club. He was a member of the Orange Association, the Board of Trade and the Union Club.

A keen sportsman of the best type, interested in sport purely for sport's sake, he was prominent in local athletic circles. He was an enthusiastic cricketer and had been president of the St. John Cricket Club. He was also an excellent tennis player and continued the game even after arriving in England.

Captain Fairweather was the kind of man who made friends easily and held them afterwards and there are few men whose loss will be more sincerely regretted.

Canadian Loss Will Reach 4,000

Ottawa, Sept. 22—The casualty total in the Canadian's big engagement on the Somme now amounts to about 4,000 ,the dead numbering approximately 900. In addition to the numbers announced in yesterday's reports to the militia department, reports today indicate between 400 and 500 killed, 1,790 wounded and 300 missing.

Arithmetical Progression.

He had complained jealously that she had too many other young men around.

"The idea!" she laughed. "Why, I can count them all on the fingers of my left hand. The index finger is Mr. Smart, the second finger is Mr. Balder, and the third finger of my left hand—the third finger is you."

Next day he got a ring for it.—Boston Transcript.

NEW BRUNSWICKERS IN HEAVY LOSSES ON SOMME

Canadian Losses Now 8,664 Killed, 27,212 Wounded, and 1,282 Missing—The "Tank Fight" Ranks Next to St. Julien, Givenchy and Festubert and the Hooge Fight—Provincial Men in Late Lists.

Friday, Sept. 22.

It was with grave fears that many New Brunswick people, who have relatives and friends on the western front learned yesterday of the heavy Canadian casualties incurred in the "tank" fight.

First there will come the casualties among the officers the then no doubt will follow long lists of men in the ranks who have been wounded in the big engagement whose casualties are described "Though light in comparison with St. Julien, Givenchy and Festubert, and the Hooge fight, Canadian successes were accomplished at a heavy toll of casualties."

The militia department at Ottawa is informed that Canadian losses on the Somme number about 400 killed, 1,200 wounded and 300 missing. There are no official details of the fighting.

Aggregate Canadian casualties to August 31 were 37,861 including 8,664 dead, 27,212 wounded, 1,282 missing and 723 missing and "presumed dead."

THIRD DIVISION IN SIGHT.

The only indication of the Canadian units engaged in the recent heavy fighting on the Somme front is given in a cablegram received from Lieut. Roland Barnes, of Hampton, saying that he had been through the battle and had come out without injury of any kind.

This cablegram would indicate that the 3rd Canadian Division was engaged, which includes among other units the 5th C.M.R., to which the surviving members of the 6th C.M.R. are attached, the 52nd Battalion, Princess Pats, R. C. R., 49th and several other fine battalions.

British Casualties.

Wednesday's casualties among the British forces operating on the western front on Wednesday, are given in a recent cable as ninety-five officers of whom twenty-five are dead and 4,566 men of whom 716 are dead. Those units bearing the brunt of the fighting were the Royal Lancasters, Warwickshires, Noramptonshires, Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, Middlesex, Somerset Light Infantry, Leinsters, Munster Fusiliers, East Surreys and Australians. Among the officers killed are Lieut.-Colonel, the Hon. Guy Baring, M.P., fourth son of Lord Ashburton; Lieut. Edwart Bagot, only son of Major the Hon. Walter Bagot. Among the officers wounded is Second Lieut. P. C. Dickens, grandson of the famous novelist, whose brother was killed a few days ago.

Newcastle Boys in Casualties.

A report from Newcastle says that Bombadier George Milton Masson, who went overseas with the 8th Battery in 1914, being one of the first four—the others, George Bate, Clarence Crocker and William Clifford—who went from that place to the battery, is dangerously ill in the second Australian general hospital at Boulogne, France, where he was admitted on September 17, suffering from gunshot wound in the ankle.

It is also reported that Private William Witzell son of Mr. and Mrs. George Witzell, of Newcastle, has been seriously wounded.

Former Principal of Fairville School.

Lieutenant Norman H. Wetmore, mentioned in Thursday's casualty list as wounded, with the address given as Bloomfield, his home town, is very well known in Fairville, where he occupied the position of principal in the Superior school during several years and in that capacity earned an enviable reputation.

He always took an interest in military matters and before the war qualified as a lieutenant of infantry, taking the course during holidays.

Lieut. Wetmore left Fairville to enter Mount Allison University, Sackville, dropping his classes there to take further military instruction in Halifax. Later he was appointed to the 64th Battalion.

Fairville has always considered him among her own soldiers and his name is inscribed on the honor roll of the Methodist church.

Lieutenant-Colonel Flowers Wounded.

Halifax, Sept. 21.—A cable received this morning states that Lieut.-Col. Flowers of the 63rd Rifles, this city, has been wounded in action. He went overseas second in command of the 64th Battalion and was later attached to the 25th.

A Nova Scotia Hero

(New Glasgow Chronicle.)

"Killed in action" is the brief cable story that tells of the sad fate of Gunner Earl E. MacKenzie, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Arch. MacKenzie, River John. The intelligence was received on Wednesday. He was attached to the 10th Battery of the 3rd Brigade, Canadian Artillery. The young man had long taken a keen interest in artillery and gone to Petewawa for three camps before this war. At the outbreak of hostilities he was in Mexico, and at once volunteered his services. He was not called upon, however, until December, 1914. On New Year's Day, 1915, he arrived home for a day's stay, returning to Fredericton, N.B., at once, where he joined the Heavy Artillery going overseas in March of the same year.

He was then a sergeant, but so anxious was he to reach the front that he gave up the stripes and in England transferred to another battery as a private and almost immediately crossed to France. Since then he has been in all the heavy engagements that the Canadians took part in, and seemed to bear almost a charmed life. He was three times mentioned in despatches, one occasion being after the terrible engagement at Loos. And following the battle of Ypres he was recommended for a D. C. M. and a commission.

Gunner MacKenzie was a brother of Mrs. W. M. Sedgewick of New Glasgow. The people of Pictou county all deeply sympathize with Mr. and Mrs. MacKenzie and family in their bereavement of a brave son and brother, who lost his life fighting for King and Country.

Lieut. Warren Wounded.

Mr. and Mrs. George H. Warren, of Sussex, received a telegram Wednesday from Ottawa that their son, Lieut. Harry Warren, had been wounded, September 17. On the same day they received a cable from Capt. McNichol, their brother-in-law, who is a medical officer at Moore Barracks Hospital, Shorncliffe, England, that Lieut. Warren had been admitted to his hospital with a gunshot wound in the hand, but was otherwise well.

Private Powys Killed.

Mrs. Percy Powys, of Fredericton, has received a letter stating that her son Lance-Corporal R. C. Powys formerly of the capital city has been killed in action. He was a member of the 4th C. M. R. unit and the letter received by the loyal mother was in part as follows:

"The medical authorities have requested me to write you concerning your son, P. C. Powys. I was well acquainted with him and regret very deeply to say that he was killed during the early part of the engagement. I was with him at the time and can relieve your mind somewhat by saying he suffered very little and died the death of the soldier he was."

PTE. HERBERT R. SEYMOUR, son of Sergt. Jas. Seymour of the Kilties, who was on Tuesday reported to his parents "wounded in action." The following morning in the official casualty list issued at Ottawa he appeared as "died of wounds." The relatives do not yet know which report is correct.

Private Hennessy Wounded.

Mrs. George T. Hennessy of this city received a telegram yesterday morning saying that her husband, Private George T. Hennessy, had been admitted to the General Military Hospital, Colchester, England, on Sept. 19, suffering from a slight gunshot wound in the arm.

Mrs Jas. Weldon, Halifax, has received word that her brother, Laughlan Donaldson King, died on September 14th, in No. 9 clearing station, France, of wounds received in action. He was a native of Fredericton and joined the colors at Edmonton, Alta., and sailed from Halifax on May 19, 1916 Mrs. Weldon has another brother, two sons and a husband taking part in the war. The brother who is reported dead, was the last of the family to go overseas.

Patriotic Work.

Hopewell Hill, Sept. 20—A largely attended meeting of the Women's Patriotic League was held yesterday afternoon at the home of the secretary, Mrs. W. J. McAlmon. The report of the work done in the past month showed a shipment prepared and which goes forward this week, of fifty pairs of socks, fifty-five hospital shirts and eight pyjama suits. It is worthy of note that of the fifty pairs of socks, seven pairs were made by the league's oldest member, Mrs. Susan Robinson, now in her eighty-third year, whose work was most excellent. It was decided that the league would sell lunches, etc. on the day of the Hopewell Hill fair, October 17. A nice programme carried out, included reading by Mrs. Percy Russell and a solo by Mrs. A. H. Peck. Refreshments were served at the close of the meeting.

The regular meeting of the women's institute was held at the home of the president, Miss Celia Peck, on Monday afternoon, and routine business was carried out. It was proposed that the institute send an exhibit of preserves to the apple show to be held in St. John soon.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Jonah, who spent the winter in the states, and the past summer in the upper part of this county, are here this week, the guests of their daughter, Mrs. J. C. Stevens.

THE GAULT DIVORCE CASE.

Ottawa, Sept. 22—The Canada Gazette tomorrow will contain the required official notice of application by Mrs. Hamilton Gault of Montreal, who was Marguerite Claire Stephens, for a divorce from her husband, Major Hamilton Gault of the Princess Patricias.

At the last session, Major Gault sought to divorce his wife, but the petition was rejected by the senate committee hearing the evidence. It was then intimated that, this year, Mrs. Gault would reverse the proceedings and apply to divorce her husband. Formal petitions for divorce can be presented only when parliament is in session, but three months' notice is called for before the case can be considered by the committee. This notice is now being given.

Rexton, Sept. 22—The marriage took place at the manse here Tuesday of Miss Janet McDonald, of Kouchibouguac, and William McIsaac, of Acadiaville. Rev. [illegible] Gardiner officiating.