

CHEERS AND JEERS MORE TRICKERY HEARD IN LUMBERJACKS CASE

Jas. A. Patten Put in a Strenuous Day in England—Mobbed in Manchester, Acclaimed in Liverpool.

AMERICAN DISGUSTED AT EMNITY SHOWN

London, March 11.—A hostile demonstration on the floor of the cotton exchange at Manchester and one directly in contrast with it for friendliness on the corn exchange at Liverpool, were met with today by Jas. A. Patten, the Chicago wheat and cotton operator. In the first, Mr. Patten was mobbed and probably escaped injury only by being rescued by the police in the latter he was greeted with cheering and other manifestations of amity. Mr. Patten will sail from Liverpool tomorrow for New York on board the Cunard Line steamer Mauretania.

The brief vacation in England of the Chicago operator, had been spent mostly about the Liverpool markets and today he made up his mind to run over to Manchester to see the city and visit the cotton exchange. It was known by Mr. Patten that there had been threats of an unpleasant reception, should he visit "Cottonopolis," but he refused to believe they would be carried into effect. These threats, it is said, emanated from persons on the exchange who lost sums as a result of Mr. Patten's operations in Chicago, and from others who held responsible for yesterday's rise in the price of cotton and believed his visit to England had for its purpose, manipulation of the market.

LUMBERJACKS ATTACK RAILWAY OFFICIAL

Baggage Master On D. A. R. Badly Cut On Moving Train Near Digby—Police On The Trail Of Ringleaders.

Digby, Mar. 11.—A gang of drunken lumbermen from Hants county, going to their homes in Digby and Yarmouth counties, found their way into the baggage car of the D. A. R. west-bound express just after leaving Digby and attempted to take charge, to which Baggage Master Fred Mosely took decided exception. They were too much for Mosely who fought them single handed until he was felled to the floor by a blow on the head from a spade in the hands of one of the toughs. Mosely's head received a bad wound and it was some hours before he recovered consciousness. Two of the gang were arrested by D. A. R. special officer James McMillan, who happened to be a passenger on the train but the ringleaders made their escape when the train came to a stop. The two men under arrest were brought to Digby and after divulging the names of the real culprits who injured Mosely were allowed to go upon paying a fine for being drunk and creating a disturbance on the train. Officer McMillan has gone after the others of the gang and expects to have them in Digby jail by tomorrow.

NO SUCCESSION DUTIES FOR NON-RESIDENTS

Ottawa, Ont., March 11.—A judgment was given by the supreme court today which has a general application to all the provinces. It establishes the principle that a non-resident of New Brunswick cannot under the succession duties act, collect duties on monies in a bank within the province and belonging to a estate of a non-resident of the province. The case in point was the appeal of Levit vs. King which was allowed with costs. Late George N. Levit of Yarmouth, N. S., at the time of his death had money deposited in the Bank of British North America at St. John,

Further Efforts Of Liberals To Render Abortive Work Of Inquiry Disclosed At Ottawa Yesterday.

REPRIMAND FOR Mc-DONALD OF PICTOU

Ottawa, March 11.—A most extraordinary piece of trickery by the Liberals was expressed in the house today. Everybody knows that the Lumsden case is dragging its slow length along in the all-Grit committee. Everybody knows that the Conservative members of the committee resigned in protest against the action of the majority which blocked their efforts to secure a thorough probing. What has puzzled many who have been watching the affairs is that several days have gone by without mention in the house of the resignation of the Conservatives.

Scheme Frustrated.

Unfortunately for this scheme, Mr. Houghton Lennox had taken the precaution earlier in the work of the committee of carrying through a motion that the proceedings of the committee, evidence and all be printed and reported to the house from day to day. By this there should have been a daily report to the house. This was passed. It now turns out that the chairman of the committee, Mr. Victor Gordon, altered the terms of this motion in reporting it to the house. It was passed in the words "from day to day" it was reported to the house that the committee had decided that the evidence should be printed from day to day. He omitted all mention of the committee's decision to report from day to day and the committee has not reported. It may be added that an examination of the original records shows Mr. Lennox's motion in its correct form, until the chairman's report to the house is reached. The committee originally decided to report daily, thus affording a daily opportunity for developments in the house. Subsequent to this the committee decided to report from time to time. The resolution is coolly reported to the house. Mr. Gordon brought the chairman's "singular error" up in the house this afternoon, explaining the circumstances.

Reported Incorrectly.

Mr. Borden pointed out that the reference of the house had nothing to do with the case. The committee had passed a resolution and Mr. Gordon had reported it incorrectly. Sir Wilfrid Laurier suggested that the report might have been made correctly and printed incorrectly. Errors, sometimes occurred in printing, and it may be interpreted that an examination of the records shows that this conjecture is not sustained by the facts.

Mr. E. M. MacDonald testily observed that the Conservative members should have been in the committee reported correctly. In any case it was the clerk of the committee and not the chairman who prepared the report. Mr. Borden said that it was a matter not for the committee but for the house, which should see that the committee's proceedings were reported correctly. Mr. MacDonald's excuse made the matter more mysterious still. "Probably a clerical error," Premier again suggested. "A very convenient clerical error," came from the Opposition. Mr. MacDonald suggested that Mr. Borden might have the trouble to investigate the matter, a reference to the Prime Minister's conjecture as to a clerical error.

Astute Alteration.

Mr. MacDonald had added had given a clue to the whole affair. An astute alteration had evidently been made which had blocked all reference to the Lumsden matter in the House. He ironically complimented Mr. MacDonald on having had the frankness to let it out. Very angry Mr. MacDonald rose to reply. The speaker intervened and pointed out that he had exhausted his right to speak. The member for Pictou talked back and brought on his head an admonition that he should sit down when the speaker rose. He yielded for the moment and then rose to the point of order that Mr. Borden had made a personal reference to him and that he had been prevented from replying. Mr. Speaker ignored this and the incident terminated.

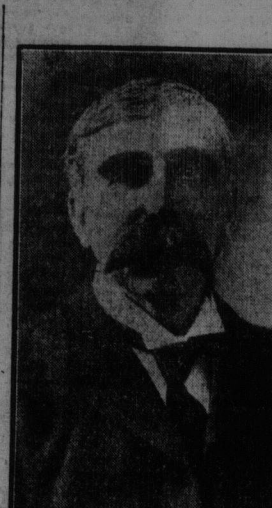
N. B. and the supreme court of New Brunswick ordered the executors to pay the province \$3,251 succession duties. This is nullified.

TACTICS OF OPPOSITION WONDERFULLY SCORED BY MR. MORRISSEY IN HOUSE

Chief Commissioner of Public Works While Declaring Allegiance to Liberal Party Has Hot Shot for Men Who Are Seeking to Discredit the Government Led By Mr. Hazen—Mr. Copp Described as a Whippersnapper Loses Temper and Emerges Discredited From Debate

Attempt to Create Political Capital Out of Trivial Happening in Fairville Ends Disasterously for Opposition and Mr. Lowell, Who Fathered the Movement, Throwing Discretion to the Winds Makes Lamentable Showing—Lively Session of Legislature at Fredericton Yesterday.

Fredericton, N. B., March 11.—The estimates were all passed in the house today but not until one of the liveliest scenes in recent sessions had occurred. With the house in committee on supply, Hon. John Morrissey made a vigorous attack on the opposition for the insinuations and reflections which had been cast upon the officials of the department of public works. The chief commissioner did not go around the block to choose words which would do him credit but he was not without his own weapons. He was not without his own weapons. He was not without his own weapons.



HON. JOHN MORRISSEY.

An effort was then made to make it appear that the opposition had a big grievance over some trivial matter in St. John county over an inquiry made by Mr. Bentley and Mr. Lowell about some much needed work on the roads which they seemed to regret had been done notwithstanding the great benefit it had accomplished for the people of St. John county, but unfortunately Mr. Lowell made some bad breaks and the game to get sympathy was suddenly ruined when Mr. Lowell lost his temper completely, transgressed his parliamentary rules and refused to accept a straightforward statement of facts which was made by the premier.

A Grievance. A good natured but firm manner the premier took Mr. Lowell to task and showed to the house that he was grossly misrepresented him and what it was all over one of the opposition managers remarked to the speaker, "Lowell lost his head and ought to have apologized to the premier." The Premier's Statement. "This government has got nothing to conceal," said the premier in answer to the ridiculous insinuations that had been made by the St. John county members, "the chief commissioner of public works has offered to give the assistance of the entire staff of his department and all the books and accounts to them in securing what information they wish and what more can be done."

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their large supplies until early in August when the schools were to open up.

In reply to Mr. Legere of Westmorland, he would say the same amount as the estimated revenue as appeared in the estimated expenditure for this item and it was hoped that no more would be expended than received. In other words that the books would about pay for their handling.

Mr. Robinson asked if it was the intention to extend the list and to have the list of books in use in the common schools on the list of those sold at reduced prices. He had those sold at reduced prices to have the school books in use and sold at 30 cents placed with the purchasers at the opening of the next school term at 15 cents, or just one half the price. If he didn't have the same book now in use he would have another equally as good.

Mr. Robinson asked if he used to read the price of school books under the old administration was costing the province \$70,000 a year and he would like to know if \$12,000 of this was supposed to represent the cost of the books to be used in the province during the year.

Hon. Mr. Fleming said the leader of the opposition had been drawing on his imagination that all the books of the common school were on the list, that high school books were sold through vendors and that a reduction of 40 per cent or more in the cost of the books made a big difference to the people of the province who thoroughly appreciated it.

Another Reduction. Hon. Mr. Fleming on an item of \$550 for expenses in attending general department said that the cost of contingencies in which this item used to be included, had been greatly reduced. In 1907 it was \$20,000, in 1908 it was \$10,000, in 1909 it was \$7,000, for the contingencies of the different departments and \$7,000 for the contingencies of the legislature, a total of \$14,000 was being asked as compared with \$20,000 in 1907.

Hon. Mr. Fleming on an item of \$700 for the expenses of the receiver general's department said that the receiver general's department had greatly increased its expenses under the new system all accounts were paid not by warrants but by bulk sums but by single checks. The education department under the old system used to get quarterly warrants and now over \$200,000 was paid out in small checks through the receiver general's department, making much more work than four warrants that had to be issued under the old system.

Hon. Mr. Fleming in reply to Mr. Robinson said that there was the same number of officials in the staff of the receiver general and provincial secretary as there used to be but they were divided differently between the two offices.

On the item for expenses of the factory inspector Hon. Mr. Maxwell said that there were at least one hundred and fifty boilers in use in the province which had not been inspected for ten years, and which were a menace to the lives of those employed near them. There was no more important work than boiler inspection and the inspector did not more than his duty in going to inspect the boilers at the old Herald office where he was again after having been shut down for so long. He would have been derelict in his duty if he had failed to do so.

Rigid Inspection. Mr. Maxwell then read from the report which set out the strong necessity for rigid inspection of steam boilers which it was alleged was usually done in a very perfunctory manner. A large majority of those now in use receiving no periodical inspection whatever. Continuing, Mr. Maxwell said that there were at least one hundred and fifty boilers in use in the province which had not been inspected for ten years, and which were a menace to the lives of those employed near them. There was no more important work than boiler inspection and the inspector did not more than his duty in going to inspect the boilers at the old Herald office where he was again after having been shut down for so long. He would have been derelict in his duty if he had failed to do so.

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EVIDENCE OF WRONGDOING IS WANTING

General Statement Issued At Montreal Concerning Condition Of Defunct St. Stephen Bank.

SITUATION CLEARING AT BORDER TOWN

Montreal, March 11.—The Canadian Bankers' Association has been advised by General Manager Kessen, of the Bank of New Brunswick, which has taken over the business of the suspended Bank of St. Stephen, that after investigation there is no evidence of wrong doing on the part of officials, but that the failure was due to poor judgment. It is also stated that there is a likelihood of the shareholders being called upon under the double liability clause of the Canadian Banking Act to make good the deficit.

NO WRONG DOING.

St. Stephen, March 11.—With a realization of the fact that no authoritative statement concerning the affairs of the insolvent bank will be made for some time other matters are beginning to form themselves of conversation in the border town. Nothing but rumors are available as yet, but those that are current today are of a decidedly reassuring nature and it is hoped that the action of the bank in paying back today all unclaimed deposits made on Saturday has been a pleasant feature of the day.

Statement Misquoted.

One item published in The Standard during the week has been extensively misquoted by some other papers. Philip Breen was quoted in The Standard as saying that he regarded the action of the bank in paying back today all unclaimed deposits made on Saturday has been a pleasant feature of the day. Mr. Breen, the president and secretary, with personal dishonesty and that was not his position. A Calais attorney well versed in financial matters well versed in the bank's affairs of the bank is reported to have had an opportunity today to have a peep in its present condition and afterwards to have stated that he was convinced that the depositors would suffer no loss and that stockholders so far from being called on for any further liability would even recover a fair share of their investment. If this be so the connected with some wealthy people the collapse to occur.

BADDECK NO. 2 MAKES FURTHER FLIGHTS

Farmer Intent On Gyration Of Drome Allowed His Horse To Walk Into Open Water—More Triumphs.

Special To The Standard. Halifax, N. S., March 11.—Further flights were made at Baddeck today which were witnessed by Major Municipal secretary as there used to be but they were divided differently between the two offices.

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RUTHERFORD'S OVERTHROW IS COMPLETE NOW

Saskatchewan's Premier Resigned Yesterday As a Result Of Recent Disclosures—Cushing To Form Ministry.

JUDICIAL INQUIRY TO BE INAUGURATED

Special To The Standard. Edmonton, March 11.—The Rutherford administration is believed to be no more. Premier Rutherford again resigned as a result of last night's Liberal caucus and placed it in the hands of the Lieutenant Governor this morning, together with those of his two remaining ministers, Duncan, Marshall and P. E. Leppard, which were written out yesterday. It was even reported from reliable sources that the Lieutenant Governor had requested the resignation of the premier. W. H. Cushing will, it is almost certain be called upon to form the ministry. He has selected his cabinet and will be prepared to carry on the business of the session as soon as the bye-elections for his ministers can be carried through. After the prorogation of the house it is believed he will call a general election and his supporters and many others look for him to make a clean sweep of the provinces.

Senator Talbot.

Senator Talbot was wired to come from Ottawa by several of the members, who will ask him, it is understood to take the leadership of the party. He will not be generally accepted, however, it is stated, and the majority of the members are for Cushing or nobody. Cushing, it is confidentially believed, will be able to secure a substantial following in the house. Upon the formation of the new Government a judicial inquiry said to be already arranged for, will be instituted into the entire question of Alberta and Great Waterways Railway, including not only the legislation but also the sale of bonds. The members, including the right to subpoena anybody from anywhere and to call for any documents or telegrams, following is from the House proceedings: Mr. Bennett—"When may we expect something tomorrow?" The Premier—"I cannot say what His Honor intends doing."

Mr. Bennett—"Oh, yes, you are advisor. His Honor must do what his honor says."

The Premier—"I cannot say no more than I have said."

Mr. Bennett—"I will not say what I think now, but I will leave it for another day."

Resolutions Shelved.

Resolutions both for and against the Government were shelved in the next week, as was a great deal of the legislation on the order sheet. The session lasted scarcely more than half an hour.

The Rutherford ministry was first formed September 2, 1905, the following being the members of the cabinet: Hon. Alex. Rutherford, Premier, president of the executive council, provincial treasurer and minister of education; Hon. Charles W. Cross, attorney general; Hon. T. Finlay, provincial secretary and minister of agriculture; Hon. William H. Cushing, minister of public works; Hon. L. G. DeVeber, without portfolio; resignation of his place in the cabinet on receiving nomination to the Senate of Canada Mar. 1906.

At the first election in 1905 the Liberals had 25 members and the Conservatives 2. They also won the four intervening by-elections between 1905 and 1909 when another general election took place. This election resulted in the returning of 38 Liberals and 3 more Conservatives.

FREIGHT HANDLERS GET THE STRIKE FEVER

Dismissal Of Two Employees On G. T. R. At Toronto Affects 250—Agitating For 40 Per Cent. Raise.

Toronto, March 11.—As a protest against the discharge of two of their employed employees, who were released last evening, 250 freight handlers employed by the G. T. R. Railway, went on strike at noon today. Later in the afternoon they nominated a committee to wait on the G. T. R. agent, Mr. Gordon, and asked the men's reinstatement. Pending a reply from Mr. Gordon, the men returned to work, and will give the company till Monday night to come to a decision. The company officials claim the two men were discharged for incompetency but the men say the real cause was that they were prominent in a movement for increased wages. The G. T. R. and C. P. R. trainmen who have been in Montreal for some time negotiating for an increase of wages, made their formal demand on the officials today. The G. T. R. men asked for an increase of forty per cent, and the C. P. R. for twenty per cent.

BRAKEMAN INJURED AT FREDERICTON

Fredericton, N. B., March 11.—Weldon Burden, brakeman, in attempting to board I. C. R. suburban train this evening at Fredericton station fell and the wheels of the train passed over his hand, mangle it so badly that two fingers had to be removed later at the Victoria Hospital. This evening a fare-worried smoker was held at No. 3 military depot in honor of forty men who have been transferred to Halifax.