BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

From Friday's Daily.

—Fishing tackle at Shore's Hardware.

—The case against Ah Moon for perjury was dismissed by the police magistrate yesterday.

—H. M. S. Imperieuse, on her way from Portsmouth to Esquimalt, arrived at Montevideo on April 22.

—The head offices of the Sutton Lumber & Trading company will shortly be removed from Uchulet to this city.

—At Milne's Landing, Sooke harbor, a telegraph office has been opened. The rate from this city will be 25 cents.

—A private telegram from Rossland to-day says the O. K. mine has uncovered twelve feet of ore in the No. 11 drift.

—The provincial government have established a public highway to the North Star Hydraulic Mining company's property from Quesnelle bridge.

—In the city police court this morning Mrs. Babchuck was found guilty of purchasing property known to be stolen and Magistrate Macrae imposed a fine of $10 in lieu of imprisonment as she has a family of three or four small children.

—While the Chinese girls from the Chinese home were taking an outing yesterday one of them was knocked down by a bicyclist who was riding on the sidewalk on Yates street. No serious damage resulted. The man on the wheel did not stop to make any inquiries.

—The firm of Cunningham & Hinton, electricians and dealers in electrical supplies, have dissolved partnership. The business will be carried on by Mr. G. C. Hinton, Mr. Cunningham returning to Ottawa, where he resided before coming to this province a few years ago.

—Yesterday the funeral of the late Dr. John Hall took place. A large number of friends attended. The services were conducted by the Rev. W. Leslie Clay and the pall bearers were: Messrs. T. Anderson, J. Miller, A. Wilson, E. Temple, W. McGregor and D. A. Irving.

—Frank McMillan, the well known prospector, went down by the Maude to San Juan. From there he started for the mountains on a prospecting tour. Heretofore very little prospecting has been done in that vicinity, as the majority of the miners confined themselves to the streams.

—Nels Johnson, the Port Hadlock millman, who almost asphyxiated himself by blowing out the gas in his room in the Victoria hotel, is now in the provincial jail, where he will be examined as to his sanity. Johnson has acted in a peculiar manner since leaving the Jubilee hospital.

—Capt. Claude Troup, a steamboat man well known on the Sound and British Columbia, died at Vancouver on Wednesday. Deceased was for a number of years engineer on several of the best boats belonging to the Oregon Railway & Navigation company, but latterly was managing owner and captain of the sternwheeler Greyhound.

—A convention of the Epworth Leagues and Methodist Sunday schools of British Columbia will be held in Vancouver from May 1st to 24th. The general secretary of Epworth Leagues and Sunday schools, Rev. Mr. Crews, and Rev. Dr. Carmen, are expected to be present. Many other ministers will no doubt attend, as the British Columbia Conference will be held at Westminster about the same date.

—An enjoyable social was given by Mrs. Spencer at her residence yesterday afternoon to members and friends of the W. C. T. U. A paper by Mrs. Frances Townsley, entitled "Why I Tithe My Income," was read and discussed. Miss Clarke also read an interesting paper on "Reformation." Mrs. Col. Baker read a paper on "The Confraternity of the Lord's Tenth," a society which has recently been established in the city. The meeting dealt principally with the subject of tithing as opposed to other means of raising money for religious and charitable purposes. Those present were entirely in favor of tithing.

—Late yesterday afternoon a customs officer who was out in the vicinity of Oak Bay, reported to Collector Milne that he had found two large incubators on the beach and that a schooner was sailing out of the bay in the direction of Discovery Island. The schooner was of a large size and painted white. It is believed that she came from the other side with the incubators and supplies for some one who intended to start a chicken ranch and at the same time avoid paying customs duties. The officers took charge of the incubators, and an effort is being made to discover the parties on this side who were engaged in the smuggling deal.

From Saturday's Daily.

—Garden tools at cut prices at Shore's Hardware store, 57 Johnson street.

—W. G. Carthew was taken to the penitentiary at Westminster this morning by Sergt. Langley.

—Julia Grimes, charged with maliciously damaging property, was this morning committed for trial by Magistrate Macrae.

—The fire brigade were called out yesterday evening by some false alarm crank, who rang box 13, at the corner of Niagara and Menzies streets. This is not the first time this trick has been played in this vicinity.

—Edward Eustice, who was one of the crew of the frigate Bird, which arrived in Victoria in 1862, died suddenly yesterday. The deceased followed the sea for a number of years, but latterly did odd jobs as a longshoreman. He was about sixty years of age.

—Mr. John J. McGee, clerk of the privy council, has forwarded to Curator Fannin of the Provincial Museum, one complete set of the report of the scientific results of the voyage of H. M. S. Challenger during the years 1772-6, presented by the lords commissioners of Her Majesty's treasury to the Provincial Museum at Victoria.

—Last evening the Sir William Wallace Society held an open meeting, which was well attended by the members and friends. A large pen sketch of Carlyle's statue was presented to the society by Mr. S. White. The evening's entertainment consisted of songs and recitations with the Piob Mohr national airs by Peter McLeod. A short business meeting was held after the entertainment.

—Rev. P. Jenns this afternoon, at the residence of F. A. Pauline, 41 Kings road, united in marriage Frederick J. Mesher, second son of G. C. Mesher, Esq., to Sophia Josephine Mates, eldest daughter of the late Edward Mates, of Wicklow, Ireland. Mr. Alexander Gilchrist acted as best man, and Miss Gertie Hackett as bridesmaid. Mr. and Mrs. Mesher left on the four o'clock train for Duncan's, where the honeymoon will be spent.

From Monday's Daily.

—A large panther, with more courage than prudence, came prowling near the R. M. A. barracks yesterday morning. A rifle ball brought his peregrination to a sudden close.

—There was a large attendance at last Saturday night's band concert in the drill hall. The band, under the leadership of J. M. Finn, played every number on the programme in its usual excellent manner.

—H. M. S. Pheasant returned to Esquimalt late Saturday afternoon from a visit to the Sound cities. She will probably at once begin taking on coal and provisions, preparatory to leaving on her annual cruise to Behring Sea.

—The annual meeting of St. Luke's, Cedar Hill, was held on Friday evening when the usual reports were read, and Messrs. H. A. King and L. C. Johnson were elected delegates to the synod. The election of church officers was postponed till next Wednesday evening.

—Officers and members of city lodges, I. O. O. F., assembled at the hall, Douglas street, yesterday afternoon, and proceeded to St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, where Rev. W. L. Clay delivered a special sermon in commemoration of the 77th anniversary of the order.

—Rev. Ralph W. Trotter, pastor of Calvary Baptist church, and financial agent for the British Columbia Baptist association, recently organized, will leave shortly for the eastern provinces and England for the purpose of raising money for the extension of the church work within this province. During his absence the Calvary church pulpit will be supplied by the Baptist association.

—Registered at the Driard are Kyrle Bellew and Mrs. James Brown Potter, the well-known theatrical people. They are on their way to Australia where they are to join an English company of players who recently went to the antipodes. After an extended tour of Australia and New Zealand, their engagement opening May 30th, Mr. Bellew, Mrs. Potter and company will return to America.

—C. H. Wilkinson returned last evening from New Westminster, where he discussed Fraser river bridge matters with the mayor and other prominent people. Mr. Wilkinson also visited Seattle, where he discussed railway connection and the bridge with Great Northern officials. A special meeting of the New Westminster council will be held on Wednesday evening, when Mr. Wilkinson will fully explain his offer to build the bridge.

—The Baptists of this city are extending their borders into the rural districts. By means of their Local Preachers' Association, which consists of members of both Baptist churches of the city, they have for some time occupied the Temperance Hall, South Saanich, as a preaching station. Yesterday the Rev. P. H. McEwen opened with service the Prospect school house, West Saanich road, as another field for the Baptists, and in an excellent discourse paved the way for future work. Mr. Wm. Marchant explained the objects and methods of the association and invited the congregation present to make the services known as widely as possible. In the evening Rev. P. H. McEwen preached to a large congregation at the temperance hall.

—Professor Alexander, who is booked for a course of lectures at the A. O. U. W. hall this week, beginning on Wednesday evening, is well and favorably known to many in this city. His lectures here five years ago attracted much favorable comment, and those who heard him then will be glad of another opportunity of doing so. The professor occupies a unique position in his profession. He is not a believer in bumpology, and is practically without a rival in the phrenological field. No one since the palmy days of phrenology, when O. S. Fowler was so prominent before the public, has attracted so much attention or created such intense interest in the science of human nature. The New York Sun, in a descriptive article of the Fowler and Wells institute, in citing the professor as the ablest exponent of the science in the field to-day, says: "The most phenomenal success in the phrenological field is that of Professor Alexander." There will be no admission fee charged at the door on Wednesday evening. Seats will be reserved for ladies and their escorts.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Wilwaukee, Wis., April 27.—Attorney Stetson, of New York, representing the organizing committee, applied to Judge Jenkins this morning for a decree for the immediate foreclosure and sale of the Northern Pacific property. The court said it would insist upon a full statement of the operation of the road under the receivership. The fact that the court took this stand made it necessary for the attorneys to retire for a conference on the subject of an accounting.

Dr. TAFT'S ASTHMALENE
ASTHMA CURES
SIT UP all night gasping for breath for fear of suffocation. Send your name and address, we will mail trial bottle FREE
DR. TAFT BROS., 185 ADELAIDE ST., W. TORONTO, ONT.

A BRILLIANT GAME.

The Victoria Baseball Team Defeats Seattle by a Score of Two to One.

The Finest Exhibition Game Ever Witnessed on the Caledonia Park.

Lacrosse Difficulties Adjusted—New Westminster Joins the League.

BASEBALL.

SATURDAY'S GAME.

Saturday's game between the Victoria and Seattle league teams was the best ever played in this city. The home team only received two runs, one of them being earned, and the visitors by the veriest chance only succeeded in escaping a shut-out. It was a pitcher's battle, in which Darby had slightly the best of it, though Butler was steady, and did not diminish his terrific speed at any stage of the game. Darby resorted to all the tricks and strategems known to twirlers, using his slow drop to great advantage, and aiming to give his fielders a chance rather than striving to pitch a strike-out game. Both pitchers were on their mettle and it was a battle royal. The battery work of both nines was perfect, neither having a passed ball nor wild pitch.

Umpire T. W. Edwards called the game punctually at three, and from the time that Lutz, the first on the batting list of the visiting nine, stepped to the plate there was not the slightest drag or delay; on the contrary the two nines put up as speedy and snappy a game of ball as the greatest admirer of the game could desire. The fine work performed was all the more deserving of notice on account of the high wind and chilly atmosphere.

The attendance was very large considering the disagreeable weather. The northern portion of the grand stand was crowded, the fair sex being represented by quite a number, and evidently taking much interest in the game.

Victoria scored in the first inning. Patton, who is evidently a waiter, trotted off to first on balls. He was advanced to second on O'Neill's sacrifice, and brought home on Whaling's smash to right. Just here it should be observed that there was a little team work. When Whaling hit the ball, Patton did not look to see where it was going, but made a dash to third and sprinted home for all he was worth. O'Neil and Whaling had lots to do in securing Victoria's first run, but if it hadn't been for Patton's superb base running, the first inning of the home nine would have resulted in a cypher.

In the third Victoria scored another tally. Patton got to first, after knocking up a fly which Blanford failed to secure. O'Neil made a fine hit, Klopf flied out, and Patton made the only other run that Victoria obtained on Whalen being put out on a slow grounder to second.

Seattle did not score in the first three innings, but in the fourth it looked as if there would be "fireworks." Seattle in this inning got the bases full and made three of the four hits secured by them. With bases covered, Darby temporarily lost control, and forced a run in on balls, but he was equal to the emergency, striking out Butler and retiring the side on Lutz's out from second to first. After the fourth neither team could get a man across the plate. Te fielding was brilliant, Pequigney's running catch of a high fly in left being of the phenomenal order. Babbitt's catching of two high flies at short was no less remarkable. O'Neil's general work was the best of the day. He made two timely hits, a sacrifice, and accepted everything that came his way. Captain Klopf handled his two grounders at third in fine style, his stop whilst running of a red-hot ball in the direction of second being received with much applause.

The Seattle fielders were equally nimble and reliable. Blanford made a grand stop of a hard hit ball from Klopf's bat behind second, and prevented what would have been under ordinary circumstances a base hit. Klopf was equally unfortunate in another direction when he attempted to place the ball in right and it dropped short into Brown's mit at first.

Kossuch back-stopped in a most satisfactory manner, although he had only one chance to cut off a base runner.

Before the last inning of the Seattle nine "Count" Campau had a consultation with his batters. Some scheme was hatched so that a run was to come in and the score be a tie. It is surmised that the plan of "Count" Campau was to get on first through called balls. But their wily machinations were foiled and their high hopes blasted when the "Count," to the chagrin of the team, struck out.

Capt. Klopf nearly had his hands wrenched off by the many enthusiastic people who were anxious to express their congratulations on the Victoria victory. As a result of the great game of ball played on Saturday, there are few who witnessed the brilliant play of the Victoria men who will deny that Captain Klopf has a team that will make the other league nines hustle to score against them.

Here is the score:

VICTORIA.

	AB.	R.	BH.	PO.	A.	E.
Patton, rf	3	2	0	1	0	0
O'Neill, 2b	3	0	2	2	4	0
Klopf, 3b	4	0	0	2	2	0
Whalen, 1b	4	0	1	10	0	0
Downs, cf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Babbitt, ss	2	0	0	4	2	0
Pequigney, lf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Darby, p	3	0	0	0	2	2
Kossuch, c	3	0	1	6	0	0
Totals	29	2	5	27	10	2

SEATTLES.

	AB.	R.	BH.	PO.	A.	E.
Lutz, lf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Ireland, 3b	4	0	1	0	2	0
Brown, 1b	4	0	0	10	1	0
Blandford, ss	4	0	1	3	2	1
Egan, 2b	3	1	1	1	4	0
Robinson, cf	3	0	0	5	0	0
Campau, rf	3	0	1	0	1	0
Frary, c	3	0	0	4	0	1
Butler, p	4	0	0	0	1	1
Totals	31	1	4	24	11	3

SCORE BY INNINGS.

Seattle	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1
Victoria	1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 *—2

SUMMARY.

Earned runs—Victoria 1.
Two-base hit—Ireland.
Sacrifice hit—O'Neill.
Bases on balls—By Darby 4, by Butler 2.
Hit by pitched ball—By Darby 1.
Struck out—By Butler 4, by Darby 6.
Left on bases—Seattle 8, Victoria 6.
Times—1:40.
Umpire—Mr. Edwards.

THE GUN.

Mr. F. S. MacClure won the handsome cup presented by Mr. Robert Dudgeon of the Cliff house. The final shoot took place Saturday over the Clover Point traps. Owing to the very high wind it was extremely difficult to do any accurate shooting. Mr. McClure's score was rather a low one, but his score in the former shoots were sufficiently high to give him the best aggregate. The following is a summary of the contest:

	Former Score.	Final Shoot.	Total
F. S. Maclure	63	16	79
W. H. Adams	57	20	77
C. W. Minor	60	17	77
B. H. John	55	21	76
F. H. Hewlings	Incomplete	17	..

LACROSSE.

A meeting of representatives of the senior lacrosse clubs of Victoria, Vancouver and Westminster was held at the Colonial hotel, New Westminster, on Saturday afternoon. Messrs. E. E. Blackwood, George A. Coldwell, and C. L. Cullin represented the Capital lacrosse club, of Victoria; Messrs. J. D. Hall, W. H. Quann and A. E. Suckling, the Vancouver club; and Messrs. J. S. C. Fraser, John E. Elliott, James Gow, and John Mahoney the Westminster club.

The Victoria delegates stated that the newly formed Capital lacrosse club had done all in its power to obtain possession of the banner donated by the Hudson's Bay Company for competition, and Mr. Ellis has finally agreed to hand it over to the club winning the championship this season. The Westminster delegates, after consideration, agreed to accept this arrangement, and the resolution disbanding the association was accordingly rescinded and the Capitals admitted to membership.

The election of officers then took place, resulting as follows: Hon. president, J. S. C. Fraser, New Westminster; president, Dr. Helmcken, Victoria; 1st vice-president, Capt. John Irving, Victoria; 2nd vice-president, J. D. Hall, Vancouver; secretary-treasurer, J. A. Mahoney, New Westminster; executive committee, Messrs. E. E. Blackwood, Victoria; W. H. Quann and D. A. Smith, Vancouver; J. Gow and J. E. Elliott, New Westminster.

M. J. H. Senkler, Vancouver, was appointed official referee. It was decided that in the event of the official referee being unable to act in that capacity at any match, the president shall appoint a referee in accordance with the by-laws of the association.

A schedule of matches was arranged as under:

May 16—Westminster vs. Vancouver, at Vancouver.
May 25— Vancouver vs. Victoria, at Victoria.
June 6—Victoria vs. Westminster, at Westminster.
June 20—Westminster vs. Victoria, at Victoria.
July 1—Victoria vs. Vancouver, at Vancouver.
July 11—Vancouver vs. Westminster, at Westminster.
July 25—Vancouver vs. Victoria, at Victoria.
August 1—Victoria vs. Westminster, at Westminster.
August 15—Westminster vs. Vancouver, at Vancouver.
August 29—Victoria vs. Vancouver, at Vancouver.
September 12—Vancouver vs. Westminster, at Westminster.
September 26—Westminster vs. Victoria, at Victoria.

HUNDREDS HOMELESS

A Million Dollars Goes up in Smoke in Cripple Creek's Big Blaze.

The Flames Were Only Checked by Blowing up Buildings With Dynamite.

Cripple Creek, April 27.—An angry courtesan threw a lamp at her lover and a million dollars' worth of property was destroyed in three hours. The lamp hit a stove, igniting the oil and setting fire to the furniture. In a few minutes the building was in flames. This was Gough's dance hall, on Meyers avenue, near Third. In a very short time the adjoining buildings had caught, despite the efforts of the fire department. It soon became evident that the conflagration was to be a big one, but no one thought it would reach such an area. A brisk wind sprung up. Then it was conceded by all that at least half a dozen buildings near the corner of Meyers and Third streets would go, and the occupants began to move out. But many had waited too long, and were unable to get to their goods. Some barely escaped with their lives, several women being dangerously burned.

Every minute added to the fury of the flames, and when the fire had spread several doors on either side the danger to the city was observed, but no one could realize how great the damage would be. The heat became so intense that buildings on the north side of Meyers street took fire. Then it was that the occupants of the stores and offices saw the danger and began to make preparations to save their possessions. Every wagon in town was pressed into service, and goods were hauled away. Not a tenth part of the goods were saved.

By the time the postoffice had caught it became evident that the only way to stop the progress oft he fire was to blow up buildings with dynamite. This was done under the supervision of the firemen, and a number of buildings had to be sacrificed before the fire had reached them. An accident occurred which cost a fireman his leg. He was placing a big charge under the Sisters' hospital, when it exploded, blowing his leg off.

The fire started by 1 o'clock, and by 4 o'clock it had demolished the blocks between Third and Fifth streets, on Meyers, and between Third and Fifth, on Bennett, stopping just this side of the new Midland depot and warehouse, between Third and Fifth street, on Eaton, were destroyed. of a few buildings on the Third street side. Nearly all the buildings between Third and Fifth street, on Eeaton, were destroyed. Many people lost everything they had. The burned district is to be covered at once with brick and stone buildings. The insurance will not exceed $250,000.

The property on Meyers avenue was occupied for the most part by the demimonde and saloons. The two-story theatres, the Topic and Holland's, were there, and innumerable dance halls. The postoffice, on Jennet avenue, is a total wreck, only the vault standing. Twenty thousand letters and thousands of packages were destroyed. The First National bank's vault is standing. All the books and papers were saved, and the bank opened for business, while its building was burning, in a room adjoining the Bi-metallic bank. The Episcopal and Congregational churches were destroyed. The city jail, in which were confined about twenty prisoners, has only the iron cages left. The prisoners were released. The Sisters' hospital was blown up after the patients had been removed to the Pike's Peak hospital.

A Weighty Question.

These days is how to make both ends meet. We will help you answer the question by quoting a few snaps:

California Roll Butter, 35c.
California Square Butter, 35c.
2 doz. Island Eggs, 35c.
Gal. Kegs Mixed Pickles, 65c.
English Ale, (Imported) 10c. Pint.
19 lbs. Granulated Sugar, $1.
10 lbs. American Rolled Oats, 25c.
Our Blend Tea, still 20c.

Just received: a shipment of Pure Maple Syrup and Maple Sugar and Fromage De Brie and Neufchate Cheese.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

REV. DR. CARMAN.

A Letter on the Manitoba School Question From the Venerable Supenintendent.

The Outrage Involved in Forcing Separate Schools on the Manitobans.

An Instructive Comparison Between Mr. Laurier and Sir Charles Tupper.

To the Editor of the Globe: The reply of the Manitoba government to the Dominion commissioners at Winnipeg on the school question pours a white light on this unjustifiable conflict, and sets forth in bold contrast the dignity of a people maintaining their unquestionable rights and the frenzy of a political aggression under the whip of an insatiable ecclesiasticism. Every one can see what the trouble is, and it will be a sad, if not fatal, day for Canada if the frenzy and aggression prevail. The secretary of state argues that there are no outbursts of public indignation, and seems quite content that popular uprisings have not arrested the recklessness of parliament. The calmness of a self-governing people in the presence of political explosives is a surprise to a man that sets a low estimate upon moral obligation and the bonds of intelligence in a patriotic citizenship. Sure enough, why do we not all rush to Ottawa and stop their folly and self-inflicted shame? The instruction of the Ottawa commissioners was, while coercive legislation was crowded on, to obtain terms "that would satisfy the minority." Gentle Sir Donald thinks that is pacific and ought to be a basis for final settlement. They have a right to pass the bill, he urges. Somebody about the time of the American revolution maintained that they had a right to shear the wolf, and must shear the wolf. They undertook to shear the wolf, and we have the revolted colonies and the free and independent United States of America. An amicable mediator ought to find a more generous policy. "Must satisfy the minority!" Exactly. Why not give the minority their rights as indicated in the decision of the law lords and let them be satisfied like other people when they get their rights? No; must satisfy that minority of half a dozen in Manitoba and half a hundred in Quebec, who never have been and never will be or can be satisfied.

Manitoba's ground is certainly solid, and as patriotic as it is solid. The reply to the Dominion government virtually was: "Separate schools are constitutionally abolished in Manitoba, and Manitoba alone can restore them. The higest court in the empire has so decided, and from their history and results we will have no more of them. We will gladly secure to the minority all that was contemplated as their right in the term 'grievance' of the subsequent decision of the law lords. We will provide the largest opportunity of religious instruction possible in connection with the public schools, or we will secularize the schools altogether, leaving it to the family and the church to provide religious instruction, as they ought to do. We will make sure work of taking Protestantism out of the schools if that will suit the complainants any better. But separate schools under the control of any religious hierarchy we certainly will not have maintained out of the public funds. Nor do we propose to turn the people of all the churches into tax-hunters for any one particular church. How far short of an outrage is it for the Dominion government under such circumstances, and in spite of such safeguards, to attempt to force separate schools upon such a people? If the wrong should ever reach that culmination, it will be interesting to see what the privy council in England will say of the constitutionality of such an enactment, when that learned body has already declared the abolition of separate schools constitutional and Manitoba within her rights in their abrogation. Well ascertained grievances we will say by all means redress, redress them generously, but this business of satisfying an insatiable minority, and under the cry of "constitution," disregarding constitutional decisions, is another matter. No one ought to expect parliament to break its neck in a hot chase of that kind.

The disgraceful spectacle now forced upon the gaze of the country by the house of commons is the fitting demonstration of a servile haste to satisfy the minority. Who can respect such legislation or such legislators? Grave remedial orders with precipitancy—they blame a rash young man for the act—and parliament hustled along day and night under goad and lash! The burlesque and irony of the scene are complete. The man raised in the separate schools is repudiated by the hierarchy because he stands for conciliation, freedom and deliberate legislation, while the men raised in the public schools prove their zeal for their ecclesiastical masters by rushing to enchain a province that claims the right to educate its own youth. It is not always to compare the highest of one type with the lowest of another, but viewing the leaders of the house of commons to-day, one is almost constrained to say: "Give us the Roman Catholic schools throughout. One of these leaders, at his peril, displays a moral heroism, and revives the country's hope; the other, tossing honor to the winds, violates the privacy of a privileged correspondence and mutilates the message. If that is the product of the public schools, we better be rid of them and join the separatists." There is a consolation, however, that the hierarchy repudiate as not akin to them a noble character they might claim, and adopt one not so noble, in the hope that he will better serve their purpose. There is a further consolation, that men grow up in the shadow of old tyrannies, who command our admiration, and achieve and maintain a cherished freedom. Were that not so, we had all been slaves together. Partizan and local jealousies aside, there are men in the house of commons in this struggle who command the respect of the country as champions of the liberties of the people. A. CARMAN.

Medicine Hat, N. W. T., April 15.

NEW SHIPPING POINT.

Messrs. Dunsmuir to Commence Extensive Works at Oyster Bay.

It is learned the Messrs. Dunsmuir are about to undertake extensive works at Oyster bay, in the vicinity of which is located the Alexandria mine, said to be the most valuable coal property they have yet discovered.

All the land fronting on Oyster bay has recently been acquired by them, and they will at once lay out a townsite. Gangs of men are to be immediately put to work clearing the ground.

The Alexandria mine will be thoroughly developed and all the coal now shipped from Departure bay will hereafter be shipped from Oyster bay, which is expected to speedily become a very lively town.

Valuable iron properties are in the immediate vicinity, and it is learned that the Messrs. Dunsmuir propose to erect a smelter and commence working the same in the immediate future.

WHAT IS IN A NAME?

That of Tupper Has Failed—How Magic Is That of Macdonald?

Winnipeg, April 27.—Hugh J. Macdonald left yesterday for Ottawa. His departure was kept secret, and very few knew of it until after he was gone. The natural inference that was drawn, as soon as the fact that Mr. Macdonald had left was made known, was that he went by invitation of Sir Charles Tupper to be sworn in as minister of the interior.

Hon. Joseph Martin was given a royal welcome home Saturday evening, when thousands of people gathered at the depot to greet him. From there they proceeded to Selkirk hall, where a mass meeting was held and speeches made by a dozen leading citizens complimenting Mr. Martin on his heroic defence of the province.

ROYAL Baking Powder has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

"Why, Tommy, you're not at the jam again, and only whipped for it an hour ago?"

"Yes, mamma; I heard you tell auntie you thought you'd whipped me too hard, and I thought I'd make it even."—Pearson's Weekly.

Jack Robinson (at the door)—Mrs. Robinson (hic), do you knowsh w'at's matter with me?

Mrs. J. Robinson (severely)—Yes, sir. You are drunk—very drunk.

J. R.—Mrs. Robinson (hic), correct; y're smart woman; you guessed it the first time.—To Date.

...ALL GOES...

"Merry as a Marriage Bell"

IN HOMES WHERE

White Star Baking Powder

IS USED.

For the "Blue Devils" of indigestion cannot resist the pure and wholesome baking which so uniformly results from the use of this matchless powder.