

To Provide Funds Must Increase The Assessment

Extra Expenditures For Schools Will Affect City Budget — North End Survey and Coal Pocket Discussed By Common Council

The comptroller's annual report on the books and finances of the board of school trustees for the year ending June 30, 1913, was the cause of some discussion at the weekly meeting of the common council yesterday afternoon, when the mayor said the increase in the expenditure of the school board would simply mean an increased assessment of \$1,000,000 to meet the demands of education.

The question of renewal of the city of the leases of certain lots was also discussed, the suggestion being made that an increase of from ten to twenty per cent. be made in rentals of ground, the buildings on which are not owned by the city.

More talk about the Dominion Coal Company's pocket at Rodney wharf resulted in no action, in view of the fact that an official application for the renewal of the lease has yet to be made by the company.

Routine matters were also dealt with. Those present were Mayor Frink, presiding; Commissioners Agar, Wagnor and McLellan, with the common clerk. On the recommendation of the acting commissioner of harbors, it was decided to place sanitary arrangements between No. 4 shed and the immigration coal bins on the west side, at a cost of \$45.

The commissioner further recommended that the request of the agents of the Donaldson line for the establishment of a wharf opposite wharf No. 4 at West St. John be not complied with, and that an application by the same company for permission to erect a landing ramp or platform in Water street near the McAvity building, be also not complied with.

The commissioner also reported, recommending that the chamberlain be instructed to collect \$40 from the Beaver Dredging Company for damages to the ladder at berth No. 3 and \$10 from the Norton Griffith Company for damage done at berth No. 1.

The commissioner recommended further that renewal leases for the term of seven years, each from May 1 last, be issued as follows, upon the common clerk being satisfied that the several parties are entitled thereto:

D. J. Gillis, lot No. 885, Dukes ward; annual rent, \$30.
Matthew Cavanaugh, lot No. 9, block G, Dukes ward; annual rent, \$30.
St. John Real Estate Company, lot No. 664, Queens ward; annual rent, \$20.
James Stirling, lot No. 382, Prince ward; annual rent, \$20.
Bartholomew Rogers, lot No. 941, Dukes ward; annual rent, \$20.
Bartholomew Rogers, lot No. 942, Dukes ward; annual rent, \$20.
M. Robertson, lot No. 737, Queens ward; annual rent, \$20.
George Tippet, lot No. 8, block D, Lancaster ward; annual rent, \$24.
Randolph & Baker, Ltd., lot Nos. 4 and 5, Greenhead, Lancaster, annual rent, \$250.

The resolution was adopted. His worship said that he thought an increase should be made in the payment of city lots of about ten or even twenty per cent.

The commissioner recommended that the lease to George Burns of a property in Morris street, Malville, at an annual rent of \$20 be renewed for seven years. Adopted.

A letter from M. Reekers, explaining difficulties about the payment of his taxes, was referred to the commissioner of finance.

A report of the conditions of the school at Millidgeville, made as a result of a recent petition of residents of that district, was received by the council, and a motion was passed requesting the commissioner of public affairs to send the report to the board of school trustees asking them to forward it to the petitioners.

Complaint had been made that the teachers of the Millidgeville school were not up to the standard of efficiency of those in the city schools, and that certain improvements were necessary in the school. The report stated that the efficiency of the teachers was well up to the standard and contained a recommendation that better heating arrangements be installed in the building, and that some repairs be made.

A petition from S. M. Wetmore that the drinking troughs for horses throughout the city be improved, was also received.

HER LITTLE SON WAS DYING

Gave Him "Fruit-a-tives" And Saved His Life

Campbellville, Ont., May 25, 1913. "Our little boy, Lawrence, was severely affected with chronic indigestion, and the doctor did not think would recover. He started with a sore mouth and it developed into this trouble. Everything he ate just passed right through his system without change. He cried incessantly and life was a misery to him. My husband had been using 'Fruit-a-tives' for indigestion, getting much benefit from them, and I thought what did him good, might help our boy. We tried 'Fruit-a-tives' giving Lawrence 1/2 a tablet at a time, and the result was marvelous. Today, he is the picture of health, and he is perfectly well."

Mrs. J. VANPLEET.
Box 6, 5 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

CORONER'S JURY URGES RESTRICTIONS FOR SALE OF FIREARMS

At the inquest into the death of little Joseph Caples which was held last night by Coroner Roberts, the following verdict was returned by the jury: "We, the coroner's jury, called together for the purpose of considering the death of Joseph Caples, find that the deceased came to his death by a shot from a .22 calibre rifle in the hands of Arthur Danovian, Sunday, November 3, 1913, on the old Westmain road, so-called, in the county of St. John. We believe that according to the evidence the death of Joseph Caples, was purely accidental. We would recommend that the proper authorities, the chief of police, or whoever it may be, be instructed by the government when laws are made relating to the sale of firearms, to advise all dealers in sense of such laws.

"We would further recommend that a law be enacted prohibiting the sale of revolvers to any person until the same be obtained, and a complete record of such sale, and who it may be, be instructed by the government when laws are made relating to the sale of firearms, to advise all dealers in sense of such laws.

"We would further recommend that a law be enacted prohibiting the sale of revolvers to any person until the same be obtained, and a complete record of such sale, and who it may be, be instructed by the government when laws are made relating to the sale of firearms, to advise all dealers in sense of such laws.

"The interest paid during the year was on debentures \$25,935.00, on over-draw account \$2,817.41; on over-draw coupons, \$407.50.

The interest on debentures now running is \$23,138.00.

"The amount expended on repairs to buildings and furnishings was \$11,647.44.

"In June last a new schedule was made in the fire insurance carried by the board on buildings and contents. This amounts to \$316,110.00.

Seventy-five per cent is carried by tariff companies, and 25 per cent by non-tariff companies. The rates being 1.15 p. c. and 1.00 p. c. for three years respectively. This insurance expires on June 30, 1914. A list of the companies answering is herewith handed you.

"The board also carries boiler insurance to the extent of \$5,000.

"The trustees expended \$2,684.68 more than their income, on the maintenance of schools during the past year. This is a matter that requires very careful consideration.

The sum mentioned by the mayor was only to meet the increase in teachers' salaries, and Commissioner Agar said that he was generally advised that these were still inadequate. He added that, as the citizens would not be content with insufficient teachers, it was up to them to put their hands in their pockets to pay for the value they receive. "A citizen with a family," he added, "gets more than his taxes back in the value he receives from the schools."

Portland, Me., Nov. 24.—An agreement was reached today by the "long-shoremen and steamship agents regarding wages, and every thing gone into has been in progress several weeks will be declared off. The men will have thirty-three cents an hour for day work on all freight except coal, on which they will be given thirty-five cents. They have been receiving thirty cents.

Urges Plebescite on Public Control of Kindergartens

T. H. Estabrooks Says School Board Should Take Over Work Annual Meeting of Free Kindergarten Association

Ways and means of bringing the kindergartens of this city under the control of the school board and having them thus supported by the public were discussed at the annual meeting of the Free Kindergarten Association last evening when the reports of the different officers were also read. An enthusiastic gathering of some fifty members of the association endorsed the proposal that steps should be taken without delay to bring the matter both before the school trustees and the provincial board of education.

W. F. Burdett was in the chair, and among those who expressed themselves as being strongly in favor of the kindergarten movement were W. F. Hatfield, T. H. Estabrooks, T. H. Bullock, Rev. F. S. Porter and A. M. Belding. The president, Mrs. P. E. Holman, reviewed the history of the association during its ten years of existence up to the present time, pointing out that four kindergartens were now organized, and that delegates had been chosen to meet the board of education, asking that they be added to the provincial normal school for the training of kindergarten teachers.

The superintendent of the movement, though much should be left to private enterprise.

Mrs. W. C. Matthews, supervisor of kindergartens, told of the practical side of the work. She thought that the fact that many of the children were irresponsible was due to poor feeding and housing.

The report of Mrs. C. F. Woodman, treasurer, for the year ending August 31, 1913, showed a balance on hand at the end of the year of \$1,109.24. The assets at the end of the previous year were \$1,070.88, while the receipts during the year, including the city's grant of \$500, donations and the proceeds of a tag day, amounted to \$2,223.28, bringing the total to \$2,823.81. The year's expenses totaled \$2,124.57, of which \$1,520 was devoted to the teachers' salaries.

It was pointed out that, while the balance on hand at the end of the last year was slightly in excess of that of 1912, many further expenses, including general increases of teachers' salaries and the addition of a fourth kindergarten, would call for some \$2,400 expenditure during the current year, while of this only \$500 would be provided for by the city's grant.

Mrs. Manning Doherty, who had graduated in kindergarten work from the Toronto normal school and taken post-graduate courses in New York, said that it seemed an appalling thing that in this city there were as yet only four kindergartens, as she was convinced that the continuity of study resulting from the conjunction of kindergartens with the public schools was absolutely essential for the fullest development of children.

Mrs. Doherty commented on the local enthusiasm shown here among the few who are interested in the work, and urged the necessity for arousing general interest among the public in what seemed such a vital matter.

W. F. Hatfield pointed out that statistics showed that New Brunswick was considerably behind the other provinces in the matter of education. He was strongly in favor of having the kindergartens under the control of the school board. He was of the opinion that more than play should be taught to the children.

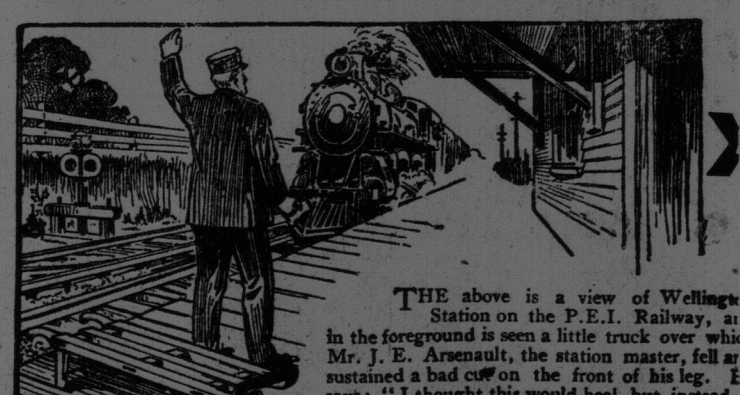
T. H. Bullock, a school trustee, said that it was the business of the citizens to advocate kindergartens and the trustees were not to blame for any inaction. The matter, he said, should be placed before the board of education by the citizens. Mr. Bullock promised to give his support to the association of classes in the city schools.

T. H. Estabrooks said the kindergarten was a most vital part of the educational system of any community. It was the duty of the state to provide it and the right of the child to have it. It would be better, he said, to do away with the high schools than to dispense with kindergartens. He thought the reason why the local association was not making more rapid progress was the fact that no pressure was brought to bear on the school board. If a referendum to the citizens was made, he was convinced that public opinion would be aroused and the views of the association, and that all that was needed was to push the matter and use the medium of publicity.

He supported the idea of having a vote taken at the next civic election. A. M. Belding said he was in favor of incorporating the kindergartens with the public school system, saying that this was necessary to make it a strong organization.

Mr. Bullock said that before the matter were referred to the citizens, it would be necessary to have an act of the legislature passed and get the city to increase the assessment. A committee was appointed to place the matter before the school trustees and the meeting adjourned.

Blames Defalcation.
Hearing was continued before Mr. Justice McKewen yesterday afternoon on the petition of Keith A. Barber for the winding up of the May Queen Steamship Company, Ltd. The cross-examination of Charles F. Sanford, president of the company, was finished, and Keith A. Barber was examined. The application is made on the grounds that three-quarters of the capital stock has become lost or unavailable. Mr. Barber yesterday declared in evidence that he attributed part of the losses of



THE above is a view of Wellington Station on the P.E.I. Railway, as in the foreground is seen a little truck over which Mr. J. E. Arsenault, the station master, fell as he sustained a bad cut on the front of his leg. E says: "I thought this would heal, but instead it did so it developed into a bad ulcer and later in a form of eczema which spread very rapidly and also started on the other leg. Both legs became swollen and sore that I could only go about my work by having them bandaged."

"I consulted a doctor, who treated the sores for a time, but they got no better so he advised me to stop working. I did not want to do that, and consulted another doctor, having tried every remedy I could think of for six months without avail. The second doctor's treatment gave me no better results. The sores were very painful and continued to spread."

"I tried all the salves, ointments and lotions I heard of, but instead of getting better I got worse."

"This was my condition when I got my first box of Zam-Buk. Greatly to my delight that first box gave me relief. I continued to apply it to the sores, and day by day they got better."

"I could see that at last I had got hold of something which would cure me. I knew that a chronic case such as mine would take a good deal of time to cure, so it seemed to me that Zam-Buk was altogether different and superior to all the other preparations I had tried, and that perseverance with its use would have the right result. Well, I continued the Zam-Buk treatment, and in the end it cured me completely."

"It is now over a year since Zam-Buk worked a cure in my case, and there has been no return of the eczema or any trace of it. It would be impossible to find a case where the sores were worse than those on my limbs, and I think Zam-Buk is a marvelous healing balm or it could not have cured me as it did when all else failed."

ZAM-BUK
THE GREAT HOUSE-HOLD REMEDY

FREE TRIAL
The above article proves the great value of Zam-Buk for skin diseases. Cut out this article, write on it the name of the dealer and mail it (with 1c stamp to pay return postage) to Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. Free box will be sent you by return.

his support to the association of classes in the city schools.

T. H. Estabrooks said the kindergarten was a most vital part of the educational system of any community. It was the duty of the state to provide it and the right of the child to have it. It would be better, he said, to do away with the high schools than to dispense with kindergartens. He thought the reason why the local association was not making more rapid progress was the fact that no pressure was brought to bear on the school board. If a referendum to the citizens was made, he was convinced that public opinion would be aroused and the views of the association, and that all that was needed was to push the matter and use the medium of publicity.

He supported the idea of having a vote taken at the next civic election. A. M. Belding said he was in favor of incorporating the kindergartens with the public school system, saying that this was necessary to make it a strong organization.

Mr. Bullock said that before the matter were referred to the citizens, it would be necessary to have an act of the legislature passed and get the city to increase the assessment. A committee was appointed to place the matter before the school trustees and the meeting adjourned.

Blames Defalcation.
Hearing was continued before Mr. Justice McKewen yesterday afternoon on the petition of Keith A. Barber for the winding up of the May Queen Steamship Company, Ltd. The cross-examination of Charles F. Sanford, president of the company, was finished, and Keith A. Barber was examined. The application is made on the grounds that three-quarters of the capital stock has become lost or unavailable. Mr. Barber yesterday declared in evidence that he attributed part of the losses of

the company last year to the defalcation of one of the employees of the company.

Adjournment was made until Saturday at 12 o'clock. J. B. M. Baxter, C. and Francis Kerr appeared for the holders supporting the petition, and Mullin, K. C., and Geo. H. V. Be for shareholders opposing the application.

BEST LAXATIVE FOR BOWELS—"CASCARET"

When Constipated, Headache, Bileous, Breach Bad, Stomach Sour

Get a 10-cent box. Are you keeping your bowels, in stomach clean, pure and fresh? Cascarets, or merely forcing a passage every few days with Salts, Castor Oil, Purgative Pills, or other harsh and dangerous remedies?

Stop having a bowel wash-day. Cascarets thoroughly cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour fermenting food and foul gases, the excess bile from the system and out of the system all the constipation waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascarets tonight will make you feel great by morning. They work you sleep—never gripes, sickness or inconvenience, and cost only cents a box from your druggist. Millions of men and women take a Cascarets and then never have Headache, Bileousness, Constipated Tongue, Indigestion, Sour Stomach or Constipated Bowels. Cascarets belong in every household. Children just love to take them.

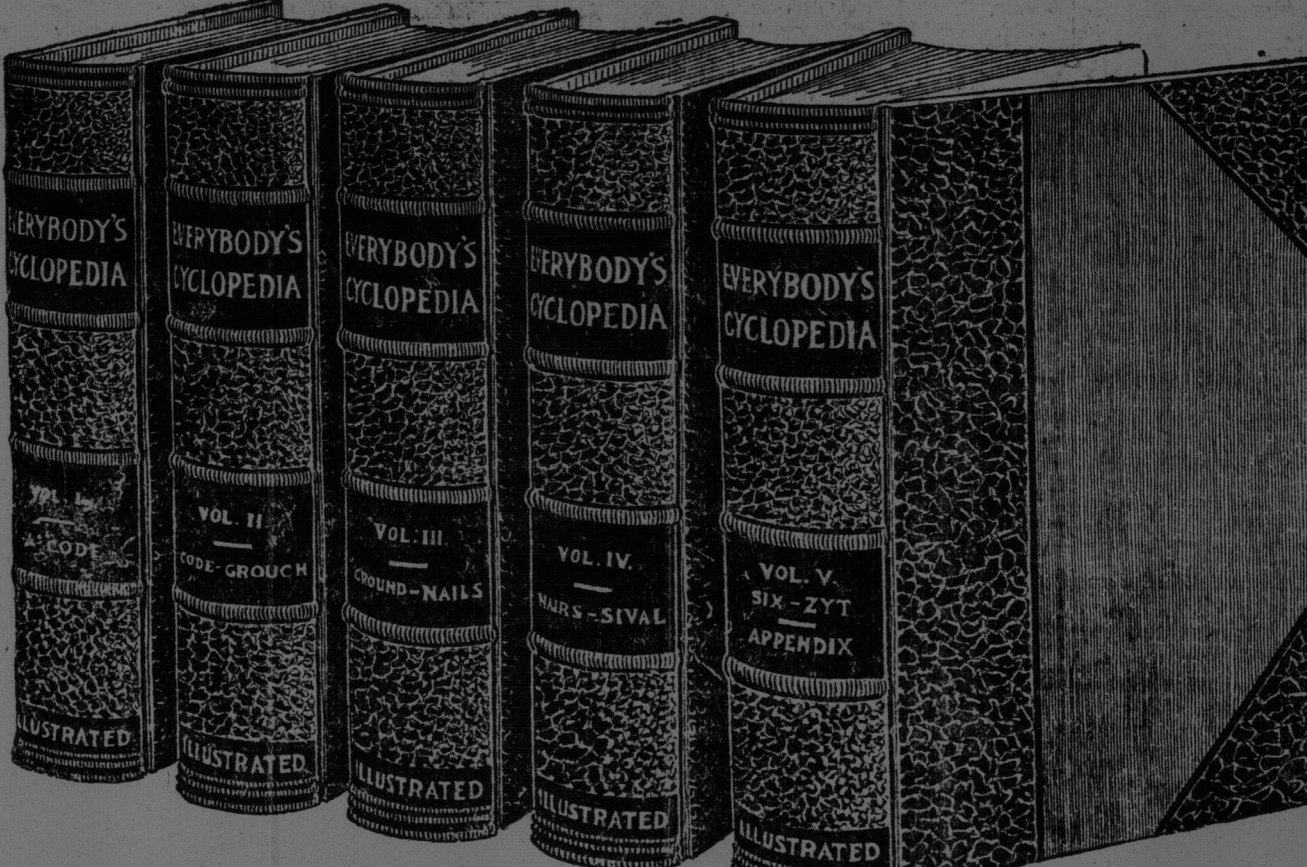
The Telegraph and Times Second Bargain Offer

\$1.98 EVERYBODY'S \$1.98

For the 5 Volumes

CYCLOPEDIA

For the 5 Volumes



Many hundreds of our readers were disappointed in not being able to get the five beautiful volumes last week. Nobody could possibly have anticipated the immense demand on us, and we are now taking steps to see that every reader is supplied next Thursday and Friday. So clip the coupon from page 2, and be ready for the grand distribution.

IT PAYS TO BE A READER OF THE TELEGRAPH AND TIMES.

The \$10.02 saved on the purchase price of this set would pay for The Telegraph for 2, or The Times for more than 8 years.

GREATLY REDUCED ILLUSTRATION OF THE \$12 SET.

Remember the Days of Sale -- Thursday, Nov. 27, and Friday, Nov. 28

The price of the large Encyclopaedia sets is usually so high, from \$50 to \$100, that they are invariably sold on the installment plan. The publishers of "Everybody's Cyclopaedia" took advantage of these facts, and from a revision of all these various large and good encyclopedias they have compiled all that is good—all that is necessary—and have merely eliminated or condensed that which would be of interest to a specialist or technical student.

Mail Orders
The sets are too bulky to be sent by mail, but out-of-town readers can have them for the \$1.98, the set to be sent by express, shipping charges to be paid by the receiver.

MEAT INJURIOUS TO THE KIDNEYS

Take a Tablespoonful of Salts If Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers

We are a nation of meat eaters and our blood is filled with uric acid, says a well-known authority, who warns us to be constantly on guard against kidney trouble.

The kidneys do their utmost to free the blood of this irritating acid, but become weak from the overwork; they get sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and thus the waste is retained in the blood to poison the entire system.

When your kidneys ache and feel like lumps of lead, and you have stinging pains in the back or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment, or the bladder is irritable, obliging you to seek relief during the night, when you have severe headaches, nervous and dizzy spells, sleeplessness, acid stomach or rheumatism in bad weather, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning and in a few days your kidneys will act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys, to neutralize the acids in urine so it is no longer a source of irritation, thus ending urinary and bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink, and nobody can make a mistake by taking a little occasionally to keep the kidneys clean and active.