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Northwest Wheat Markets Weak Winnipeg Leads the Decline

Heavy Receipts Tend to Drive Prices Lower—Chicago Market Easier—Winnipeg Sept. Option Off 2 3-8 Cents.

World Office. Monday Evening, August 1. The Liverpool Grain Exchange was closed to-day. September wheat at Chicago closed 3/4c lower than on Saturday; September corn 1/2c lower, and September oats unchanged. October wheat at Winnipeg closed 3/4c lower than on Saturday; October oats 1/2c lower. Chicago car lots to-day: Wheat, 458; contract, 333. Corn, 172.54. Oats, 162.54. Winnipeg receipts of wheat to-day were 100 cars, against 121 a week ago and 14 a year ago. Northwest wheat receipts to-day were 333 cars, against 296 a week ago, and 32 a year ago.

Visible Supply. The visible supply of grain in the United States, with comparisons, is as follows: Wheat, 1,252,000 bushels. Last week, 1,252,000. This week, 1,252,000. Last year, 1,252,000. Corn, 2,300,000 bushels. Last week, 2,300,000. This week, 2,300,000. Last year, 2,300,000. Oats, 2,300,000 bushels. Last week, 2,300,000. This week, 2,300,000. Last year, 2,300,000.

Chicago Market. J. P. Bickell & Co., Manufacturers Life Building, report following quotations on the Chicago Board of Trade: July 30. Open. High. Low. Close. Wheat—109 1/2, 109 3/4, 109 1/4, 109 1/2. Dec. 104 1/2, 104 3/4, 104 1/4, 104 1/2. May 108 1/2, 108 3/4, 108 1/4, 108 1/2. Corn—Sept. 64 3/4, 64 1/2, 64 1/4, 64 1/2. Dec. 61 1/2, 61 3/4, 61 1/4, 61 1/2. Oats—Sept. 37 1/2, 37 3/4, 37 1/4, 37 1/2. Dec. 34 1/2, 34 3/4, 34 1/4, 34 1/2. Rye—Sept. 11 1/2, 11 3/4, 11 1/4, 11 1/2. Dec. 11 1/2, 11 3/4, 11 1/4, 11 1/2.

Winnipeg Market. The Winnipeg market for wheat was weak to-day, with prices declining 3/4c. The market for corn was also weak, with prices declining 1/2c. The market for oats was steady, with prices unchanged. The market for rye was also steady, with prices unchanged.

Winnipeg Sept. Option. The Winnipeg market for September wheat option was weak to-day, with prices declining 2 3/8c. The market for September corn option was also weak, with prices declining 1 1/2c. The market for September oats option was steady, with prices unchanged.

Winnipeg Wheat Market. The Winnipeg market for wheat was weak to-day, with prices declining 3/4c. The market for corn was also weak, with prices declining 1/2c. The market for oats was steady, with prices unchanged. The market for rye was also steady, with prices unchanged.

Winnipeg Sugar Market. The Winnipeg market for sugar was weak to-day, with prices declining 1/2c. The market for coffee was also weak, with prices declining 1/2c. The market for tea was steady, with prices unchanged.

WESTERN CANADA From the Viewpoint of a Westerner.

Of all the countries that are in the public eye to-day, Western Canada leads the list. Western Canada, the land of promise, the land which thousands of immigrants are hurrying from the old world, the land which from that great agricultural district south of it, the last great west which it virgin soil, with its boundless prairies, waiting to be planted, waiting to grow crops, raise stock which will place it at the head of all nations as a great and unrivaled producing country.

Agriculture, the basis of all wealth, is the handloom which Western Canada will hand down. Agriculture, the corner stone upon which the United States built, the stepping stone upon which Denmark got her start, will in a few years come give to Canada that fame which can only come to a country which possesses the unprecedented advantage of soil, climate and sufficient rainfall as the prairie provinces have.

More Colleges Needed. In one country the necessity of teaching agriculture is the first consideration, the colleges there impressing the importance of it upon each district. The government has gone to its farmers. Canada has only had the one college in Canada for the raising of over two hundred thousand families on the farms a chance for their boys to get the technical training so much needed in Canada. It is not far from many parts of the country.

Compelling With Denmark. But the population has grown fast here, faster than the production of cereals. Cereals become the first consideration, live stock the second; the result was decreased crops, which brought high prices for grains, so high that the farmer could not get a fair price for his grain. Now the United States is not the big exporting country that she was once, she has lost her usefulness and she will be a lucky country if she is not forced to go into the markets of the world herself in the next few years.

Denmark is a grain farmer, he will only back down, conserve her natural resources and keep up the fertility of her soil, take her place as a distributor. For the purpose of illustration, a comparison with Denmark will be made, and only one branch of agriculture will be chosen for comparison. Denmark is chosen on account of having the same kind of weather conditions, a short season for growing crops, and only one crop, wheat. Success in wheat raising, something that Canada has hardly begun to take hold of. And another and greater reason to show what wheat raising will do, to show the tremendous opportunity knocking at Canada's door.

Denmark in area is about 15,000 square miles. The prairie provinces 220,000. Her surface is flat, very much exposed to the sweeping winter winds, so is it Canada. The soil in Denmark is rich, much in Canada is the same. The population is about two and a half million, the prairie provinces hardly as many. Every Acre an Asset. Practically every acre of Denmark is an asset, inasmuch as it produces something. Something of a monetary value, something productive of results in agricultural development. In the prairie provinces we find less than 5 per cent of the land under the plow.

It seemed for a while that Canada was in a deep sleep, satisfied to dream on and on of wheat, wheat and more wheat, but lately she has evidenced signs of awakening and the idea of mixed farming seems to have been born. Mixed farming, that powerful friend of agriculture, holds a place prominently secure wherever tried. It builds up the home, makes our best men contribute in manifold ways to make farming a pleasure and a lucrative business.

Along about 1870 to 1875 Denmark had the lowest mark in agricultural prosperity, an exodus to foreign countries began, and of such magnitude did the exodus seem of an impending decline that prompt and energetic steps were taken by the government. So constant and effective was the work done that to-day no country in the world enjoys the same blessing from conditions so humble as the arid soil offered.

72 CORDS AT UNION YARDS QUALITY GENERALLY GOOD

Trade Steady to Firm at Last Monday's Quotations—Hogs Selling at \$9.35 Cwt.

Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards were 72 car loads, consisting of 1,088 cattle, 274 hogs, 664 sheep and lambs, and 19 calves. The quality of fat cattle generally was medium to good. The quality of hogs was good in every department of live stock, everything being sold by 2 1/2 to 3 cts. Exporters.

Export cattle were in fairly good demand at about Monday's quotations. Export hogs were sold from \$7.75 to \$8.00, but two or three loads reached the latter part of the week, highest prices being \$8.00 to \$8.25. Export sheep were sold from \$4.00 to \$4.25. Export calves were sold from \$3.00 to \$3.25.

Butcher's cattle were steady at last Monday's prices, as follows: Prime round steers, \$10.00; heavy, \$9.50; medium, \$9.00; common, \$8.50; culls, \$8.00. Butcher's sheep were sold from \$4.00 to \$4.25. Butcher's hogs were sold from \$9.00 to \$9.25.

Representative Sales. A. W. Mayhew sold 1 load of exporters, 120 lbs. each, at \$6.00. J. P. Bickell & Co. sold 1 load of exporters, 120 lbs. each, at \$6.00. J. P. Bickell & Co. sold 1 load of exporters, 120 lbs. each, at \$6.00.

Market Notes. Rice & Whaley bought 100 bushels of choice northwest wheat at the market Tuesday. This firm has made arrangements to buy 100 bushels of choice northwest wheat at the market Tuesday. This firm has made arrangements to buy 100 bushels of choice northwest wheat at the market Tuesday.

Montreal Stock Yards. MONTREAL, Aug. 1.—At the Montreal Stock Yards West End Market the offerings of live stock this morning amounted to 300 cattle, 200 sheep and lambs, and 100 hogs and calves. There was no important change in the condition of the market for cattle since last Wednesday, except that probably the feeling was a trifle firmer for the best grades, owing to the fact that the supply of such was somewhat limited, but the lower grades were plentiful and values showed no improvement. The gathering of buyers was fairly large, and as the weather was more favorable for the market, the requirements and prices in consequence showed no actual change as compared with the previous day.

At the English Royal Show at Liverpool 69 Shorthorns sold at an average of about \$48, more than two-thirds of them being bulls, which averaged around \$60, one bull selling at \$25 to \$30 to Argentina. The 19 cows averaged \$20. Americans bought quite liberally. In 1909 there were 609 Shorthorns bred and raised in England and Scotland, 100 in the Argentine, South Africa taking 101, Australia 11, Canada 25, Germany 8, Japan 4, Russia 2 and the United States 40.

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C. Zeagman & Sons Live Stock Commission Agent Room 14, Exchange Building, Western Cattle Market. All kinds of live stock bought and sold on commission.

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