

Light Infantry then marched into the Town, commanded by Col. Haldimand, in the following Order of Proceſſion, viz.

I. A Twelve-pounder with a Flag ; — and a Detachment of Royal Artillery.

II. The Grenadiers of the Line, commanded by Col. Maſſey.

III. The Light Infantry of the Line, commanded by Col. Amherſt ; each with a Band of Muſic before them ; — and the eldeſt Enſign in General Amherſt's Army to take Poſſeſſion of the Colours of the eight French Regiments.

Sept. the 9th. The Colours of Shirley's and Pepperell's Regiments, loſt at Oſwego in 1756, were marched out of Montreal by a Detachment of Grenadiers and a Band of Muſic, and carried down the Right of our Line to the Head Quarters, where they were lodged.

General Orders. *Camp before Montreal, Sept. 9, 1760.*

Parole — King GEORGE — and CANADA.

"The General fees, with infinite Pleaſure, the Succeſs that has crowned the indefatigable Efforts of his Majesty's Troops, and faithful Subjects in America. The Marquis de Vaudreuille has capitulated ; the

Troops of France in Canada have laid down their Arms, and are not to ſerve during the War ; the whole Country ſubmits to the Dominion of Great Britain ; the three Armies are intitled to the General's Thanks on this Occaſion ; and he aſſures them, that he will take the Opportunity of acquainting his Majesty with the Zeal and Bravery, which has always been exerted by the Officers and Soldiers of the Regulars, and Provincial Troops, and alſo by his faithful Indian Allies.

"The General is confident, when the Troops are informed that this Country is the King's, they will not diſgrace themſelves by the leaſt Appearance of Inhumanity, or by unfoldier-like Behaviour, in taking any Plunder, more eſpecially as the Canadians become now Britiſh Subjects, and will feel the good Effect of his Majesty's Protection."

The Indians, who had been in the French Intereſt, hoiſted a Union Flag in Sight of Montreal, ſome Time before General Amherſt arrived there ; and ſhewed the utmoſt Complaiſance to our Army, ſaying, that, "Now they found we were Men, they would be good Friends to us."

COUNTRY NEWS.

Portsmouth, THE Grand Expedition Fleet Dec. 13, came back to Spithead, and the Transports, with the Forces on Board, came into Harbour, and diſembarked as faſt as poſſible.

15. We may inform the Public, ſo far as it appears to us, that the Cauſe of the Expedition Fleet being countermanded, is ſuppoſed to be the Sickneſs of the Troops and Horſes, the latter of which had, for ſeveral Days, reſuſed all Kinds of Fodder ; the Length of Time they had been embarked, the tempeſtuous Weather they have had ever ſince, and riding at Anchor in ſuch a ſwelling Sea, might, had they continued a few Days longer, been attended with the Loſs of a great Number of the Troops, and all the Horſes. Such Numbers of Troops were ill on Board ſome Ships, that there was not a ſufficient Number of the Soldiery to attend their ſick Brethren, which Duty was moſt kindly diſcharged by the Seamen. They are to be kept in Readineſs to be embarked the Beginning of February, or ſooner, if fa-

vourable Weather for the Sailing of ſo large a Fleet. — To the Honour of the Officers both of Land and Sea, it is remarked, that they were regular and tender in attending the Sick, and ſeeing them well provided with freſh Meat, Vegetables, and Broths.

Norwich, Dec. 5. About 7 in the Evening, there happened a ſudden Storm of Hail and Rain, with a Flaſh of Lightning that burſt into ſeveral Parts, reſembling Balls of Fire which fell in many Parts of the City, followed inſtantly by a Clap of Thunder not diſtinguiſhable from the Exploſion of a ſingle Piece of Cannon, but did no harm.

From Canterbury we learn, that a like Phenomenon happened there, but the Ball of Fire penetrated the Spire, ſinged the Floor of one of the Stages, beat down ſome Bricks and Plaiſter, left ſome Marks of Violence on the Side of the Building, and after paſſing nine Stagings, forced its Way out at the Bottom of the Tower, doing but little Damage.