

ARTICLE 164.

The ordinary expenses arising out of the provisions of this Convention, and in particular those due to the increase of the staff employed by the Egyptian Sanitary, Maritime and Quarantine Board, shall be defrayed by an additional yearly contribution by the Egyptian Government of a sum of £E. 4,000, which may be paid out of the surplus of the lighthouse dues remaining at the disposal of that Government:

Provided always that from this sum shall be deducted the amount produced by an additional quarantine charge of 10 P.T. (piastres tariff) on each pilgrim, to be levied at Tor.

In the event of the Egyptian Government finding difficulty in bearing this part of the expenses, the Powers represented on the Sanitary, Maritime and Quarantine Board shall come to an understanding with that Government with a view to its sharing the burden of the expenses.

ARTICLE 165

The Egyptian Sanitary, Maritime and Quarantine Board shall bring into harmony with the provisions of this Convention the regulations it now applies relating to plague, cholera, and yellow fever, and also the regulations regarding arrivals from Arabian ports in the Red Sea during the pilgrimage season.

If necessary, it shall revise, to the same end, the general sanitary, maritime and quarantine police regulations now in force.

These regulations shall not become effective until accepted by the several Powers represented on the Board.

II.—VARIOUS PROVISIONS

ARTICLE 166

The sums realized by sanitary charges and fines levied by the Sanitary, Maritime and Quarantine Board may in no case be used for any purpose other than that of the said Board.

ARTICLE 167

The High Contracting Parties undertake that their Public Health Departments shall frame a set of instructions intended to enable ship captains, particularly when there is no doctor on board, to carry out the provisions of this Convention regarding plague, cholera and yellow fever.

PART V

Final Provisions

ARTICLE 168

This Convention replaces, as between the High Contracting Parties, the provisions of the Convention signed at Paris on the 17th January, 1912, and also those of the Convention signed at Paris on the 3rd December, 1903, in so far as the latter may be still in force. These two Conventions shall remain in force as between the High Contracting Parties and any State which is a party thereto and is not a party to this Convention.