the innocent has also probably a good deal to not unlikely that we may use it soon for respected citizen and said to be well off, has become security for his erring son, the condidition I understand being, that he pay interest on the amount during his life and that the principal be paid after his death out of his estate. He is an old man, verging on eighty

Another of the commercial land marks of Montreal has been removed by death. Mr. Wm. Darling passed away on Sunday last, at his residence, Hochelaga, near that city, to the sorrow of a large family connection and an extensive circle of friends and acquaintances. The deceased gentleman was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, sixty-six years ago, and came to Canada in 1840. cstablishing himself in the iron and hardware trade, with which, he has ever since then been connected. His firm was highly successful, as it deserved to be, for its principal was a man of honesty, of thoroughness and of determination, and it became widely known throughout Canada. So wide was the experience of William Darling, so well up was he in the French code and in English civil procedure, and so thoroughly aware of the wants of the mercantile body that he was described as having the best knowledge of insolvency law of any man in the Dominion. And he was largely consulted in framing the Insolvency Act of 1875. For several years he held the presidency of the Montreal Board of Trade, and the Dominion Board of Trade chose him for its vice-president. He was a director of the Merchants Bank of Canada, and prominent in Church affairs and in other directions requiring clearheadedness and public spirit. His was an active and a useful life; his sons and successors have reason to be proud of his memory, and may well follow his example of intelligent industry, diligence and probity. The chief mourners at the funeral on Tuesday were his four sons, William and James of Montreal, Andrew and Thomas of the Toronto House, his brother, Thomas Darling, of Montreal, and Henry W. Darling of this city. The pall bearers were Messrs. Andrew Allan, George Hague, James Croil, James Robertson, J. Kerry and Jonathan Hodgson.

TORONTO was among the first places on this continent to use coal gas for illuminating purposes. As far back as 1842, Albert Furniss had gas works in Toronto and charged \$5.00 per 1,000 feet for it. Great changes have come about since that day, changes in the extent and condition of the city and in the uses of coal gas as well. Not only is the present gas a better illuminant at one- ourth the price, but we use it instead of steam in engines, instead of wood or coal for summer stoves, and it is

STEELE BROS. & CO.

Seed and Produce Merchants,

Cor. Front & Jarvis Sts.,

TORONTO.

Correspondence invited from parties wishing to buy or sell

CLOVER SEEDS. TIMOTHY SEEDS,

Beans, Flax, Oats, Bran, Shorts, BALED HAY AND STRAW,

do with it. In the case of Clarke, his father a house-heating. Probably no impost laid upon pater-familias more often occasions disturbance than the gas bill. How often is it complained of as exorbitant, how rarely is its amount less than one expects? In fact, the use of gas is so agrecable a luxury that one rarely discerns at the time of using it how much he uses. The Consumers' Gas Co. is being threatened with opposition, which may be all right; it is also roundly abused in print as a bloated monopoly, which sort of abuse is sure to be popular. But let us at any rate see what it is doing for the public. In 1848, when the works were taken over from Mr. Furniss, the price of gas in Toronto was reduced from \$5 to \$4; a meter-rent was charged which has since been abolished; by 1877 the price had been voluntarily brought down to \$2.50 net, and repeated reductions since have brought the price to \$1.10 to \$1.25 per 1,000 feet, net, according to the quantity used. This is undoubtedly cheap gas, cheaper thon twenty out of twenty-two other cities in America furnish it, and if the Consumers' Co. can make, out of gas at such a price, the money alleged by its revilers, it may be complimented on its ingenuity but certainly cannot be fairly accused of extortion upon the public. One thing is tolerably clear, that so long as the company in question keeps the price of its gas the lowest (except Pittsburg) in America, the less likelihood, or indeed need, will there be of an opposition company.

STOCKS IN MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 4th, 1885.

STOCKS.	Highest.	Lowest.	Total.	Sellers.	Buyers.	Average '84.
Montreal	2)7½ 112 77 124 191 75 119 131 6) 129 60½ 131½ 195½ 51½ 45	205 107½ 72 119 188 64 118 130 45 127½ 59½ 49½ 49½ 200½	155 152 10 30 267 24 601 640 325 403 4981 3651 600 200	2063 112 124 190 72 119 1302 60 129 60 125 195 195 202	205½ 109 72 119 66 118 45 128 60 125 195 50 42 201	190 110 44 110 174
	1					1

—The Midland and North Shore Lumber Co's mill at Parry Sound closed down for the season last Thursday. The season's cut was a large one.

Sand-Paper,

Neats Foot Oil. Blacking.

PETER R. LAMB & CO.

Manufacturers.

FEEDING STUFFS, &c. &c TORONTO.

BRYCE, McMURRICH & CO.

ARE SHOWING A

FINE RANGE

Autumn Dress Goods.

MANTLE CLOTHS.

ULSTERINGS.

Stock in all Departments well assorted.

BRYCE, McMURRICH & CO.,

43 Yonge St., - - - Toronto.

S. F. McKINNON & Co.

IMPORTERS OF Millinery Goods, Fancy Dry Goods, Mantles, Silks, &c.

Cor. Wellington and Jordan Sts.,

TORONTO.

2 Fountain Court, Aldermanbury, London, En g

NEW FRUITS.

Valencias, Selected Valencias, Sultanas, Elemes, London Layers, Black Baskets Blue Baskets, Superior Dehesa, Finest Vega, Vostizza, Patras and Provincial Currants; Malaga Figs in Mats. Finest Elme Figs in 1, 2, 5, 10, 15 and 20 lb. boxes; Leghorn, Citron, Lemon and Orange Peel.

TEAS, TEAS, TEAS, TEAS, CROP 1885-86.
Young Hysons, Gunpowder, Congous, Oolongs,

Japans, Assams and S. O. Pekoes.

EBY, BLAIN &

Importers and Wholesale Grocers, COR. FRONT & SCOTT STS., TORONTO.

