

were continued, the swelling rapidly diminished and the part assumed a more natural appearance; sensation was completely restored, and free movement of the fingers became possible as the swelling disappeared. On Feb. 5th, the wound had almost healed, and the parts were in a natural condition.

CYST UNDER THE OCCIPITO-FRONTALIS MUSCLE FOLLOWING INJURY -OPERATION - RECOVERY.

UNDER THE CARE OF DR. NEVITT IN THE
HOUSE OF PROVIDENCE, TORONTO

L. H. *et. 10.*

Last November she was playing with some children and, while running swiftly past the corner of a house, struck her head against a projecting brick, receiving a very severe blow. She cried for a time but soon resumed her play, and thought no more of her head until three days after, when the injured area became swollen and painful.

The swelling, which was situated on the right side of the head, midway between the occipital protuberance and the parietal eminence, increased, and the pain became so severe that she was unable to sleep at night. Hot poultices were applied, and these relieved the pain. Two weeks after the accident the swelling was tapped by means of a trochar and cannula; some pus was withdrawn but the cavity refilled rapidly. Two days subsequently the tumour was opened and a drainage tube inserted, the cavity then seemed to close, but after removal of the tube swelling and pain again occurred.

It was opened a second time, two weeks after the first operation, and a drainage tube inserted; the tube was left in for three or four days and, the discharge ceasing, it was removed.

A few weeks after this Dr. Nevitt first saw the patient; the swelling had reappeared; there was a soft tumour, apparently under the occipito-frontalis muscle, its limits could be fairly well-defined: fluid was contained, without tension, in a loose baggy sac. The scar of the old opening was incised and about two ounces of an oleaginous fluid, sticky to the feel and brownish in color, were withdrawn; strands of catgut were inserted as a drain and a dry absorbent dressing applied; the wound healed readily.

The sac, however, refilled, and on January 30th she was put under chloroform, and a free incision was made through the entire length of the tumour, extending from a little above the occipital protuberance to within about one-half an inch of the right parietal eminence. The lining of the cavity was white, glistening, and smooth, the walls gliding smoothly on each other, the floor was apparently formed by the pericranium. The cavity was then stuffed with iodoform gauze, and allowed to granulate from the bottom. It was, at first daily and then every second day, washed out with carbolic acid solution and dressed with the gauze. At the first dressing there was a considerable discharge of pus and blood: but since then there has been very little.

When last seen, February 10th, extensive granulations had formed, quite filling up the cavity, and healing was progressing very satisfactorily.

(For notes of these two cases we are indebted to Miss Mary A. Gifford and Miss L. Graham, students of the Woman's Medical College, Toronto.)

A CASE OF MORPHINE POISONING IN AN INFANT SIX DAYS OLD RECOVERY.

BY J. R. LOGAN, M.D., M.R.C.S., ENGL., GRAND
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This case has seemed to me to be of sufficient interest and rarity for publication, from the extreme youth of the patient, the length of time elapsing from the apparent death of the child until signs of life were elicited, fully an hour, and the length of time during which electrical treatment was required before natural breathing took place. Last December I was called about half past three one afternoon to see a baby, said to be dying. On my arrival about half an hour later, I was told that the child, a boy six days old, had been dead for at least three quarters of an hour. I found out from the nurse that during the previous night the child had been restless, and that she had given it 2 or 3 drops of Magendie's solution of morphine, which the mother was using for after pains, and that she was afraid to tell anyone of it, until I got the history from her. I examined the baby, and found its extremities cold and