

gregation that they might work well and faithfully, that he might live nearer to Christ, and declare the message of God, and that God might give them souls. He spoke affectionately of his old congregation, but he realized that he had still the same Master, still the same work. The interesting meeting was brought to a close by a presentation to the Rev. Dr. Torrance, who had so acceptably discharged the onerous duties of Moderator of Session during the vacancy. The Doctor replied in suitable terms.

ANCHORED TO THE ROCK.

Readers of Darwin will recall the description he gives of a marine plant that rises from a depth of one hundred and fifty to two hundred feet and floats on the surface of the water in the midst of the great breakers of the Western Ocean. The stem of this plant is less than an inch through; yet it grows and thrives and holds its own against the fierce smitings and pressures of breakers which no masses of rock, however hard, could long withstand. What is the secret of this marvelous resistance and endurance? How can this little slender plant face the fury of the elements so successfully, and in spite of storms and tempests, keep its hold, and perpetuate itself from century to century? The answer has leaped to every lip: it reaches down into the still depths, where it fixes its grasp, after the fashion of the instinct that has been put into it, to the naked rocks; and no commotion of the upper waters can shake it loose.

When a man has deep and inner clings to God; when the roots of his life go down and take hold on God, mere surface agitation and pressure will not overcome him. He may be floated here and there within a given sweep, like a plant tossed on the sea, and there may be times when it is very rough, and the strain is great, but he will survive it all and preserve his integrity.—Dr. F. A. Noble.

PROMPT PAYMENT.

In accordance with the custom established at its organization, the North American Life Assurance Company still adheres to the principle of settling claims immediately upon the satisfactory completion of proofs of claim, as will be seen by a perusal of the following letter.

Toronto, May 8th, 1893.

Wm. McCabe, Esq., Managing Director N. A. Life, Toronto:

Dear Sir,—I acknowledge receipt of the Company's cheque in favor of Mrs. Farley for the full amount payable under the policy on the life of her late husband, and on her behalf thank you very kindly for the prompt manner in which the Company has paid the claim; the cheque for the same being at my office one hour after the receipt of the proofs of the claim by you.

Your promptness and satisfactory dealing are but characteristic of the general conduct of the business of the North American, and to which no doubt can be attributed the success of the Company, and the popular estimation in which it is held by the Canadian insuring public.

Yours truly,
(Sd.) H. A. E. Kent,
Solicitor for Mrs. Farley.

"August Flower"

Mr. Lorenzo F. Sleeper is very well known to the citizens of Appleton, Me., and neighborhood. He says: "Eight years ago I was taken sick, and suffered as no one but a dyspeptic can. I then began taking August Flower. At that time I was a great sufferer. Every thing I ate distressed me so that I had to throw it up. Then in a few moments that horrid distress would come on and I would have to eat and suffer again. I took a little of your medicine, and felt much better, and after taking a little more August Flower my dyspepsia disappeared, and since that time I have never had the first sign of it. I can eat anything without the least fear of distress. I wish all that are afflicted with that terrible disease or the troubles caused by it would try August Flower, as I am satisfied there is no medicine equal to it."

For that
Horrid
Stomach
Feeling.

Be Sure

If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other. A Boston lady, whose example is worthy imitation, tells her experience below:

"In one store where I went to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla the clerk tried to induce me buy their own instead of Hood's; he told me their's would last longer; that I might take it on ten

To Get

days' trial; that if I did not like it I need not pay anything, etc. But he could not prevail on me to change. I told him I had taken Hood's Sarsaparilla, knew what it was, was satisfied with it, and did not want any other. When I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I was feeling real miserable with dyspepsia, and so weak that at times I could hardly

Hood's

stand. I looked like a person in consumption. Hood's Sarsaparilla did me so much good that I wonder at myself sometimes, and my friends frequently speak of it." Mrs. ELLA A. GOFF, 61 Terrace Street, Boston.

Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar



TENDERS FOR COAL.

The undersigned will receive tenders, to be addressed to them, at their office in the Parliament buildings, Toronto, and marked "Tenders for coal," up to noon on Friday, the 26th day of May, 1893, for the delivery of the following quantities of coal in the sheds of the institutions named below, on or before the 15th day of July next, except as regards the coal for the Central prison and London asylum, as noted:

ASYLUM FOR INSANE, TORONTO

Hard coal—1,100 tons large egg size, 125 tons stove size, 75 tons nut size, 450 tons Straitsville lump, soft coal.

MIMICO BRANCH ASYLUM.

Hard coal—2,125 tons large egg size, 150 tons stove size, 25 tons soft coal.

ASYLUM FOR INSANE, LONDON.

Hard coal—2,500 tons large egg size, 265 tons egg size, 160 tons stove size, 100 tons nut size, 75 tons soft coal. Of the 2,500 tons, 800 tons may not be required till January, 1894.

ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE, KINGSTON.

Hard coal—1,800 tons large egg size, 185 tons small egg size, 30 tons stove size, 15 tons chestnut size.

ASYLUM FOR INSANE, HAMILTON.

Hard coal—1,775 tons small egg size, 250 tons stove size, 85 tons chestnut size. Soft coal—1,000 tons Reynoldsville, 300 tons Reynoldsville at pump house, 50 tons grate coal.

ASYLUM FOR IDIOTS, ORILLIA.

Hard coal—2,200 tons large egg size, 100 tons stove size.

CENTRAL PRISON, TORONTO.

Soft coal—Select lump, Straitsville preferred, 2,000 tons, 50 tons hard coal, nut size. The soft coal to be delivered in lots of 160 tons during September, October, November, December and January next.

INSTITUTION FOR DEAF AND DUMB, BELLEVILLE.

Hard coal—Large egg size, 700 tons; 80 tons small egg size; 15 tons stove size; 30 tons No. 4 size; 4 tons soft lump.

INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND, BRANTFORD.

Hard coal—Egg size, 450 tons; 150 tons stove size; 15 tons chestnut size; 5 tons grate coal.

MERCER REFORMATORY, TORONTO.

Hard coal—525 tons small egg size, 150 tons stove size.

The hard coal to be Pitston, Scranton, Lackawanna or Loyalsock. Tenderers are to name the mine or mines from which they propose to supply the coal, and to designate the quality of the same, and, if required will have to produce satisfactory evidence that the coal delivered is true to name.

Tenders will also be received for screenings of the best imported quality, hard and soft, not exceeding 25 per cent. of the gross amounts advertised for at the several institutions.

Delivery is to be effected satisfactory to the authorities of the respective institutions.

Tenders will be received for the whole quantity above specified, or for the quantities required in each institution. An accepted cheque for \$500, payable to the order of the provincial secretary, must accompany each tender as a guarantee of its bona fides, and two sufficient sureties will be required for the due fulfilment of each contract.

Specifications and forms and conditions of tenders are to be obtained from the bursars of the respective institutions.

The lowest of any tender not necessarily accepted.

R. CHRISTIE,
T. F. CHAMBERLAIN,
JAMES NOXON.

Inspectors of Prisons and Public Charities,
Parliament buildings, Toronto, May 13th, 1893.



Artistic Designs in spoons, new and really very pretty. Take a look at them. We shall be pleased to show them.

JOHN WANLESS & CO.

172 Yonge Street,
TORONTO.

The People Believe Us.

and when we announce a Clearing Sale of our kind of Clothing for Men and Boys, the people know that it is a clearing sale at prices to clear the stock.

Everybody knows that our old premises will be torn down in less than 3 weeks, and that the new building which will be erected on the same old spot this summer, won't be ready for us until fall. Hence this sale.

Oak Hall Clothing
Has always been good,
Oak Hall Prices
Have always been low,
And when we Cut prices
We make the Cut Count.

This is the first Clearing Sale ever held in Oak Hall, during its honorable existence of nearly a Quarter of a Century.

OAK HALL,
115, 117, 119, 121 KING ST. EAST,
TORONTO.

STAMINAL.

A FOOD

—AND—

A TONIC.

THE VITAL PRINCIPLES

—OF—

BEEF & WHEAT

—WITH—

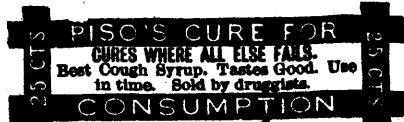
HYPOPHOSPHITES.

STAMINAL

PUT UP BY

The Johnston Fluid Beef Company

MONTREAL.



Presbyterian Church Organ
PARKDALE, TORONTO.

Out of one hundred and twenty-four Organs have built we will mention some familiar specimens

Cooke's, Queen Street, Toronto.

Central Presbyterian,

Presbyterian Church, Parkdale.

" " Ottawa.

" " Belleville.

" " Georgetown.

St. Andrew's " Peterborough.

Holy Trinity, Episcopal, Toronto.

St. Luke's, " "

Bathurst Street Methodist, " "

Methodist Church, Barrie.

And many others. Specifications and prices had application.

EDWARD LYE & SONS,

18 ST. ALBAN ST., TORONTO.