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Why Canada Needs More Money

UP to date the war has cost Canada about \$700,000,000.

Canada has spent in Canada over \$400,000,000 on her own account.

Canada has spent in Canada on behalf of Great Britain over \$300,000,000.

What Canada spends for Great Britain is really loaned to Great Britain and will be repaid or credited to Canada later on.

Great Britain needs so much ready cash to finance her own expenditures at home for herself and for our Allies that she must buy on credit from Canada, and from every other country where she can get credit.

Of course Great Britain's credit is so good that other countries, in order to get her trade, are quite as willing to give her credit as we are in Canada.

Canada wants to help Great Britain not only because Canada wants Britain's trade but because we are Canada and she is Great Britain—both members of the same great Empire, kin of our kin, our motherland.

For Canada it is both a filial and patriotic duty to supply Great Britain's war needs and remember, her needs are our needs. Also it is in Canada's self-interest to supply those needs and thus keep open a market for our products.

Now, Britain needs our wheat, our cheese, cattle, hogs, and many manufactured articles.

Canada also needs many of these things—between the two it amounts to more than a million dollars a day in cash.

And the producers must be paid in cash.

Neither Canada nor Great Britain could go to a Canadian farmer and buy his wheat or his cattle on credit.

The farmer and all other producers might be ever so willing to give their country credit but they could not do it because they have to pay cash for wages,

for rent, materials, etc. They must be paid in cash, or its equivalent.

So Canada says to Great Britain:—"I will lend you the money so that you can pay cash to Canada's producers for what you want.

"I will borrow this money from our own people just as you borrow money from your people.

"I will also borrow from the people of Canada money to pay cash for all the products that Canada, as well as Great Britain, needs in Canada."

That is Canada's practical, patriotic part in helping to win the war.

Without this credit the Canadian producer could not sell to Great Britain, and without these Canadian products the war would be prolonged.

So it is necessary for Canada to give to Great Britain the credit in order that Canada's own producers, who need a market, will have one; and in order that Great Britain which needs the products to win the war, will get them.

Now how does Canada get the money by which both Canada and Britain can pay cash for Canada's products?

By borrowing it from the people of Canada through the sale of Canada's Victory Bonds to be offered in November.

That is why Canada's Victory Bonds are offered to the people—to raise money to help to finish the war.

"Canada must keep her shoulder to the wheel even though it be a chariot of fire," and the way for Canada to keep her shoulder to the wheel is by buying

Canada's Victory Bonds

Next week this space will tell why Canada raises money by selling Canada's Victory Bonds

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee in co-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada.

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Lambton Corn, Grain and Seed Exhibition Petrolia, January 23rd, 24th, 25th, 1918

The Directors of the Lambton County Corn Grower's Association met in the Agricultural Office, Petrolia, on Saturday, October 27th, and made arrangements for holding a Corn Show again this year. The Directors from some of the townships reported that they expected more exhibits than ever before, but that the total amount of seed corn in the township was away below the average of former years. Other township directors were as enthusiastic as ever, reporting that they had not any more, and in many cases not enough seed corn in the township to supply local needs, but all those having corn were going to exhibit.

It was unanimously decided by the directors that a department be added to the prize list for seed grains and clover seeds. This is a feature that has been under consideration for some years. By the number of requests that have been received that this feature be introduced a large exhibit is expected. This is a feature which deserves every encouragement, more especially now in these times of stress and increased production. Good seed is one of the essential factors relative to good crops. Farmers having choice seed of all grains will be given special advertising by the Association at the time of the Corn Show.

The Association again warns all those saving seed corn this year to see that their corn is properly dried before the winter frosts set in. The growing season of corn in Western Ontario was shortened this fall two weeks by the early frost, together with the damp, cool weather during the harvesting season and corn cobs have an excessive amount of moisture. Corn should be quickly and thoroughly dried to reduce the moisture content before the frost sets in. Frost destroys or weakens the germ of all corn holding excessive moisture. Germination depends upon the strength of the germ. Crops depend greatly upon the germinating power of the seed. Apply a little artificial heat very gradually to your seed corn and prepare now for a bumper crop in 1918.

BORN

In Metcalfe, on Thursday, Oct. 11th, to Mr. and Mrs. Alex Hay, a daughter.
In Brooke, on Monday, Oct. 15th, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Leitch, a son.
In Bosanquet, on Sunday, Oct. 21st, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. William-son, a son.

MARRIED

In Watford, on Wednesday, Oct. 17th, 1917, by the Rev. J. C. Forster, James Perry and Miss Martha Barrett, both of Warwick.
At the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Sam. Cameron, on Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 31st, Alex. W. Fleming to Mary E. Cameron. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. C. Forster.
In Adelaide, on Wed., Oct. 17th, 1917, by Rev. J. Radcliffe, of Arkona, Harriette, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. McIntroy to Alfred W. Cuddy, both of Adelaide.
In Inwood, on Wednesday, Oct. 17th, 1917, by Rev. N. A. Campbell, Miss Florence Margaret, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Stonehouse, to Stephen, son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel O'Hara, both of Enniskillen.

DIED

In Strathroy Hospital, on Saturday, October 27th, 1917, Margaret, beloved daughter of James Cooper, aged 42 yrs. 8 months, 26 days.
In Warwick, on Tuesday, October 23rd, 1917, Eva Mary, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Russell Chambers, aged 6 months and 28 days.
In Ardath, Sask., on Thursday, Oct. 11, 1917, Ellen Decker, relict of the late Wm. Humphrey, formerly of Forest, aged 61 years.
At the residence of his father, lot 19, con. 8, township of Enniskillen, on Sunday, Oct. 14, James Parke, of Kirriemuir, Alberta, in his 42nd year.
In Plympton, on Wednesday, October 17th, Alice Brock, relict of the late Wm. Mowbray, in her 82nd year.
In Brooke, on Saturday, October 20th, 1917, Mark Burford Sr., aged 76 years, 11 months and 20 days.
In Brooke, on Sunday, October 21st, 1917, Catherine McAlpine Gunn, relict of the late Wm. Gunn, in her 83rd year.

When a runaway horse jumped into the auto in which she was riding, Mrs. M. Pope, of Blackie, Alberta, was killed. Fire destroyed her home the same week.

Mr. John Hunter, of Petrolia, has three potatoes, grown in his garden whose combined weight is seven pounds 7 ounces. Some spuds.

At last meeting of Enniskillen Council the British Red Cross was granted \$1000. This is at the rate of about \$1.00 per family.

R. G. Bailey, Forest, has sold his grocery business to C. W. Stuart. Duncan L. Ferguson, Sarnia, has gone to Montreal on business.

Publicity Soon Brings Support

laws, October 22.—Legislators are giving with unusual attention the of the Military Service Council, a partisan body, in explaining to the dian people the provisions and tion of the Military Service Act. is the first time in Canadian history such a method of placing a law in tion has been adopted, with every paper and magazine in the country ing the message to the citizens. e advantage of publicity is now ent to all, since with the dissemi- of the facts regarding the Military ce Act public appreciation of its ss and justice has grown by leaps ounds in every section of Canada.

ALL COLLECTING OF JUNK

CE—I will call at each house or rm or you can leave word at the ssembly Billiard Rooms when you ave any—

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ALEX. ZIMMERMAN

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our Bread a trial. Fresh Cakes made every day.

y Dr. says: want us you want rods & Stationery



MOST PROMINENT F. IT IS ALSO USED A HANDBAG WHICH WEARS WELL. OUR SES AND LEATHER ND SATISFY. S AND ALL SORTS MEN. ONERY WHEN YOU GIVE THEM "TONE." E TO US FOR YOUR NERY; YOU CAN

AREN STATIONER