The World is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Canada. It knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public measures.

The World aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a metropolitan news paper.

The World is offered at a price which places it within the reach of all: $3 per annum, $1 for four months; 25 cts. for one month.

Fair Trade Quite Possible.

Sir John Macdonald's proposal is to negotiate with the United States a treaty of reciprocity in specified articles, so selected as to secure to Canada the main benefits of continental free trade, without entailing direct taxation or forfeiting control of our own tariff. But the Reformers claim he can secure no such arrangement.

President Harrison has just issued a proclamation announcing that a *treaty of reciprocity in specified articles* has been completed with Brazil, and that it becomes operative April 1. A similar treaty between the United States and Venezuela only awaits the ratification of the latter government when it also will be given immediate effect. Then, too, the American and Spanish Governments are discussing a proposed plan of reciprocity in enumerated articles between the United States and the island of Cuba.

Here is the point. The proclaimed treaty with Brazil, the completed though officially unratified treaty with Venezuela, and the probable treaty with Spain, are directly resultant from proposals recently made by James G. Blaine, who also has invited Sir John Macdonald to an informal discussion of the trade relations between Canada and the United States. It was when the negotiations with Brazil and Venezuela had reached successful completion that James G. Blaine made his suggestive proposal to Sir John Macdonald.

Secretary Blaine has thus, of his own act, accomplished reciprocity in enumerated articles with two foreign states, is negotiating with a third and has invited Canada to a conference. Has there ever been a time since the abrogation of the treaty of 1854 when the prospects were brighter for arranging an equitable reciprocity in certain important articles?

The New York World says: "If Sir John Macdonald and Mr. Blaine would sincerely try to come to a reciprocal commercial arrangement they would doubtless have the sympathetic encouragement of the business and agricultural interests on both sides of the line." True enough, and Blaine's sincerity seems guaranteed by his record in the Brazil transaction—Sir John's sincerity is absolutely proven by his standing offer of fair exchange on the Dominion statutes.

The new treaty with Brazil admits free into that country American wheat, wheat flour, corn, rye, buckwheat, barley, hay, pork salted, except hams, fish salted and dry, cotton-seed oil, agricultural tools, implements and machinery, mining and manufacturing tools, instruments and books for the arts and sciences and articles of railway construction and equipment. Certain other articles will be admitted at a reduction of 25 per cent. on existing tariff. In return, Brazilian sugar, molasses, coffee, tea and hides will be admitted duty free at all United States ports.

Why cannot reciprocity in such enumerated articles as the interests of the two countries may determine be arranged between this Dominion and the United States?

Sir John Macdonald's proposal contemplates such an arrangement—such a treaty as two friendly though quite independent states may adopt with profit to each and dishonor to neither. He does not propose to yield up everything and then humbly crave a fair division. He will approach Washington as a plenipotentiary, not as a seeker of alms. Canada must not give out the impression that she desires freer trade with the United States and will have it at any cost. If such an idea exists at Washington it is the dignified duty of Canada to explode that idea on March 5. It must be exploded. All chance for a fair trade arrangement depends upon it. Believing that Canada desires unrestricted reciprocity "whatever the consequence," the Government at Washington will arrange annexation as a consequence. That belief is misleading the Republic to the continued injury of the Dominion.

Canada must assert herself. Protection run mad cannot coerce—unbounded free trade cannot entice—such reasoning as Goldwin Smith's cannot cajole—this Dominion into annexation with the United States. We want freer trade but will purchase it at no such price. And no such price is necessary.

Mr. James O'Leary of Port Lambton has the vacant registrarship of Lambton well in tow according to latest advices. He is an influential Roman Catholic with a wide circle of friends among the duly qualified electors of Lambton and Kent.

The editor of The Grey Review, on selling out and leaving Durham for other parts, states in his valedictory that he has made acquaintance with "many people so darn mean that dogs wouldn't follow them."

Canada Must be a Nation.

Since the morning long ago when Noah first announced the coming flood down to this our day, the folly of man has made him treat with levity warnings most vital and disregard advice most sound and timely.

This proneness to realize no great evil until the crushing force of its actual presence makes disbelief impossible and defence futile has caused disaster in many lands. Those who warn the people of Canada to-day that commercial union is a long step towards annexation are disbelieved by many who would oppose such an end with all vigor. It is hard for lifelong members of the Reform party to believe that their leaders would so strongly favor unrestricted reciprocity if it would promote political union. The truth is, these leaders from long advocacy of a commercial principle have by a gradual process familiarized themselves with the consequences of its adoption. At first commercial union did not seem to require a surrender of even our fiscal independence. This became apparent later. But even then our political independence seemed secure. Finally, when this country appears half ready to listen to the Reform policy it is made plain that political union must follow. Believing themselves in sight of victory, they have nerved their hearts for the sacrifice. The Americans openly favor unrestricted reciprocity as the precursor of annexation. The Reform leaders declare for "unrestricted reciprocity, whatever the consequence." Is it not plain?

There is but one way of clearing the Reformers of the charge of favoring annexation. If the leaders were conspicuous believers in the strength of Canada they might be actuated by a fatuous notion that this country could, though in commercial bondage to the United States, somehow resist the pressure upon our political independence. But those leaders have no over-weaning confidence in the strength of this country, if their recent speeches are any index, and this view offers no escape from an irresistible conclusion.

Shall Canada at this late day lightly surrender her independence and allow her quiet absorption by the United States? The millions spent in building a transcontinental railway, floating steamers on the ocean and inducing emigration to our shores—everything implying that Canada may become a great nation—multiplies the reasons why this Dominion should neither surrender control of her commerce nor yield up her righ of self-government.

The action of the Dominion Government in deciding to establish schools for instruction in dairying in various parts of the country deservedly meets with the approval of the farmers. Everywhere may be traced the impetus given to dairying by this wise proposal of the Government. Butter and cheese, more especially the latter, have proven great sources of wealth to Canada, and when the best methods of making butter and cheese become subject of instruction and study under Governmental direction much greater results are certain. A meeting of cheesemakers will be held at Woodstock on the 18th to organize a county association, and farmers around Stayner have subscribed $1000 towards building a cheese factory. These are but signs of the widespread activity of dairymen at this time.

Lawyers in Parliament.

The Labor Advocate, in commenting upon the fact that the street railway arbitration has already cost $75,000, argues that it is folly to entrust law-making to "lawyers, who, in place of simplifying and cheapening the administration of the law, will naturally combine in the interest of their class to make it as complicated and expensive as possible."

This is an old cry, and people will generally admit the force of fact contained in it. At various times attempts have been made to reduce the percentage of lawyers in Parliament, but somehow those gentlemen have a knack of getting there. And many of them do not misuse their legislative functions. That some do, the framing of laws affecting their profession would seem to imply. Both the Dominion and Provincial Parliaments could well suffer the loss of a few lawyers, but if laws were made without a knowledge of law members of that profession would do a much larger trade and reap richer fees than they now do.

What is the Reason?

According to the advocates of unrestricted reciprocity Mr. Blaine will refuse anything but that to Canada. He will not make a treaty of limited reciprocity, but he has just made one with Brazil and he is about to make one with Venezuela. Why this difference? Is it because Farrer, Cartwright, Charlton and the other emissaries put him up to it? It is a question that many citizens of the United States will also ask Mr. Blaine: Why do you make a treaty with other American states and not with Canada? United States opinion may force him to do it yet.

The Knight of the Rueful Countenance.

Sir Richard Cartwright insisted on the convention being held, and it was only by the hardest fighting that the majority of the members of the Reform Club got him to abandon the idea. The bulk of them held that it would be useless, that a pronunciamento from Mr. Laurier, addressed to all Reformers, would suit the purpose better.

Speaking of Cartwright brings to mind the fact that he has never been able to impress anyone in his favor. Here is his history in the past:

Sir John Macdonald years ago was leading the Tory party; Mr. Cartwright was one of his followers in the House; he asked, insisted on, the John A. of that day making him Minister of Finance. John A. saw that he had to make a choice and speak out; he deliberately elected to refuse Mr. Cartwright's demand and incurred his mortal enmity and withdrawal from the Tory ranks.

Then it came George Brown's turn. He had to elect where he was in regard to Cartwright and he deliberately told the people of Canada that Mr. Cartwright was "a mixer and muddler of figures."

When the times got hard before the N.P., and when Sir Richard dismissed in haughty manner the manufacturers from his door and told them he could do nothing, they took him at his own words and set him down as "a fly on the wheel."

Then on Mr. Blake's retirement Sir Richard desired the leadership of the Reform party. The caucus was put to choose and it elected Mr. Laurier. They distrusted Sir Richard.

And lastly Mr. Blake has come to the parting of the ways, and like Heracles of old he must choose. So far he has chosen to make no sound in favor of Sir Richard's scheme of commercial surrender. He prefers to retire to political life.

Alexander Mackenzie is the one man who of his own free will made a Cartwright his colleague, and for that choice more than anything else did he lose his place and power at Ottawa. But even he had been warned of the risk he ran.

If he now leads the Reform party into the miry clay they must only blame themselves. He will never lead them to victory. Providence sent him into the world to be the bearer of a false and misleading torch and the guide of those whom he deceived down to the paths of political suicide.

Hon. Robert Beaven has made himself solid with the newspapers of British Columbia by introducing a very sensible bill on libel into the Legislature of that Province. Should the bill become law there will hereafter be no presumption of malice in regard to any statement made in a newspaper. A person deeming himself libeled cannot take action until the publisher has declined to make suitable apology, and, under certain conditions, publishers can demand security for costs. The trial must occur in the city or electoral district in which the paper is issued.

A celebrated German restaurateur has just passed through the bankruptcy court and among his creditors was a knacker who pressed claim for a sum of about £1000 for carcasses of horses and asses. Sharply questioned, the restaurateur confessed that this meat had been palmed off on an unsuspecting public during several years as venison.

MASK AND LYRE.

This Week's Attractions at the Play Houses—Where to Go in Pursuit of Pleasure.

The Grand.....The County Fair.
Jacobs & Sparrow's.....Jim, the Penman.
The Academy.....Whallen & Martell's Co.
Robinson's Music. Capt. Andrews and the Roosters.

Neil Burgess' "County Fair" inaugurates a week's engagement at the Grand Opera House to-night. Toronto theatre-goers are afforded an opportunity of witnessing a perfect presentation of the play that has delighted New York audiences for three continuous years. The Brooklyn Eagle says: The play requires actors of more than ordinary ability, as one false impersonation would destroy the charm and effect of the performance. Happily the management has been very fortunate in securing a cast every member of which gives an impersonation that may be duplicated in real rural life. Marie Bates, as "Abigail Prue," is a dear old soul,

as quaint in speech and action as she is in garb. A fitting companion picture is "Otis Tucker," impersonated by Thomas McGrath. The others are just as interesting. A very pleasing feature of the entertainment was the singing of a male quartet, especially during the husking bee. The special scenery was delightful. The great scene and great feature of the performance is the horse race. It was admirably done.

Jacobs & Sparrow's Opera House.

To-night and remainder of the week, with the usual matinees on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, the attraction is "Jim the Penman." There is no play on the American stage to-day that is more familiar than this one that tells of a forger's misdeeds. Its hold upon theatre-going people seems to be as strong as ever. The Nina of this week's production is a new one. Miss Louise Rial is the forger's wife. She has done well, so say the newspaper critics of New York, Boston, Washington and Baltimore. The "Jim" of this season's production is in the hands of Charles H. Riegel. His acting has come in for much favorable comment. The Captain Redwood of the company, Edwin Travers, will be remembered for his clever rendition last season of the part. Harry Eytinge plays Barton Hartfield. Mr. Eytinge's interpretation of this role in "Jim the Peman" has added much to his reputation. The other characters in the drama are in capable hands.

Academy of Music.

The Cincinnati Post, in speaking of Whallen & Martell's company, which appears at the Academy the first five nights, commencing to-night, says: "Of the company at the People's this week it must be confessed that the entire performance is a humane one. Unicyclist is a word that appears on the play-bill; it describes half of a bicyclist. The Martell family is made up of real unicyclists and clever ones, too. The other good features are too numerous to mention. Special matinees will be given Wednesday and Friday. For this engagement the prices for the evenings will be 25, 50 and 75 cents, and matinees, reserved seats, 25 and 50 cents.

J. K. Emmet Coming.

The many friends of Mr. J. K. Emmet, the great German comedian, will be pleased to learn that he will appear at the Academy of Music the first three nights of next week in his new and successful play, "Uncle Joe or Fritz in a Mad House."

The Theatre Musee.

At Robinson's Musee this week Capt. W. D. Andrews, the noted life-saver, will appear each day. He will lecture on life-saving and his personal experiences. Captain Andrews' record as a rescuer of the drowning stands unrivalled. During 18 years' experience as a life-saver he succeeded in snatching from a watery grave 69 persons, 18 of whom were ladies. While yet in his prime he has been incapacitated by blindness, brought on by exposure while engaged in his noble calling. As a poet he is possessed of no small power, which is clearly apparent in his well-known volume, entitled "The Life-boat and Other Poems." In addition to the many novelties is Alloiloi's living rooster orchestra. Ten comical musical roosters will appear and play upon the various musical instruments, giving a most laughable performance. In the theatre will be seen Healey & Sanders' big vaudeville show, composed of the following well-known celebrities: The Golpons, comedy sketches; Whiting and Ryder, horizontal bar performers; J. Waddy, singer; Mary Waldron and Frankie Baker, character change comedians, and the Buckeye quartet.

Toronto College of Music.

The usual Saturday afternoon program was carried out by the following pupils: Miss Powell, Miss Warnica, Miss Mary Vernor, Miss Rutherford, Miss Tyson, Miss Landell, Miss McKay, Mr Tisdale, Mr. H. Woodlands, Mr. W. O. Forsyth gives his sixth lecture on musical form at the college this morning, his subject being "The Form and Structure of the Rondo."

The ex-Pupils' Entertainment.

Under the auspices of the ex-pupils of the De La Salle Institute a first-class musical and literary entertainment will be given in the Auditorium (Shaftesbury Hall) this evening. There will be a large reunion of present and former pupils of this well-known educational institution.

The Young Conservatives.

At the last general meeting of the Young Men's Conservative Association in parliamentary form, the Government having been defeated for not promoting closer trade relations with the Mother Country, Mr. J. Castell Hopkins, the leader of the Opposition, has formed a ministry composed of the following gentlemen: Messrs. J. M. Godfrey, W. H. Scott, D. T. Symons, W. Martin, A. G. McTavish, E. Floody, A. T. Kirkpatrick, J. W. Crowley, Ernest Langtry, W. L. Smith, E. T. H. Cross, Andrew Elliott and A. H. W. Colquhoun. Mr. Hopkins announces the Government's policy as follows: Closer trade relations with the Empire; unqualified opposition to unrestricted reciprocity or any principle involving closer political relations with the States; promotion of Dominion unity; the establishment of trade—agents for the Dominion acting under the British consuls in the chief commercial centres of Europe, Australia and South America. Parliament will meet to-night in Temperance Hall.

No Shadow of Doubt.

No sane person doubts that what we say of B.B.B. is true. The evidence of its power and popularity is too overwhelming to confute, besides it is all home testimony making it *certain* that B.B.B. will cure dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, scrofula and all blood diseases.

City Hall Small Talk.

These building permits were issued on Saturday: J. J. Graham for the erection of five attached two-story brick dwellings, south side of Douro-street, cost $7500; R. M. Scott for the erection of two detached two-story and attic brick dwellings, Jameson-avenue, cost $9000; Henderson & Cracknell for erection of three semi-detached two-story and attic brick dwellings in Ossington-avenue, north of Arthur-street, cost $9000.

Twenty-one pounds of butter was confiscated in the St. Lawrence Market on Saturday for being under weight.

There were reported to the Medical Health Officer last week 12 cases of typhoid, 7 of scarlet fever and 14 of diphtheria.

There were registered with the City Clerk last week 79 births, 14 marriages and 68 deaths.

The appeal against assessment for Ossington-avenue sewer has been thrown out by the judge. The result of the appeal against assessment for the Yonge-street sewer, between St. Alban's-street and Ann-st., was the finding by the judge that the property on the east side between Wood and Wellesley should also come in. Final judgment was reserved for two weeks to give the property-owners included in the latter district a chance to appeal.

The Local Board of Health meets this morning to finally appoint a Medical Health Officer.

Much distress and sickness in children is caused by worms. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator gives relief by removing the cause. Give it a trial and be convinced.

THE BROTHERHOOD'S GREAT DAY.

Second Annual Convention of St. Andrew's Confraternity.

Yesterday was a rallying day for the Brotherhood of St. Andrew. In the morning at 8 o'clock the sacrament of the Holy Communion was administered in Holy Trinity Church. There were about 100 of the delegates present. In the Church of the Redeemer at 11 Rev. Canon DuMoulin preached to a large congregation, of which 100 were resident members of the brotherhood and 60 visiting delegates from Peterboro, Hamilton, Brantford, Montreal, Ottawa and Kingston. The theme was the fraternal character of the work of St. Andrew.

St. Stephen's Church was the place of meeting at 3.30. Addresses were given by Mr. J. W. Wood on "Is the Spiritual Life Inconsistent with the Busy Life," and Rev. Prof. DuVernet on "Bonds." The latter pasionately described the evils of modern society. He stated that 75 per cent. of the young men in the United States never attend church, and 60 per cent. of those in Canada are absentees.

St. James' Cathedral was filled in the evening, when Rev. Dr. Adams of Buffalo preached. The text was from Hosea, "I drew them with cords of a man, with bands of love." Dr. Adams preached a powerful and eloquent sermon on the force of sympathy.

Great interest was manifested in all the services of the day. Among the visiting delegates were Rev. Mr. McFarlane of Brantford and Rev. E. B. Kenrick of Peterboro.

The occasion is the second annual convention of the brotherhood in Canada. On Saturday evening a largely attended meeting was held in the St. James schoolhouse for the transaction of business. Besides those already mentioned Mr. W. Aikman, jr., of Detroit, representative of the American Brotherhood, was present. Mr. S. Woodroffe of Woodstock, second vice-president, delivered the inaugural address and presented the annual report, which showed a large increase in the number of chapters during the year.

The convention meets to-day. At 2½ in the St. James' schoolhouse Mr. Aikman will deliver an address on "Chapter Work in Town and Country," and Mr. Henry Sill of New York, editor of The "St. Andrew's Cross," will speak on "A Work To Do and How To Do It." At 8 the Bishop of Toronto will preside in the same place. The speakers will be Mr. Sill, Dr. Adams and Mr. C. R. W. Biggar.

How Pauper Boys Are Sent to Canada.

Miss Edith Milner, sister of Sir Fred Milner, the recently-elected M.P. for the Bassetlaw division of Nottinghamshire, writes to The Yorkshire Herald:

For some years I have been able to emigrate several boys yearly, chiefly to Canada. I get letters from them, and most are doing fairly well. The first boy emigrated went to New Zealand, and was able a year ago to send for his sister, who was in the York workhouse. Another boy has just written to me from Queensland. He is also doing very well. Two years ago I had come to the end of my funds, and wrote to your paper, as it was important to emigrate three boys who were about to leave the York Industrial School and had no fit homes to go to. The result was that I received sufficient funds to emigrate the boys, and promises of yearly subscriptions which would enable me to emigrate at least one boy yearly to Canada. I proposed to call my scheme the York Boys' Emigration Fund. Last year, owing to various circumstances, I did not emigrate any boys out of my funds, which were very low, and only one boy was sent to Canada, who had been in the York Industrial School, through the kind subscriptions of the boys at St. Peter's School, with the approval of the head master. I have a little money in the bank at present. I did not collect my subscriptions last year, partly because two or three of the subscribers kindly undertook to pay their subscriptions direct into the bank—Beckett's & Co. I should like to inform them and the general public that I am taking active measures to increase my funds. I hope to help members of the Gordon Boys' Brigade, and I should like to combine with their committee for this purpose. Boys who have been in the York Industrial School would also be eligible, and with more funds at my disposal I could send boys to Queensland, which seems now a better field than Canada.

Anglican Women's Missionary Work.

The quarterly meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary to Missions for the diocese of Toronto was held at Barrie and was most successful. The visiting delegates from Toronto were Mrs. Williamson, diocesan president; Mrs. Dumoulin, first vice-president; Mrs. Cartwright, second vice-president; Mrs. Cummings, secretary; Miss Paterson, Dorcas secretary; Mrs. Hillmell, secretary literature committee; Mrs. Francis, superintendent junior branches; Mrs. Roger, Mrs. Clark, Mrs. Barnet, Mrs. Baker, Miss Roper, Miss Tilley and Miss Blackwood. The Bishop of Saskatchewan gave a helpful address to the workers. An address of welcome to the delegates was delivered by Mrs. Morris, president of the Barrie branch, to which Mrs. Williamson of Toronto replied for the officers. A paper on "Children's Mission Work" was read by Mrs. Francis, Toronto.

Five Inspectors Recommended for Dismissal.

The Waterworks Committee at its meeting to-day will have a very important matter to discuss. Apart from the ordinary business a special report touching the duties and salaries of waterworks inspectors will be presented by the Superintendent carrying out the economical policy which has this year struck the City Hall. Mr. Hamilton recommends that five of the inspectors be dismissed. As each man has his host of friends it will be interesting to see who are victims, that is if there are to be any at all.

The Superintendent's Report.

The Waterworks Committee meets this afternoon, when the superintendent will submit his fortnightly report. The application for free water by the committee of St. Andrew's Church. Institute is reported adversely on, as other institutions of a similar character in the city have been refused. It is recommended that John Perkins be paid a portion of his drawback, say $1000, as his contract for fire hydrants is practically through.

Severe Cold Cured.

DEAR SIRS,—My mother was attacked with inflammation of the lungs, which left her very weak and never free from cold, till at last she got a very severe cold and cough. She resolved to try Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, and, on so doing, found it did her more good than any other medicine she ever tried. MRS. KENNEDY,
50 Smith-avenue, Hamilton, Ont.

The Wound Not Serious.

Mr. G. R. R. Cockburn, ex-M.P., while standing in front of the Queen's Hotel, Friday night, slipped and fell, receiving an ugly scalp wound. Dr. Thorburn was summoned and fixed up the wound. Yesterday the doctor told The World that Mr. Cockburn is in no danger and that the wound is not serious.

The Leading Champagne.

The Montreal Daily Star of Oct. 22 says: Deutz and Geldermann's "Gold Lack Sec" was the wine selected by the committee for the banquet tendered the Honorable Sir A. P. Caron, Minister of Militia. It also occupied the premier position on the wine card at the ball given to H. R. H. Prince George at the Windsor Hotel. For sale by Wm. Mara, 282 Queen-street west. Telephone 137. 135

Mrs. W. J. Lang, Bethany, Ont., writes: "I was one of the greatest sufferers for about fifteen months with a disease of my ear similar to ulcers, causing entire deafness. I tried everything that could be done through medical skill, but without relief. As a last resort, I tried Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, and in ten minutes found relief. I continued using it, and in a short time my ear was cured and hearing completely restored. I have used this wonderful healer successfully in cases of inflammation of the lungs, sore throat, coughs and colds, cuts and bruises, &c., in fact it is our family medicine.

Cod Liver Oil.

This valuable medicine for weak lungs and debility is frequently rendered unavailable by its strong odor and taste. Caswell, Massey & Co's. Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with pepsin and quinine, entirely overcomes these objections. See letters from leading physicians. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal, and all druggists. ed

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Messrs. Stott & Jury, chemists, Bowmanville, write: "We would direct attention to Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, which is giving perfect satisfaction to our numerous customers. All the preparations manufactured by this well-known house are among the most reliable in the market.

Holloway's Corn Cure destroys all kinds of corns and warts, root and branch. Who then would endure them with such a cheap and effectual remedy within reach!

THE COUNTY OF YORK.

Its a Big Domain—Statistics of Its Greatness—The Solons for Prohibition—Good Bye Till June.

The County Council ended their weighty deliberations on Saturday afternoon. Most of the day was spent over the report of the Equalization Committee.

The total population of the county is 59,199, 6000 greater than last year. The total assessment is $29,588,975. This is $2,014,424 greater than last year and is made up in the southern part of the county, especially in York township, while the northern part shows a slight decrease.

The average value of land per acre is: York township, $109; Etobicoke, $90; Scarboro, $56; Markham, $49; Vaughan, $44; King, $37; Whitchurch, $32; North Gwillimbury, $27; East Gwillimbury, $23; Georgina, $19.

An unsuccessful effort was made by Messrs. Woodcock and Ratcliffe to get $10,000 off the equalized assessment of Newmarket.

Reeve Humberstone objected in vain to the increase in York township.

A bylaw was rushed through amending the Industrial Home bylaw so as to give additional powers to the commissioners.

The treasurer was instructed to pay $5419 to West Toronto Junction as agreed upon by arbitrators relative to the separation of the town and county, with a deduction of $1000 for the administration of justice and a few other small items.

There was some fun when a deputation of ladies with a temperance petition was announced to be in waiting. A number of the members disappeared. The deputation consisted of four representatives of the Evangelistic Temperance Society of Weston, headed by Mrs. Phelp. The latter explained that they had come to secure the signatures of the members of the council to a prohibition petition to the Dominion Government. She was sure not a member would decline to sign a petition in so good a cause.

Mr. George Wood moved that the Warden be authorized to sign the petition on behalf of the council.

A few voted for the motion and nobody against it. The Warden accordingly subscribed.

The clerk remarked in an undertone on receiving the document: "Mr. Warden, signing this petition will do nobody any harm—nor any good."

The council adjourned till June 8.

THE ROYAL GRENS.

Annual Meeting—Capt. Manley Promoted—The New Adjutant—All Salubrious.

The annual meeting of the officers of the Royal Grenadiers was held at the Drill Shed on Saturday evening. Lieut.-Col. Dawson, A.D.C., was in the chair.

The reading of the different reports for the past year showed the regiment to be in a most flourishing condition, financially and otherwise.

The officers placed on record their appreciation of the services of Bandmaster Waldron in bringing the band to its present high state of efficiency.

The following committees were elected for the ensuing year:

Regimental—Major Mason, Captain Manley and Paymaster Bruce.

Band—Captain Hay, Captain Tassie and Lieut. Irving.

Mess—Captain Eliot, Lieuts. Lowe, Heward and MacMahon.

Rifle—Captain Bruce, Captain Harston and Lieut. Heward.

The commanding officer informed the meeting that the organization of the two newly added companies would be commenced at once, and that the work on the new Drill Shed was to be started immediately, and that the annual entertainment under the auspices of the regiment would be given at an early date.

REGIMENTAL SKITS.

Lieuts. Stimson and Boulton, the latest additions to the corps, were present.

Capt. Manley, who has held the position of Adjutant since the reorganization in 1880, has resigned that office and will take command of the new flank company.

Capt. and Lieut. J. B. McLean, the newly appointed Adjutant, was at his post during the meeting of officers.

Capt. Gosling left the regiment in 1887 to go to Winnipeg, and having returned will, it is expected, rejoin his old corps.

Lieut. A. M. Irving will join Capt. Hay in "A" Company. A big team!

Capt. A. Cecil Gibson will take Capt. Howard's place in command of "B" Company.

Several names are mentioned as likely coming "subs."

His Lordship Married a Canadian.

Lord Avonmore, just married to a Canadian girl, is the only surviving child of the Major Yelverton whose Scotch and Irish marriage with Miss Longworth created so much sensation about 30 years ago. There were two marriages, one in Scotland and one in Ireland. Miss Longworth supposed herself legally married, but some time after, on being sued for an account of hers, Major Yelverton declared that she was not his wife. The case was tried in several courts, and finally the House of Lords declared both marriages illegal. Major Yelverton then married the widow of Mr. Forbes, F.R.S., whose eldest son is now Lord Avonmore. In 1861 Major Yelverton was suspended from all military duty. In 1870 he succeeded to the title. He and Miss Longworth died together in a foreign country, after a battle in which he had been wounded, and while she was attending him as nurse.

The Colonel from Kentucky.

Col. G. W. Bain of Kentucky addressed a large gathering at the Gospel temperance meeting at the Pavilion yesterday afternoon.

Dr. W. T. Aikins presided and Mrs. J. W. Bradley conducted the musical services. The moral force behind prohibition was the theme of the Colonel's remarks. This force might be thrust into the background, but it was bound to eventually assert itself. "We have right on our side, we have God on our side, we have the women on our side, and what are you going to do about it?"

Advice to the Lambs.

Rev. Dr. Potts preached a sermon to young converts in the Metropolitan Church last night. There was a large congregation. He spoke particularly of the individuality of Christ as a teacher, and urged his young hearers to emulate Him. "Never go any place where you cannot take Christ. I don't believe in 'thou shalt nots.' If we have the satisfying Christ we will not go where we cannot take Him. Be instant in all Christian work but never at the expense of or neglect of your own church. Be faithful in private prayer, be faithful in daily devotional study of the Word of God."

A High Day at the Cathedral.

At St. Michael's Church yesterday morning solemn high mass was sung by Rev. Father Rohleder assisted by Rev. Fathers McCann and Williams. Dean McCann preached an eloquent sermon on the gospel of the day and the choir sang Mozart's Twelfth Mass. At 7 o'clock there was a special procession of the soladities of the parish and also the sanctuary boys, each carrying a lighted taper. A special magnificat was sung. Rev. Father Williams preached a powerful sermon on "The Presence of God." The church was crowded to the doors.

A Bag of Flour.

As a general renovating tonic and purifying family medicine useful at all times, but especially so in the spring, Burdock Blood Bitters is unequalled.

"It's like a bag of flour in a poor man's family," says Mr. John Maunder of Yorkville, Ont., "the oftener you take B.B.B. the better you are."

Improved the Occasion.

In the Queen-street Methodist Church last night, Rev. Manly Benson preached an "in memoriam" sermon on the death of the late William Driscoll, who died in the Grand Opera House a week ago Saturday, while witnessing the equestrian show. The deceased gentleman had been connected with the church since 1842, and the preacher made an earnest appeal to those present to follow the example of the late gentleman and be perfectly prepared for the summons which may come at any moment.

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N.Y., writes "I have been afflicted for nearly a year with the most-to-be-dreaded disease, Dyspepsia, and a times worn out with pain and want of sleep, and after trying almost everything recommended, I tried one box of Parmelee's Valuable Pills. I am now nearly well, and believe they will cure me. I would not be without them for any money."

A SCORING NIGHT.

Aldermen Come Under the Ban—So Does Brother Ephraim.

At the meeting of the Trades and Labor Council, President Nichols in the chair, D. J. O'Donoghue presented the report of the Legislative Committee. It recommended that Mr. Pell, secretary of the St. George's Society, be appointed to the board of the House of Industry in recognition of his almost life-long experience in the cause of charity. Rev. Hugh Johnston was scored for stating that the present destitution in the city was due in great part to the strikes of last summer. The committee had interviewed the rev. gentleman, but he had failed to name a single instance to bear out his statements.

The report was adopted.

John Armstrong's Municipal Committee's report was a strong arraignment of Ald. Farquhar and Ald. Hill for their attacks on day labor as compared with contract labor. It was not a matter of surprise considering that Ald. Farquhar was an ex-contractor, and Ald. Hill's attitude had been always opposed to organized labor. The Bloor-street sewer job was defended as a good piece of work. It was hinted that Ald. Farquhar might examine the sewers built by some of his fellow-contractors and see how they would compare with city work.

Mr. O'Donoghue thought the report was a good one, but did not go far enough. The name of Ald. Lucas ought to be added to those of Ald. Farquhar and Hill.

The report was adopted.

H. W. Fox read the report of the Education Committee. It expressed regret that the age of compulsory education should not be 6 to 14 instead of 7 to 13 as contemplated by the Ontario Government. Touching the late question of fact between Public School Trustees C.A. B. Brown and E. P. Roden the committee had this to say:

Your committee regret to note the despicable manner in which the retirement of Judge McDougall as a member of the Free Library Board was procured by a member of the School Board named E. P. Roden, who made the statement that the Judge had distinctly told him that he, the Judge, was not a candidate for re-election, whereas as a matter of fact the Judge had had no conversation with Mr. Roden on the matter. When public men are found with no more honor than this representative of St. David's Ward then it would be well for the electors to leave them at home.

Ald. Hallam was reproved for opposing Ald. Gillespie's technical school scheme.

The report was approved.

The council put itself on record in favor of the city operating the street railway, but left the question of an elective or appointive commission open for a future meeting.

HOW THEY PROTESTED.

Students' Demonstration at the College of Pharmacy.

The students of the College of Pharmacy are highly indignant at the recent action of the council in regard to Prof. Shuttleworth, and are more particularly incensed because their petition, embracing 75 names, was merely fyled and not even thought worthy of discussion. This document expressed entire confidence in the faculty and dislike to any change.

At the closing session of the council the boys in the intervals between lectures paid several visits to the council chamber and enlivened the proceedings by cheers for the faculty and those who supported them and groans for the members of the most dismal character for the members who had opposed Prof. Shuttleworth. President Clark, Vice-President Hall and Messrs. Petrie, McGregor, McKee, McKenzie, Daniel and Hobart received a degree of notice which could not be considered flattering.

At noon, when the hour for dinner arrived, the trouble reached its height. The students, freed from college restraint, assembled on the sidewalk and thronged the corridors howling and yelling so that the noise could be heard fully a block away. Calls for the bodies of Petrie and Clark were frequently made, but though the council had adjourned no one had the temerity to venture out of the room. At last the aid of the police was thought of, but on trying the door it was found impossible to open it and it was subsequently ascertained that the students had, by means of scantling and chains, rendered retreat by this way unfeasible. To drop out of the front windows would have been merely to fall into the arms of the enraged students. Meanwhile the din outside and in the building was deafening, and continued until the students were exhausted, when they desisted in favor of dinner. When the janitor proceeded on his rounds after his return from dinner he found the barricade and released the unfortunate councillors, who for about three-quarters of an hour had been made prisoners in their own chamber.

Special Song Recital.

The song recital of Mr. Francis Fisher Powers and Mrs. Gerritt-Smith of New York, which is to take place on Friday evening, the 13th inst., at the rooms of the Ontario Society of Artists, will be under the patronage of the following ladies:

Miss Campbell, Mrs. Beverley Robinson, Mrs. G. W. Allan, Mrs. Edward Blake, Mrs. Beatty, Mrs. Bunting, Mrs. Cosby, Mrs. Henry Cawthra, Mrs. Irving Cameron, Mrs. J. K. Kerr, Mrs. Langmuir, Mrs. Nordheimer, Mrs. Sweny and others.

By special request a few tickets have been placed on sale at the establishment of the Messrs. Ryrie, at the corner of Yonge and Adelaide-streets, in addition to those to be procured from Mrs. Blackstock, Cedarhurst, 581 Jarvis-street.

Arm and Leg Crushed.

WATFORD, Feb. 8.—Daniel, son of Mr. Duncan Campbell, of the 2nd line south, Adelaide, was coming to town with a load of wood, and when approaching the brow of the hill in Victoria-street the horses started on a trot. The lines became entangled around his legs, pulling him from the load, and in falling he grasped the right tug of the harness with one hand, the left arm being thrust over and crushed by the front wheel. In this position he was dragged through the mud and slush down the hill. While being dragged along Campbell's right leg was also run over and broken between the ankle and knee.

The Greatest Wooden Bridge.

[From The Newcastle (Eng.) Chronicle.]

If the Forth bridge has more steel in it than any bridge that is or ever was, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's new bridge at Milford, Manitoba, has more wood. It is a wooden bridge, 3300 feet long and 75 feet high. There were used in the work 1,300,000 board measure, 1300 piles for supporting the trestle, and 150 piles for the abutments of the Howe truss of the great span. And it was all completed in five weeks!

More Bodies Found.

GREENSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 8.—The remains of two more victims of the Mammoth mine explosion were discovered under the debris in the mine this morning. They were Polanders. This makes a total of 109 found.

Severe colds are easily cured by the use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, a medicine of extraordinary penetrating and healing properties. It is acknowledged by those who have used it as being the best medicine sold for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all affections of the throat and chest. Its agreeableness to the taste makes it a favorite with ladies and children

From Police Blotters.

Joseph Rosskill, 142 River-street, was arrested on Saturday night, charged with larceny on the complaint of Samuel Martin, 325 Sumach-street.

Pascoe Gravina had Minnie Brown, 9 Agnes-street, arrested Saturday night on a charge of larceny.

Esther Colgill, 65 Stafford-street, servant, is a prisoner at Headquarters, charged with stealing a dress from Alexander Hanna, at the Wellington Hotel.

It is alleged against John Eddis of the Old Fort, by C.P.R. Policeman Allan, that he was in the act of breaking into a C.P.R. car on Sunday morning, when the officer captured him.

George Ellis, 471 Adelaide-street west, was arrested on a warrant on Saturday night, charging him with assaulting his wife.

The residence of Mr. John McGregor, 72 Richmond-street west, was broken into early Saturday morning and a quantity of jewelry stolen.

Detective John Cuddy and Sergeant-Detective Reburn are back from Buffalo, where they have been giving evidence in the Tupper-Morin trial.

Carrie McKenzie, the girl for whom Mrs. Tupper was mistaken, has been sent to the Hudson, N.Y., House of Refuge for five years.

The police have been notified that John H. Hunter, formerly a cigar dealer in Queen-street west, has been arrested by a Milwaukee officer at Suspension Bridge, charged with stealing $800 from a German in Milwauk