THE TORONTO WORLD

A One-Cent Morning Newspaper.

OFFICE: 4 KING-STREET EAST, TORONTO
W. F. MACLEAN, Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year . . . $3.00 | Four Months . . . $1.00
Six Months . . . 1.50 | One Month . . . 25
No charge for city delivery or postage.
Subscriptions payable in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

FOR EACH LINE OF AGATE TYPE.
Ordinary advertisements, fifteen cents per line.
Financial statements, twenty-five cents per line.
Condensed advertisements, one cent a word. Deaths, marriages and births, 25 cents.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 1, 1889.

To Our Neighbors.

You, the people of the great and glorious United States, are having a big time over your Washington Centennial.

You are a great, a powerful, and a free people. You are rich in many things.

But you allow us, your neighbors, to be insulted and things English to be reviled in your country; that is all the more discreditable to you especially in the year of Washington's Centennial.

It is all very well to blame "the low Irish" with their anti-British ebullitions, but they are done in the name of the United States or in the name of some one of your States. For instance, we know it was the Irish who dictated the rejection of the Fisheries treaty, the extradition treaties, the dismissal of Lord Sackville-West, and it was a Senator Murphy who insulted Premier Mowat because he was from a "British dependency," but all the former were done in the name of the United States and the last in the name of the great State of New York! All of which looks very petty, very small, and makes Canadians blush for you. Furthermore, you allow your senators and congressmen to discuss in their assemblies all sorts of schemes for the annexation of Canada—an impertinent insult to a free people.

You have yet to learn the common manners of nations! If you allow rowdies to insult British flags, and British subjects, even if these rowdies are "low Irish," you must be classed with those who do such things in your name!

How much more dignified is that one little act of the English town which voted the other day an address of congratulation to your President, Gen. Harrison, whose ancestors years ago came from that place!

We are afraid you have everything to learn of the ordinary manners of nations, and you have certainly yet to be respectful to your neighbors in America and your kin beyond the sea.

George Washington was a gentleman and a model of courtesy. Are you, his successors of a hundred years thereafter, to be classed as rowdies?

Mr. Mowat Must Toe the Mark.

From the tone of its article of yesterday it is evident that The Globe does not think that Mr. Mowat has done anything in Ontario politics which is displeasing to the people of this province and especially to the Presbyterian element. Is defends all his acts in regard to the Separate Schools and his modification of other laws in deference to the Catholic hierarchy and says the Government has nothing to answer for in regard to the Frenchification of Eastern Ontario.

Well, if that is Mr. Mowat's line, it is well the people should know it. But we imagine the Little Premier is already trimming his sails and trying to point his ship in another direction.

As for the Presbyterians they are bent on forcing him to turn about or to resign. If The Globe denies this it denies the truth. The World can refer The Globe to many of its best supporters who are of this frame of mind. Ald. John McMillan is a lifelong Reformer, a leading man in the City Council, and a good Presbyterian. He will be glad to tell The Globe what he thinks about the situation. Principal Caven's views are also worthy of The Globe's attention.

University College.

In the conference that drew up the university federation scheme certain guarantees were given for the future maintenance of University College in a state of efficiency in deference to the fear that by the withdrawal of the scientific and philosophical chairs to build up a University professoriate common to all the federating colleges, the corporation of University College would be so diminished as to become contemptible as a learned body. To this end the Federation Act, passed in 1887, enacts: (1) that University College shall be managed academically, as heretofore, by a Council, made up of the professors, the president and the dean of residence; (2) that five members of the Council shall be a quorum for the transaction of business; (3) that the Council, as then constituted, may "make regulations for the management of the property and business" of the College, and "for any purpose" necessary for carrying the Federation Act into effect; (4) that the teaching faculty of the College shall include "a professor, a lecturer and a fellow" in each of the subjects, Greek, Latin, French, German and English, a professor and lecturer in Oriental languages, and a professor of moral philosophy. The object of this provision, as all who followed the discussions of two years ago are aware, was to keep the staff of professors in University College undiminished and the Council of the same institution with the same membership as heretofore.

The proclamation which brings the Federation Act into effect makes it imperative on the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council now to fulfill their explicit agreement with the friends of University College and to do it as soon as possible. The statute leaves them no option except as to time, and any postponement that is not absolutely necessary would be an inexcusable violation of a well-understood compact. When the Act comes in force there will be left in the teaching faculty of University College only three professors, teaching Classics, English and Oriental Languages respectively; and there will be left in the College Council only these three professors and the president and dean, neither of the latter two being a member of the College teaching staff. In a short time the announcement of the College staff and work for next session must be published, and before that is done, if faith is to be kept with the friends of the College, every chair should be filled, even if the lecturers and fellows are not all appointed. This means that the chair of classics must be divided into two, and that a professor of French and a professor of German must be appointed, as well as a professor of Latin.

Let Canada Keep Clear.

We copied into The World of Monday some of what Signor Romero, Mexican minister to the United States, has been saying in The North American Review for May on the annexation together of these two countries. To put it short, the Mexican says the thing would not do at all, and that it is entirely too unsuitable to come within the range of practical politics. One paragraph there is which may be worth reading again:

But there is, in my opinion, another objection of still greater force, or of far more immediate effect, growing out of the annexation of Mexico to the United States. The United States are now about equally divided in politics between the North and the South; so much so that a single State has often had a controlling vote in the Presidential elections. Since the abolition of slavery, which was for a long time the bone of contention between the political parties, the social question between labor and capital, or the economic question, as it might be more proper to call it, has taken its place. The whole South, or the solid South, is arrayed on one side and the majority of the North on the other. If, under such circumstances, and even in case they should come to an agreement on that or other questions, there should be added to the present difficulties of the situation twelve millions of a heterogeneous, dissatisfied, unwilling people, with a representation in the Congress of the United States of fifty-six Senators and seventy-nine Representatives, according to the present apportionment, and the corresponding number of votes in the Electoral College, the fate and future of this country would then be placed in the hands of that dissatisfied element, which would thus exercise a controlling influence in its destinies. That influence will, of course, increase as the number of political parties may increase in this country.

Canada had better keep clear of all such "entangling alliances" as that above described. The probability is that our Republican neighbors will, ere they are much older, have as many troublesome questions to attend to as they can "tackle"; and that it will be the part of wisdom for us to keep by ourselves and not get mixed up with them. To mind our own business and let well enough alone appears to be a good plan for Canadians.

The Terrible Railway Accident.

The terrible railway accident of Sunday morning near Hamilton gives us a rough reminder that *something* will have to be done. But before attempting to say what should be done, we had better wait to hear what the coroner's jury find as to the facts. Meantime it may be looked for that the present warning will not be lost, but will lead to some very important results.

And winter lingering chills the 1st of May.

What's in a name? Monsieur Lush keeps hotel in Toronto and Monsieur Ruin keeps hotel in Stratford.

They carry around a good many hatchets in New York just now, and they are not bees either.

"Around the World" is the title of an interesting and instructive volume by Lydia Leavitt, a Canadian lady known in literary circles as the author of "Bohemian Society." The tour of the world starts from Toronto along the well-known route to San Francisco. Then comes life at sea and the commencement of wonderful sights. Tersely summing up our author herself says: "I have seen the volcano-ridged mountains of the Sandwich Islands, the palms and groves of Honolulu, the cocoanut-crowned hills of Samoa; have visited the home of the Maori, ascended the cone-shaped Mount Eden of New Zealand, passed up the magnificent harbor of Sydney, seen the mines and cities of Australia; have seen the snow-capped hills of Tasmania, and watched the Southern Cross recede from view while I sailed for that beautiful island of the east, Ceylon, and rested for a time among the quaint, old-world people of India; have passed through the Red Sea and have stood on the blistering sands of Egypt; sailed through the waters of the Mediterranean to the beautiful Bay of Naples; have seen the soft skies of the art-loving, poetical people of Italy, on to the mighty Alps and blue hills of Switzerland; have visited the vine-clad hills of sunny France and then stood upon the shores of England." All these sights and places are aptly described in the well-got-up volume, the last sentence in which is: "Leaving the old worlds, with their eastern magnificence and oriental splendor, their palaces of art and halls of science, I turn my face toward the land where for many months is ice-bound and covered with its mantle of snow, turn once more to the land of my birth, Canada."

So many, at this season of the year, complain of a tired, debilitated feeling. This may be at once relieved by the use of Dr. Hodder's Burdock and Sarsaparilla Compound. The greatest spring medicine known. Price 75c. 36

City Hall Small Talk.

Ald. Carlyle (St. Thomas) is seriously ill.

The dispute between the Waterworks Department and Ald. Davies has been settled by the latter footing the bill, some $633.38.

A permit was granted yesterday to Henry Lucas for the erection of two three-story brick stores in Spadina-avenue to cost $11,000.

The street numbering gang goes to work this morning.

Mr. Falconer, 494 King-street east, whose leg was cut off by a street car in Yonge-street about two months ago, applied to Relief Officer Taylor yesterday for assistance, being completely destitute. She was furnished with enough to meet immediate wants, and the Toronto Street Railway Co. will be asked to do something.

Dr. Hodder's Little Liver Pills excel all others. Cure Sick Headache, Indigestion and Constipation, even where others fail. They improve the complexion wonderfully. Try them. All dealers. 25c. 36

From Police Blotters.

The police are looking for Martin Burke, who is wanted for a brutal assault on his mother-in-law, Mrs. Lee, 28 Claremont-street.

Frank Carson and Frank Fisher were start for Barrie to-day in charge of Constable Sweeney, to answer a charge of burglarizing Powell & Co.'s store in that town.

Thomas Banks, who skipped the town after seducing his 16-year-old sister-in-law, has been arrested in Windsor and will be brought back to Toronto.

Arthur Craig, 75 Trinity-street, reported to the police yesterday that he had been robbed of $32 on the night previous, but can give no further particulars.

Robert South and Charles Smith are prisoners in Agnes-street station for being disorderly in Elizabeth-street.

Duncan Burden, 108 Bond-street, had his pocket picked of a silver watch in the Grand Opera House last night.

Ladies who suffer from any of those weaknesses or complaints peculiar to their sex will find immediate relief by using Dr. Hodder's Special Remedy. Ask your druggist. Price $1.00. 36

Save Broken Windows.

Editor World: A word to the idiots who avail themselves of every public holiday or commemoration to flaunt the American flag from Toronto windows. After what has recently happened to the English flag displayed at New York and to the Canadian Attorney-General insulted at Albany it is folly to provoke retaliation. Any stars and stripes displayed in future in Toronto will be torn down by myself and a band of what the police will call "young ruffians" representing YOUNG CANADA.

Gems of Art.

Eight studies of birds and flowers, exact reproductions of the original water color paintings, by eminent artists, exquisite in finish and design, with a description of each subject, and directions for reproducing, all put up in a handsome portfolio, are published by the well-known firm of Scott & Bowne, New York, for the remarkably low price of thirty cents. They are without doubt "perfect gems of art," and well worth $2. Mr. F. J. Prior of Toronto, with his usual enterprise, has made arrangements to control the sale of them in Canada, and is enabled to offer them at the same price as sold for in New York. He will send one post-paid, to any address upon receipt of publishers' price, thirty cents. 36

If a few grains of common sense could be infused into the thick noddles of those who perpetually and alternately irritate and weaken their stomachs and bowels with drastic purgatives, they would use the highly accredited and healthful laxative and tonic, Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, which causes "good digestion to wait on appetite, and health on both."

Jottings About Town.

Mr. Priestley, an eminent evangelist from England, will preach this evening in Gospel Hall, Buchanan-street.

During April the police ambulance removed 76 patients to and from the General Hospital, and answered 3 false alarms.

Yesterday afternoon William Hurst, 127 Blong-street, was badly crushed by a pile of lumber falling on him at 275 King-street east. The ambulance removed him to his home.

Last night the Sons of England shareholders met in Shaftesbury Hall to discuss the advisability of starting a building society. The matter will receive further consideration.

Last night Hand-in-Hand Assembly (bookbinders) gave a complimentary concert to the ladies of the trade in Shaftesbury Hall. Mr. R. Glockling presided, and a large audience enjoyed a first-class program.

"The boys like their mothers to buy their suits at the Army & Navy stores. A new puzzle called "Pigs in the Oats," is given with every suit at two fifty and upwards but it is the low prices for reliable clothing that brings the crowd of careful mothers to the Army & Navy stores every day—and no matter how low the price—no matter how cheap the clothing you cannot buy shoddy clothing at the Army & Navy stores."

Restaurant Removed.

The Cosmopolitan Hotel and Restaurant have removed from 8 Front-street east to 122 Bay-street, a few doors north of King-street. Everything nicely fitted up, with smoking and sitting-rooms in connection.

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them. Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

PARNELL ON THE STAND.

THE IRISH LEADER DENIES ALL THE CHARGES AGAINST HIM.

He Never Suggested Revolution but Had Urged Boycotting Under Certain Conditions—Nor Had He Ever Heard Proposals for "Removals"—General Cable News.

LONDON, April 30.—The Parnell Commission resumed its sitting to-day. Mr. Parnell took the stand, and gave his testimony in a clear voice and in a deliberate manner. He testified that he did not know Peter Delaney was connected with the Amnesty Association. He had never heard of any attempt being made on Justice Lawson's life. He was never a member of a secret society. Mr. Biggar was a Fenian until 1877. He advised Mr. Biggar to resign his seat in Parliament, but Mr. Biggar refused.

Mr. Parnell said he did not communicate with Ford or Fenian convicts in America, neither did he meet them there. He first heard of the Clan-na-Gael in America. He doubted that the convention at Cincinnati advocated the destruction of the link between England and Ireland, which was so opposed to his opinion. He did not leave his interests in America in the hands of Ford and Fenians but in the hands of Mr. Dillon and a body representing the party co-operating in America with a party in Ireland. He had urged boycotting under certain conditions but never intimidation. Mr. Parnell forgot the alleged interview with Le Caron in 1881. He said it might have occurred.

He had not said he believed that only force would redeem Ireland. He did not doubt that by constitutional parliamentary action the Irish leaders would succeed. He never suggested a revolution nor discussed the means by which a revolution could be effected. He had not been asked to authorize the payment of £20,000 to "remove" officials. He had never sanctioned outrages. He did not know of payments for the committal of outrages. He did not approve of a suggestion by Mr. Egan that Earl Cowper, Mr. Foster, Under Secretary Burke, Justice Lawson and many others be "removed." He could not have approved of such a suggestion, Mr. Egan never having made it. He had never heard proposals from any quarter for the "removal" (meaning murder) of Earl Cowper, Mr. Foster and others.

He did not know of the existence of the Invincible conspiracy until after his arrest in 1883, when he was liberated from the Kilmainham Jail on parole to attend the funeral of his nephew in Paris. He met in Paris Mr. Justin McCarthy and Messrs. Quinn and Byrne. He did not know that Byrne had been a Fenian. He did not communicate with Mr. Egan directly or indirectly when he was in Paris, thinking that his parole precluded communications with any of his political friends. He had always regarded the Phœnix Park murders as the greatest possible calamity to Ireland. He had never been able to obtain the slightest evidence connecting the League with those murders excepting unreliable statements made by the informer Carey. He did not believe the stories about Mr. Egan supplying the Invincibles from the League funds. The payment of £100 to Mr. Byrne was made in response to a letter asking for an advance for the purpose of the Land and Labor League and not for the purpose of enabling him to make his escape. He had not the slightest suspicion that Mr. Byrne was engaged in any conspiracy.

A Vote of Censure.

LONDON, April 30.—In the House of Commons this evening a motion of Samuel Smith (Liberal) censuring the Government for fostering spirit drinking in India was carried by a vote of 113 to 103.

They Will Deliberate in English.

BERLIN, April 30.—It is understood a subcommittee of the Samoan conference will undertake the settlement of the details of the controversy. Count Herbert Bismarck, at the session yesterday, disavowed on behalf of Germany any idea of disarrangement inconsistent with existing treaties. Count Herbert spoke in French. Sir Edward Malet and Mr. Kasson followed in a similar strain. Mr. Kasson hinted that the United States Government hoped the question would be settled on such a basis as would preserve the autonomy of the Samoan Island. On Mr. Kasson's proposal it was agreed to hold the discussion in English. Count Herbert Bismarck has invited the members of the conference to dine with him on Friday. Emperor William received a personal report of the sitting. At the next meeting he will receive the report of the subcommittee. All the delegates appeared to be satisfied with the proceedings thus far.

The Berlin Tagblatt states that at the Samoan conference yesterday Mr. Kasson asked whether a secret treaty existed between England and Germany to partition between them the Tonga and Samoa Islands. Sir Edward Malet, the British Ambassador, and Prince Bismarck categorically denied that such a treaty existed.

A British Ship Lost.

LONDON, April 30.—The British steamer Cotopaxi, from Liverpool for Valparaiso, struck a rock near the Straits of Magellan on April 15 and foundered. There was no loss of life.

Rochefort Asks for a Safe Conduct.

PARIS, April 30.—Henri Rochefort has applied to the Government for a safe conduct to enable him to attend the funeral of his eldest son who committed suicide at Bona, Algeria.

Fire in a Gogebic Mine.

ASHLAND, Wis., April 30.—The most disastrous mine fire that ever took place on the Gogebic range is raging in the Aurora mine. Two of the main shafts have already been consumed, and the fire is increasing in fury. The loss will be very heavy. Four hundred men will be thrown out of work.

"Cable" Cigars. The standard brand. Over a quarter of a century in the market. Sales constantly increasing. 136

What They Did for the Organ Fund.

The Young Ladies' Auxiliary of St. James' Cathedral held a bazaar and "At Home" in the schoolhouse yesterday from 3 to 10 o'clock in aid of the organ fund. The room was tastefully decorated with streamers and flags, among which were to be seen those of the "Oriole" and "Allen." Number of young ladies gracefully dispensed flowers, confectionery, etc. Mottoes were displayed around the room of choice and appropriate designs. The affair was under the management of Miss Beaty, whose efforts to make it a success were duly rewarded. A "Punch and Judy" show was located in one of the anterooms and conducted by Messrs. E. Rutherford and Boultbee, experienced managers of this attraction.

An informal entertainment in the evening, consisting of vocal and instrumental music, proved very agreeable. High tea was served from 6 to 8 in the evening.

The Mungo (5c) Cigar is superior to the many so-called 10c cigars that are being foisted upon the public. 136

At the Hotels.

Ira B. Thayer, Brighton; Jno. Miller, London, Eng.; J. C. Ferguson, Chicago; N. Awrey, M.L.A., Binbrook; Jno. Hood, Hamilton; R. S. Hamlin, Oshawa; Robt. J. Hervey, Brockville; A. L. Hogg, Hamilton; J. B. Shearer, Rochester, N.Y.; R. B. Andrew, Bowmanville, are at the Rossin.

H. Peterson, Guelph; Geo. Moore, Waterloo; J. Usher, Thorold; Thos. Eyre, North Augusta; A. Nilson, New York; G. N. Bilton, London; S. Noxon, Ingersoll; S. Allen, Norwich; T. W. Martin, Joliet, Ill.; E. Roat, Berlin; C. H. Hick, New York; J. Zingsheine, Hamilton; Thos. Nihon, St. Catharines; Wm. Kerr, Mitchell, are at the Palmer.

C. H. Macintosh, Ottawa; R. Tyler, Montreal; W. Clireling, London, Eng.; Percy R. Todd, Ottawa; Robt. Nelson, Williamsport, Pa.; Herbert Wallis, Montreal; J. G. Murray, New Orleans; W. E. McKeough, Chatham; Robt. Gordon, jr., Hamilton; Samuel Porter, Woodstock, are at the Queen's.

S. Armstrong M.L.A., McKellar; S. J. Parker, Owen Sound; J. Carew and wife, Peterboro; A. Macnairn, Stratford; B. W. Arnold, Albany; Chas. Cameron, Collingwood; Geo. Mason, jr., Melbourne, Australia, are at the Walker.

Diamonds and Jewelry.

Money is saved in buying diamonds, watches and jewelry at D. H. Cunningham's, 77 Yonge-street, 2 doors north of King. 136

The Dead.

Carl Rosa, the well known musical director, is dead.

Hon. Wm. H. Barnum, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, is dead at Lime Rock, Conn.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Gen. Boulanger denies that he has ever seen or spoken with Victor Bonaparte or the Comte de Paris.

The King of Holland will go abroad on May 2, with the hope of effecting a complete cure of his disease.

The late Hon. G. Eugene Chinic of Quebec was one of the leading merchants, as well as politicians, of Eastern Canada.

Mr. Herbert Swinford of Winnipeg, General Agent of the Northern Pacific and Manitoba railway, is in town in connection with that road.

Mr. Herbert Sheppard, treasurer of the Grand Opera House, leaves to-day on a trip to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Mr. R. A. Lyon, M.L.A., had an attack of bilious colic a few days ago which came near ending his life. He has recovered and is now around again.

The Matthew Arnold fund now amounts to £700. £100 of it having come from America. Six hundred guineas will procure a bust for Westminster Abbey, and the remainder will be given to Mrs. Arnold.

A copy of the first edition of Charles Lever's works lately sold in England for $1375. The craze for first editions is now at its height and absurd prices are given for many modern books which have little value as literature.

Mr. Alex C. McLaughlin, the well-known traveler, long and favorably known in the dry goods trade to many in the west, enters to-day upon an engagement as representative of the firm of Gordon, Mackay & Co., and will shortly wait upon his constituents.

Mr. John Monteith of the Monteith House, Rosseau, Muskoka, is in town. He states that he has made many improvements to his hotel during the winter months and will be better prepared than ever to receive summer visitors.

Mr. C. A. Hirschfelder, U. S. Vice-Consul at Toronto, yesterday received a despatch from the State Department at Washington acknowledging the resignation of Mr. C. W. Wagner, American Consul, and thanking him for his efficient services to the United States Government. Mr. Wagner left Toronto a week ago for Buffalo.

The Prince of Wales has warmly congratulated the Duke of Portland upon his betrothal to handsome Miss Dallas Yorke, and has intimated his intention to be present with the Princess at the wedding. London society is full of rumors of the splendor which is to mark the marriage of one of the richest peers of England to the most beautiful woman in the United Kingdom.

Many people make drug shops of their stomachs, in the attempt to relieve a simple attack of liver complaint, when with a dose or two of *Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil* the complaint might be easily and pleasantly obviated. Colic, piles, hurts, corns, lame back and swelled neck, are also among the troubles which it cures.

A Pavement Which Stands the Test.

Among other firms who are now occupying a prominent place in Toronto is that of Bryce Brothers, 238 Kingstreet east, builders, lumber merchants, and proprietors of Bryce's patent pavement for roofs and cellars, etc. We wish more particularly to call the attention of the public to the quality of pavement laid by this firm, samples of which may be seen in front of the Elliott House, corner of Church and Shuter-street, as the new works of the firm are not yet opened, at a cost of $3000, also at the corner of King and Power-streets, and considerable has been put down in St. Patrick Ward, from 50 to 100 cellars having been paved there. A sample may be seen in front of 41 Spencer-avenue. This pavement has stood a fair test of time, that in front of the Elliott House having been laid last September and being as well preserved to-day as when it was laid. It has consequently given great satisfaction. As a result of this test the firm have received orders from the corporation to pave several streets. Work has also been done outside the city for the Dominion Government and in Stratford. A pavement has been laid in St. Strange, who recommends it on sanitary grounds. It is a pavement that will prove its own worth and superiority to many in the future.

Mara & Co., Grocers, 280 Queen-street Wes

Have one of the largest and choicest stocks of general groceries and fancy groceries in Ontario. Families in any part of the city will be called upon twice a week for orders if required, and goods delivered same day. Send for lithographed price catalog. 135

Dr. Parsons and "Jim" Lennox's License.

Rev. Dr. Parsons spoke out plainly on Sunday morning from the pulpit of Knox Church on the evils of the present license system. He stated that with the members of his session he waited upon Hon. Oliver Mowat, the Premier of Ontario, and the License Commissioners, and protested against the granting of a license to a saloonkeeper to open in front of their doors. They gave numerous reasons why a license should not be granted to him, while the saloonkeeper did not advance one in his own behalf. Yet he got his license. He regarded it as a very great insult to himself and to the thousand members of a Christian congregation, that one single liquor seller should have more influence with Mr. Mowat and the License Commissioners. He said this without any scruples. It seemed to him that the authorities were desirous of giving the saloonkeepers every facility to reap in thousands of dollars annually from the citizens. He regarded the action of the commissioners as an outrage. He felt it very keenly. They held their weekly prayer meeting on Wednesday evening. Hitherto ladies have attended without a escort. With a saloon at the door they were in danger of being insulted by men coming from the saloon incensed with drink. They had experience of this kind in connection with their Duchess-street mission, and they had been forced to procure police protection.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

The Scottish Sunday.

It has been resolved that the Royal Botanic Gardens, Edinburgh, shall be thrown open on Sundays. The concession now made has long been agitated for, and to some people it may appear a remarkable advance on the old order of things. But it should be remembered that the strict style of observing Sunday supposed to be peculiarly Scottish is a survival of English Puritanism, and possibly were we to look critically into more primitive practices the germ of the Puritan Sunday might be found in an earlier age. The elder Disraeli asserted that John Knox introduced the Puritanic system into Scotland, but that is a mistake. The great Scotchman, with whose teaching Newcastle was familiar three centuries ago, did not hold Puritan ideas as to the observance of Sunday. The Puritanic principles on this matter, first preached in England, traveled north and took deep root there, though not exactly to the extent that some people imagine. The most rigid Scotchman never endorsed the grotesque Puritanic enactment which prohibited a mother from kissing her own child on a Sunday, and which provided that any man who kissed his wife on that day might be punished at the discretion of the magistrates! It must, however, be confessed that much needless narrowness crept into the Scottish observance of the day. It is, however, worthy of remark that until the passing of the Forbes Mackenzie Act there was always plenty of intoxicating drink to be got in Scotland on Sundays. In those days the "bona fide traveler" had not been invented. In that scathing and daring satire—"The Holy Fair" of Robert Burns, the public-house and its "yill caup commentators" play a conspicuous part. These places are now shut in Scotland on Sunday, and there can be no doubt that Botanic Gardens are a great improvement on the tavern.

Those who object to the opening of these gardens should remember that nobody is compelled to enter them. In the olden time in the cities and towns of Scotland the magistrates issued orders that all persons must get out of their houses and out of church on Sunday should be laid hold upon. The absurd extent to which a ukase of that character was carried may be gathered from this fact. A farmer who had saved a sickly sheep from perishing in a snowstorm, because he carried the poor creature to his home on a Sunday, was brought before his Session and rebuked. This was carrying matters a good deal further than the Jews, who never scrupled to succour any animal in distress. The teaching of Christ not only lent no support to this conduct, but directly condemned such false conceptions of duty. During half the year, Sir Walter Scott's "own romantic town" is visited by people from nearly every country and every clime. To them the opening of the Botanic Gardens cannot fail to prove a boon. These gardens have a peculiar history. The migrations of the institution did not escape the observant eye and genial pen of the late Lord Cockburn, whose appreciation of all that was good in "Edina" is of the most pronounced character.

If you propose getting out a lithographic plan of your properties call at the Ontario Lithographing Co., World Building, for samples and prices. tf.

PLAY BALL! PLAY BALL!

INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION SEASON OPENED YESTERDAY.

Toronto Beaten by Toledo—London, Rochester and Syracuse the Other Winners—Racing at Washington and Memphis—Baseball and Turf Gossip—Other Sports.

TOLEDO, April 30.—Toledo and Toronto opened the season here to-day before 5000 people. Serad and McGuire were in the points for Toronto, and Smith and Sage the old Des Moines battery, did the work for Toledo. The hard and opportune hitting by the Toledo nine was what secured the victory, as both teams played a fine fielding game, Toronto's errors not contributing much to the score. McGuire was given an ovation when he came to bat, as he was a great favorite when he played with Toledo in 1884. Toronto had the bases full twice but sharp fielding prevented the Canadians from scoring.

A base on balls and a corking two-bagger earned Toledo's first run. Four hits, a base on balls and a passed ball scored three in the third, two of them earned. Two two-baggers earned another in the seventh.

Toronto owed her first run to Shafer's error and her second she earned on two hits by Burke and Hoover, and a sacrifice by McLaughlin.

Before the game a procession of the players was formed in the city and was driven through the park headed by a band. The opening of the season was all that could be wished for, except that the weather was raw. Hartnett broke a finger before the game, and Grim was substituted for him by Toronto. The Toronto team put up a fine game and their defeat was owing to the fact that Toledo hit it out on them. The score:

TORONTO.	R	B	PO	A	E	TOLEDO.	R	B	PO	A	E
McMillan, lf	1	0	2	1	0	Sneed, rf	1	0	2	1	0
Burke, cf	1	3	6	0	0	Bottenus, cf	0	1	1	1	0
Hoover, rf	0	1	2	0	1	Alvord, 2b	1	1	2	2	0
McGuire, c	0	1	4	0	0	Werden, 1b	2	2	8	0	0
Hickey, 3b	0	0	0	2	1	Shafer, 3b	0	0	2	3	1
M'Laughlin, ss	0	0	1	4	0	Vandyke, lf	0	0	3	0	0
Swift, 2b	0	2	2	3	1	Quest, ss	1	0	7	2	0
Grim, 1b	0	0	9	0	0	Sage, c	0	0	7	2	0
Serad, p	0	0	1	3	1	Smith, p	0	2	0	1	0
Total	2	5	27	12	4	Total	5	10	27	12	1

Toledo	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1 — 5
Toronto	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0 — 2

Runs earned—Toledo 4, Toronto 1. Two base hits—Bottenus, Werden 2, Shafer, Swift. Struck out—By Smith 7, by Serad 2. Left on bases—Toledo 8, Toronto 5. Bases on balls—Off Smith 4, off Serad 3. Double plays—McLaughlin to Swift to Grim, Sneed to Sage to Alvord to Werden. Passed balls—McGuire 2. Wild pitches—Smith 1, Serad 1. Passed balls—McGuire 2. Stolen bases—Werden, Sage, Hoover, McLaughlin 2. Sacrifice hits—Burke, Hoover, McLaughlin. Time 1.55. Umpire—Emslie.

Other International Association Games.

At Rochester:	R	H	E
Rochester	1 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 —	4	7 2
Buffalo	1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 —	2	7 3

Batteries—Barr and Toy; Fanning and Reidy. Umpire—Carlin.

At Syracuse:	R	H	E
Syracuse	0 0 0 0 0 0 3 1 —	4	5 3
Hamilton	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 2 —	3	4 6

Batteries—Murphy and Walker; Blair and Oldfield. Umpire—West.

Called at the end of the eighth inning on account of darkness.

At Detroit:	R	H	E
Detroit	0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 —	3	6 3
London	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 —	4	5 2

Batteries—Anderson and Wells; Cain and Murray. Umpire—Bauer.

National League Games.

At New York:	R	H	E
New York	0 0 3 1 0 1 0 4 0 —	9	11 2
Washington	0 1 0 0 2 3 0 0 1 —	7	10 2

Batteries—Welch and Ewing; Healy and Ebright. Umpires—Curry and McQuade.

At Philadelphia:	R	H	E
Philadelphia	3 0 0 2 0 2 0 0 0 —	5	8 1
Boston	2 0 0 0 0 1 3 0 0 —	6	6 1

Batteries—Sanders and Clements; Madden and Kelly. Umpire—Fessenden.

At Pittsburg:	R	H	E
Pittsburg	0 3 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 —	6	8 2
Cleveland	3 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 4 —	8	7 3

Batteries—Conway and Fields; Beatin and Sutcliffe. Umpire—Lynch.

At Indianapolis:	R	H	E
Indianapolis	1 1 0 2 1 0 0 0 1 —	6	10 1
Chicago	0 0 0 1 0 0 1 3 0 —	5	9 2

Batteries—Whitney and Daily; Dwyer and Flint. Umpire—Barnum.

American Association Games.

MORNING GAME.

At Brooklyn:	R	H	E
Brooklyn	0 1 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 —	3	7 2
Baltimore	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 —	1	6 4

Batteries—Lovett and Clark; Foreman and Quinn. Umpire—Holland.

AFTERNOON GAME.

At Brooklyn:	R	H	E
Brooklyn	0 1 0 0 0 3 2 1 —	7	6 5
Baltimore	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 —	2	8 3

Batteries—Hughes and Clark; Kilroy and Tate. Umpire—Holland.

At Columbus:	R	H	E
Columbus	3 0 0 0 2 2 3 0 0 —	10	11 1
Athletics	1 0 3 0 3 0 0 1 0 —	8	10 9

Batteries—Mays and Bligh; Seward and Robinson. Umpire—Ferguson.

At Kansas City:	R	H	E
Kansas City	0 0 2 1 4 1 0 0 0 —	8	12 10
Cincinnati	1 0 0 0 1 3 0 0 1 —	6	10 9

Batteries—McCarthy and Donohue; Viau and Baldwin. Umpire—Gaffney.

At St. Louis:	R	H	E
St. Louis	2 1 1 0 1 1 2 1 1 —	10	12 4
Louisville	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 —	4	11 11

Batteries—Chamberlain and Milligan; Hecker and Cook. Umpire—Daniels.

Games To-day.

International Association: Toronto at Toledo, London at Detroit, Hamilton at Syracuse, Buffalo at Rochester.

National League: Boston at Philadelphia, Washington at New York, Chicago at Indianapolis, Cleveland at Pittsburg.

American Association: Baltimore at Brooklyn, Cincinnati at Kansas City, Louisville at St. Louis.

Baseball at Rosedale.

Visitors to the Rosedale grounds to-day may expect to see a well-played game as the Varsity and Financial Legal nines have both clever fielding teams. Doc Sinclair of the Dry Goods team will pitch for the down town club. He is one of Toronto's best amateur pitchers and will keep the collegians guessing. The game will be called at 4 o'clock. Ladies free. The batteries will be Bennett and Wardell and Sinclair and Scott.

The International Association Clubs.

Of the clubs in the International Association The Rochester Herald says: Rochester has the best club that ever represented the city, and in pitching, fielding, base running and general team work it is undoubtedly the strongest in the association. It will show its opponents several surprises in holding base runners to the bases. It is predicted that the club will be weak at the bat, and, although that is its weak point, if any, the boys will probably show up better than is generally expected. Syracuse has a strong club, too, and its field work will undoubtedly be excellent. There are several heavy hitters on the team. London had a good club last season and it is undoubtedly considerably stronger this year. Hamilton has a larger number of players under contract than any other club and as usual is much stronger at the bat than in the field. Toronto's weak point is in the box. Atkisson, who did so well last year, is not in his usual trim. Vickery has done some good work, but Serad is looked upon as the club's mainstay. Although Buffalo has played no exhibition games, the make-up of the club is a guarantee that it will make a fight in the race. It will rank well in fielding, and in batting will stand up with some of the best clubs. Of the players of the new Toledo club little is known in this association. The club has done some excellent practice work, and a Columbus paper speaks of it in complimentary terms, saying that it will land within hailing distance of the flag. Detroit has an excellent team and will make a strong fight for a place. The club will be strong in the field and in base running, and like Rochester will be weakest at the bat.

Dust from the Diamond.

Vickery will pitch for Toronto to-day.

The "short horses" winning yesterday were London and Toledo.

Columbus is said to have offered $500 to Syracuse for Con. Murphy.

As usual the Torontos were defeated in the opening game. But they will "come" at the finish.

It is said that "Doc" Kennedy will be given his release by the Rochester management this week.

Manager Hart has issued orders requiring all the members of the Boston club to retire before half-past eleven and to report at 8 o'clock. No wet goods shall be sent to the players' rooms.

Ned Hanlon observes: "England is a fine country, but it will never do for baseball. The Englishmen like cricket because they can drop off to sleep during a game and wake up in half an hour and find that they have missed nothing."

In a speech before the Cosmopolitan