INTECH (1984) associates

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London, Ontario N6E 1P7

Phone: (519) 686-1970
After Hours: 657-0390

THIS ORIGINAL DOCUMENT IS IN VERY POOR CONDITION

Fall Circular, 1868.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

THE subscriber begs to advise the business community that by the 1st of October he expects to receive a large portion of his New Stock (Groceries and Liquors), which he will offer in packages at a very small advance over first cost.

The subscriber has made arrangements for shipping many classes of Goods direct from first hands to his customers, saving Custom's charges, Commissions, Insurances, &c., attending transhipments. He intends offering all classes of **Groceries** in bulk at Montreal and Toronto Prices, saving to the trader the freights from those points, which on many classes of Goods is a profit.

Guelph is well situated for supplying a large portion of the Country between it and Lake Huron, particularly for meeting an assorting demand. But many business friends have even objected to this connection, as their own customers could buy at the same establishments at just about the same prices.

The subscriber proposes to SELL ONLY TO THE TRADE—**have no retail counter**—and feels, by adhering closely to this, he can turn larger amounts, and conflict less with the interests of those who favor him with their orders than where a retail business is in connection with the Jobbing.

The subscriber will receive orders from good, reliable parties, either personally or by post, and give them his best attention with thanks.

JOHN L. LEWIS.

Guelph, 25th Sept. d2w2

Guelph Evening Mercury

OFFICE:.....MACDONNELL STREET

SATURDAY EVEN'G, SEPT. 26, 1868

THE NORTH-WEST.

By one means or other the North-West is still keeping itself before the eyes of Canadians. Scarcely for an instant have we lost sight of it since at the last election candidates almost invariably pledged themselves to exert their utmost efforts to open it up for settlement. Then came Mr. Macdougall's resolutions in Parliament regarding it, which, but for an amendment that was carried, would have left our Government at liberty to negotiate what terms they pleased for its annexation, without as much as saying "by your leave" to the other trusty Commons. Anon the British Parliament gave its attention to the subject, and we were made aware that the territory could become an integral portion of the Dominion by allowing the magnanimous Hudson's Bay Company a million pounds sterling to be paid in royalties, and a hundred or so of the best sites for towns and villages. The latter was not the expression used, the ulterior object being disguised, and the condition being with naive simplicity, that the company should be allowed to retain a certain number of acres round their trading posts. Eager as the Dominion may be to extend its boundaries from shore to shore, this proposition is too monstrous to meet with acceptance even by men who are not proverbial for driving hard bargains with companies.

Recently Mr. Dawson has published a report on the line of route between Lake Superior and the Red River Settlement, a copy of which we have received. The proposed route from Fort William to Fort Garry is somewhat circuitous, but is all within Canadian territory. The total distance between these two points is estimated by the Engineer at 463¼ miles, of which 131 are by land and the remainder by water, and the entire cost of opening up communication he thinks would be $186,500. It is well to know, even before the Territory falls into Canadian hands, the route by which intending settlers might reach it with the greatest expedition, but it is to be hoped that if the transfer were effected a short time [illegible] capital employed to afford a [illegible] speedier transit than that con[illegible]d by Mr. Dawson, and to ob[illegible] the numerous transhipments which must necessarily occur on his route. So long as the waggon has to do heavy service the population of the North-west will not be likely to increase in a rapid ratio.

We are told by a Government organ that ought to know, that the ministerial delegation to England on the subject of the transfer of the North-west will depart in a few days, and we are sure that everybody in Canada wishes them success. Mr. Macdougall has taken an interest in the question and ought to be well qualified for the performance of the task which has been allotted to him. Sir G. E. Cartier will probably do well enough also, as he has somewhat different feelings towards the western portion of Canada from what he used to entertain; but, oh, irreparable loss! it is doubted whether Mr. Campbell can accompany them. They will perhaps be as well without him, for his abilities as a negotiator are at least doubtful.

DEATH OF THE REV. H. H. MILMAN.—The Cable to-day brings intelligence of the death of the Rev. Henry Hart Milman, Dean of St. Paul's, which event occurred on Friday. His age was 77 years. Milman was a poet as well as a divine, and so much of a historian that he edited Gibbon's "Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire." The reader of this splendid history may have noticed that the editor in his notes is captious, pedantic, and rather inclined to display his own learning and research than to correct the errors of the work. Perhaps the greatest service he has done editorially is in pointing out where Gibbon, in discussing his great "five causes," gives Christianity a covert stab. Medium intelligence does not readily detect the sneer of the skeptic, but Milman lays his finger on it, and censures it in glowing language, and with the indignation of an orthodox Churchman. He was a poet of no mean order, as some of his published pieces prove. In his early days at least he was a contributor to periodical literature, and incurred along with Southey and Barrow the indignation of no less a personage than Lord Byron, who called him "the poet priest." The reason of the noble lord's displeasure was that he believed one of the three gentlemen above named was the author of a savage criticism in the "Quarterly" on a poem written by the gifted and highly sensitive Keats, which had such an effect on him that he never recovered his spirits but gradually sank into the grave. But with all his faults and want of charity for aspiring young authors, Mr. Milman was a clever writer, one of a class which flourished and was strong in numbers half a century or so since, and who are rapidly departing, not leaving their equals behind them.

THE PROHIBITION CATTLE ORDER.—At a meeting of the Board of Agriculture on Friday, it was resolved: "That the Board having ascertained that the cattle disease has almost if not entirely abated in the Western States, and as no danger need be apprehended from the transportation of American cattle through Canada, would recommend that the Government do remove the prohibitory order on and after the 1st of October, and would as a matter of precaution suggest that competent persons be appointed at Detroit and Port Huron for 30 days, to Inspect all cattle before being shipped through Canada, and to see that the railway companies use proper disinfectants, and that the Secretary do forthwith send a copy of this resolution to the Minister of Customs.

The enrolment of voters under the new Reform Act and the new Municipal Act—the two suffrages being identical—has now been nearly completed for the City of Edinburgh, and as the political and municipal boundaries there are the same, the figures represent the actual number and present distribution of the electors who are henceforth to choose representatives both in Parliament and the Town Council. The lists when revised will show, we believe, pretty nearly the following results: 1867-'68, 10,927; 1868-'69, 20,456; increase, 9,529. These figures do not comprise the "lodgers" who, under the new Act, require to claim, and are not put on by the assessor. The number of claims for registration by lodgers is about 200.

The Ku Klux Klan has developed itself as far north as New Jersey, and the members thereof are assiduously engaged in murdering some, and warning others to prepare for their fate.

BIRTHS.

MURRAY—In Mount Forest, on the 19th inst., the wife of Rev. J. Allister Murray, of a son.

REDDICK—In Mount Forest, on the 23rd inst., the wife of Mr. Alexander Reddick, of a son.

MCKECHNIE—In the Township of Egremont, on the 19th inst., the wife of Mr A. McKechnie, of a son.

BOWIE—In Mount Forest, on the 23rd inst., the wife of Mr. Thomas W. Bowie, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

DYSON—DREW—At Guelph, on the 22nd instant, by the Rev. W. S. Ball, Mr. Richard Isaac Dyson, formerly of Lancashire, England, to Isabella, eldest daughter of Mr. John Drew, farmer, York Road.

KEAN—WEIR—At the residence of the bride's father, on the 22nd inst, by the Rev. James Little, of the Canada Presbyterian Church, Mr. Joseph Kean, of Orillia, to Miss Mary Ann Weir, only daughter of James Weir, Esq., of Nassagaweya.

SCOTT—MCKEE—At the residence of the bride's father, on the 23rd inst., Mr. John Scott to Miss Rebecca Jane McKee, all of Nassagaweya.

CRAIG—HARE—By the Rev. E. G. Wait, at Gilles' Hotel, on the 16th inst., Mr. Wm. Craig, of Egremont, to Miss Susan Matilda Hare, of Minto.

GIBB—MCFARLANE—In Puslinch on the 22nd inst, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. W. T. Murdock, Mr. David Gibb to Miss Margaret McFarlane, third daughter of Mr. John McFarlane, farmer, Puslinch.

DARDY—GIBSON—At St. George's Church, Guelph, by the Rev. Finlow Alexander, Mr. William Dardy, of Woodstock, Co. of Oxford, to Eleanor, daughter of Mr. Johnston Gibson, Guelph.

DIED.

WARBURTON—At Guelph, on the 24th inst, Gertrude Geer, youngest daughter of J. B. Warburton.

BRUCE—At Guelph, on the 26th inst., Margaret Keith, the beloved wife of Mr. Geo. A. Bruce, carriage builder, in the 35th year of her age.

☞ The funeral will take place from the residence of her husband to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

New Advertisements.

TOWN HALL, GUELPH.

Thursday Eve'g, October 1st.

Announcing the great Chief of Minstrelsy,

Duprez & Benedict's Gigantic Minstrels

Composed of 26 Famous Artists,

On their Sixteenth Triumphant Annual Tour, enlarged, improved, remodelled for 1868-69, introducing nightly more variety, more brilliancy, more originality, more real merit, and giving greater satisfaction than any two combined Troupes travelling.

Doors open at 7. Commence ½ of 8 o'clock.

Admission 25 cts. Dress Circle 50 cts.

Sept. 25. d6 C. H. DUPREZ, Manager.

CARPENTERS.

A NUMBER of first-class hands wanted, to whom $1.75 per day will be paid, and steady work given.

JAMES BARCLAY.

Guelph, 25th September. d2

Hamilton *Spectator* copy twice.

Curling Rink Meeting.

A MEETING of Curlers and others interested in building a Curling Rink will be held in the Town Hall, on Monday Evening the 28th inst. at half-past seven.

CHAS. DAVIDSON, Sec.

Guelph, 25th Sept. 3d

WANTED,

Keep the Feet Dry, and the Head Cool.

Keep the Feet dry, and the Head Cool.

Customers to buy out one of the Largest and Cheapest stocks of

BOOTS AND SHOES

TO BE FOUND IN GUELPH.

JOHN CRIDIFORD

INVITES inspection to his stock of **NEW FALL GOODS**, which have been purchased from the best makers, and can be warranted as equal to any in the market for Style, Durability or Cheapness.

☞ Remember that the spot for Cheap Boots and Shoes is the **Kingston Penitentiary Boot and Shoe Store, No. 41,** Wyndham-st., Guelph. FOR CASH ONLY.

JOHN CRIDIFORD.

Guelph, September 26th dw

CLOCKS, CLOCKS.

CUTHBERT'S

Importation of CLOCKS this Fall larger than ever.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

Guelph, 26th September, 1868. dw

HEFFERNAN BROTHERS.

BRITANNIA HOUSE, GUELPH.

FALL & WINTER IMPORTATIONS

WE beg to advise our customers and the public generally that we are in receipt of the largest and choicest assortment of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

MILLINERY, &c.

ever brought to Guelph, and we are determined to sell them at prices that will maintain our wide-spread reputation—**THE CHEAPEST HOUSE IN GUELPH.**

CLOTHING

Having secured the services of **Mr. ROBERT GRANT,** whose reputation as a first-class Cutter stands second to none in the Dominion, and having the largest, cheapest and best assorted stock of **Canadian, English and Scotch Tweeds** in town, we are prepared to turn out the Cheapest and Best Fitting Clothing to be had in the Dominion.

An Immense Stock of Ready-made Clothing

For Fall and Winter wear—all our own manufacture. We solicit a call before leaving your orders elsewhere. ☞ All our work warranted.

Guelph, 26th September. dw.

New Advertisement.

DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMP'NY

Capital Stock, ... $500,000.

IN 10,000 SHARES OF $50 EACH.

PRESIDENT,
HON. WM. CAYLEY,

TREASURER,
HON. J. McMURRICH,

SECRETARY,
H. B. REEVE.

COUNSEL,
MESSRS. CAMERON & McMICHAEL,

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT,
MARTIN RYAN.

DIRECTORS:

HON. J. McMURRICH, Bryce, McMurrich & Co., Toronto.
A. R. McMASTER, A. R. McMaster & Bro., Toronto.
HON. M. C. CAMERON, Provincial Secretary, Toronto.
JAMES MICHIE, Fulton, Michie & Co., and George Michie & Co., Toronto.
HON. WM. CAYLEY, Toronto.
A. M. SMITH, A. M. Smith & Co., Toronto.
L. MOFFATT, Moffatt, Murray & Co., Toronto.
H. B. REEVE, Toronto.
MARTIN RYAN, Toronto.
SYLVESTER NEELON, Norris & Neelon, St. Catherines.
J. M. WILLIAMS, M. P. P., Hamilton.
WM. McGIVERIN, Wm. McGiverin & Co., Hamilton.
J. J. MACKENZIE, Kerr, Brown & Mackenzie, Hamilton.
PLUMMER DEWAR, Hamilton.
JOHN STUART, President of the Board of Trade, Hamilton.
MILES O'REILLY, Q.C., Hamilton.
JAMES WINER, J. Winer & Co., Hamilton.
A. McINNES, Sandford, McInnes & Co., Hamilton.
JAMES COLEMAN, Dundas.
CHARLES WHITLAW, Paris.
DAVID ALLAN, Esq., Guelph.

PROSPECTUS.

THE DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has been organized under the Act respecting Telegraph Companies, chapter 67 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. Its object is to cover the Dominion of Canada with a complete net-work of Telegraph lines.

THE CAPITAL STOCK

Is $500,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $50 each, 5 per cent. to be paid at the time of subscribing, the balance to be paid by instalments, not exceeding ten per cent. per month—said instalments to be called in by the Directors as the works progresses. The liability of a subscriber is limited to the amount of his subscription.

The Business Affairs of the Company

Are under the management of a Board of Directors annually elected by the shareholders in conformity with the Charter and By-laws of the Company.

The Directors are of opinion that it would be to the interest of the Stockholders generally to obtain subscriptions from all quarters of Canada, and with this view they propose to divide the Stock amongst the different towns and cities throughout the Dominion in allotments suited to the population and business occupations of the different localities and the interest which they may be supposed to take in such an enterprise.

CONTRACT OF CONNECTIONS.

A contract, granting permanent connection and extraordinary advantages, has already been executed between this Company and the Atlantic and Pacific Company of New York; thus, at the very commencement, as the lines of this Company are constructed from the Suspension Bridge, at Clifton (the point of connection) to any point in the Dominion, all the chief cities and places in the States, touched by the lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, are brought in immediate connection therewith.

A permanent connection has also been secured with the Great Western Telegraph Company of Chicago, whereby this Company will be brought into close connection with all the Lake Ports and other places through the North Western States, and through to California.

All classes of society are interested in extending the use of the Telegraph, at LOW RATES, and the Directors are satisfied that the adoption of a scale of charges considerably below the rate now expected in Canada, will by encouraging a much more extended use of this medium of communication, not only prove a real and substantial benefit to the public generally, but will also ensure a safe and profitable return to the invester.

On the 25th day of June, A. D., 1868, the DOMINION TELEGRAPH COMPANY was duly CHARTERED according to law.

The admitted importance and value of Telegraphy, would, in the opinion of the Directors, have rendered an introduction of the Dominion Telegraph Company to the Canadian Public unnecessary had it not been that previous attempts to establish Telegraph Companies in Canada, to share the business with the Montreal Company, have been allowed to fall through.

The success of a Telegraph Company will mainly depend on its ability to meet the demands of the public, and consequently it should possess, at least, equal facilities with any other Company, of access to outlying districts with which its customers may desire to have communication.

This important requisite has not been, until now, within the reach of any Company entering the field as a competitor with the Montreal Company in consequence of the close and exclusive connection formed between that Company and the Western Union Company of the United States, the latter by virtue of certain patents, having until within these two years, monopolized nearly the whole of the telegraph business in the neighboring Republic.

The business relations between these two Companies continue in full force, but the patents having run out, the monopoly so long enjoyed by the Western Union has ceased to exist.

The Atlantic and Pacific, the Great Western, and other American Companies have invaded the field, and have become successful competitors for the public patronage and support. These Companies, acting on the cheap postage principle, have forced the old monopolist to a reduction of rates, which has resulted in a more widely extended use of this means of communication, and much to the [illegible] of the Western Union itself, has increased its profits, whilst sharing its field of [illegible]

With these new Companies the [illegible] raph Company of Canada [illegible] into most satisfactory business relations, [illegible] nt of the soundness of the [illegible] ted to the adoption of the [illegible] in Great Britain, the voluntary [illegible] $100 to $16 65 per ten word message [illegible] Cable Company, and the su[illegible] tions of the Companies recently est[illegible] the United States invite the [illegible] and mercantile community of Canada to join the [illegible] the promotion of an enterprise [illegible] on the principle of moderate rates and extended [illegible] which, while injuring no one, they confidently expect will result in securing a [illegible] to the investor, and prove a vast benefit to the community.

Allusion has been made to the voluntary reduction of rates by the Atlantic Cable Company. A Chicago paper, writing on the subject of the growing use of the Telegraph gives the following return, as obtained directly from Cyrus W. Field, showing very conclusively the benefit both to the public and the Company of the reduction of rate.

AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS.

From $100 per message of ten words	$2 525
" 50 " " "	2,905
" 25 " " "	3,985

An advertisement has recently appeared announcing to the public that the rates from the 1st of September, will be further reduced to $16 65 per ten words.

The following table shows the reduction which has been effected in rates in the neighboring States, arising out of the construction of competing lines:

From New York to	Former Rate.	Present Rate.
Boston	$ 60	$ 30
Bangor	1 20	65
Portland	90	50
Philadelphia	40	25
Baltimore	70	35
Washington	75	40
Augusta, Me.,	1 20	60
Cincinnati	1 90	1 00
Buffalo	75	50
Cleveland	1 95	1 00
Pittsburgh	1 15	45
Louisville	1 95	1 00

This reduction took place in November, 1867. A comparison of the receipts of the Western Union since that period with the corresponding months of the previous year, gives the following results:

Gross Receipts for

December, 1866.....$561,791 40; December, 1867, ... $ 576,135 19; Increase, $ 24,163 79
Jan. Feb. Mar., 1867 1,594,644 96; Jan. Feb. March, 1868, 1,727,939 55; " 133,294 59
April, May, June " 1,569,778 79; April, May, June, 1868, 1,749,631 52; " 189,852 73

While these beneficial results were flowing to the Western Union Company from the reduction of rates, the new companies had created a business more than sufficient to fill their wires. In proof of this the following extract is taken from the report of the Atlantic and Pacific Company, made July 28, 1868:

"In April last, we reached the maximum capacity of our wires, and have since been compelled to refuse business daily. The Committee, therefore, have reached the conclusion from the actual experience of building and working the present lines—that

"Telegraphic business is growing faster than Telegraphic facilities."

As further proof on this point, the low rates have so pressed the wires of both Companies with business through the day, that posters have been placed in all the main offices proclaiming that double the number of words would be telegraphed at night at the same price as half the number of words by day.

In support of the observation quoted above, that telegraphic business is growing faster than telegraphic facilities, the following statement exhibiting the wonderful increase in the use of the wire, within the last six years, cannot be without interest to our readers. The gross earnings of all telegraph lines in the United States for the following years were:

1846	$ 4,228 77	1864	$3,792,245 40
1849	63,338 98	1865	4,420,268 88
1853	103,860 82	1866	5,624,501 20
1862	2,734,960 40	1867	7,641,552 47
1863	3,269,442 66		

Showing an average increase of a million a year for the last five years.

A comparison of the number of messages sent, and persons using the wire in Canada and the States, furnishes a further proof of the advantage to the public and corresponding benefit to the Companies arising out of a reduction of rates.

The published returns for 1867 show that 60,757 messages were sent in Canada, while the messages in the United States for the same period exceeded 20,000,000, the former being less than one message to every six persons, the latter, two to every three. From these returns and results it may be reasonably inferred that a reduction of rates to a tariff at which the wires of both Companies can be filled, will secure a fair field and good prospects to the Dominion Company, without in any way prejudicing the interests of the Company now monopolising the ground.

The particulars submitted above are sufficient in the opinion of the Directors to establish the facts that low rates, by encouraging a more general use of the telegraph, are more profitable than high. It is not, however, solely in the light of a safe and good investment that the Directors desire that this enterprise should be viewed. They feel that their object will be but indifferently attained unless they can satisfy the public, the business and commercial men, that all who use the telegraph as a medium of rapid communication, are interested in the establishment of what may be called a competing line. As in the administration of public affairs, a strong, watchful Opposition, is the best security for good and careful government, so in commercial matters, an honest rivalry in the various pursuits and branches of trade furnishes the best security that the public shall be well served.

The Agent of the Company, Mr. COOPER, is now in Guelph, and will wait on the business men with the subscription book, to afford them an opportunity of subscribing for the stock allotted to this place, as it is the policy of the Company that the stock should be held by the business men in order to secure their patronage when the line is working.

H. B. REEVE, Secretary.

September 26th, 18[illegible] dst

AUCTION SALE.

W. S. G. KNOWLES has been instructed by J. C. Chadwick, jr., Esq., to sell by public auction,

On Tuesday, the 29th September

Commencing at 1 o'clock p. m., at "Rockmaple," on the Waterloo Road, Guelph, the following valuable

FARM STOCK!

COWS—2 cows within a few days of calving, 1 cow calved on the 3rd inst., 3 cows in calf to the thorough-bred Durham Bull "Prince Alfred."

FAT CATTLE—4 three year old Steers, 2 Cows, 1 Heifer.

OTHER CATTLE—1 yoke of oxen, 1 Durham Bull Calf 5 months old, 1 superior two year old Grade Heifer, in calf to "Prince Alfred."

HORSES—1 blood Mare six years old, out of a "Sir Tatton Sykes" mare by "Allandale;" 1 Horse, 2 Mares, three year old saddle Mare, 1 two year old Filly, 1 two year old Gelding, 1 yearling Gelding, 1 yearling Filly, 2 Filly Foals.

Also, single and double set of Buggy Harness, 2 Berkshire Sows, &c.

TERMS—Three months on approved endorsed notes.

W. S. G. KNOWLES, Auctioneer.

Guelph, September 25th. dtd

Frame Dwelling House & Lot for Sale

CHEAP.

LOT No. 1, William Street, Elora, with Good Frame Dwelling House, near Kirk & Clark's Store. Apply to W. P. NEWMAN, Bank of Montreal, Elora.

September 24th. 1wd

THE BEST MUSIC BOOK FOR SABBATH SCHOOLS

IS **The Sabbath School Trumpet,** a collection of Hymns and Tunes, Chants and Anthems, appended to which is a Juvenile Cantata, entitled, "The Origin of the Seasons," for the use of Sabbath Schools. By W. O. and H. S. Perkins. Price, in Paper 30, Bds 35. OLIVER DITSON & Co., Publishers, 277 Washington-st., Boston. CHARLES DITSON & Co., 711, Broadway, New York. Sept. 25, dwtf

TUCKERMAN'S CATHEDRAL CHANTS

INCLUDING the Gregorian Tones. The whole adapted to the Canticles and Occasional Services of the Protestant Episcopal Church; Services for the Holy Communion, and the Burial of the Dead, with a Morning Service in F, consisting of Te Deum and Benedictus, with a separate Book of Words, enabling Choirs to adapt such Chants of the Canticles as they prefer, instead of confining, in all cases, to the selections made by the editor. Price $3. OLIVER DITSON & Co., 277 Washington-st., Boston. C. H. DITSON & Co., 711, Broadway, N. Y. Sept. 25, dwtf

LAMPS,

LAMPS!

JUST OPENED OUT AT

PETRIE'S

DRUG STORE

Old Post Office Building, Wyndham-St.

A Large Assortment of COAL OIL LAMPS, all sizes and kinds, will be sold CHEAP.

No. 1 COAL OIL.

A supply of No. 1 COAL OIL KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

A. B. PETRIE, Druggist.

Guelph September 25th. dw

TEAS, TEAS

New Crop Teas.

1868.

THE subscriber has now on hand a fine assortment of Choice Teas in Greens and Blacks, viz:—

Young Hyson,
Old Hyson,
Ping Suey,
Gunpowder,
Congou,
Souchong,
Uncolored Japan,
Orange Pekoe.

Fresh COFFEES—Java, Mocha, Rio and Laguayra.

SUGARS.

Dryed Crushed, Ground, Crushed, Yellow Refined, Porto Rico, Barbadoes.

CHEESE—Canadian Factory, English Stilton.

BACON—Prime New Bacon, Cumberland Cut.

Fresh OYSTERS—Platt & Co's Baltimore Oysters.

Geo. Wilkinson

Guelph, September 21st. dw

FOR SALE.

SODA ASH—"Gamble's.
CAUSTIC SODA—'Gamble's,' 'Widnes,' 'Alkali Comp'y,' 'Garrett's.'
SAL. SODA.
CHLORIDE OF LIME.
PALM OIL.

W. T. BENSON,
37 St Peter Street, Montreal

Montreal, 1st April, 1868 dw-6m