The Entholic Register

PERCHIEF I VERY THEBROAY BY PATRICK P. CPONIN. Burnes Hangre and Hater.

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The second secon THURSDAY, MARCH 27, 1902

DASTER

The mourning of the Church for her Divine Spouse which pervaded Holy Week in an increasing degree, until on Good Friday, we saw the Sacred Passion so impressively typified, gives way on Easter Sunday only to dispositions of love and joy before the Saviour, Who is "truly risen," and Who, by His death, made "all things new."

The fathers of the Church have spoken on this glorious day of puriand aupernatural life in terms which are deeply illuminative to the eyes of faith. It is the "Sublime Pasch." the "Feast of Feasts," the "Resurrection of the True Light," when universal Christianity praises the Creator and Redeemer in the evening, morning and mid-day

This is the morning when the weeping Magdalen, who knew not where they had taken her Lord, was consoled by His very presence The Govpel of the day thus declares the least in the first place to be the peace of repentant sinners. The whole Church, accordingly, having accomplished a long and intimate journey with sorrow, suffering and penance, receives on Master morning the forful message of reconciliation.

The mystery that has passed before the faithful on this journey is clearly manifested in the practices of the Church, which wholly forbid both formulism and doubt. Whilst the world with its customs, not all devoid of the spirit of plety, commemerates the passing of a season of austerity by utilizing in the interchange of gifts certain articles of food and decoration, such as wigs and fair flowers like the lily and the rose, that were inappropriate of forbidden Juxuries in the days of darkness surrounding Calvary, the solicitation and example of the Church to all the members of her household, is that they should have a holy hunger and thirst to receive the Lord Himself In the Sacrament of His love

This, to be gire, is the "breaking of the Bread," which our time-honored social and family customs more or les distantly typily. And though each and every custom that typides the faith of Christians is appropriate it is a fact and a record, to the happiness of Eastertide, those will have forgotten the Saviour who neglect to approach the Sacrament in which He ever does reveal Himself to His faithful children.

Therefore is the Holy Eucharist at Easter time necessarily a sacrament of unity. In vain would Christ have died had He not left us this blessed memorial of Hiz Passion, which was severmore to show forth His death until He came."

The Church in her tender mercy has extended the time for performing the paschal obligation to Triulty Sunday; but due contemplation of the blessed spirit of Easter cannot fall to impress upon all practical Catholies the propriety of complying with the duty of partaking of the sacra as near Easter as possible.

THE POSTER SCANDAL

A sort of a war is again in progrees against the blanketing of the dead walls of Toronto with indecent theatrical posters. This is an old evil; and from oft-repeated experience with the Hoard of Police Commisreform can have but little hope of success. Treonto has a form of police government that might be considered modern in Russia or Turkey The daily treatment alike of the evil and the innocent, of the young and old in shis city to pictures that are concrived in the genius of murder, debauchery, licientiousness and monstrous subgarity is aurely a matter that the authorities abould not require to have pressed upon their notice. The reformers as a matter of fact are going to the wrong door inching for alleviation of the poster unded when they go to the local of independence in the loyalty of the

police authorities. It seems to us that the surest and the best method of gaining an advantage by to carry the grievance to the flovernment at Ottawa Let the Minister of Justice give the desperate case of Toronto ten minutes attention and he will suggest such an exclusion or insextigation of pictorial advertisements coming in from the United States that aili entitle him to the gratitude not only of this but of all other cittes on the theatrical circuit All these posters are printed on the other side The Police Commissioners of Toronto will not move unless compelled to do so, and there is no compelling power vested in public opinion in the present condition of the law By all means carry this case to Ottawa, where it will get a reasonable hearing from the present Minister of Justice

MR CHAMBERLAIN'S REPUTA-

Not much editorial comment of the Chamberlain press has appeared over the exciting parliamentary incident of last week between Colonial Secretary and Mr John Dillon The cable correspondents considered the matter worth a column despatch, but even on this side of the Atlantic there is little disposition shown to discuss it The facts together with the characters of the two men indeed did not invite the journalistic admirers of Mr Chamberlain to indulge their taste for lecturing the Irish members on manners Mr Dillon is one of the most refined and reserved gentlemen in the House of Commons Mr Charcherlain's manners need not be described. The man is simply the opposite of Mr Dillon. He has cleverness enough to veil the personalities that are his habitual weapons of debate, but when he made the direct have been in turn its editorial writinsinuation of treason against Mr. Dillon last week he assumed a degree of latitude that in the mouth of an ordinary member of the House would have earned the instant reproof of the Speaker. Mr. Dillon was very deliberate. He is not a man to lose his temper, and when he asked for an apology through the chair it was evasively denied him. He then informed the House that Mr. Chamberlain was a liar, putting in an adinapplicable to the living It was Rev Father Ryan, very unlike Mr Dillon; but a division of the House upon a motion for his suspension disclosed the fact that the sentiment he uttered was shared by some fifty others present. The suspension was for one week Mr. Chamberlain, who at the present time is marshalling all his hired men on the press to boom him for the Premiership, will not find his prestige improved by a minority vote on his reputation for lying. Of course, such a vote does not increase the fund of public information concerning Mr. Chamberlain, but as a vote

IS IT TO BE PEACE?

For the moment an armistice in South Africa gives some room to hope for peace, and the newspapers are filled with rumors, the effect of which is probably confined to the stock market. But it is strange that the censorship was never more rigid. This is not a good sign, inasmuch as it leaves the motive for the armistice undiscovered by the British pub-

lic On the one hand we have the spokesmen of the British war party declaring that the armistice was asked for by Acting President Schalk Burger with the view of proposing dolence for the loss sustained by the conditions of surrender, whilst the Boer authorities in Europe proclaim that the negotiations were initiated ment of unity, thanksgiving and love by General Kitchener Not too much can be expected from a conference governed on both sides by notions of militant pride. As Mr. Morley said the other day, the present is no time for etiquette, and if peace is to be brought about in the Republics and in Cape Colony, it can be accomplished only by the generals in the field assuming all the functions of statesmanship. Mr Chamberlain and the ajoners, those who keep on demanding Government in England, as well as Lord Milner in Cape Town, are not only hated by the Boers but are distrusted by every outspoken friend of peace in the British Islands ... Just now they are begging Cauada and the Australian colonies for more contingents, and if they succeed again, as they have succeeded in the past. they will play the colonial card once more for selfish party ends, asserting that the loyalty of the colonies would be strained if other terms than

unconditional suscender were taladé

with the Boers. It is a great pity

that there is not more of the leaves

colonies. When their aid is begged for , their advice should be taken; and of a certitude the voice of Canada would not be for any prolongation of the war. It seems to us that the smart politics of the Chamberlain school will before long appear in a different light to colonial eyes. The tribute of money and blood which Canada and Australia are paying is used by the Colonial Secretary deliberately and solely to sustain the fires of war and avert the return of peace and the do of reckoning which it must bring to the incompetent and criminal administration

EDITORIAL NOTES The Colossus of Rhodesia is reported to be dying in Cape Town This is another of the tragedies of the war

Capt Wymer, of the Cameron Highlanders, has been received into tho Catholic Church by Mgr Vaughan in

Generals Botha, Delarcy and Dewet are getting their last chance If they fail to agree to the terms of peace now offered Col. Sam Hughes will be prepared to take over the command in South Africa from Lord Kitchener and with a 1 43de of his own selection clear up a ar beretofore inglorious.

Lord Rosebery could not stand the strain of political slate cleaning His Lordship is easily tired, and his recent exertions entitle him to a prolonged rest The public are also relieved by the suspension of his loquerity

The Weekly Register, one of the oldest Catholic papers in England, has suspended publication. This is a matter for regret, as the paper was written with no ordinary ability and was inducatial with an educated class outside the church It failed to find support among Catholics themselves. Such mea as Houry Wilberforce, Wilfrid Meynell and Mr Boland, M. P., ers. The loss of such a paper should give Catholics food for reflection upon the need of greater liberality and encouragement to their journalists.

A. O. H. CONDOLENCE.

At the last regular meeting of the County Board A. O. H. the following resolution of condolence was unanimously passed:

Whereas, we the officers and members of the County Board of the A. O H of York County, have learned with inexpressible sorrow of the sudjective of elastic meaning literally | den demise of our beloved friend, the

Resolved, that this Board besides giving expression to the deep and abiding sorrow its members feel for the loss of so cherished a pastor and friend, who was at the same time so bright an ornament of our Holy Church, also tender its sincerest sympathy to the Archbishop of Toronto

and the Chancellor of the Diocese. Resolved, that this resolution be entered on the minutes of this Board and sent to the Catholic press for publication.

Whereas, we, the officers and members of Div. No. 1 A. O. H , in meeting assembled, record with profound regret the death at the Rev Father Ryan, chaplain of this division; That, whereas, by his death our

Holy Church has lost one of her ablest sons, one who was possessed of the greatest qualities of head and heart, which adorned his exalted po-He was a wise and trusted sition. councillor of his Church, whose works and deeds remain to be cherished in the memory of his people for years to come. Not alone in church circles was the great Father Ryan prominent, but also in the Irish cause in which he was one of its foremost workers to promote every laudable object for its welfare.

Resolved, that in the death of Rev. Father Ryan the A. O. H. has lost a fond and loving friend, who was a faithful and most realous supporter of its principles

Resolved, that we convey to His Grace the Archbishop our sincere condeath of Rev. Father Ryan, and copjes of same be published in the Catholic press, and entered on the minutes of this meeting.

MR. FRANK SLATTRKY AND THE

As a largely attended meeting of Div. No. 1 A. O. H., held in Society Hall, corner Queen and McCaul streets, on Monday evening, March 24th, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, that we, the officers and members of Div. No. 1, A. O. H., of York County, in meeting assembled, do hereby express our hearty approval of the sentiments expressed by I trance. We want all we can Bro. Frank Slattery on the occasion of our annual concert held in Massey Hall, on St. Patrick's night, March 17th, 1902, while acting in the capacity of chairman, and we further express our sincere thanks to him for the able and efficient manner in which he represented and did honor to our Grand Old Order on that auspicious occasion.

Resolved, that we further pledge to him our hearty support, co-operation and influence for the patriotic stand be has taken and pray that he may long be spared to labor with us hand in hand for the cause of dear, native Ireland.

Signed, on behald of Dir. No., 1. WM. RYAN, Noc. Noc.

The New St. Michael's College

The ceremony of turning the first sod for the new wing of St. Mich-401's College was witnessed on Tuesday afternoon by the cotlere students and a few of the parechal cleres, in addition to the members of the commonaty of St. Basil. It was a quiet and short proceeding fles Dr Teely, president of the Uniege, said a prayer, the response to which was made aloud by all assembled. Then Very Rev. Father Mariba, Zrovincial of the Order, took tie spade and lenges Canadian popularity. Freedom dexteronsly turned up a sod, in which the new grass of he dawning spring showed its green, emblematic of the new life, bright hours and certain fruit of the Cillege boys raised their college heer as the sod was turned, whereups Fathers McEntec, F. Walsh, Rya, Murray and Mr John Hanrahan bllowed the Provincial in his workninlike performance The boys fre given a holiday in honor of the casion.

Dr Teely says the were will pushed on as rapidly af possible. It is expected that the vals of the new wing will be catifely completed in time for the Judice elebration. and the boilding will le occupied by the students before thend of the

ST. PATRICK'S, MATREAL.

A Montreal de paid says: Rev. Martin Callaghan, P. S., will be the fourth parish pris of St. Patrick's Church. The digit announcement was made at its Mass Sun-day, the appointme having been made by Very Rev bbe Colin, Superior of the Sulpicu Congregation. and ratified by His Gee Archbishop Bruchesi Connected ith the church since 1875, he is prepinently qualified to assume the chge of the largest English-speaking angregation in the diocese, and have received his training under Rev ther Dowd and Rev Father Quinlivawill undoubtediz prove a worthybuccessor to them Born in Month! in 1848, he received his elementa education at St. Lawrence School per the Christian Brothers, and sequently pursued his classical edulon at Montreal College. At tiend of bis philosophical course lattended the theological lectures the Grand Seminary and was orned to the priesthodd in December 872. For a sear he acted as ar at St. Bridget's parish, and the advice of Rev. Father Dowd. to was then in charge of St Pati's, decided to become a member ole Sulpician Congregation. After sping a year at the novitiate of thengregation, at Issy, France, he retud to Montreal, and became assist priest at St Patrick's. Since thime he has devoted himself untiry, to-all works connected with therish, and his life, as a priest, whihostentatious, has been a very bland religious one. For a numbit years he was in charge of the hg Men's Society of the Total Abence and Benefit Society, and of thitechism classes, held every Sundain the of almoner of the poor of parish. At all times he displayed active interest in the many instinus of the parish. Having discharabe duties of so many offices it ot surprising that his superiorsie anpointed him to his presentortant position. As parish priest till become a member of the boof the Catholic High School and repre-

THE ART OF LETTIN We hold on to a great majings last year which we should let go - shaker, off entirely. Innrat place, we should expel from hind completely the things which not be helped - our past misfor; the trivial occurrences which hartified or humiliated us. This of them not only does no good, it robs us of peace and comforthe art of forgetting useless this great one, and we should les at any cost It is just as imp4 to learn to let go as to bold onything that cannot help us tion and up in the world; anythin is a drag, a stumbling-block, dindrance should be expunged four memory. Many people seem 4 : positive pleasure in recallast misfortunes, sufferings and es. They dwell upon such experiend repaint the dark pictures unbe mind becomes melancholy and If they would only learn to them out, and banish their to return, as they would be thiel from the house, those thoughts would cease to se sunshine, encouragement, and tion Life is too short to dwe things which only hinder our It we keep the mind filled with hopeful pictures and wit thoughts - the only things w help us on in this world - w make infinitely greater progra by burying ourselves in glow trospection.

sentative of the Archbishon the

Board of School Commissid Rev.

Father Callaghan is a broth Rev.

Canon Luke Callaghan, of Arch-

bishop's Palace, and the Rev.

James Callaghan, for myears

chaplain of the Hotel Dieubital

REGAN PROTHERS. Mr. Joseph L. Hancock has mitted to the partnership of Regan Brothopy hirtiant, whose advertishment is neen Register. The hostness will I ried on an usual at 1012 King BOOK REVIEWS

The Nineteenth Century: "Progress in Canada." By J. Castell Hopkins The Linscott Publishing Co., London, Toronto, Philadelphia

This handsome volume is the pinth

number of the series edited by vari-

ous Canadian writers of the hour

It's scope and form decide its place

in the historical literature of Can-

ada, and Mr. Hopkins has given it

that character for impartial narra-

tive interest that most of all chal-

of tien is an essential of the popular treatment of Canadian history. The adjective is used in its best sense, on account of the distinction in this regard between English, Scotch or Irish history and our own There, where every person able to read is acquainted at least with the history of his part of the United Kingdom in outline, the essay or commentary may assume the form of a bulky volume without losing interest for the average reader here, where comparatively few are able to trace the outline of history back beyond Confederation or the Constitutional Act, the essay is but an imperiect popular form, and narrative asserts itself as the happy compromise obviating recourse to the 'detailed atory Mr. Hopkins' strength is in the easy flow of his narrative, through which we look into a natural perspective, without big gaps or natrow places Too many of our English writers of Canadian history have been lamentably narrow in their view of the Catholic Church, for instance They have posed as critics of her influence in French Canada Mr Hopkins in not so Alf-satisfied While noting what the late Dr Strachan and others had to say with regard to the old religion he writes "Meanwhile it (the Church) had done its fullest religious duty by the people of the parishes of Lower Canada. Every little village had its building, every habitant had religious facilities close at hand, every isolated settler was visited from time to time in all weathers and at all seasons by some devoted priest. Each succeeding bishop of Quebec promoted education by means of Church schools or ecclesiastical seminaries, while lofty and costly religious edifices rose in Montreal and Quebec, in Halifax and Toronto to mark the growth of the doctrines of the Church.'

The author towards the close of his work, which he brings down to the end of the 19th century, is more taken up with the material prgress of the Dominion; but even in this practical field he succeeds in maintaining the standard of interest, and the reader will put down the book satisfled that the work has been well and conscientiously performed.

A TEST

In perusing the columns of our paeither for cash or credit at prices that equal and very often go below. any of the much-advertised bargainday cash sales run by the departmental stores.

Mr. Brown this week is testing the merits of the advertising columns of our paper in a very direct manner. To the readers of The Register be is making a special bid. Look over his pretty bridesmaids. advertisement, cut it out and compare his prices with any department store in Toronto and you will find that you can obtain from him for cash or credit the goods advertised cheaper than anywhere else in Toronto. Be sure and cut his advertisement out and bring it with you when you call to see his goods. doing so you will belp to show Mr. Brown the merits of The Register as an advertising medium.

A NEW IRISH LAND BILL. London, March 25 .- The Chief Secretary for Ireland, Mr. George Wynd-

ham, introduced the Irish land bill in the House of Commons to-day. The main provision of the bili authofizes the Land Commission to take over the whole or any part of an estate whose owner is willing to sell. The commission will then resell it to the tenants. But, the assent of threequarters of the number of tenants is necessary to purchase the land before the commission will undertake to transfer any part of an estate.

The Irish members evinced little enthusiasm over the bill John Redmond, the Nationalist leader, said be proposed to reserve his judgment until he had studied the provisions of the bill carefully. He warned the Government that universal compulsory purchase must be the ultimate solution of the problem, as nothing else would be acceptable. Timothy M. Healy (Nationalist) said he believed the bill would do something towards settling the question, thut that much depended upon the consti- | St. Patrick's feast were aung in St. tution of new estates and the commission.

Mr. John Redmond gave notice to-day of a motion, equivalent to a vote of censure on the Speaker, William Court Gully, for not having made the Colonial Secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, withdraw his remark: The honorable gentleman is a good judge of traitors,",addressed to Joint Dillon, Irish Nationalist, is the House on March M, which led to Mr. Dillon cotorting that Mr. Chamber

St. Patrick's Day at Brantford

(From The Expositor.) One of the most delightful comedydramas ever given in Brantford was presented in the Opera House last night. The St. Basil's Literary Society has a great array of talent of a very high order, and in the presentation of "Colleen Bawn" they demonstrated it beyond a doubt. The house was crowded to excess, indeed, there was not a vacant chair in the whole building

The amateurs were under the direction of Miss Marie C. Strong, and their acting and interpretation did their talented and accomplished ditectress very much credit indeed Tho choice of that ever green, old play, its charming associations, its fragrant memories and its uproarious mirth, was an exceedingly wise one The story of the "Colleen Bawn" is more or less familiar to all theatre-

Miss Strong had been at great pains to choose a suitable and effective cast, confining herself almost exclusively to the members of the society. In this she was more than usually successful, as will be seen from the following east of characters. Myles Na Coppaleen- ir J

Hardress Cregan-Mr C Crowley Danny Mann, a Hunchback-Mr C

Brohman Kyrle Daley-Mr P J Padden Father Tom-Mr A L McIntyre Mr Corrigan-Mr M P Corcoran

Huttman Hyland Creagh-Mr N. A Nein-

Bertie O'Moore, Magistrate-Mr J

Servent-Mr W Jacques. Corporal-Mr F Mullaner Ann Chute-Miss K McKinnon. Mrs Cregan-Miss Nellie McGus-

Sheelah-Miss Gertrude Hawkins. Kathleen Creagh-Miss Carlin. Ducie Blennerhasset - Miss Kate

Elly O'Connor, Colleen Bawn-Emilie Webling Barron. Bridesmaids, Wedding Guests, Sol-

diers, Servants, etc The ladies in the play easily carried off the honors, the Sheelah of Miss Gertrude Hawkins being equal to any professional work seen in this city in that part for a long time. Miss Nellie McCusker made a dignified and impassioned Mrs Cregan, playing with strength and force in many difficult situations. Miss Kate McKinnon made a charming AnniChute and looked the aristocratic Irish heiress true to the life. She acted with charming simplicity, while her costumes set half of the audience wild with envy. per this week will be found the ad- Mrs. Barron took the part of Elly vertisement of our friend, Mr. J. P. O'Connor, the Colleen Bawn, and Brown. Mr. Brown's company sells looked and acted the part delightful. Verts. The absence of warfare propresentation of the bright, pretty and happy peasant girl, while ber singing was marked with great sweetness and feeling. The subordinate parts of Kathleen Creagh and Ducle Blennerhasset were taken by Miss Carling

and Miss Kate Haffey, respectively, and were in excellent hands. Miss Annie Donaldson and Gracie Kew were Mr. J. A. Whiting took the difficult role of Myles, and took it well, although at times he was not as roy-

atering as he might have been. Mr Coleman Crowley made a gentlemanly Hardress Cregan, playing throughout with considerable spirit and finish in his work, and in the scenes with Eily he was particularly strong Mr P J. Padden as Colonel Kyrle Daley acted very well indeed, taking to the part of the lover with unconscious naturalness. Mr. P. A. Corcoran, in the difficult part of Mr. Corrigan, gave a splendid account of himself. Father Tom was presented by Mr. A. I. McIntyre with quiet reserve and proper dignity Mr Bertie O'Moore, the magistrate, was in the hands of Mr. J. A. Hartman, who gave a good account of it Mr C Brohman took the difficult part of Danny Mann and played with much apirit and sagacity. He was never too loud nor offensive, but seemed to understand that the feeling of affection between himself and his master was the point upon which the part really hung. In the death scene between Danny Mann and Sheelah his work was of a very high order and was highly applauded. The other subordinate parts were very well tak-

Mullaney It only remains to congratulate Miss Strong and the society upon their very excellent programme, provided for St. Patrick's evening

on as Hyland Creagh, N A McIntyre, servant, W Jacques, corporal,

BARRIE

On Sunday evening First Vespers of Mary's Church, Barrie Rev. Father McEachren being celebrant. The music on the occasion was of an unusually high class Those taking prop.ihent part in the Musical Venurs were: Mesers. O'Meara, Powell, Wird and Firth. The ladies were: Nisses Ryan, Byrne, Graham, Mahoney, Powell, McDonald, Flort, Camron, Soules and Lokve,

The church was crowded to its utmost capacity. Dean Egan was the speaker of the evening. He said in part that according to the most au-

thentic accounts. St. Patrick was born in Brittany in France, and at an early age was brought a captive into Ireland, where he learned the language of the people, admired the purity of their manners and their generous hospitality. They were virtuous as pagans, what would they not bo as Christians, The hand of God released him from bondage and restored him at length to his friends, but the love he had conceived for the pagan Irish haunted him, and in heavculy visions, the children of Ireland called him back to them. He visited bly uncle St. Martin of Tours, studied in the most celebrated monastries of Franco and Italy, received Episcopal Consecration, and from the hands of Pope St Celestine, the mission of carrying the glad tidings of the gospel to his dear green island.

It appears that the Irish were of old, even as they are now, a people pro-eminently reverential, a people in whom the grossness of paganism was tempered by national virtues, and whose souls by comparative refinement were peculiarly susceptible of religious truth The soul of Erin had never known the tread of a Rot man Procousul Sho was, therefore, untainted by the orgics and corruptions of ancient pagan Rome, hence, when the Christian faith came before her, she was not hardened against it by vice and profamity

And Ireland, perhaps, of all the Christian countries on earth, was not baptized in martyr's blood. The glory of martyrdom, it is true, was not to be withheld from her, but It was not till the 18th, 17th and 18th centuries that heresy demanded of her the noble testimony of blood. and then we know with what heroism she gave it.

The centuries during which the rest of Europe was plunged in ignorance and barbarism, Ireland had become the peaceful home of sanctity and learning. Schools rose up on every hill and in every valley; every city is an immense school Students from every clime of the civilized world, the German, the Frenchman, the Italian, the Saxon, are all mingled together speaking this language of the Church, Rome's old Latin. They have come in thousands, and in tens of thousands to hear from the lips of the worldrenowned saints all the lore of ancient Greece and Rome, and to study in the lives of these saints the highest degree of Christian perfection. And these men who have come from every clime, to the university of the world, go back to their respective countries, and they tell the glorious tale of Irish strength and Irish valor; they tell of the wisdom of her princes and rulers, the learning and saintliness of her priesthood, the purity of the Irish maldens, the generous hospitality of the Irish people, till at length there comes from the recesses of history the voice of an admiring world, proclaiming Ireland, in that happy epoch, "the island of heroes, saints and sages."

Then the Dean went on to describe the progress of the Christian faith in Ireland, the zeal of the princes and chiefs and the fervor of the new convalled. The peaceful triumphs of religion succeeded in suppressing the bloody scenes of the battlefield, and princes and princesses were seen to exchange the pomp and power of the Court for the poverty and simplicity of the cloister He went on to tell how the monastic, this contemplative people, bears also within its hears the sacred fire of the apostolate, and is eminently a Missionary people. How this spirit impelled them to convert unbelievers, to rekindle the almost extinguished lamp of science and learning and carry in every direction the light of science and faith.

He spoke of the struggle the Irish had, in maintaining their faith, and gave a brief sketch of the present social and religious condition of Ireland The lecture was a rare treat.

The ladies of the Altar Society took up a collection, which amounted to a good figure. A large congregation attended High Mass at 9 a. m. on St. Patrick's

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