

Perrin's Spring Gloves

Perrin's Mocha Driving
Gloves \$1.00.
Perrin's Kid, Elk and Cape
Gloves \$1.50.
Superior to any others.
They never rip around the
Thumb, thereby making
the weakest part strong.

The 2 T's

Trudell & Tpey
Cash Only

R. G. HOIG

...Merchant Tailor

Having bought out
the stock of W. A.
Wanless, I will again
resume business, and
hope to see all my old
customers and many
new ones.

A large stock of all
the latest novelties
just to hand, bought
for cash at lowest
prices and offered at
prices that cannot
fail to sell.

Opp. Grand Opera House Entrance

...King St., Chatham

The Saugeen

NATURAL MAGNETIC AND MINERAL WATER

Recommended by Prof. A. E. Pyle, M. D., Toronto
University; Dr. George, Quebec; Dr. Charles, St.
Catharines, and other leading physicians. Cures
Rheumatism, Kidney trouble, Bladder trouble, Constipation,
Stomach trouble, and all ailments of the system.

F. A. Robert

KING STREET, WINE AND LIQUOR DEALER

SOAP AND PAPER GIVEN AWAY

IT WILL PAY YOU TO READ ME

We are giving Soap and Paper away again at the
Golden Star, Park St.

For the Next
Three Weeks

It will give to every purchaser of three dollars
worth of goods, a box containing three tablets of
gold toilet soap, or a box containing 25 sheets of
paper, 25 envelopes, a pen and holder. Get in
your supply of soap and paper and pen and holder
right now, our price right. Those who have coupon
tickets can take checks for the above presents or go on with the tickets as usual.
The choice is yours.

10 lbs. Rolled Oats 25c
Five Bar Soap, per gal 5c
4 lbs. Evaporated Apples 25c
Goods delivered to any part of the city.

John McConnell, Park St., East

GOLDEN STAR STORE

Sale of Valuable Hotel Property

The subscribers offer for sale at public
auction at THE C. P. R. HOTEL, on King
street, in the City of Chatham, in the County
of Kent, on

Saturday, the 2nd Day of April, 1898

at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon,
the unexpired term of his lease of the said
hotel and premises, and all and singular the
furniture, fixtures and tenant's fixtures of the
said hotel, and the good will of the same
together with the stock of liquors and
other contents.

The said hotel is admirably situated
on the city's chief business thoroughfare,
near the Canadian Pacific railway station,
and is a commodious and elegant building,
containing 20 rooms, of which 15 are bed-
rooms. These rooms with the exception of
the family bed room, are all completely and
well furnished.

The said property will all be offered for
sale in one lot subject to a reserved bid
and from the sale by the vendor.

Any respectable, responsible person who
may become the purchaser will have no difficulty
in obtaining a tavern license for the
said hotel, on account of its situation, its
excellent appointments and its hitherto
first-class reputation.

30 per cent of the purchase money payable
at the time of the sale and the remainder
within two weeks thereafter, when the sale
shall be completed.

Further particulars and conditions of sale
can be had from the subscriber on the premises,
or from his solicitor, Mr. C. J. O'Neill,
and from the auctioneer.

D. J. McDONALD,
Vendor.

Dated this 17th day of March, 1898.

THE SIX MONTH'S HOIST

Senate will Give the Yukon Bill.

MR. CHARLTON'S ANTI-SUNDAY NEWSPAPER MEASURE KILLED IN THE COMMONS--THE BUTTER TRADE.

Ottawa, March 24.—In the senate yesterday Sir Frank Smith resumed the debate on the Yukon Railway Bill. He regarded it as his duty on this important question to explain the reasons why he was in favor of the government measure. He was not acting as a partisan, but in what he considered to be the interests of the country. He had no friends in the government, nor was he interested in the contractors securing the contract for this railway, except for public reasons. Speaking as a merchant he wanted to see the gold fields of the Yukon developed, and in order to secure that, rapid transportation facilities were urgently required. The immediate construction of this railway he regarded as a necessity to the development of that country in the interests of Canada.

Sir Frank Smith was on a rare side of any question before the senate that he might well be forgiven. He was sure, however, that Sir Frank was sincere in his convictions. (Hear, hear.) In listening to the speech of the minister of justice yesterday, he could not but realize that Mr. Mills felt his task was both difficult and disagreeable. The public manifestations in this country were so clearly in opposition to this bill that the senate surely could not be led to believe by Mr. Mills that this contract was a good one, or that the government had adopted the best measure for securing the object they all had in view. The measure before the House

WAS UNJUST, unwise, and most objectionable. Mr. Mills and Mr. Scott, as members of the government, stood too high in the estimation of the senate to lead to the suspicion that they had anything but the true interests of the country at heart. The same thing, however, could not be said of their colleague, Mr. Sifton. (Hear, hear.) The Globe article, explanatory of the deal, showed anxiety, trepidation, and self-guiltiness, combined with a mixture of audacity, mendacity, and boastfulness. The care with which the government had its newspaper organs announce the terms of the contract, and the suppression of actual facts at the outset, was sufficient to create suspicion in the public mind as to the true nature of this improvident measure. But as the facts became known the press spoke out with no uncertain voice, showing the bill to be objectionable to the people at large.

THE SIX MONTH'S HOIST.

Senator McDonald (B. C.) opposed the bill and concluded by moving the six months' hoist. Senator Scott, speaking after recess, said he could hardly credit the reports he had heard that the senate would throw out this bill, but the applause which greeted Mr. Miller's remarks showed the conclusion of the Senate was a foregone conclusion. (Loud cries of "No.") Under all circumstances, the Stikine route was the best one that could be chosen. The Edmonton route was not what it was claimed to be. The Mounted Police, who had tried to get through that way, had had to kill their horses. Continuing, he said that after the contract with Mackenzie and Mann had been signed, lots of people would do the same thing now. Messrs. Mackenzie and Mann were taking great risks; indeed, their whole venture was a gamble. He hoped 98 per cent of the land in the Yukon country was valueless; he might even say that not one-half per cent was valuable. If this project were not carried out, it would be a much more serious loss than two or three million dollars. Proceeding, Mr. Scott declared that not one per cent of the people of Canada would benefit directly out of the Yukon district. The contractors, however, would.

EMPLOY CANADIAN LABOR.

and every industry in the Dominion would benefit and was benefiting by the demand for supplies. He did not approve of the attacks made upon the

HUMAN SACRIFICES

On the Altar of Diabetes, Saved
by Dodd's Kidney Pills, Only.

Hardly a family in the country is free from Diabetes. Great thirst, failing sight, numbness in the thighs, bleeding gums, swollen ankles, emaciation, nervousness, pale or turbid urine, loss of sexual power, decaying teeth, pains in the loins or small of the back, are all positive signs that Diabetes is in the system.

Do you know how it ends? IN DEATH. A premature, horrible, agonized, painful death. The victim has no peace, no ease in life. His days are filled with tortures. His nights are waking dreams of agony. He longs to die, yet fears the terrors of his end. He dies, a bloated, fetid, repulsive mass of corruption. That is the only end of unchecked Diabetes. Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure it. They drive it out of the system thoroughly, create new, clean blood, rebuild the diseased kidneys, and restore robust health.

Senate in the newspapers. He believed the Government papers were doing serious harm in criticizing the Senate. He expressed his regret that the services of an American newspaper man, Mr. Livernash, had to be invoked to denounce the Stikine route and boom the American routes. Mr. Sifton, a practical miner, from the Klondike, had written a letter, in which he pointed out that the miners' delegates were not authorized to deal with any but the mining regulations. Senator McDonald (B. C.)—Mr. Sifton was present at the meeting yesterday, and he had not the courage to get up and contradict Mr. Livernash there.

Sir Frank Smith—The miners' delegates presented their credentials, which showed they had been sent here by 2,500 men. Two of the delegates were Canadians.

Senator Scott proceeded to deal with the land subsidy, and combatted the statement of Mr. Livernash that the contractors had the right to take the timber.

IN THE COMMONS.

Liberal Opposes Encouraging the Farmers in Exporting Their Butter.

In the Commons Mr. Reid (Cons., Grenville) offered a resolution declaring that the Government should take immediate steps to do something more to assist in the development of our butter trade, and that this House is of the opinion that the Government should place in the estimates for the present session an amount to be paid to the farmers directly in way of a bonus of one cent per pound on a specified quantity of the finest fresh creamery butter to be exported to Great Britain while fresh and in condition to secure a reputation for itself and establish a lasting demand, and that the bonus be continued for three consecutive years; this bonus to be increased at the discretion of the Government on butter made during the winter months; all such butter to be subject to a rigid Government inspection. That this bonus be paid to only those farmers who will furnish for export regular supplies.

MR. FISHER OPPOSES.

Hon. Mr. Fisher replied that the experience of Quebec in bounting the export butter trade was not such as to lead him to favor the experiment in the Dominion generally. The result had been that the bonus went into the hands of the exporter and not the farmer. He would point out that Dr. Reid's estimate of Ontario's export of butter was not fair to that Province, because much of it went out by way of Montreal and was credited to Quebec. For three years the export of Canadian butter to England had doubled each year. Last year it had increased by two-thirds of our supply of the previous year. Owing to the cold storage improvements our butter was gaining a high reputation, so we did not need a bonus. It was not by means of a bonus that our cheese trade had been built up. It was after all only an artificial stimulus, and did not achieve satisfactory results, the Minister thought. He therefore disapproved of the resolution.

Hon. Dr. Montague considered that the farmers of Canada owed a debt of gratitude to Dr. Reid for his presentation of their case, and was sorry that the Minister of Agriculture had not turned a more sympathetic ear to the hon. member's appeal. He hoped that at least the Minister would see that Canada got credit for the superior quality of her butter, because much of it was sold as French, Danish or English-made butter. He would suggest a system of deposits in the leading cities of Britain for the sale of Canadian dairy products as such, so that at least we should get the benefit of advertisement.

HE IS TOO PARTIZAN.

Mr. McMullen thought it strange that the Tory Government had not thought of establishing those agencies when they were in power.

Hon. Dr. Montague—Oh, yes, we did.

Mr. McMullen—Just before the general election?

Hon. Dr. Montague—You wouldn't give us the money.

Mr. McMullen said that if he thought a bonus necessary he would support it. Anyway, he would not like to see the bonus confined only to the farmers who could supply butter all the year round.

Mr. Craig regretted that the last speaker could not approach any subject except in a party spirit.

Dr. Sproule—Narrow-mindedness.

Who, continued Mr. Craig, had brought the cheese trade to its present condition? Who had started the cold storage scheme and encouraged the manufacture and shipment of butter on a shillibust? All these things the Conservative party had done, oftentimes with the opposition of the Liberals. He favored a trial of the bonus.

Mr. Campbell (Lib. Kent) opposed the bonus, but would like to see an agent appointed to look after the marketing of butter in the old country.

The debate was not concluded.

SUNDAY NEWSPAPERS.

Mr. Charlton moved the third reading of his anti Sunday newspaper bill, to which W. F. MacLean moved in amendment to send the bill back to committee in order to strike out the sub-section which prevents the sale in Canada of any paper published or purporting to be published on Sunday.

The House divided on the amendment, which was carried by 65 yeas, to 28 nays.

The House then went into committee on the bill.

Mr. Charlton launched into a vigorous denunciation of Sunday newspapers, all and sundry. They were, he said, a violation of Divine law, and their publication was a source of every moral and righteous sentiment. They would be the friend of Sunday cars, Sunday saloons, and of every degrading influence that would stand up as the ally of his infernal satanic

LOST IN A BLIZZARD.

A Newdale, Man., despatch says:—

On Monday of last week a young man named E. Howey, who had been working for H. Soltan, of Moline, went to Mervin's lumber camp, 16 miles north of Newdale, and after dinner started to hunt birch. The blizzard came up in the afternoon, and the young man not turning up, the whole gang of lumbermen went to look for him the next morning. They continued their search without avail until Saturday evening, when he was found about five miles from camp, dead and frozen stiff. He had made frantic efforts to make his way out of the bushes with his horses, which could be plainly seen by the tracks in the snow, but at last had tied the horses to a tree and lay down and perished. His parents and family live near London, Ont. He came to this country about 18 months ago.

Mr. Oiler objected to all this sort of grandmotherly legislation. He objected to Mr. Charlton posing as if he had a power of attorney from the Almighty to tell the people what they must or must not do. One of his objections to New York was the obstruction of the Sunday papers; but we had nothing of the sort in Canada. A motion that the committee rise carried by 60 to 43, and in this way the bill was killed.

THE BATTLE.

To-morrow take an hour at the

Easter Bonnets

For the Fair

The fact that our store has been closed for a week or two, has caused an expectant trill to vibrate in the hearts of our competitors—"Burriss is not going to be in it this season" has been the gossip—but the reality will be a stunner.

IN IT? YES, IN IT!

and in better form than ever.

Our half price sale has kept us from telling you all we could. We have been too busy—and have lots of nice goods at half value.

Don't forget our Grand Millinery Opening next week. Miss Rohan will please you as usual and our prices will be—HALF

THE BATTLE.

To-morrow take an hour at the

Burriss Sale

It will Pay you

The demand in '98 will be for Bicycles with a reputation and at a popular price.

Our Models 38 and 39 at \$60 lead all

Any style of Tire, Handle Bar or Saddle you may select.

Wait For Our Annual Opening.

Imperial Wheels

SEE OUR \$30 WHEEL

In Stock—Gendron, Spinsway, Oxford, "the go lightly kind," Cambridge.

At prices that will astonish you.

WM. GRAY & SON

CHATHAM, ONT.

Spring 1898

Spring 1898

C. A. Cooksley

Beg to Announce Their

Grand Millinery Opening

on

Thursday, March 24th, and Following Days

THE MOST MAGNIFICENT ARRAY OF HIGH CLASS NOVELTIES EVER

EXHIBITED IN CHATHAM WILL BE ON VIEW

Every Lady interested in artistic and fashionable headgear is invited to be present, and make comparisons with the best millinery departments you know of.

We will have the very latest Pattern Hats and Bonnets, and every lady is cordially invited to make a thorough inspection. Entrance Peck & Belleperche's Dry Goods establishment—first floor, Ham's old stand.

Fence Wire

Best American Brands, Lowest possible Prices.

Call or write Us

For prices

Westman Bros.

Hardware

Have Your Eyes Tested

FREE OF CHARGE BY

Dunne & Lively

THE OPTICIANS

Scientific adjustment of glasses to all forms of mechanically defective vision. Frames fitted to conform to the peculiarities of the wearer's face. The what is worn as a necessity is at the same time an ornament.

Bring us your broken watch and jewelry, we will put them in good order at once at a reasonable cost.

CUT THIS OUT

AND TAKE TO

Radley's Drug Store

RADLEY'S CURE FOR CHOLERA—

5 Potass. Chlorate

5 Potass. Carbonate Light

5 Potass. Bicarbonate, as a s to 5 Potass.

Big—Give a tablespoonful, twice a day! in the food for tea hours.

EDWIN C. RADLEY, V. S.,